

TELEGRAPHIC. ALL ABOUT SILVER.

Champions of the White Metal Arrive
in Force in Chicago.

THE REPEAL OF THE SHERMAN LAW

Senator Wolcott Thinks Free Colloge
Will Triumph—Senator Hillie
Dresses the Brewers.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The delegates to the silver conference arrived in force yesterday. Many prominent delegations from the West are already here, including Congressmen Battin, of Nevada and Sweet, of Idaho; Senators Sampson and Dulles, of Utah; Messinghauser, Pope, McMurtry and Peterson of Montana.

Among the strong Colorado delegation will be Thomas M. Patterson of the Rocky Mountain News of Denver; Governor Waller, Larimer County; Howell, Estesville Hill and Tabor, President United States Mint.

There will be a large crowd from Iowa. Senators Stewart and Jones of Nevada will be among the opponents of the measure.

There is likely to be considerable discussion over the expediency of the convention. While some prominent delegates talk freely of what ought to be done, it is asserted that a majority of those expected to be present in the gathering will fight shy of the affair until they ascertain what element is to be included.

The departure tonight for Washington of Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, who is expected to be a strong light to the convention was a great surprise. Several hours ago he said he would not go, announced the opponents and still reached Washington in plenty of time. They concluded that he didn't want to be a figure in the meeting here.

This afternoon Hays, the California delegate from a free state, appeared on the lake front in a wagon, dressed in a toreador coat, and having panoramic views illustrating the usual condition of affairs to result from the demonetization of silver. He covered the lake and the surrounding country in a manner that was a novelty to the western half of the country. A mention of the name of Sherman caused his ire, and he said if Sherman is a traitor and a traitor Benedict Arnold is a saint in heaven.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Two special trains left with delegates from Colorado to the silver conference in Chicago passed through today. Among the prominent ones were Tom Patterson, Governor Waller, Larimer County; Howell, Estesville Hill and Tabor, Senator Tabor, Congressmen Bell and Pearce. All the delegates expressed themselves firmly of the belief that to repeal the Sherman law would be utter ruin to the West. They would do their utmost to obtain justice for silver.

SILVER NOT EXCLUDED AT YALE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—Ex-Speaker Crisp arrived in the city this evening, spending sometime at the residence of Senator Hill in the South. The ex-speaker says there is a feeling of distrust, and the same hard times that characterize the whole country. Crisp hopes that some way will be speedily found to banish the bane of the nation to supply funds to get the nation out of market.

When asked whether the distrust was due to the existence of the Sherman law, Crisp replied that it was certainly due to a want of public confidence in the government, and that the condition he was not prepared to say.

"I am not inclined to talk freely on the probability of the repeal of the Sherman law, and does not say whether he believes it will be repealed or not. I would rather have it decided on the proposition to repeal the law and enact a substitute, providing for the seizure of American silver at an increased rate."

INGRIS IN CHICAGO.

PENNSYLVANIA, July 30.—Secretary Hays has been brought to safety by the efforts of a citizen of Hays, Larimer County, Adams county, last night. A number of persons have been suspended there, creating much ill-feeling, but the climax was reached when the person of J. L. Head, a veteran of the service, was dropped. Head served four years and five months and his pension was his sole support. When he received the news of the suspension he became a raving maniac. The aroused citizens took him to the White House, where he was taken care of, and the English vessel at Bangkok assumed the grave aspect."

TO THE REVOLUTIONARY BUFFER STATE.

LONDON, July 30.—Lord Randolph's statements on Tuesday foreshadowed the Siamese surrender today. The only question was the possession of the provinces on the northwestern side of the Meung. It is currently reported that Lord Dufferin has agreed to let the French have the provinces, the Siamese retaining the others, the English territories being to the government.

The feeling in the London press against any arrangement with England, but the French government is mostly delighted by twin able subjects from whom to exact indemnities and compensation with Great Britain and with the full payment of debt from little Siam.

A telegram from Bangkok indicates that the Siamese are completely disengaged as far as receiving the support of the King-Emperor.

SHANGHAI'S SILVER PURCHASE CLAUSE.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 30.—Senator Frazee of Indiana, in an interview on the coming Congress, says the understanding is that the Sherman law will be repealed, but what small relief is an unknown quantity. Representative Tracy said today that he had always been opposed to the Sherman act.

Grover added that in place of the present tariff law the chances are that we will have one new tariff top on the old with very material changes in the schedule. The country, he said, expects this.

Senator Quay of Pennsylvania also thought the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act should be repealed.

CHICAGO, WILL TRIUMPH.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, who is here on his way to Washington, expressed the opinion in an interview today that the outcome in the special session of Congress will be, doubtless, with no change without a satisfactory sub-

SENATOR HILL'S ANSWERS.

CHICAGO, N. Y., July 30.—Senator Hill delivered an address to a number of the brewer association on "silver liberty." He said that in the realm of labor and domain of industry, the principle involved in the proposal must be to frequently assess taxes. The fact is that the principle of assessment that every man is to pay his own, and he can do with his pleasure. He has a personal right to assess his own wages, his own hours and other terms under which he is willing to be employed, and if they are sufficiently reasonable, the agreement is reached and there is an end of the controversy between them.

Speaking of the tendencies of the

times, Hill said: "The mercantile exchanges in our great cities are changing for the better from laws which restrict their business in accordance with the old-fashioned plan and custom. The world is coming to like us, and every metal is a matter of consideration by the government, and is hoping that the patriotic Congress soon to convene will faithfully respond with promptitude to the demands of public sentiment in that regard."

A HISTORY OF CRIME.

TWO SUSPECTS IDENTIFIED AS SOUTH CAROLINIAN.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The delegates to the silver conference arrived in force yesterday. Many prominent delegations from the West are already here, including Congressmen Battin, of Nevada and Sweet, of Idaho; Senators Sampson and Dulles, of Utah; Messinghauser, Pope, McMurtry and Peterson of Montana.

Among the strong Colorado delegation will be Thomas M. Patterson of the Rocky Mountain News of Denver; Governor Waller, Larimer County; Howell, Estesville Hill and Tabor, President United States Mint.

There will be a large crowd from Iowa. Senators Stewart and Jones of Nevada will be among the opponents of the measure.

There is likely to be considerable discussion over the expediency of the convention. While some prominent delegates talk freely of what ought to be done, it is asserted that a majority of those expected to be present in the gathering will fight shy of the affair until they ascertain what element is to be included.

THE DEPARTURE FOR WASHINGTON.

CHICAGO, July 30.—One of the most daring robberies known in this city occurred this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. H. A. Ammons on the South Side.

Two men in dark suits and masks for the body of the house. When she appeared they represented themselves as detectives in search of a thief who, it was thought, Mrs. Ammons' girl was carrying. When they were told that the maid was not at home, they threatened to break in.

Mrs. Ammons' girl, however, was a white-haired man of 35, secured a warrant and attempted to arrest her.

Major Schuyler, keeper of a drugstore, was at home when a tall man in a dark suit containing \$500 in diamonds.

SAKED GEM.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 30.—Town Marshal A. J. Blane, and Edmund Graham, a tough, short and killing sort, came this evening. The marshal passed two of Graham's men down the penance. Graham got the gun down and pointed it at Blane, who was a white-haired man of 35, secured a warrant and attempted to arrest her.

Major Schuyler, keeper of a drugstore, was at home when a tall man in a dark suit containing \$500 in diamonds.

A PRIEST TREATED BRUTALLY.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 30.—Father Barnes, pastor of the Immaculate Conception Church, was brutally treated this morning. His robes were torn from his body, and he was set nearly beaten. The thief fled.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Two special trains left with delegates from Colorado to the silver conference in Chicago.

QUEEN AT KENYER.

THE CITY COUNCIL DECIDES TO PROVINCE WORK.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The city was quiet all day and the indications are that the expected outbreak among the unemployed will not occur. One thousand persons were fed today at the soup kitchen. About 800 left on the different roads.

At a meeting of the relief committee today it was resolved to dismiss Camp Relief, next Thursday morning. It was decided that the best course is to continue the soup kitchen on another basis, so as to give any further chance to those desiring to go East, but, beginning tomorrow morning, those going will have to pay full fare. The abomination was caused by the action of the city council in refusing to appropriate the amount of money voted for the relief.

NEWSPAPER COMMENTS.

London, July 30.—The Graphics say: "On the surface it looks as if Great Britain had recovered its voice in her prestige in only arranging a coalition of the European powers to sustain its interests. Now, a pronouncement over the whole of Siam west of the Meung is necessary to restore this prestige. Anything short of this will be a humiliating defeat for England."

In Bangkok, correspondent tells graphic: "When the French seized the Siamese mail steamer Chanthaburi the natives were quite unaware of the blockade. They were panic stricken and deserted the ship. Therefore the French took the ship and laid her aground. The seizure is regarded as a success."

The Paris correspondent of the Post telegraph: "The strongest outside influence is being brought to bear on Deville, the principal members of the colonial party, especially Vietnamese Deville and Dulles, to make him adopt a more hostile attitude towards the English claim than he is personally inclined to adopt. They are furthering the idea that the Siamese rebellion has not been created in vain."

After commenting on Great Britain's return to recognize the blockade, the London Daily Mail says: "Within the fortifications which ended at midnight French troops, while Jason, the English, were still at the gate, were driven back, and the English territories should be thus preserved."

The feeling in the London press against any arrangement with England, but the French government is mostly delighted by twin able subjects from whom to exact indemnities and compensation with Great Britain and with the full payment of debt from little Siam.

To the Revolutions Buffer State.

LONDON, July 30.—Lord Randolph's statements on Tuesday foreshadowed the Siamese surrender today. The only question was the possession of the provinces on the northwestern side of the Meung. It is currently reported that Lord Dufferin has agreed to let the French have the provinces, the Siamese retaining the others, the English territories being to the government.

The feeling in the London press against any arrangement with England, but the French government is mostly delighted by twin able subjects from whom to exact indemnities and compensation with Great Britain and with the full payment of debt from little Siam.

A telegram from Bangkok indicates that the Siamese are completely disengaged as far as receiving the support of the King-Emperor.

SHANGHAI'S SILVER PURCHASE CLAUSE.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 30.—Senator Frazee of Indiana, in an interview on the coming Congress, says the understanding is that the Sherman law will be repealed, but what small relief is an unknown quantity. Representative Tracy said today that he had always been opposed to the Sherman act.

Grover added that in place of the present tariff law the chances are that we will have one new tariff top on the old with very material changes in the schedule. The country, he said, expects this.

CHICAGO, WILL TRIUMPH.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, who is here on his way to Washington, expressed the opinion in an interview today that the outcome in the special session of Congress will be, doubtless, with no change without a satisfactory sub-

COMPPLICATIONS IN SIAM.

ENGLAND'S FIRM ATTITUDE PERSUDED FRANCE TO GO SLOWLY.

THE SETTLEMENTS MADE TO HAVE BEEN AGREED ON FROM OTHER FOREIGN LANDS.

BANGKOK, July 30.—While the government of Siam accepted without reservations France's ultimatum, it received previous assurance that the blockade would not be discontinued until after consideration by all the powers concerned of France's demand for territory between the 13th and 27th parallels.

The blockade is still maintained. The British and French troops are now at the Meung bar, inside the blockade limits. The British government has issued an order to its naval forces to proceed no further than the 13th parallel.

The French have sent the Siamese mail steamer Chanthaburi and the steamer Phetchaburi.

GENERAL OPERATIONS FOR EXCAVATION.

OFFICERS TO GET HOLD OF EXCAVATION.

GENERAL OPERATIONS FOR EXCAVATION.