

## ROCHEFORT ON THE ALLIANCE.

England's Respect for Chinese Integrity a Mere Farce.

### REAL OBJECT ANTI-RUSSIAN

To Prevent Taking of Manchuria—France Cannot Stand by and See Russia Vanquished.

New York, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Paris, says:

Henri Rochefort, speaking of the Anglo-German alliance, says: "England's pretended respect for the integrity of China is a mere farce. Her real aim is to keep the integrity of the Transvaal republics. This newly found anxiety to keep the nation's integrity did not formerly characterize England's policy when she permitted Germany to dismember France."

"The open-door and integral China are mere phrases of diplomatic hypocrisy. The real object of the Anglo-German alliance is to prevent Russia from taking Manchuria. England and Germany are also trying to prevent Russia from taking Manchuria. Should Russia take Manchuria her rivals, England and Germany, will wage war against her. France cannot stand by and see Russia beaten. For with Russia vanquished these two powers would turn their forces against France."

"We have now to deal, not with a triple, but a quadruple alliance. England and Germany are both influenced by the principle of might. They respect nothing but superior force. The German emperor has gone back to the old policy of the 'open door' through his friendship. The socialists make it difficult for him to go any further through the influence of the 'open door' through his friendship. England and Germany are probably supplying it in the consideration of the new alliance."

### SOLDIERS DIE IN CHINA.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Gen. Chaffee, at Taku, China, reports the following deaths:

At Maho, Hugo C. Kraft, company G, Fourteenth United States Infantry, dysentery.

At Peking, Joseph Lyons, band, Fourteenth regiment United States Infantry, dysentery; Henry Kirkland, company B, Ninth Infantry, dysentery.

### VON ZEPPELIN'S AIR SHIP.

It is Absolutely Under Control of the Steering Apparatus.

New York, Oct. 22.—Count von Zeppelin is satisfied with the performance of his air ship, says a Herald cablegram from Friederichshafen. He says it has been proved that it was absolutely under the control of the steering apparatus.

The apparatus, however, was not in most perfect order on the first ascent. One of the two rudders below the machine at the stern could not be moved in the present trial, at any rate not conclusively nor do I think it can be done."

The decisive trial has not yet been made, for the machine is still in experimental stage, though an undoubted step toward the achievement of aerial flight has been made. A former nautical engineer of Geneva, who is watching the trial, Silvestri, by name, expressed himself as being dubious of the machine's ultimate success.

"The prime condition of a navigable air ship," he said, "is that it must be able to go to windward. This was not done in the present trial, at any rate not conclusively nor do I think it can be done."

The technical observations noted during the trial trip and other instructive details will not be available for several days yet and until they are known it is impossible to do more than register Count von Zeppelin's summing up of the trial: "It proved that my air ship is absolutely under my control."

Mrs. Calvin S. Brice, 111, is ill in her home in Fifth avenue. Her condition according to the Herald, is such as to cause grave fears as to her recovery.

Mrs. Brice passed the latter part of the summer in the Adirondacks. At the first cold weather she was brought here in a special car. One of her sisters here since been constantly with her. Her position here was unable to discuss her condition in any way.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—The sailing of the German transport Frankfurt has been delayed until something definite is known regarding the being made ready for sea as fast as possible and will sail November 1. The horse transport Port Stephens is taking in stores. She will sail with horses on Thursday.

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The survivors of four of the rebel chiefs are Fong, Ho, Chang, and Chan.

United States to Buy Danish Antilles. Berlin, Oct. 22.—Reliable advices from Copenhagen assert that the sale of the Danish Antilles to the United States will soon be effected. Next Thursday the Danish minister to the United States, Mr. Marx Bruun, will start for Washington bearing the full details of the sale. A bill authorizing the alienation at the price fixed by the present cabinet, \$7,500,000, will reach the rixdags in a few days.

Russian View of the Alliance. St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—The Viennese most thinks the Anglo-German agreement is "enigmatical, since the maintenance of the integrity of China is acceptable as the fundamental principle of all powers." It adds: "The agreement, therefore, aims at the protection of which needs no protection."

Will List Tea on Coffee Exchange. New York, Oct. 22.—President James H. Taylor, of the New York Coffee exchange, has announced that the board of managers has decided to list tea on the coffee exchange, having approved the rules and regulations which are drafted by a special committee of the tea and coffee traders. The proposition to have a tea call on the exchange has been under consideration by members of the exchange, and of the tea trade for several months. This action on the part of the board of managers is final and as soon as the various details provided in the rules and regulations can be arranged, trading in tea options on the floor of the exchange will begin.

Columbian Consul Arrives. New York, Oct. 22.—Senator Arturo Brizuela, the newly appointed charge d'affaires and consul general of the Republic of Colombia in this country, has arrived here. He is a nephew of President Jose M. Marroquin of Colombia. He is a nephew of Bogota and previous to this appointment was not prominent in politics. He is a member of the Liberal party, and has been recently granted control of the country through which his uncle is assuming the presidency while vice president.

As the Republic of Colombia is not represented at Washington by a minister, Senator Brizuela will take up the functions of that office in his capacity as charge d'affaires. Two sons accompany Senator Brizuela who are to receive their education in this country.

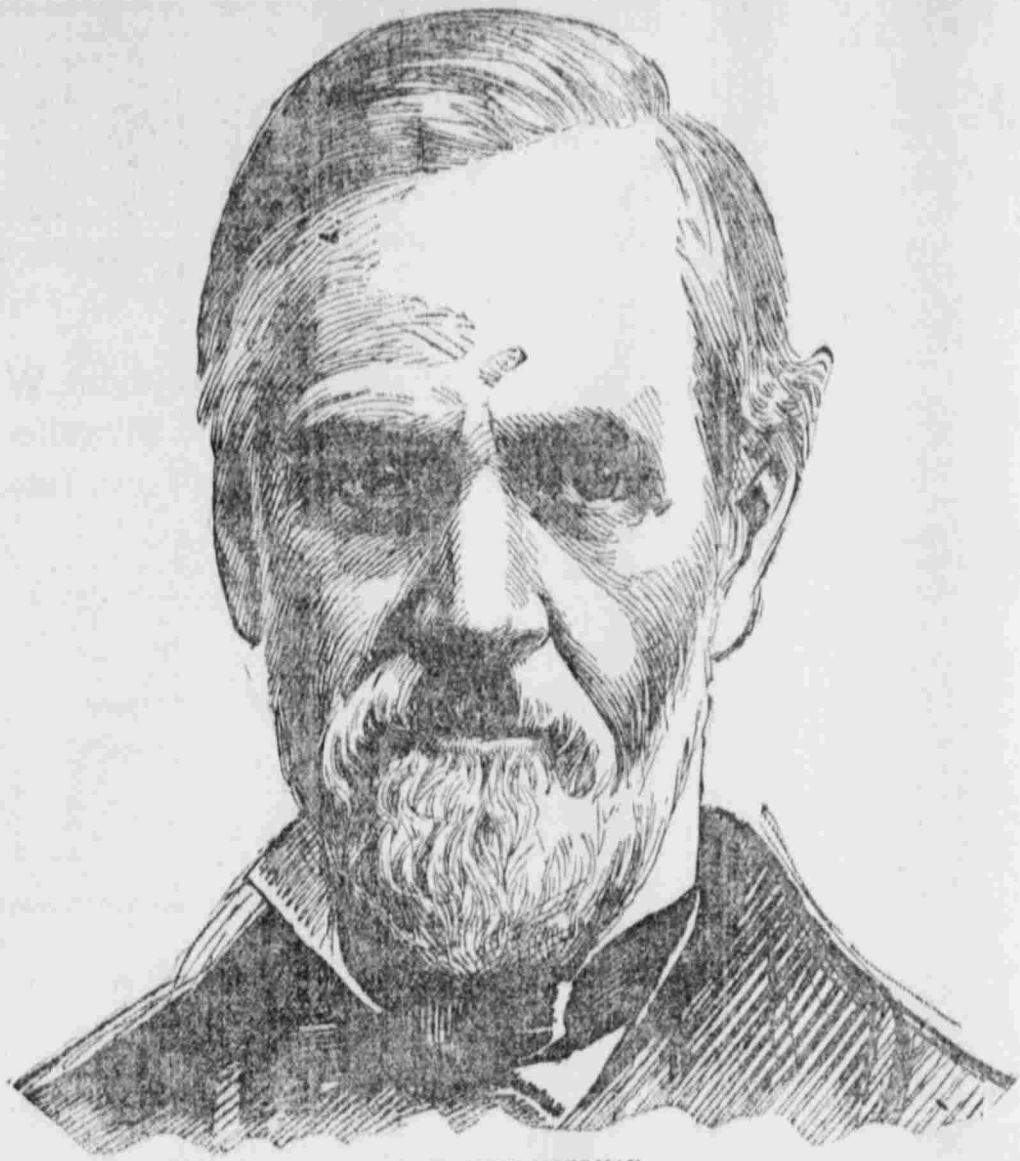
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A MURDERER MAY GO FREE. Judge Who Sentenced Him Dies before the Reprieve Expires. Chicago, Oct. 22.—A special to the World from Wheeling, W. Va., says: Just a year ago the circuit court of Fayette county, Judge Montgomery presiding, sentenced Lud Madison, colored, to be hanged January 1, 1901, for the murder of a woman named Mary Ann Madison. The judge who sentenced him died before the reprieve expired. Two weeks ago Madison's case was forced upon the authorities by a report of it to Gov. Atkinson. The governor decided that the judge being dead and the time for reprieve having passed no one can now reverse Madison. Further, the date of legal death having passed Madison cannot be hanged on the original sentence. As he was never sentenced to imprisonment he cannot be kept in the penitentiary, so Madison will probably be released in a few days.

PHILIPPINE VOLUNTEERS. Twenty-five Thousand Will Begin Returning November 1. San Francisco, Oct. 22.—At military headquarters here it is stated that the first installment of the volunteer army drafted in the Philippines will leave Manila November 1. From that time until next June the transports will bring home about 25,000 men at the rate of from 4,000 to 5,000 a month. The electric cables will be shipped on earlier transports, that they may travel without the crowding.

The various regiments will be mustered out and paid as soon as possible after they arrive here. By this arrangement the camps now established at the Presidio will be sufficient to accommodate the entire army.

Rose Adenburgh's Body Unburied. Chicago, Oct. 22.—Murdered by her lover, Philip Lewis, who killed himself immediately after committing the crime, the body of Rose Adenburgh still lies unburied because of a wrangle over the burial expenses. Yesterday afternoon her body, inclosed in a casket, was taken to a cemetery near Waldheim for interment. At the grave her father, Harney Adenburgh, became involved in a dispute over the amount to be paid. The undertaker refused to dig up with



HON. JOHN SHERMAN, Who Died at His Home in Washington Yesterday.

## SALISBURY'S ASTUTENESS.

English Press Praises Him for His Deal With Germany.

### ENGLAND'S EASTERN POLICY

Will to Share With the World the World in the Yangtze Region—Alarmists and Kruger.

New York, Oct. 22.—The English press with the exception of the Times, which is remarkably cool, continues to praise Lord Salisbury for his astuteness in drawing Germany into a dual alliance, says the Tribune's London correspondent. That the journals' contention that Germany has gained a great advantage from the agreement without offering a quid pro quo to England is supported by the Berlin and Cologne press, which assumes that the German emperor has scored heavily. The St. James Gazette and other journals reply that England has granted nothing to her new partner that she was not willing to share with the whole world in the Yangtze region and elsewhere in the far east. If this agreement leads to the abandonment of the doctrine of "spheres of influence" and the substitution for it of the "open door" principle, the results of Salisbury's statesmanship will not be measured by the rule of thumb notion of compensation.

Some alarmists connect the abrupt action of Lord Salisbury in divesting the agreement with the reported determination of the Maresilles municipality to receive Kruger with official honor with the murder of the Transvaal, and also with the preparations for bringing the second channel squadron into commission. The Maresilles municipality is either being modified or disavowed and there is no evidence that the British government is taking up arms against the rights of asylum of political refugees and ordering out a squadron in order to enforce the moral that continental nations must differentiate sharply between President Kruger and plain Mr. Kruger.

Suicided Through Bravado. Chicago, Oct. 22.—With a laugh of scorn at a friend who had questioned her bravery in a contest with Miss Gertrude De Wade shot and probably fatally wounded herself last night. She was talking merrily to a number of friends when the shot was fired.

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SICK HEADACHE. Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Soothes and strengthens the nerves; relieves pain in the temples, depression and nausea. Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

## SAMPSON IS BROKEN HEARTED

Lieut. Hobson Declares This to be the Truth.

### INGRATITUDE IS THE CAUSE

Says the Admiral the Colossal Figure of the Spanish-American War—The Genius of Santiago.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 22.—During his present visit to his home in Alabama, and wherever he has appeared before the public, Lieutenant Richard P. Hobson has been quoted as saying that Admiral Sampson is dying of a broken heart, owing to the Sampson-Schley controversy which followed the naval engagement at Santiago. He is quoted as follows:

"When last Saturday, Oct. 13, I saw in the papers that Admiral Sampson was ill I took the next train to Boston and spent Sunday with him. His health is declining. His physicians are baffled at his malady. His organs are all right, but his health does not improve. We looked on one or two subjects. For a little while he could not speak. Soon he had to be carried to his room, and I did not see him again. Mrs. Sampson told me that this great man was brooding, was breaking his heart at the thought that his fellow countrymen were so unkind."

"I said to him: 'Sampson, when I visit my southern friends I tell them something of your majestic character. She said: 'You are not a southerner, but you are quick and vigorous to resent what was thought to be an attempt to take away the laurels of one of its great men.'"

"I came by Washington and saw the secretary of the navy and to him also I stated my intention and he gave me the following warning, 'however, of what I might expect.'"

"Mr. Hobson, in his speech at a public reception here today, said: 'Admiral Sampson is a man of simple justice at the hands of the American people. He said:

"It has been sought to place him in a despicable light before the world; to make him an incompetent, narrow-minded man, and jealous of the fame of his contemporaries, particularly of one illustrious naval chief. As his junior officer, serving under him, I express the deliberate opinion that Admiral Sampson is the colossal figure of the Spanish-American war—the genius of the naval victory of Santiago."

"He is unmatched today as the directing mind of a war squadron on the seas."

### AMERICANS OUTBID BRITONS.

Their Tenders for Trucks for South Africa More Advantageous.

Capetown, Oct. 22.—The Witwatersrand gold mines requiring rolling stock for coal, placed an order for fifteen heavy locomotives with British manufacturers last night. The order, for more than 400 trucks were received from the largest American and British factories, the American tender being favored in the point of price and quickness of delivery.

The mining industry, being most anxious to favor the British, called for fresh tenders from British manufacturers, giving them a further opportunity, even at the expense of valuable time, to outbid the Americans. Nevertheless, the orders for seventy-three flat-bottom trucks are being placed in England, owing to suitability of design and to strong advice of the military railway authorities, who have promised to lend their own trucks in order to counterbalance the late British delivery.

One hundred and sixty bottom-discharge trucks have been placed in America. The British firm in South Africa is anxious to favor British more energetic and realize the necessity of cheaper and quicker work, time being often of paramount importance.

### COUNT CASSINI DUE TODAY.

He May Remain but a Short Time and Then be Transferred to Paris.

New York, Oct. 22.—Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, is due to arrive here on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse today, may remain but a short time in Washington, according to a special to the World.

Among diplomats at Washington that he will be transferred to Paris, where it is his ambition to be stationed, or to Berlin, where he has been stationed before coming to the United States.

M. De Giers, the present Russian minister to China, is anxious to be succeeded as count Cassini's successor as ambassador to the United States.

ROOT DIDN'T GO TO CANTON. And This Fact Causes Considerable Talk in Washington.

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The health of Mr. Root is not satisfactory and his family feel considerable apprehension over his determination to enter the campaign. It is said among his friends at Washington, that his physicians earnestly advised him against such arduous labors, and that Mrs. Root is distressed by his refusal to take this advice.

Mr. Root's recent illness has proved more serious than his first anticipated, and for the past two weeks he has rallied in health perceptibly.

English Cabinet Rumors. New York, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says: There are reports of many cabinet changes pending. Lord Curzon is coming from India, probably to take Mr. Balfour's place, Balfour becoming foreign secretary.

Lord Curzon may succeed Curzon, Chamberlain seems slated to remain in the colonial office. Curzon's return means that he will be put in training for the position of premier.

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the funeral and the body was brought back to town and placed in Adenburgh's home. The report of Adenburgh's suicide aroused the residents of a place in the neighborhood, and last night a crowd of business was surrounded by a crowd of enraged neighbors. The police was appealed to and word was sent to the city health department. If the body is to be buried by Adenburgh today it will be taken forcibly from the home by the police and buried at Adenburgh's expense. The health authorities notified Adenburgh that they would take summary action as the body had not been embalmed.

Bryan's Itinerary. New York, Oct. 22.—William J. Bryan's itinerary after he has finished his tour of the residents of a place in the neighborhood, and last night a crowd of business was surrounded by a crowd of enraged neighbors. The police was appealed to and word was sent to the city health department. If the body is to be buried by Adenburgh today it will be taken forcibly from the home by the police and buried at Adenburgh's expense. The health authorities notified Adenburgh that they would take summary action as the body had not been embalmed.

He will rest in this city Sunday and will start up the State on the New York Central railroad at half past 9 o'clock that night. He will make eighteen speeches on Monday, returning to New York for a few hours. He will start out again about midnight and on Tuesday will make fourteen speeches.

Von Buelow and Miquel at Out. New York, Oct. 22.—Since the nomination of Count von Buelow to the imperial chancellery says a Berlin dispatch to the Herald, rumors have been current of serious differences of opinion between him and the Prussian minister of finance, Dr. von Miquel. Last week Count von Buelow had an interview of an hour's duration with the minister of finance and it is semi-officially stated that they arrived at a complete understanding. This, however, the radical press doubts.

### GOVERNOR GENERAL OTIS.

His Report on Government and Administration of Manila Published.

Expenditures Exceeded Receipts—The Liquor Traffic Number of Licenses Was Greatly Reduced.

Washington, Oct. 22.—In the report of Maj. Gen. Otis, as governor general of the Philippines, the following concerning the government of the city of Manila was made public today:

"The money expended to police and improve the city of Manila, to make the necessary repairs on roads and bridges, to place government buildings which were dilapidated, to stamp out the infectious diseases of smallpox and bubonic plague, to maintain a large native police battalion numbering 2,000 men, together with the money required to defray the ordinary incidental expenses, has been greater by one-half than the city's collected revenues. What those revenues are, I cannot say, but taken from the general fund, as the expenditures were considered to be imperative."

"The liquor traffic always has been extensive, especially in the matter of intoxicating native drinks. In reducing the number of licenses which Spain granted freely, the native complaint was grievously affected. The number of the privileges which Spain bestowed. Notwithstanding these complaints, they were not entirely withheld, nor could the traffic be destroyed by any means within our power. Experience led to the belief that it could be controlled through a careful manipulation under a stringent license law."

An order issued by the provost marshal of Manila is also given, showing the restrictions which have been placed upon the saloons, and giving the license fees, which are changing. Following this order the report continues: "The restrictions have been placed in placing the liquor traffic under the control of the police and their officers, and have been attended by reforms anticipated and promised. I doubt if there is anywhere any more quiet and orderly city than Manila has been for the past year, and this notwithstanding its great mass of floating population of divers nationalities and the dense ignorance of a portion of its inhabitants, or a city in which proper punishment for crime is more swift and sure."

Chairman Jones on the Outlook. Chicago, Oct. 22.—Chairman Jones, of the Democratic national committee, said today:

"I do not believe there is any doubt that Mr. Bryan will carry New York. I believe our chances for carrying Ohio are better than the Republicans. I regard Illinois as an exceedingly doubtful State. Telegrams from the chairman of the Democratic State committee, state we are going to carry California. Advices from that State a while ago were somewhat doubtful as to the result. Mayor Phelan, of San Francisco, says there is no doubt about the State. One of the causes of this change of sentiment in California is the decision of Judge Bates, on the Chinese exclusion act, in which he held that a Chinaman at any port in the United States could not be excluded, and that therefore, a Chinaman in Hawaii could visit any city in any part of the United States, thus practically throwing the door open to the free entry of Chinese men in this country. I have no doubt of the election of Mr. Bryan."

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## "Now Don't Get the Blues."



When a cheerful, brave and light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the blues, it is a sad picture.

It is usually this way: She has been feeling out of sorts for some time, experiencing severe headache and backache; sleeps very poorly and is exceedingly nervous.

Sometimes she is nearly overcome by faintness, dizziness, and palpitation of the heart; then that boisterous feeling is dreadfully wearing.

Her husband says, "Now, don't get the blues! You will be all right after you have taken the doctor's medicine."

But she does not get all right. She grows worse day by day, until at last she realizes that a distressing female complaint is established.

Her doctor has made a mistake. She loses faith; hope vanishes; then comes the morbid, melancholy, everlasting blues. She should have been told just what the trouble was, but probably she withheld some information from the doctor, who, therefore, is unable to accurately locate her particular illness.

Mrs. Pinkham has relieved thousands of women from just this kind of trouble, and now retains their grateful letters in her library as proof of the great assistance she has rendered them. This same assistance awaits every sick woman in the land.

Mrs. Winifred Allen's Letter. "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write and tell you of the benefit I have received from your wonderful remedies. Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I was a misery to myself and every one around me. I suffered terrible pain in my back, head, and right side, was very nervous, would cry for hours. Menstruation would appear sometimes in two weeks, then again not for three or four months. I was so tired and weak, could not sleep nights, sharp pains would dart through my heart that would almost cause me to fall."

"My mother coaxed me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had no faith in it, but to please her I did so. The first bottle helped me so much that I continued its use. I am now well and weigh more than I ever did in my life."—MRS. WINIFRED ALLEN, Farmington, Ill.

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