

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 3.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1867.

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The Deseret News:

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ALBERT CARRINGTON, EDITOR

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Calendar for January 1867.

New Moon, 5th day, 5h. 1m. Afternoon.

First Quarter, 13th day, 9h. 5m. Morning.

Full Moon, 20th day, 0h. 7m. Morning.

Last Quarter, 27th day, 7h. 18m. Morning.

| D | M | W | Moons of place at Noon. | Signification of Signs. | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. |
|----|---|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | T | 25 | M 06 | Secret Members | 7 25 4 43 | h m |
| 2 | W | 6 | ✓ 56 | Hips & Thighs | 7 25 4 44 | |
| 3 | T | 18 | 48 | | 7 25 4 45 | |
| 4 | F | 0 | ✓ 44 | Knees & Hams | 7 25 4 46 | |
| 5 | S | 12 | 47 | | 7 25 4 46 | |
| 6 | S | 24 | 56 | | 7 25 4 47 | |
| 7 | M | 7 | ✓ 12 | Legs & Ankles | 7 25 4 48 | |
| 8 | T | 19 | 37 | | 7 25 4 49 | |
| 9 | W | 2 | ✓ 12 | Feet & Toes | 7 25 4 50 | |
| 10 | T | 14 | 58 | | 7 24 4 51 | |
| 11 | F | 27 | 58 | | 7 24 4 52 | |
| 12 | S | 11 | ✓ 14 | Head & Face | 7 24 4 53 | |
| 13 | S | 24 | 49 | | 7 23 4 54 | |
| 14 | M | 8 | ✓ 45 | Neck & Throat | 7 23 4 65 | |
| 15 | T | 23 | 01 | | 7 22 4 57 | |
| 16 | W | 7 | ✓ 37 | Arms, Shouldr's | 7 22 4 58 | |
| 17 | T | 22 | 27 | | 7 21 4 59 | |
| 18 | F | 7 | ✓ 24 | Breast, Stomach | 7 20 5 1 | |
| 19 | S | 22 | 21 | | 7 20 5 2 | |
| 20 | S | 7 | ✓ 06 | Heart & Back | 7 19 5 3 | |
| 21 | M | 21 | 33 | | 7 18 5 4 | |
| 22 | T | 5 | ✓ 35 | Bowels & Belly | 7 18 5 5 | |
| 23 | W | 19 | 11 | | 7 17 5 6 | |
| 24 | T | 2 | ✓ 20 | Reins & Loins | 7 16 5 7 | |
| 25 | F | 15 | 04 | | 7 16 5 8 | |
| 26 | S | 27 | 28 | | 7 15 5 9 | |
| 27 | S | 9 | ✓ 36 | Secret Members | 7 14 5 11 | |
| 28 | M | 21 | 34 | | 7 13 5 12 | |
| 29 | T | 3 | ✓ 27 | Hips & Thighs | 7 13 5 13 | |
| 30 | W | 15 | 18 | | 7 12 5 15 | |
| 31 | T | 27 | 12 | | 7 11 5 16 | |

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Harrisburg, Pa., 11.

The Republican senatorial caucus have nominated Simon Cameron candidate for the United States Senate.

New York, 11.

The news of the anticipated failure of the French at Corea is confirmed. The expedition was a total failure. The natives are greatly elated, and European prestige is damaged.

The news of the repulse of Mustapha Basha, with great loss, by the Cretans, near Caros, is confirmed.

New Orleans, 10.

The 10th cavalry and 18th infantry, both colored, are to be mustered out and relieved by the 20th regulars.

The revenue cutter McCulloch sails to-morrow, under sealed orders, to join the expedition sent from Washington to take possession of the port of Demerara, purchased by Secretary Seward for the United States.

Chicago, 11.

Washington specials say the House yesterday afternoon took up the business on the Speaker's table, for the purpose of reaching the Senate bills for the admission of Nebraska and Colorado. Last session both of these passed the

House by majorities enough to have secured their passage over any veto; now, however, a party has arisen up to keep out any States which have the word "while" in their constitutions. The amendment inserted in the bills by Edmunds, and accepted by Sumner, does not suit many, as they doubt its practical successful operation. When the bills were reached, considerable opposition was manifested, and every expedient was resorted to to prevent their passage. Efforts were made to send them to slumber in some committee room where they would not again be reached, or to postpone them behind such business as would effectually keep them back. In all the offensive movements the Democrats were a unit. None, however, succeeded, and it was thought, at one time, that there was a majority of 30 in their favor, if the vote could have been pressed over the various filibustering tactics. Ashley finally consented to an adjournment, and the bills come up again as unfinished business. Both will probably pass by a small majority.

Berlin, 10.

Bismark has issued a circular letter to the representatives of Prussia at foreign courts, in which he points out the good feeling in which Prussia now stands with all foreign powers, and assures them that peace will be maintained. He declares that he shall now devote himself to the consolidation of Germany.

Topeka, 11.

The constitutional amendment has been unanimously ratified by the legislature, and a resolution passed endorsing the action of Congress in passing the District suffrage bill over the veto.

Rome, 11.

An interdiction has been laid on the continuance of religious services in the Scotch Presbyterian church in this city, by Papal authority. It is said that they threaten to stop the services held in the American chapel.

Paris, 11.

The Japanese embassy has arrived in this city, and will shortly leave for America.

Chicago, 11.

The next Congress will convene at noon of the 4th of March. The House passed the bill before the holidays; the Senate took it up during the morning hour yesterday, made a slight amendment and passed it by 25 to 10. It was sent to the House in the course of half an hour, and that body at once agreed to the Senate amendments. The bill will be laid before the President to-morrow.

Wade called up in the Senate the bill altering the organic acts of Territories, and offered a substitute. Howard suggested some changes, and the substitute was then adopted without division; that is in one short section, which declares that henceforth, in any Territory now organized or hereafter to be organized, there shall be no denial of elective franchise on account of race, color and previous condition in slavery; and all Territorial laws in conflict with this act are hereby declared null and void. The bill was at once put on its passage without debate, and was carried by 24 to 8. As soon as it could be enrolled it was sent to the House; it lay on the table half an hour; it was then taken up and under the operation of the previous question passed without debate, by 104 to 38. The bill was at once engrossed, and in about two hours from the time of its introduction into the Senate it had passed both Houses, received the signatures of the Speaker and Vice President, and was ready for the White House. It is not supposed that the President will veto it.

Boston, 12.

The Maine House yesterday passed the constitutional amendment by 126 to 20.

Annapolis, 12.

Gov. Swann has been agreed upon as candidate for the U. S. Senate, in a conversation of members of the legislature.

New York, 12.

Advices from Rio Janeiro state that

the rivers Amazon, Lacateras and San Francisco are thrown open to the trade of all nations. There had been a riot at Pernambuco between Brazilians and Portuguese, and 80 of the latter and 100 of the former were killed.

Liverpool, 12.

The Lords of the Admiralty are busily engaged in preparation of the estimates for a large increase of the naval arm, lately ordered.

Pesth, 12.

Deak has issued an address; he condemns the patent lately issued for a reorganization of the army; he says the carrying out of the scheme will certainly prove fatal to the arrangement of the present difficulties, and abjures the Emperor to concede the claims of Hungary.

Madrid, 12.

The proffered mediation of the United States in the differences between Spain and Chili is regarded as almost certain as a forerunner of an important and permanent peace.

Vienna, 12.

Journals this morning say that the Sublime Porte has pressed 15,000 men in the service, to quiet the Greek insurrection.

Ft. Laramie, 12.

The mail from here to Ft. Phil Kearney was attacked yesterday by about 30 Indians; the party escaped with the loss of the wagon and mules. Up to 4th inst. no more Indian demonstrations had occurred in the vicinity of Ft. Phil Kearney. Two companies of cavalry and 4 of infantry have been sent to Ft. Reno, and will probably go on to Ft. Phil Kearney. The 30th infantry are enroute for here, and all companies of the 2d cavalry are concentrating here rapidly.

Washington, 13.

A dispatch to the *Herald* says, through good authority, that the House Judiciary Committee, after careful examination, have come to the conclusion that there is not sufficient ground upon which to base a bill of impeachment.

London, 13.

A report from Madrid states that Garibaldi has gone to Candia.

Paris, 13.

Dispatches from the east report a ministerial crisis at Constantinople, and that the Porte has recalled the ambassador from Athens. It is also reported that large numbers of reinforcements for the Greek insurgents had landed in Candia from Greek ships, and that the Cretans are receiving a supply of arms.

The Czar and members of the imperial court were present at a ball lately given in aid of the suffering families of Cretans.

New York, 13.

A Washington telegram says the House Committee have agreed to report a bill for new governments for Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, and Texas.

New Orleans, 13.

The U. S. Grand Jury failed to find an indictment against any persons concerned in the July riots. O. H. Morgan, U. S. District Attorney, when the jury was empaneled, declined to apply the test oath to the jurors.

The Albany Penitentiary was managed the present year at a net profit of \$24,412, with an expenditure of \$52,562. The principal labor has been shoemaking for men, and bottoming chairs by women. But a little more than a third of the prisoners could read and write.

The New York *Sun* says that work of all kinds is scarce in that city, and likely to remain so for the winter. There are many thousands of mechanics there who would be glad to work for the means of subsistence. That is a sad condition of society, and makes a strong appeal to those whom fortune or partial legislation has made wealthy, to endeavor to alleviate the condition of the multitude that is suffering from the rigors of the winter.

FIRE.—On Saturday night, about twelve o'clock, a fire broke out in a house immediately west of the City Drug store, and at one time threatened to destroy a vast amount of property contiguous, the buildings there being mostly frame ones. While the danger was most imminent, Mr. H. M. Taylor, at the risk of his life, made a tremendous effort to force his way into the building, and succeeded in reaching the place where the fire was raging, by cutting through several partitions. His exertions, until he was beaten down by the flames and smoke, which all but suffocated him, were the means of retarding the fire, and it was eventually got under, a line of buckets being organized from where water could be obtained, which were served by numerous willing hands, a large crowd having congregated. The loss amounts to several hundred dollars; and, doubtless, would have been vastly greater had it not been for the exertions of Mr. Taylor, who suffered from suffocation, burned hands, and a sprained ankle.

The cause of the fire has been variously attributed to incendiarism, and the flooring near the stove catching fire. Though it is probable, that, with the number of villains who have made their way to this city during the past fall, some of them might be capable of such an act to obtain plunder during the confusion, the latter supposition at present seems the more likely.

DESERET STATE TELEGRAPH.—The line is now open to Tokerville, Mr. Clowes having reached there on Sunday night and opened communication with this city on Monday morning. He started on Monday for Washington, Washington county. We have been courteously furnished with the state of the weather on Monday morning at the points named:—Logan cloudy, with about eight inches snow, on the ground; Box Elder, fine, Sunday night very cold; about five inches snow; Salt Creek, fine; Fillmore, fine, snow nearly all gone; had blown hard there from Friday till Sunday with a little snow; Beaver, clear and warm, very little snow on the ground; Parowan, clear and cold; Tokerville, fine as a summer day.

TERRITORIAL MAPS.—The Hon. A. P. Rockwood, on the 17th ult., in the Representatives' Hall, moved for a Committee to inquire into "the original lines of Utah when the Territorial Organic Act was passed by Congress, embracing latitude and longitude, area in square miles, &c.," also the "date when first and subsequent portions of the Territory were taken off, and the boundary as left, with the respective areas in square miles;" and other items of desirable information connected therewith. Hons. A. P. Rockwood, E. Reese, B. F. Johnson, S. S. Smith and W. W. Cluff were appointed a committee for the purpose, and as a result, we were shown, on Friday evening, by Mr. Rockwood, a very excellent skeleton map of the Territory, with the boundaries of 1850, and another well drawn map of the Territory with its present boundaries, the county lines being neatly colored, showing the capitals of counties with their location marked, and containing much valuable information. The promptitude of the Committee in filling the duties assigned them is praiseworthy, while the result of their labors is a work of permanent benefit.

BEE-HIVE matches and jet black ink are advertised by A. Findlay: strike a match and make a light, and see if the ink isn't good to write.

SEE Ranschoff & Co's. Notice.

EXECUTION IN SPAIN.—Galignani describes a singular formality with which executions in Spain are accompanied. After the executioner has performed his office he is surrounded by gendarmes and loaded with chains and taken to prison, and thence before an examining magistrate, when the following dialogue takes place: "You are accused of taking the life of a man." "Yes," answers the executioner, "it is true." "What was your motive for the crime?" "To obey the law and fulfill the mission confided to me by justice." An indictment is then drawn up, and on the following day the man is taken before the tribunal, which immediately pronounces an acquittal, and the prisoner is liberated after his confinement of twenty-four hours.