DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

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Pay Subscriptions will kindly notify J. T. Dooley, Subscriber, of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

All communications should be addressed to

Deseret News Publishing Co.

Telephone 526

THE BANNOCK WAR.

As the Indian war talk still seems to be a subject of importance, a few figures as to the numerical strength of the opposing forces, should a conflict occur, may not be without interest. Roughly estimated, says a correspondent of a Chicago paper, General Coppinger, commanding the department of the Platte, can concentrate 1,200 cavalry and 2,400 infantry at Market Lake. The Indians, if they were to break away from their reservations in order to act in concert could in the same length of time gather 2,000 warriors to oppose the troops in the canyons.

At Fort Hall reservation there are supposed to be 537 warriors. The Wind Rivers, Shoshones and those on the Bannock reservation are estimated at 1,000. The Tetons would swell the number with 200 more. These tribes have friends and allies among the Utah Utes and Uncompahgres. The former could send 5,000 warriors to the scene of trouble, and the latter 800. It is, however, not thought probable they could do so.

To quell the disturbance, should any take place, General Coppinger has two garrisons in Wyoming, from which he can summon troops. At Fort Russell, three miles from Cheyenne, there are five companies of the Eighth infantry and three of the seventeenth infantry. Fort Washakie, commanded by Major Adam Kraemer, is southwest of Jackson's Hole, on the Wind river reservation of the Shoshones, but he has only one company of the Eighth infantry at the post. At Fort Robinson, Neb., near the Southern Dakota line, the company consisted of eight troops of the Ninth cavalry, four of which General Coppinger has taken with him to Market Lake. At Niobrara, further east in northern Nebraska, there are four troops of the Ninth cavalry and the Twentieth infantry. The second infantry is quartered at Omaha. In his command General Coppinger has but one regiment of cavalry at his disposal. Other troops, however, in neighboring departments, are accessible and can be brought by rail to Market Lake. Four companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry (colored), Colonel Andy Hart commanding, are stationed at Fort Missoula, Mont., on the Northern Pacific, and can be transported to Garfield, thence over the Utah Northern to Market Lake, a distance of 303 miles. Fort Custer, Dakota, is distant 322 miles by rail from the Market Lake rendezvous, and is garrisoned by four troops of the Tenth cavalry (colored) and two companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry (colored). Lieutenant Colonel Perry is in command; the Sixteenth infantry at Fort Douglas, Utah, Colonel W. H. Penrose, commanding, is also available, the railroad distance being 284 miles, and, according to a special dispatch just received, it is expected that those troops will be called out shortly.

Notwithstanding the alarming rumors still circulated, it is hoped that the trouble may be settled peaceably. The real cause of it is well understood by this time. Some Bannocks were hunting in Wyoming near Jackson's Hole. They had left their reservation by permission of their agent and believed it to be in their rights, as they understood the treaty with the government. Yet some of them were killed, and the white settlers were panic-stricken. As far as white inhabitants have been attacked, that society is on all sides is to the present Indian war.

COUNTY COUSINS AND CUSIS.

The News has received the following communication from Nephi, Juab county, under date of July 29:

Editor Deseret News:

The following letter has been sent to all school commissioners and trustees of this county in Nephi district. Perhaps it appears rather valued paper and hardly worth the trouble, however, I do it for the sake of the Territory, as I am of opinion it would be of considerable service to us in all criminal actions, and if not what are we to do? Are we to be bulldozed by the county court without a murmur? A criminal can get their trial, but a civil case, or small matter, even justice, from justice court and to use her words would have an "aversion of action," as they would go up to Salt Lake City. Following is the copy of the county's letter:

Nephi, July 11, 1895. You are hereby notified that the following order was made by the county court of Juab county, Utah, at a regular term held on the 1st day of July, 1895: "It is ordered that the school trustees of the several school districts of Juab county, Utah, be and they are hereby notified that the County Court of said county will not hereafter allow any bills for the school district, unless the same have been ordered by the school trustee of the district, and that the trustees be requested to work out their tax." By order of the county court, W. H. Lake, Clerk.

What do you think of this?

A TAXPAYER.

Replying to the correspondent's inquiry as to whether it is the duty of the Territory to pay all costs in criminal actions, we will say that the law of Congress so provides in the following language, in section 2 of what is known as the Poland bill:

"The costs and expenses of all prosecutions for offenses against any law of the Territorial Legislature shall be paid out of the treasury of the Territory."

As we understand it, however, the Territory never pays, the claims thereto before each succeeding Legislature being vetoed.

Under a Territorial statute each county pays the fines imposed upon and paid by offenders within its boundaries, and is required to pay the expenses of prosecutions in cases arising in the county. The first named provision is not objected to by the county courts, but the other usually is, although not in all cases. The objection has been held by the courts to be good, as the Territorial provision is in conflict with the congressional statute, and therefore is void. There is no doubt that such a condition is grievous wrong, but it is that which exists, and the Legislatures in the only body from the Territory holding the power to alter it, which could be done in conformity with the section quoted.

As to the order of the Sevier county court, it cannot operate as a bar to justice and United States commissioners proceeding in criminal cases, since the county court has no jurisdiction over them. It may, however, refuse to pay their bills, and in several counties in the Territory does so. In others, as a matter of equity, the bills are settled—a proceeding which is within the discretionary power of the county court to take.

In the case of United States commissioners, when they proceed in criminal cases, the United States pays them, and charges the amount to the Territory. Hence the practice of taking accused persons before commissioners instead of justices of the peace. If a trial is had and the accused is convicted and fined and pays the fine, the commissioner or justice may take expense out and then turn the balance of the money into the county treasury. This is a few cases the justices can get their pay, while in a few more the commissioners are comparatively all right. But as committing magistrates the work too often has to be done for nothing.

Nor can the commissioner or justice safely refuse to issue a warrant or institute criminal proceedings when there is a good showing made that a crime has been committed; for section 4477 of the Compiled Laws provides that every willful omission to perform any duty enjoined by law upon any public officer is punishable as a misdemeanor.

Although the costs referred to are chargeable to the Territory, the county courts of several counties realize the justice of acting within their discretionary power and paying bills necessary to keep the wheels of the criminal law moving. The counties get the benefit of the fines paid by offenders, and therefore several of them are willing to spare a portion for the prosecution of offenders rather than have the guilty go scot free, or compel justices and commissioners to work for nothing. This we think is a reasonable view to take, but the appropriateness of doing so is wholly within the county court's discretion. As the matter stands, the law is in a bad shape, and were it not for the magnanimity of some county authorities in the course they have taken." It is all the more pity that they should be denied their liberty on account of cases of a purely local or tribal nature. Just now Protestants are complaining of being persecuted in Catholic countries in South America and they loudly demand protection from the state governments of those countries. Why should they not be willing to accord to others in this land of liberty what they ask for themselves when abroad?

To depend on the civil arm of the law for the defense of religion is an attempt of religion under a cloud. It would indeed be desirable to see the Lord's day respected in everything, including the Seventh-day Adventists, who certainly are wrong in their conclusions, but which it comes to enforcing observance for it by the dread of the police instead of by the triumph of the power of God in the heart, an element without which the Sabbath is a mockery, and for the enforcement of which the Gospel is introduced. Is it not well known from whom the proposition of coercion in religious matters first came? Of Esau we read that he fell ashamed to accept the assistance of the civil power in the execution of a sacred duty entrusted to him, and he declined the offer of soldiers and horsemen to go with him. This principle has been upheld by the sages of Christendom every where and will be acted upon by all who have faith. Christ asks no help from Cæsar. The consecration of a day for worship is purely a moral entity; if performed under compulsion or by any other than moral pressure, it loses its virtue. It becomes a commandment rather than a genuine Sabbath.

ADDING MORE TESTIMONY.

The recent election of Mr. Hill Tout, principal of the Vancouver, B. C., school, to a honorary membership in the Anthropologic Institute of anthropology, brings forward the reasons for electing the distinction upon him. These are in connection with a subject that is now receiving great attention from scientific investigators, namely, the prehistoric affairs of this country. There seems to be a remarkable unanimity in many of the conclusions arrived at by those engaged in the ethnologic field in America, all reaching them from distinct bases and on different lines of reasoning. Mr. Hill-Tout has presented to the Anthropologic Institute some very interesting contributions relating to the prehistoric form of British Columbia. He bases his conclusions on the careful exploration of many of the Kitchen Midden mounds, or primitive unwilling refuse deposits, found scattered along the shores of the Fraser river estuary.

From these he points out that the ancient skulls show that the present Indian race in British Columbia, classed as short-headed and dolichocephalic, was preceded by an earlier people of the long-headed type. He says the indications are that the present native migrated from interior country across Shuswap lake and drove out and practically exterminated the long-headed and less warlike aborigines. In connection with his investigations he has furnished the Royal Society of Canada with data which goes to prove that the migration of the most ancient tribesmen of the coast took place about the time of Julius Cæsar. In some instances, in addition to earth deposits above the primeval remains, showing a probable growth of many long centuries, there are living superimposed giant firs and cedars which evidently took several centuries to grow and have undoubtedly been dead for a very long period.

As with all investigations of this character, the fixing of precise or even approximate dates for events indicated by antiquarian remains is a matter of great uncertainty. But the more important and more definitely ascertained fact is the showing that the present inhabitants succeeded another and more intellectual race of people. This record is given in the Book of Mormon, the historical accuracy of which is being continually attested by investigations into the prehistoric field, whether they be made in or to the north or south of our own country.

Some idea of the magnitude of the Russian empire may be formed from the fact that in Siberia alone all the states, kingdoms, principalities and empires, etc., of Europe (except Russia), together with the United States, including Alaska, could be placed side by side, and yet but little more than cover that immense country.

ANY NEWSPAPER writer who advocates lynching ought to refrain from commenting publicly upon the Declogue.

The Lowest Notch in Millinery

Will be reached this week. Trimmed hats at one-fourth of regular price, at F. AUERBACH & BRO'S.

The Latter-day Saints College

The Latter-day Saints' College, in this city, will open for the work of the ninth academic year on Monday, September 2, 1895. The following facilities are offered: Preparatory, three years; normal, four years (two years preparatory); commercial, two years; literary, five years (three years preparatory); scientific, five years (three years preparatory); special courses for students desiring to give their attention to special lines of work. Students who have completed the Seventh grade of the public schools are admitted to the first year of the preparatory course, without examination; those who have completed the Eighth grade are eligible to entrance upon the second year. A new study is made of theological, commercial and normal work, a training school being provided for the benefit of the normal students.

The faculty has been increased by the addition of four instructors and four lectures, all available in their respective lines of work. Tuition is nominally low, amounting to $10, entitling a student to a year's work in the institution.

Students may enter any hour for recitation work by first making application to the undersigned. WILLARD DONE, Principal.

Hotel Colorado.

Great Midsummer Sale of Gents' Furnishings, Trousers and Shoes. This is the time when we must have room in our corner for new fall goods, and if markup and reduction in prices will do it, rest assured we have got it.

Respectfully yours,

Firth, M. Hoggard,

Successor to Geo. Ridges, 270 Main, Corner Third South.

Special Trains for Saltair Beach Today.

Two special trains will run for the grand inaugurate ball, leaving Salt Lake City at 8:15 and 9 p. m.

THE ANIMAL EXTRACTS:

Cerebrine, extract of the brain of the ox, for Nervous Prostration, Insomnia, etc.

Cardine, extract of the Heart, for functional weakness of the heart.

Medulline, extract of the Spinal cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

Testine, for Premature decay.

Ovarine, for Diseases of Women.

Thyroidine, for Disease and Impurities of the blood.

DOSE, 5 DROPS. PRICE, $1.00.

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Sole by Druggists. Washington, D. C.

Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., Agents for Utah.

SANFIELD BEACH TRAINS.

Effective July 15, 1895.

Leave Salt Lake Garfield	Arrive Garfield	Leave Garfield	Arrive Salt Lake
9:45 a. m.	10:45 a. m.	11:00 a. m.	12:00 p. m.
1:00 p. m.	2:00 p. m.	2:15 p. m.	3:15 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	4:30 p. m.	4:45 p. m.	5:45 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:30 p. m.	6:45 p. m.	7:45 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:30 p. m.	8:45 p. m.	9:45 p. m.
9:30 p. m.	10:30 p. m.	10:45 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
11:30 p. m.	12:30 a. m.	12:45 a. m.	1:45 a. m.

* Daily except Sunday.

Music by Gless's orchestra every afternoon and evening. Dance, corner First South and Fourth West. Fare for round trip for each. City ticket office, 201 Main Street.

D. E. BURLEY,
Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.

Parks' Tea cures the skin. For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Judson Drug Co. 1

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all conditions made to Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains en route, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

R. V. DESMAN, C. T. & P. A.,
11 Michan Block, Salt Lake City.

Two Days Cheap Fare.

The Rio Grande Western Railway agents will, beginning on July 1st, sell excursion tickets to Glenwood Springs and return via the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, at $18.00. These tickets will be good three days from date of sale, and will holds two days longer at the Hotel Colorado, and two days in the famous Glenwood Springs. The Hotel Colorado, at Glenwood Springs, is the finest and best hotel in Colorado.

The Rio Grande Western agents will also sell excursion tickets to Glenwood Springs, via the famous Denver & Rio Grande Railway, good seven days for $22.00, or sixty days for $25.00.

AN OPINION GIVEN.

Recently Mr. J. B. Thomas, of North Dakota, visited the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, and after carefully examining the country located in Winchester, he writes to Mr. V. Richards, Land and Immigration Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Baltimore, Maryland, as follows: "I have been in nearly every state and territory of the United States, and am frank in my opinion that this valley surpasses all other sections in the Union. The lands are low in price, and produce profitable crops. I thank you for directing me here, and solicit those seeking pleasant and profitable homes to locate in this country."

Cleanse your blood with Godbe Pitts Blood Purifier, made from herbs.

Wilson Brothers celebrated White Shirts, all sizes, and sleeve lengths, Brown, Terry & Woodruff company, 142 Main street.

H. B. Stafford, of Carthage, S. Dak., says: "Parsons' Sure Cure excels all other medicines for rheumatism and urinary disorders." For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Judson Drug Co. 1

Some genuine bargains in Men's Negligee either attached and detached cloths. Brown, Terry & Woodruff company, 142 Main Street.

Notice to Ogden.

For Black Rock and Carnival at Saltair Beach, evening of July 31st, and Sunday in the afternoon, the Rio Grande Western Railway announces special excursion trains leave Ogden 9:45 a. m. On return trip leave beach at 11:15 p. m. and Salt Lake City at 11:45 p. m. Fare for round trip from Ogden $1.25, Hot $1.25, Layton $1.00, Kaysville $1.00, Farmington 75c, Lake Shore 50c, Woods Cross 50c.

Summer Neckwear in Silk and Lawn goods at astonishingly low prices. Brown, Terry & Woodruff company, 142 Main street.

Utah county—Notice!

On July 31st, at Saltair Beach, there will be a grand Mast Carnival, $400 in cash prizes. Eliason, the Wizard, will entertain you in the afternoon. Excursion via the Grande Western Railway on following rates: Goshen $1, Payson $1.75, Spanish Fork $1.50, Springville $1.50, Provo $1.00, American Fork $1.25, Lehi $1.25, Riverton 50c, Bingham Junction 75c, Murray 50c. Special train on return trip leaves Saltair Beach at 11:15 p. m., and Salt Lake City at 11:45 p. m.

4th South Between State and Main

All this week—Matinee Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4:30.

PROF. GENTRY'S FAMOUS

Dog and Pony Show.

Its Superbly Educated Dogs, Ponies and Mustangs. Unquestionably the world's best Trained Animal Exhibition.

Admission—Children 15 cents, Adults 25 cents.

Z. C. M. I.

Midsummer Movement!

In keeping with the season and also with the times, we purpose clearing our Summer Goods

IF PRICES WILL DO IT.

All Parasols and Sun Umbrellas in stock at 20 per cent. reduction.

All Madras Cloth, Figaro, Lawns and Challies, at less than cost.

All Remnants in Cotton Dress Goods for half price.

All Ladies' Silk Waists only $2.50, worth $5.00.

All Lawn and Calico Wrappers one-third off regular price.

Full Sleeved Wrappers from 50 cents upward.

All Straw Hats in stock 25 per cent off price.

Children's Mull Bonnets 25 and 35c, worth 50 to 75c.

Children's Summer Vests 15 to 25c, worth 35 to 50c.

Ladies' Sleeveless Vests 10 and 20c, Worth 20 to 40c.

Ladies' Lawn and Percale Waists cheaper than ever.

Black Silk Jersey Mitts at great reduction.

Pt. D. Anglais Lace, butter color, colored.

Pt. D. Venice Lace, all at about half price.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

ALL THIS WEEK.

WANTED.

FIVE YOUNG LADIES FOR DISTRIBUTING circulars. Call at 10 S. Main, 4 to 6 p. m. Today.

GOOD UPRIGHT OFFICE DESK, IMMEDIATELY.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR gents' cast off clothes. Also pianos and organs. Sugar & Cornish, 74 East 2nd South.

THE SEEKERS OF THE NEWS NOT TO forget that there is a strictly first-class employment agency now in Salt Lake City. All kinds of help supplied, and all kinds of situations furnished. Everything done strictly on the square.

Tells a fortune, convenient spirits, 51 East Third South street. Yes, sir.

SALTAIR TRAINS on Page 8

EVERYONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE buying and selling new and second-hand goods like any other house in the west. M. Weiner, 67 So. Main, near N.

HAVE YOUR HARNESSES, GREASE traps, wagon covers and tents cleaned by the Odelson Sanitary Company. All work thoroughly guaranteed.

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WILL PAY CASH FOR RAGS, BONES, Junk, Iron, Metals, Rubbers and all kinds of Bottles. 75 S. East Engine House st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

LIBERALITY IN REAL ESTATE, REGARDS to amount and rate. Money to loan at reasonable rates. Taylor Bros., 50, 52 Main Street.

Notice to Citizens.

ALL COMPLAINTS OF DEFECTIVE plumbing or failure of water supply during winter required to be entered, will be made at Gross Bros. and Light Inspection, Fire Department Headquarters.

By Order LOUIS CORN,
Chairman Com.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of Tribune Investment association, will be held at the office of the association, 50 and 52 Main Street, Salt Lake City, on August 10th, 1895, at the hour of 8 o. m., for the purpose of amending articles of incorporation, to increase the number of directors from 3 to 5, and transact such other business as may properly be transacted.

HAROLD M. STEE, Sec. and Treas.

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Favorite hotel for Utah people in New York. Under new management. Thoroughly renovated, elegantly furnished and all modern improvements. In the very heart of the metropolis, adjacent to the principal places of amusement and within easy reach of all parts of the city. Rates $2 and $2.50 per day.

W. M. BATES.

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JAS. H. MOYLE,
Attorney at Law,
Rooms 351 to 356 Constitution Building, cor. E. C. M. I.

ALEX McMASTER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Rooms, 45, 46, 47, 48, Commercial Block.

L. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law and Land Attorneys,
Rooms 45 and 46 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

J. F. GUSTAFSON, PATENT ATTORNEY. Patents secured, caveats, trade marks, copyrights, notes to order. Office 240 Main street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON,
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Rooms 24 and 25 Constitution Bldg.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Rooms 8 and 9 Scott-Auerbach Building, 1st floor, 164 Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS,
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58 Main St. Anesthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

Use artificial teeth without pain—new method. Teeth in 2 hours. Set of teeth, $5. Bridge work, per tooth, $5.00. Twenty-two k. gold crown, $5.00. Gold fillings, 75 up. Silver, 50c. Cement, 25. All work at cents prices. Come and be convinced. 57 Third street, Salt Lake City.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR,
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47 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

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Room 232,
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For a good meal go to No 15 East First South Street.
Open day and night.

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SHOEMAKER
Has opened a Shoe Repairing Shop in the Tribune Yard.
Shoes for Deformed feet a specialty.

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Make an outing, which depends upon your outfit and the place where you take it. Wherever you take yours you should have an All outfit selected from our stock. We can supply you with everything from A to Z on the list. You make the biggest mistake this season if you procure your outing outfit before calling at the headquarters in Salt Lake City for outing goods. The quality, style and value of everything we carry puts all competitors far in the rear.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

ONE PRICE.

J. P. Gardner

136-138 Main Street.

A BICYCLE ABSOLUTELY FREE OF COST OR A SUIT OF CLOTHES GIVEN AWAY.

Or Half the Purchase Price of Your Suit Refunded.

Or a Discount of Ten per cent. on Purchase Price.

BEGINNING MAY 1st, every 500 customer will be given ten per cent. discount on his purchase. Every fifteenth customer will get a discount of 50 per cent. Every one hundredth customer will have the entire amount of his purchase refunded. Every two hundredth customer will get a fine bicycle free.

Count is made from the payment of order. Our goods and prices are absolutely correct.

D. L. ROSS,

Merchant Tailor,

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