

der instructions of the court, a verdict of not guilty was rendered.

United States vs. Thos. R. Jackson; unlawful cohabitation; the case was given to the jury at 2:30.

United States vs. Wm. Grant; to a charge of adultery the defendant was ordered to plead on March 11th.

For Benlah Chipman, charged with fornication, S. R. Thurman entered a plea of not guilty.

United States vs. Thos. Cloward; the defendant pleaded guilty to a charge of unlawful cohabitation.

United States vs. Bent Anderson; a plea of guilty to a charge of unlawful cohabitation was entered, and the defendant promised to obey the law. Sentence was suspended.

Business transacted before Judge Judd, on March 9, in the Provo branch of the First District Court:

The jury who heard the case of John W. Gardner, charged with adultery, surprised everyone who heard the testimony by bringing in a verdict of guilty.

United States vs. C. Stickney; the defendant pleaded guilty to a charge of unlawful cohabitation, and the time of sentence was set for the 20th of April.

United States vs. Benjamin H. Johnson; the defendant pleaded guilty to a charge of adultery and promised to obey the law; the court suspended sentence.

United States vs. Fanny Whiting; to a charge of perjury the defendant pleaded not guilty.

United States vs. Jacob Haren; a plea of guilty to a charge of unlawful cohabitation had already been entered. Sentenced to 85 days' imprisonment and fined \$50 and costs.

Thomas Cloward had also pleaded guilty to unlawful cohabitation and received a sentence of 50 days and costs.

Proceedings before Judge Judd at Provo, March 11:

In the case of Wm. Grant, in which the defendant was charged with adultery, a plea of not guilty was entered.

Rose Grant was arraigned, charged with fornication, and pleaded not guilty.

United States vs. John Hostler, unlawful cohabitation; the defendant pleaded not guilty.

United States vs. James Mellor; the defendant pleaded not guilty to a charge of adultery.

Proceedings before Judge Judd, March 12:

Hans Nielsen was called for sentence, having been convicted by a jury of adultery. He had served a term of imprisonment for unlawful cohabitation. He was sentenced to 75 days in the penitentiary.

United States vs. Theo. Dedrickson; unlawful cohabitation; a plea of guilty had been entered by the defendant. Sentenced to 65 days' imprisonment and to pay the costs of the prosecution.

United States vs. Charles Hampshire; unlawful cohabitation; resubmitted to the present grand jury.

Released From Prison.

On Mar. 8 Andrew Amundson, of West Jordan, was released from the penitentiary, having served his

term and paid the fine imposed. He was sentenced on a charge of unlawful cohabitation.

On March 13 Samuel Bateman, of West Jordan, emerged from the penitentiary, where he had been confined for 85 days for living with his wives. He paid the \$75 fine assessed against him.

Brigham City Election.

At the election in Brigham City on March 4, the People's Party ticket received 152 votes, against 23 cast for "Liberal" tickets. The officers elected were: Mayor, A. Madsen; councilors, A. H. Snow, Thos. H. Blackburn, Ephraim Ralph, Brigham Wright, M. M. Jensen; recorder, Geo. L. Gracht, Jr.; treasurer, O. N. Stohl, Sen.; assessor and collector, O. Peterson; marshal, David Rees; justices of the peace, M. L. Ensign, O. W. Snow.

Earthquakes.

On March 8 various portions of eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland were visited by earthquake shocks. In some places the shocks were accompanied by thunderous noises. No serious damage was done. On the following day shocks were felt at Lancaster, Pa. On the 10th it was reported that an earthquake had occurred at Aquila, in Italy.

Horrible War Scenes in Hayti.

The New York World of March 11 published the following:

The steamer *Cohan* arrived at this port yesterday bringing news of a bloody battle between Legitime's and Hippolyte's forces and a massacre by the victors. Capt. Frazer brought a copy of *La Patrie*, the Hippolyte organ, published Feb. 23d, at Gonaives, containing an account of the battle and massacre at Grand Saline. The Hippolyte forces in that city were commanded by Generals Mom Point and Jean Mesera. Legitime's army began the attack on the outposts early in February. They were repulsed several times, but finally succeeded in carrying them and a few days later were masters of the city and General Mesera's sword. Legitime's forces were so elated over their success that they immediately commenced to pillage the town. The drunken soldiers shot one of the prisoners for some trifling matter, and this was a signal for a general outbreak on the part of the soldiers. They rushed on the prisoners, shooting and stabbing them right and left. The prisoners cried for mercy, but their cries were laughed at and the killing went on, quarter being allowed to none. Never before has such a pitiable sight been presented. The murdered men lay about huddled in scores. Some were frightfully hacked and mutilated, many of the blood-frenzied soldiers having run amuck even among the corpses plunging swords again and again into the bodies of the slain. Gen. Mansaur tried to stay the butchery, but he was laughed at and warned not to interfere if he wished to live. When lack of victims stayed the murderers they robbed and burned the town. Nearly the whole place, says *La Patrie*, is in

ruins. Capt. Frazer thinks the city must have been burned between February 18th and March 1st.

Interview With Hon. John Sharp.

A press dispatch dated Chicago March 11 gives the following account of an interview between Hon. John Sharp of this city and a reporter:

Bishop John Sharp, of Salt Lake, was in the city today. To a reporter, talking of Utah affairs, he said the Mormon Church is willing to abolish polygamy, if necessary. "For what," he said, "can a handful of us do? I had two wives, but under the law I put away one of them, and although she is no longer my wife, I continue to support her. I believe in our religion, but we will not antagonize the laws of the country by trying to live up to it in all respects." Sharp says that Utah would like to become a state, and will before many years.

A Nevada Legislator.

We received a call March 12 from Hon. A. O. Lee, of the Nevada Legislature, who was elected to the Assembly of that State on November 6th last, and whose term expired with the session on the 7th instant. Brother Lee was conspicuous by reason of being the only "Mormon" who was ever there. Another was a candidate once, but was compelled to withdraw because of not having been in the State long enough. He had an excellent time at Carson, and is now on his way home to Panacea. He had but recently been on a mission to the Southern States, returning last July. He is a Democrat, and was the only one of that party elected on the ticket at that time.

Attempt at Spoliation in Ogden.

On Friday evening, March 1, during a session of the Ogden City Council, the following occurred:

While Alderman Shilling took the chair Mayor Kiesel moved that the city attorney be instructed to draw up an ordinance as follows: "Be it ordained by the City Council of Ogden, that block 46, plat A, Ogden City survey, be reserved for the purposes of a public square." Referred to the committee on laws. This block is generally known as the Tabernacle Square.

Mayor Kiesel went into office with these words on his lips: "I shall endeavor to administer the affairs of my office without partisanship and also without discrimination in the matter of public works. I shall try to be as just in success as I should have been serene in defeat." What he said for himself he was supposed as the leading officer of the city to speak for his associates.

Yet himself and colleagues have scarcely held their seats long enough to get them thoroughly warmed, before he leaves the chair of presiding officer and from the floor moves a resolution which shows both partisanship and "discrimination," and in which we can see no semblance of the justice, which in case of the speaker's success was only to be