

years ago. You would not pay \$100 and I would not deliver them up.

Witness was constantly interrupted by prisoner declaring his testimony false. Witness considered Guiteau sharp, keen and rational.

Prisoner—That was eight years ago. It has a great deal to do with this case, hasn't it, Colonel? (In an ironical tone to the District Attorney.)

"You produce those notes," alluding to notes that Hachle said he received from Guiteau, he shouted wildly to witness, "or else get off the stand a disgraced man. If you come to slobber over me, you must produce those notes or show yourself a liar." (To his sister, Mrs. Scoville, who was trying to restrain him.) "You keep quiet and mind your own business. I don't want any more talk from you in this case. It makes me mad," he continued violently, "to think the prosecution should attempt to run down my professional character when they know it is a lie."

Scoville was obliged to make her change seats with him in order that he might be as close as possible to the prisoner and try to repress his violence.

Cross-examination—Did you ever have any conversation with the prisoner on the subject of religion?

Answer—No.

"No," echoed the prisoner, contemptuously, "he is a Jew, and a dirty one at that."

Witness said he was not subpoenaed; came on a telegram from Col. Corkhill; have written Judge Porter about what he knew.

Scoville—Why did you write Judge Porter?

Witness—Because I thought it was public duty on the part of any one who knew anything about the case to divulge it. (Applause.)

The next witness was Benjamin Harrison, United States Senator from Indiana. He testified that he had met the prisoner a few times in various parts of the country last year, talked with him and refused to help him to get office.

Adjourned until Monday.

Senator West to-day introduced two bills bearing upon the Mormon question. One provides that whenever anyone marries according to the forms or belief or practice of any religious denomination shall be solemnized in any Territory of the United States, a written certificate of such marriage, containing the name, residence, and parties married shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the Territory. The bill also provides that a certified record of such marriage shall be admissible as evidence upon the trial of any cause in any court in the United States. The provisions of the bill do not apply to marriage between Indians in the Territories. The other bill provides that no woman shall be disqualified as a witness in any trial for bigamy in the Territories by reason of her marriage to the defendant in the case.

Speaker Ketter said to-day that nothing had yet been done in regard to committee chairmanships of the House, which might not be undone to-morrow. As to the composition of the committees he maintains great silence. The impression prevails that he will announce them next week, but there is no authority from him for the statement. It is thought very probable, however, that in view of the acknowledged complications surrounding the Utah case, the Speaker will announce the committee on elections on Tuesday, so that the contest may be taken in hand by that committee without delay.

It is rumored in army circles that Advocate General Swain has affirmed the finding of the Court in the Whittaker case. He has spent months going over the 2,000 pages of testimony, and has given the matter the most thorough sifting. It is said he finds that the Court martial convicts Whittaker of mutilating his own ears, and he sustains the verdict as based upon the evidence bearing upon the case. It is believed, therefore, that the end of the whole matter will be that Whittaker will be dismissed from the rolls and his name will disappear at last from public view.

NEW YORK, 9.—The Times reporter interviewed a prominent Irish agitator, who said about McNamara, who is wanted in Montreal in connection with the recent attempt to blow up public buildings: "I saw him no later than to-day. He returned from Canada night before last, and is at this moment only a few blocks away. He is a determined fellow, brave as a lion and true as steel. Six months ago he

shot a landlord in Ireland, and came to this country. In Ireland he was a gentleman, and kept a pack of hounds, but he was in full sympathy with the poor peasantry. The intention was to blow up the Court House in Montreal, the House of Parliament in Ottawa, and the Arsenal in Quebec, and this will yet be done."

Of O'Donovan Rossa the agitator said: "He is the head of the movement, and to-day he has 10,000 men at his command. The combined societies hold meetings in this city and direct the work on the other side. A skirmish fund of \$50,000 can be raised. The city of Chicago has contributed \$25,000 to the general fund. There are branches in Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore and Providence, which contribute from \$500 to \$1,000 a week. Two of Rossa's men burned the town of Woodstock, N. B., and English Insurance companies sustained an aggregate loss of \$200,000. The Nihilists never had such perfect arrangements. The very man that made the bomb that was thrown at the feet of the Czar is in New York and in the employ of the Irishmen. Everything that chemistry will do will be employed to carry on the work. We don't lack for funds."

CHICAGO, 10.—The four story brick warehouse of D. M. Osborne & Company, on South Morgan Street, was entirely destroyed by fire, this morning. The alarm sounded about 4 o'clock, but the flames had gained such headway that it was impossible for the fire department to subdue them. The building was filled with reapers and machinery on which there was an insurance of \$100,000.

The building itself was insured for \$25,000. The loss on stock was \$280,000; on the building, \$40,000. The loss is total, but there were no casualties connected with it.

The cause of the fire is unknown. For some months the firm had employed no watchman. The building was an extensive one and occupied Nos. 600 to 610 Montgomery St.

PHILADELPHIA, 10.—The coffin containing the remains of John W. Forney will be borne to the grave on Monday noon, by General W. S. Hancock, Congressman W. D. Kelly, Gen. D. E. Sickles, ex-Speaker Randall, ex-Congressman E. B. Hart, Congressman Andrew G. Carlin, Col. A. K. McClure, Geo. W. Child, Daniel Dougherty and Louis C. Cassidy.

#### FOREIGN.

LONDON, 5.—The Anchor line steamer *Bolivia*, Captain Donaldson, from London, November 19th for Boston and New York, with 109 passengers, has taken refuge at Queenstown. She lost a funnel and four boats, had her skylight smashed, and suffered other damage. The third engineer was killed, and two men were scalded. The *Bolivia* proceeds to Glasgow.

The steamer *Lessing*, which returned disabled to Plymouth, Nov. 28th, while on her voyage from Hamburg to New York, will be retained at Plymouth fully three weeks, to be repaired at the Government dock yard.

The *Mark Lane Express*, in its review of the British grain trade during the past week, says: Young wheat continues to look well. Recent bad weather causes parcels to arrive in very poor condition, and they meet with increasingly difficult sale.

WEASTON, Ont., 5.—The tug *Tommy Wright*, after diligent search for the missing propeller *Jane Miller*, has received a large quantity of truck, identified as belonging to her. The evidences show she foundered near White Cloud Islands, with her entire crew of 25 persons. The following are known to have been on board: Andrew Post, captain; Richard Post, mate; Fred Post, purser; L. F. Christian, engineer; Aliz Scobs, wheelman, and four deck hands, whose names cannot be ascertained. All from the valley of Weaston and that vicinity. Passengers, James Walker, James Halleck, Lyman Stadet, and a man and wife, all from Medford, bound for Michael Bay. A number of passengers also went from here to Lions Head to work at Walls' mills were on board, but their names are not given. She was worth \$80,000; insured for \$80,000; considered staunch, and had a fine captain and crew.

It is regarded as certain that the propeller *Jane Miller* went down in Georgian Bay, with all on board, 25 persons including 16 passengers.

ST. PETERSBURG, 5.—Authentic

news of the anti-Jewish riots at Odessa has only just reached here. The reports of the attack on Sarah Bernhard went without comment till Sunday's issue of one of the leading journals, which makes remarks on the affair that is a disgrace to journalism.

A correspondent says it can be stated on good authority that a fresh outbreak in the anti Jewish agitation in Russia is considered imminent.

ZANZIBAR, 5.—On the 3d inst., Captain Brownish, of the British man-of-war *London*, with ten men in a steam pinnace, attempted to capture the *D'How*, flying French colors, loaded with slaves. The Arab crew resisted fiercely. Capt. Brownish, a seaman, a stoker, and a supernumary were killed. One man was severely and two slightly wounded. The *D'How* escaped.

BERNE, 5.—Comise was elected president of the Council of State, and Vigier, vice-president. Both are radicals.

DUBLIN, 8.—A circular has been issued authorizing constables in charge of stations to give private rewards for information leading to the detection of persons intending to commit outrages. This information will never be made public.

The Inspector General of Police has advertised for the enlistment of 1,000 men for special protection duty in the constabulary, for a limited period.

PARIS, 8.—The committee on the bill for the sale of the crown jewels inspected them yesterday. It is proposed to retain an assortment including certain presents from foreign monarchs, and a sword valued at 250,000 francs and possessing artistic value. The committee are also disinclined to sell the Regent diamond, fearing it would be bought by enterprising Americans for exhibition. They are in favor of disposing of diamonds to the value of \$12,000,000 francs.

LONDON, 9.—Seven persons living in the vicinity of Castle Island, County Kerry, were arrested under the coercion act on suspicion of attacking the houses of tenants of the Marquis of Drogheda and the Marquis of Downshire, and Lords Massey and Clancurry. Persons in the counties of Kildare and Wicklow have joined in the movement. Tenants received midnight visits and notices threatening death if they paid rent.

VIENNA, 9.—The *Wiener Allgemeine Zeitung*, whose office is opposite the ill-fated Ring Theatre, gives a graphic account of the catastrophe, of which the following is an extract: With death in our hearts, we are unable to find words to describe the pain which we suffer. A terrible calamity has befallen our city to-day. The Ring Theatre, formerly known as the Opera Comique, is in ashes, and hundreds of human beings are victims of the catastrophe. Nothing like this horror has ever occurred before in this city. At ten minutes before seven a fire broke out in the theatre, which was pretty well filled, but happily not entirely crowded. A considerable number of people were still in the bayer and dressing rooms, and a dense mass of carriages occupied the Scholton Ring. It had just commenced to snow, and in the auditorium of the theatre there was the usual bustle before the commencement of the performance. People walking up and down looking for their places, and the noise of turning down seats. On the stage, everything was in a state of activity and bustle, workmen removing scenery, etc. Offenbach's comic opera, "Les Contes D'Hoffman," was to be performed for the second time. Some of the singers and actors had already taken their places on the stage in costume, but a large number, however, were still in the dressing rooms in the hands of costumers and hair-dressers. The overture had not yet begun. How the fire commenced cannot yet be correctly stated, and probably it never will be known. According to one view, the scenery was ignited by a spark from the electric machinery; according to another, a workman with an alcohol lamp caused the disaster. The former version is the more likely one. Director Lacy, who was upon the stage, was the first one to notice the fire. In a moment after, the flies were wrapped in flames, and the network of wood, ropes and canvas was burning like tinder. People on the stage were stupefied with fear, and took flight in the most terrible confusion towards the ladies' dressing-room on the left of the stage, where a small stair-case led to Open Strasser Street. In a moment

the curtain flew up and the draft blew it hither and thither, until like a fiery tongue, it darted back and forth from the auditorium to the stage. Fire, fire, the Ring Theatre is on fire, was the cry that went from mouth to ear. The flames were already burning through the roof, and cries such as Vienna never heard before filled it. They seemed not like the cries of human beings but such accents as can be heard only in a deathstruggle. The scene was indescribable.

All the papers publish long, heart-rending accounts of the catastrophe. Most of them place the dead at 300. With persons who were in the fourth gallery yet to hear from, the number will be swelled to 50 at least. Even the policemen seem reluctant to speak of the extent of the disaster in the upper gallery, and neither firemen nor soldiers have as yet dared to penetrate the dreadful scene. Firemen, who had assisted in bringing out bodies from the third gallery, being asked, How many persons do you think are in the fourth gallery? answered, Two hundred, and possibly three hundred—who can tell! They are there thick as ashes. We shall not know how many are dead until the people of Vienna have sent in their list of missing ones to the police.

The origin of the fire has not yet been established.

The rapidity of the flames prevented the people from taking advantage of the ordinary exits. Only a small portion of the audience saved themselves, leaping from the windows three stories high into cloths below. It is estimated that the audience in the theatre numbered 2,000. Many persons were trampled to death in the panic that ensued. As soon as the fire was seen there was an explosion of gas and the audience were left in darkness. Some bodies are fearfully disfigured. Several persons were injured by springing from the windows of the theatre. The most of the bodies identified up to the present time are those of tradesmen and minor officials. On the spreading of the news of the disaster, performances at other theatres stopped.

An American physician just returned from the Elegemile Krankenhaus said he had seen 83 men and 44 women laid out in that institution alone. The faces were black and tongues protruding, with froth issuing from their mouths, and all the symptoms of suffocation.

It is probably that the death list will be fully 400. The latest reports say the crowd in the galleries in their despair rushed to the doors, and crushing each other prevented most of the number from escaping. The smoke and flames completed the work of death within five minutes after the first alarm had been given. The firemen are still at work with torches searching the lower parts of the house. At present it is considered unsafe to enter the uppermost gallery, where the dead will be in great numbers. Half of Vienna will be in mourning to-day for their children and relatives. I believe no Americans are among the dead, though it is possible that some of the medical students who frequent the cheaper places in the Vienna theatres may be among them.

At seven o'clock the inside of the theatre was completely gutted, only the beautiful front of the theatre being left standing. The four statues of the Muses and the gilded angel with the trumpet crowning the front were there erect, and stood boldly out from a background of flames yet unsubdued. In this theatre Patti generally sings when in Vienna, and Sarah Bernhard recently concluded her engagement and was engaged to play here in January again. Herr Jener, formerly director of the Grand Opera, was director of the theatre.

The Ring Theatre was built about the year 1873, to meet the demand for dramatic entertainment occasioned by the influx of people to attend the great exhibition. Its site was in Ring, the liveliest and most brilliant part of the city, consisting of a series of broad streets planted with trees, which almost encircled the old city of Vienna. The most important public squares are on the ring, which occupies the site of the former fortifications.

The piece which was being played at the time of the fire was an opera by Offenbach, founded on a writing by Hoffman. It was the last work of the French composer, and was produced in Paris last Spring.

It is definitely decided that the Central Pacific Bank will resume, and money has been raised for it.

The Ottawa (Kan.) *Republican* thus quotes: Mr. Harvey B. F. Keller, recorder of deeds, says: I have long been convinced of the merits of St. Jacobs Oil, and use it in my family for rheumatism successfully.

We notice that the wretch Guiteau stands in with Talmage and the other "cranks" in the blood-thirsty desire to see the "Mormons" put down by force and fury. Those would-be assassins all have the same spirit.

Dispatches state that a terrible catastrophe occurred at Vienna on Wednesday evening. A theatre, known formerly as the Opera Comique, took fire, and it is announced that three hundred persons perished in the flames. It was one of the largest and handsomest theatres in Europe.

The Marquis of Londonderry, who entered into the retail coal trade of London, has been wonderfully successful in a few weeks' trial. So great has been the demand for coal supplied without the aid of a middleman that the agents of the Marquis have had to engage other steamers than his own to carry the coal demanded.

The Ogden *Herald* of Saturday, says: "A young man living near the Iron Works, yesterday afternoon met with a serious accident. While in the act of striking a sharp axe into the hay rack on his wagon, standing on Main Street, near Fourth, the axe slipped and went into his left foot, making a gash about three inches long, cutting the bone of the great toe.

There is not much poetry but lots of truth in the following concerning legal customs in vogue in the present day: "Courts of law are queer institutions. The clerk will require the witness to swear that he will tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, but just as soon as the witness begins to tell the truth, one of the lawyers is pretty sure to object, and the court is apt to sustain the objection, and he who has sworn to tell the whole truth is compelled to commit perjury by withholding the whole truth. Now, who is responsible for the perjury, the man who doesn't do what he has sworn to do, or the court that prevents him from keeping his oath?"

An old prospector struck it rich at Gunnison, Col., lately, and posted this over his claim, stuck into a split stick: "Take notice! The undersigned claims this lode with all its dips, spurs, angles, sinosities, from this stalk a 100 feet in each direction, the same being a silver bearing lode, and warning is hereby given to aml persons to keep away at their peril. Any person trespassing on this claim will be persecuted to the full extent of the law. This is no monkey talk but I will assert my rights at the point of sickle shuter if legely Necessary to take head and good warning. According to law I post This Notis.

JOHN SEARLE."

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