in France. With gloves it is supposed The Chicago Mail that he is familiar. anticipating the result gives the following report of the fight:

"The frog-eater jumped into the ring at 10:56. He was in good form, though he showed evidences of overtraining and late dinners. At 10:57½ Joe bounded over the ropes and was greeted with a rousing cheer from the spectators, among rousing cheer from the spectalors, among whom were such well-known sports as Carter Harrison, Billy Nixon, the sporting editor; Lam Tree, Hemp Washburn, Dave Swing, Walt Gresham, Pot Palmer, Ly Gage, Jack R. Walsh, and Bub Patterson. Joe was in the pink of condition, having been under a trainer's care in California for the last six months. He were bluckthe last six months. He wore black tights and everybody could see the mustights and everybody could see the mus-cles of his calves bulge out like a pro-fessor's forehead. Cart Harrison was chosen referee. George di Pullmaman held the towel for the Frenchman and Lam Tree looked after the Holy Terror.

"First Round—De Mores forced the fighting. His left mitt shot out for Joe's beak, but fell short. Joe worked cautiously, cyldently getting on to the Frenchman's style.

rrenchman's style.

"Second Round—Joe got a sockdollager right on the nose from the Frenchman's left. It dazed him; but he returned the compliment, though not so well. Bets of six to four on the Frenchman were not taken, as Joe's nose looked discovered and his friends were dubt discouraged and his friends were dubions.

Round - The Holy sprang to the center of the ring with his second wind. The Frenchmau came up smiling, but he showed the evidence of hard punishment. He pushed his left "Third dnke for Joe's eye, but Joe dodged and let fly both his mitts at his opponent's net fly both his initia at his opponent's mug. It was a corker and the Frenchman went to the floor. Ten seconds having elapsed, time was called, and the Frenchman not responding the fight was given to Joe.

"Much comment was aroused when it was learned that Joe had struck the Frenchman with a plece of Tribune editorial which he had concealed in his right torial which he had concealed in his right glove. It was a four-ounce mitt, but with the piece of editorial it weighed two and three-quarter pounds. The French-man wasn't on to Joe's scheme, and nothing was said to him about it."

The names mentioned above, though given in prize ring parlance, belong to historic characters. C.rt. Harrison, is Carter H., four times Mayor of Chicago, now editor of the Chicago Times. Billy Nixon is William Penn Nixon, editor of the InterOcean. Lam Tree is Lambert Tree, one of President Cieveland's ex-diplomats. Hemp Washburn is Hemstead Washburn. Dave Swing is the famous Presbyterian preacher, Professor Swing. Walt. Gresham is Walter G. Gresham, Swing. he who was talked of as the candidate of the People's party for President. Pot Palmer is the famous Putter of hostelry fame, and husband of the President of the World's Fair lady Jack Walsh is John commissioner. R. Walsh of the Unloago Herald and Bob. Patterson is Joseph Medill's son-In-law.

Mr. Medill's serio-comic action will have more to do with breaking up that barbarous eyetem of duelling than whole tomes of statute enactments. It will cover that bully and desperado Mores with ridicule both at home Even the war-living and abroad. Frenchmen cannot fail to see the comedy at the bottom of it.

## SUGAR BEET CULTURE.

THE Department of Agriculture at Washington is taking an active interest in the cultivation of the sugar beet. Last year it distributed 5,000 packages of seed to various sections of the country. Accompanying each package was a circular containing information as to planting, harvesting and so firth. Blanks were also forwarded for purpose of reporting accurately the results. Reports were received from thirty-six States and Territories, accompanied by samples of the vegetable grown, but the directions were so illy complied with that satisfactory con-clusions could hardly be ascertained.

The department maintains an experiment station in Wisconsin, and another in Nebraska. It is doing everything possible to extend heet culture, and to instruct the people as to the best and most effective methods to be adopted. But if people do not fol-low the directions given, nor comply with the requirements asked for harvesting, reporting, etc., the department cannot be expected to lay before the country at large satisfactory con-

clusions.

## THE MALAD STAKE.

On the 11th of June, last, in company with Apostle John W. Taylor, I left Salt Lake City to visit the Malad Stake of Zion in the interest of Church history. After traveling by rail 79 miles to Collinston station, Box Elder Co., we continued the journey by team to West Portage, 21 miles further, when we put up for the night with President Oliver C. Hoskins.

The following day we traveled 17 miles to Malad City, where we, on that and the next day (Sunday and Monday, June 12th and 13th) attended the quarterly conference of the Malad Stake of Zi n, in connection with President Seymour B. Young, of the Seventies, who had preceded us. After the conference Apostle Taylor returned home, and I at once entered upon my historical labors by visiting all the settlements in the Stake and holding meetings with the people. After visiting West Portage, Woodruff, Cherry creek, Malad and St. John, I set out for the distant settlements of Rockland and Neeleyville, accompanied by four members of the High Council (Miles Hall, Jesse R. Dredge, Gervis Mansfield and David Hall) who went as home missionaries, and Sisters Alvira A. Harrison and Mary Bolingbroke, who were out in the fi-terest of the Y. L. M. I. A. and Prinary associations. We held three meetings in Neeleyville on the 18th and three in Rockland on the 19th, had a good time and returned to Samaria on

The Malad Stake of Zion embraces the northeast part of Box Elder coun-Utah, and part of Onelda county, Idaho; it consists of ten wards and one branch, namely, the Portage, Washakie, North Plymouth and South Plymouth wards, in Utah, and the W odruff, mouth wards, in Utah, and the Wodruff, Malad, St. John. Samaria, Rockland and Neeleyville wards and the Cherry Creek branch in Idaho. The Stake contains 355 families, or 2148 members, consisting of 76 Seventies, 66 High Priests, 127 Elders, 12 Priests, 15 Teachers, 135 Deacons 1019 lay mcm-

bers and 760 children under eight years of age. Oliver Cromwell Hos-kins, formerly Bishop of Portage, pre-sides over the Stake, and John M. Mc-Crary acts as his first and Wm. H. Glbbs as his second counselor. Authony is stake clerk.

All the settlements, excepting Rock-land and Neeley ville, lies within easy reach of the headquarters of the Stake, which are at West Portage, a flourishing little town situated in Box Elder county, on the west side of the Malad river, one and a half miles south of the northern boundary of Ulah. and twenty-one miles northwest of Collins. ton, the nearest railway station. West Portage Ward includes a few scattered settlers residing on the east side of the river at what is locally called East Portage, first settled in 1864. The ward comprises 54 families, or 821 souls, under the presidency of Bishop Enoch Harris. West Portage

was first settled in 1867.

Three miles southeast of Portage is the Indian town called Washakie, where about 250 Lamanites are engaged in tilling the soil and learning to live as white people do. They have a neat and commodious meeting house also used for school purposes, while most of their dwellings consist of small frame buildings, in the erection of which, as well as in the building of their meeting house, they received considerable assistance from the trustee-intrust. A number of them also partly live in their wick-s-ups, which they pltch in their door yards. Moroni Ward presides as Bishop over the Washakle ward, and is doing all in his power to teach the Lamanites the principles of the Gospel, as well as branches of industry; and it may be pleasing for some of the readers of the News to learn that these Indians in their farming operations are fully as successful as most of their white neighbors; they own considerable machinery and have good teams, as a rule, and they are getting more comfortable year after There is a good Sunday school vear. taught lu the Washakie ward, superintended by Ammon Pugagee, a Laman-ite; and also a Y. M. M. I. A., presided over by Yegah Timbimbo, another native; there is also a Relief Society. another

The school population of Washakee consists of forty-seven children, namely thirty boys and seventeen girls, mostly Indians, between the ages of six and eighteen. The trustees of the Portage district school, of which Washakle joins a part, receive as a special contri-bution from the government, \$10 for every sixty days' attendance atlachool of each Indian child.

In the evening of June 21st, at Washakie, I had the priviledge of speaking to the first Lamanite congregation that I ever addressed, und they listened very attentively when I related to them something about my late visit to the hill Cumoral, and the coming forth of the Book of Mormon. My discourse was ably interpreted by an intelligent native known as Jim Brown, who, together with a number of other Lam nites understands English pretty well.

Beyond a low ridge, which separates Malad valley proper from the Bear River Flat lies the little village called Square town, or Plymouth, now the centre of North Plymouth ward recently organized. This place is eleven miles south.