

He is certain that it broke out in more than one place in the cotton. The ship was in latitude 43 degrees 54 minutes west.

LONDON, August 19.—Mr. Parnell believes his brother was a passenger on the City of Montreal.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The steamer Helvetia, Captain Cocran, from London, which arrived here to-day, reports that on August 11th it sighted to the northwest what appeared to be a

VESSEL ON FIRE

bore down on to her and found it was the Inman steamer City of Montreal with nothing but her funnels and her bowsprit standing. The fire was still burning below the forecast. The weather was very clear and fair with a smooth sea, but there were no signs of any of her boats in sight except one that was full of water and looked as though it had been used after being lowered. It was supposed the passengers and crew were taken up by some passing vessel.

The names of those in the missing boat are

AS FOLLOWS:

Passengers—Samuel Kauffman, Geo. Arnold, Samuel McKee; Intermediate, Kenard Woolton, Stephen Tupper, Simon Rowley, S. Kacheingka.

Crew—Henry Fraser, Chas. Read, Wm. Franney, Patrick Hughes (steward), Charles Smith (interpreter), Thomas Wilberforce (steward.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The boats were eight in number and consisted of fourteen life boats and pinnaces. These were launched and stocked with provisions. The flames spread with fierceness and the efforts to quench them were soon found futile. At 3 o'clock in the morning the passengers were marshaled on deck preparatory to entering the boats. Many were weeping, but on the whole they were quiet and orderly. The family groups presented a

SIGHT PITIFUL

to see as they huddled in fear and trembling. There was a heavy sea running and it was with difficulty the boats were kept from being smashed. The crew worked splendidly and the passengers were placed in the boats in a comparatively short time. How the boats floated with their loads is a mystery. As the last boat was putting off, several passengers and crew were sent aft. They had been overlooked and were screaming to the boats to return. They were subsequently bravely rescued, half dead from the smoke and heat. The masts of a ship were seen on the horizon, but ten hours elapsed before it came near.

DENVER, August 19.—No news of importance has been received from Meeker to-day. The settlers have assembled in town awaiting the arrival of the militia, expected some time tonight. The Indians are encamped in the neighborhood, evidently waiting for the whites to open the ball. It is reported

COLOROW'S BAND

has been increased by recruits from the Southern Utes, the Sioux, Black-foot and Crow reservations, until it now numbers in the neighborhood of 400. The rumor that Kendall, with 9 men, were attacked yesterday, that several were wounded and that three horses were killed, has not been confirmed.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—The War Department authorities have received no official information on which to base the fear of serious outbreaks among the White River Utes. The first information from a military source was received from Major Kantless, commanding fourth infantry at Fort Du Chesne. In a dispatch dated August 16th, he says: "Rumors from the Colorado line have received

CAREFUL ATTENTION.

On Sunday last Burns sent to Meeker an employe named McAndrews with Charley Cavanagh, McCook and six other Utes to ascertain the facts. Upon receipt of a telegram this morning, I drove over to Ouray, where Burns is revising the pay rolls of the Ucomahgres. While there a letter as follows was received from McAndrews:

BANGLEY, Col., Aug. 13, 1887.

Everything all right on the Blue Mountains and here. The whites seem to think that the people around Meeker are badly scared. Having seen nobody who knows anything from Meeker. Will leave after dinner for Meeker. The Indians with me want me to tell the Indians at Uinta and Ouray not to be scared. McCook and myself go to Meeker. I will write you again when I find more out.

MCANDREWS.

The Indians living at the agency are undisturbed and all are at home. Old Colorow is said to be hunting in the mountains of Colorado, and young Colorow, his son, is with McAndrews.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Assignee Cromwell this evening stated he had the experts working on a summary statement of Ives' condition and they had promised to furnish it before morning. He had decided not to give it out for publication before to-morrow, as he wished to read it over and revise it first.

BERLIN, August 19.—Emperor William is so ill that it has been arranged that the King of Saxony shall represent him at the Koenigsberg maneuvers. An official bulletin says the Emperor caught cold during a sudden change in the weather and that the chief symptoms in his present indisposition are occasional rheumatic pains.

Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 19.—The new

North German Lloyd steamer Trave, from Bremen, met with a serious accident this morning while making her pier in this city. There was a tug alongside the large ship, when suddenly her bow swung around and crashed into the lower portion of the pier, tearing a way the entire roof. A part of the shed fell upon the bow of the ship, striking several of the steerage passengers and two or three of the crew. A number of the passengers had their heads cut open and are believed to be

FATALLY INJURED.

A panic ensued on board the ship and the officers had great difficulty in restoring order. The Trave carried 200 cabin and 900 steerage passengers. The lower portion of the dock is gone. Soon after the accident a large crowd gathered and surrounded the dock. Great excitement prevailed. The names of the injured persons could not be ascertained. Several women passengers fainted when the crash occurred. Captain Willingerod of the Trave attributes the accident solely to the strong current.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The steamship Atlas, hence a few days ago for the West Indies, returned to-day, having been

IN COLLISION

with the schooner Lizzie Wilson, from Baltimore to Boston, yesterday, off Barnegat, N. J. The schooner sank immediately, carrying down the wife and daughter of the captain and two seamen. The Atlas rescued Captain Chadwick and three sailors and brought them here.

ENFIELD, Illinois, August 19.—Two terrible accidents occurred here this morning at the reunion of the Eighty-seventh Illinois Veterans. During a sham battle a cannon was prematurely discharged, blowing off James Crockett's right arm. An instant later, a few rods distant, another cannon was discharged prematurely and stretched five bleeding victims on the ground. Gebe Sullinger had both arms blown off and will

PROBABLY DIE.

The others injured were Robert Johnson, Irwin Reader, William Daniels and Emanuel Berry. They are fearfully lacerated and burned but will survive.

PHILADELPHIA, August 20.—A national charter has been granted by the general executive board of Knights of Labor to the assembly composed of Pennsylvania Railroad Company employes, and the work of organizing them into a national trade district assembly will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible. It is expected that the example will be speedily imitated by the employes on the other great railroad systems, and in that case a grand coalition will be formed between them for the advancement of mutual interests.

LONDON, August 20.—In the letters of Stanley written from Gambuya, near the rapids of the Aruwimi, June 19, the explorer says the natives evacuated the place upon arrival of the expedition owing to the fright produced by the vigorous blowing of the steamboat whistles. They returned afterward, evincing a very amicable disposition and promised to supply the expedition with provisions. They informed Stanley there were other rapids higher up and more difficult of navigation, and that further progress by river would be impossible.

NEW YORK, August 20.—A disgusting stench has filled a tenement at 31 Charles Street for the past few days, and yesterday it grew so bad that Mrs. Franklin, the housekeeper, notified the police. She believed the smell came from a decaying pile of carbage in the rooms on the second floor, occupied by Mrs. Melvina Payne and her daughter Anna. On Monday last the women had been seen closing up the shutters and it was thought they had gone into the country. The report to the police brought no response and this forenoon the stench had grown so vile that Mr. Hamman, the owner of the house, decided to investigate. He got out on the fire escape and peered through the shutters into the women's room. He saw both women

LYING DEAD

in bed, which was bespattered with blood. Maggots crawled over the sheets. Horror-stricken, he rushed for the police, and a locksmith was procured, who burst open the door. Disinfectants were spread about and then an inspection made. The women had been lying dead since Monday. A razor and an empty laudanum bottle were lying on a chair beside the bed. Half stupefied by poison probably, and insensible to pain, the women had cut the arteries at their elbows and ankles and bled to death locked in each other's arms. Death had unloosed their grip and they lay

SIDE BY SIDE,

facing each other when found. Letters found on a table showed that they had carefully considered the plan of suicide and decided to die together. An envelope containing them was so soaked with blood the address was almost illegible. The police made it to be Miss H. A. Weed, 12 West 12th St. The Payne family had lived in the house upwards of three years. They were quiet gentlewomen. Mrs. Payne was a widow about 60 years; her daughter, about 35 years, was a teacher in an eastside public school. It is not known by the neighbors that there was anything unusual about the women. Miss Weed is a daughter of the late Thurlow Weed and the Paynes were known to be old friends of the Weed family.

THE LETTER SAID:

Miss H. A. Weed: "Dear Friend—If anything happens that we are both found dead, will you see that we are buried in Albany Burial Cemetery, in oaken caskets? James A. Burus, of the cemetery, knows where our lot is. My mother has \$181 in the Blecker Street Savings Bank. I have money in the above bank, also in Bowery Savings and the Dry Dock on Third Avenue. These amounts will pay all funeral expenses. We have pinched and saved this money for a little homestead, but that is all hopeless now. We are both helpless as to our minds. We are not fit to care for ourselves. The contents of our house are to be given to the poor."

THE OTHER LETTER

said: "We are both of us, my mother and I, insane and dread the mad house. We want to be with our family. Tell our relatives where we lie. Our relatives are—Henry Martin, 34 Seely Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio; S. M. Talbot, Willoughby, Lake County, Ohio; Julia A. Mausfield, Chateaugay, Franklin County, N. Y."

ATCHISON, Kansas, August 20.—A terrific hail storm here this afternoon destroyed an enormous amount of window glass, and much damage was done in the country. All the windows on the incoming Missouri Pacific train were shattered. No casualties have as yet been reported.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The assignee of Ives & Co. put forth this evening the statement of the position of the firm, as compiled by expert accountants who have been working on the books a week. The assignee says he made no attempt to appraise the value of the many different kinds of stock, but took the face value. The total liabilities are given at \$16,479,723; the total assets, including all lands, railroad, bank and other stocks, are placed at \$23,780,300. This leaves a nominal surplus of \$7,300,577, but the assignee has placed \$1,800,000 of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton preferred stock given to Robert Garrett, among the assets. What could be realized on the common Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, and

MUCH OTHER STOCK,

is a question that can only be solved by an attempt to sell the securities. It is extremely unlikely that anything will be left after the payment of the secured loan, which already holds the greater part of the assets as collateral. The situation is made all the worse by the fact that the railroad stocks depend in a great measure for their value upon their hope of realizing something after the secured loans are paid off. The great item in the unsecured liabilities is the item of deposits which amounts to over \$9,000,000 and represents assets of the railroads, which were deposited with Ives. The largest creditor is the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, whose claim is for about \$5,000,000. If this proves to be a total loss then the stock is practically worthless.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 20.—There is intense excitement in California canned goods circles. Prices are rapidly advancing. This week has seen an advance of fifteen to twenty-five per cent in peaches, pears and plums. The demand from the Eastern States is unprecedented. It is not a question of price with buyers. The sellers can dictate their own figures, and at the advanced price the demand is not materially lessened. They cannot hope to supply the orders by pressing the facilities of their canneries to their full capacity day and night as long as the fruit season lasts. Every cannery in the state is running at its

FULL CAPACITY.

Thursday of this week one company refused orders of twenty carloads of canned fruit. Another company states that two cases for every one packed, will not supply the demand upon them. One of the principal causes for the inability of the canneries to meet their orders, is the scarcity of labor. It is impossible to secure the amount of help desired. Cannery men prefer whites, but after employing the latter kind and all the Chinamen possible, there is still a call for more laborers.

POCATELLO, Idaho, August 20.—Express Messenger Bennett was arrested this morning on suspicion of being implicated in the express robbery of \$10,000, which was in transit from the Oaiba National Bank to Clark & Larabee's National Bank in Butte. Bennett had the express run from Green River to Pocatello, and made one trip since the robbery. He protests his innocence.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Henry George was interviewed to-day in regard to the Syracuse convention. "We are," said he, "going to make a winning fight. It will stir up the two political parties in this state, and will do for the state what we did for the city last fall. I did not wish to be a candidate, but now that I have been accepted I intend as soon as I straighten out affairs and rest for a few days to take the stump myself and go through the state."

Speaking of the expulsion of the socialists, George said, personally he was very sorry for the matter, as many of the socialists were friends of his.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 20.—The eclipse of the sun was not observed here yesterday owing to the clouded condition of the sky. At Kila the sky was obscured, but an aged professor named Mendeleff made a balloon ascension alone, so as to get above the clouds and take an observation. As there had been a hitch in the filling of the balloon there was considerable

doubt as to its ability to carry the aeronaut but the ascension was successfully made and the professor descended safely near Moscow, forty miles distant.

URICA, N. Y., August 20.—The Supreme Court this afternoon decided that the Cornell University at the date of the death of Jennie McGraw Flisk, had reached the limit of its charter and was not entitled to take of hold any of the property or funds given to it by her will. The surrogate was directed to make a distribution of the property and funds remaining in the hands of the executor together with any advances or payments heretofore made by him to Cornell University, to the appellants according to their rights as they shall appear, with the costs to appellees payable out of the funds of the university. The legacies to the university aggregated \$1,121,570.

LIMA, (via Galveston), August 21.—The minister of the hacienda has tendered his resignation, which has been accepted and it is stated that the rest of the cabinet have also resigned to-day.

CHICAGO, August 21.—A special from Valentine, Neb., says: Jerry White (negro), who brutally assaulted an aged lady on Wednesday night, was taken from jail here this morning and lynched by a mob.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The murderer Lipski, who is to be hanged to-morrow, has made a full confession. His story shows that robbery was not the principal motive for the crime.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 21.—The unveiling of the statue of Cuauhtemoc, the last of the Aztec emperors, this morning, was the occasion of universal interest and significance. Thousands of Indians, many of whom came from miles around the capital, bringing with them great quantities of flowers, attended the ceremony.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Dr. A. A. Arcner, professor of hygiene in the University of Pennsylvania, was drowned while surf bathing near here to-day.

LONDON, August 21.—The Irishmen of Liverpool, at a meeting to-day, adopted resolutions protesting against the proclamation of the Irish National League. Similar resolutions were adopted at a meeting of radicals in Loudon this afternoon. The numerous branches of the league in Ireland held meetings as usual to-day.

KEY WEST, Fla., August 21.—There has been one new case of yellow fever and one death to-day. The total number of cases is 253 to date; still sick, 41; discharged cured, 100; deaths, 53.

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—The English steamship Madrid, which sailed from that port on the 25th of May, for London via Bull River, South Carolina, where she loaded a cargo of phosphate rock, has been given up for lost with all on board. She was commanded by Captain Garcelon, who had with him a crew of 25 men. The steamer and cargo were valued at \$150,000.

MADRID, August 21.—The United States government has requested the release of missionary Deane, who was arrested on the Island of Ponsape, contrary to Spain's agreement to respect Protestant missions in the Caroline Islands.

PARIS, August 21.—A. Labouchere, a writer on *Cri du Peuple*, and an officer named Melville, fought a duel with swords to-day. Both were severely wounded.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—Harry T. Cook, aged about 21, and Charles T. Cook, his brother, a few years younger, were arrested this afternoon, the elder for forgery and the younger for collusion. Their plan of operations was novel and ingenious, and but for an oversight which they might have avoided, they could have gone on indefinitely in their career. Harry was discount clerk in the Columbia National Bank where he had access to all the signatures and accounts of all the bank's patrons. It had been shown by investigation that he some time ago disguised himself and under the disguise assumed opened an account in another bank. He then forged the name of one of the Columbia Bank depositors to some of the checks payable to himself under his assumed name and got his younger brother to deposit them to his account. The checks, after they had been returned to the Columbia Bank for collection, and after they had been paid in, and the moneys were secured by the forger and destroyed. The culprits are sons of the late Prof. Cook, of this city.

NEW YORK, August 21.—District Assembly 31, K. O. L., met to-day to elect delegates to the general assembly at Minneapolis. The meeting began at 4 o'clock and ended at 8 o'clock, but the counting of 700 votes was still in progress two hours after midnight. A determined battle was waged between the home club and the anti-home club.

NEW YORK, August 21.—Robt. Hann, a Maiden Lane jeweler who went away last week with a quantity of diamonds belonging to other persons, has just been heard from in Canada. He promises to return soon and straighten things out.

PARIS, August 21.—Deputy Lauer has summoned M. Paul de Cassagnac before the courts. He charges that his character was defamed by M. De Cassagnac in connection with the Boulanger coup d'etat story.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The hearing before Judge Bookstaver to-day in the Ives & Co. assignment, resulted in directions from the court that Ives & Co. must appear before a referee and disclose the whereabouts of the missing book.

NEW YORK, August 22.—District assembly 49, K. O. L., elected eleven

delegates to the general assembly which meets at Minneapolis Oct. 1st. They are opposed to General Master Workman Powderly's administration.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 22.—It is officially announced that the government has sent a circular to the powers declaring that it is unable to recognize the validity of Prince Ferdinand's election to the throne of Bulgaria. According to the circular, Prince Ferdinand acquainted the Czar with the fact of his election and requested admission to visit St. Petersburg in order to learn the Czar's wishes before going to Bulgaria. The Czar replied that the Prince's election would not be recognized by Russia and that the Prince could by no pretext justify his journey to Bulgaria. The circular in conclusion expresses the hope that the Bulgarian people will coincide with

RUSSIA'S VIEWS

and not permit a flagrant violation of the Berlin treaty.

NEW YORK, 22.—The visible supply of grain on August 30th is compiled by the Produce Exchange. Wheat, 31,998,000 bushels; corn, 6,103,000; oats, 4,457,000; rye, 300,000; barley, 165,000.

SUMMIT ITEMS.

Weather and Crops—Thrown from his Horse.

Bishop S. F. Atwood, writing from Kamas, Summit County, under date of August 17th, says:

The quarterly conference of the Summit Stake was held in Coalville, August 13 and 14, and the Saints had a very enjoyable time.

In going from Kamas to Coalville and return, I passed through the principal farming district of Summit County, and found the farmers joyous over their abundant crops. This season has been an unusually mild one for this county, some of the grain being planted in March, fully a month earlier than usual. Up to this time there has not been frost enough to injure vegetation. Beans, corn and other tender vegetation are maturing and even peach trees are growing nicely, giving promise that our people will soon enjoy the luxury of eating peaches and other fruits of their own raising.

For the last three years there has been less fruit than before, caused no doubt by the snow not lying so long in the mountains as formerly. This year the eastern slope of the Cottonwood mountains is bare, whereas in former years snow could be seen on them the whole year through.

On the 10th inst. a very

SEVERE ACCIDENT

happened, by which Henry McCormick, a young man of this place, came near losing his life. He and another young man were riding a horse race, when his horse stumbled and fell, throwing him violently to the ground, and then rolling on him. He was picked up unconscious, in which condition he remained from 8 o'clock a.m. until 4 in the afternoon. He was well cared for and at the present time is on a fair way to recovery. His head and face were badly bruised and his ankle sprained, but no bones were broken.

Prosperity attends us and we are enjoying life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, as far as possible under the restrictive laws made especially for Utah by our national Congress.

A Brutal Murder.

A dispatch to the Butte Miner, dated Spokane Falls, W. T., August 19 says:

A terrible murder occurred here this morning at 4 o'clock. A man named James Ward, keeping a chicken ranch in the southern part of this city, killed a neighbor named Joe Thornadyke by first shooting him with a musket, charged with buckshot, and afterward beating his head into almost an unrecognizable mass with a hammer. There has been some slight trouble in regard to business matters between the two men for some time, but nothing that was considered of a serious consequence. From appearances Ward called at Thornadyke's house at the early hour mentioned this morning for the sole purpose of going murder.

Thornadyke had just started to milk his cows, he having a milk route in town. A few words passed between the men, so it is alleged by the prisoner, and the deceased kicked Ward. Ward fired, tearing the scalp from the back of his victim's head. This not killing him, Ward struck him with a club. The club broke and then Ward went into the house and securing a hammer, sunk it three times in Thornadyke's head up to the handle. Ward afterwards gave himself up. A great deal of excitement has been caused by the crime. The deed was such a brutal, fiendish, horrible affair that the more charitable are inclined to the belief that Ward is insane.

An Anonymous Correspondent.

We are in receipt of a communication from some person, who fails to furnish his or her name, but who makes a complaint about being deprived of water, throws blame upon a party in East Bountiful in connection with the grievance complained of, and desires legal information upon the subject. We cannot print nor reply to the communications of anonymous correspondents.