LEGISLATIVE WORK.

Resolution for Celebrating Utah's Semi-Centennial in 1897.

ABOUT INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

The Fee on Capital Stock of Incorporators—Polygamous Children—The Barber's Bill.

THE SENATE.

The first business after reading the journal was listening to a communication from the House, announcing the passage of H. B. 29, in relation to attorney's fees in suits for wages, H. B. 79, the anti-crust bill, and S. B. 46, duties of attorney general.

A petition was received from citizens of Utah county, and was referred to the claims committee.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The enrolling and engrossing committee reported correctly enrolled the bills relating to libel and to county prosecuting attorneys.

The committee on counties and municipal corporations reported a substitute for S. B. 81, providing that certain sections of the municipal incorporations act be made applicable to cities of the third class, thus greatly enlarging the powers of city councils in said cities, and recommended its passage.

INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Smith introduced Senate Concurrent Resolution 4, calling attention to the fact that the law relating to the allotment of lands in the Uncompahgre and Uintah Indian reservations had not been complied with, and providing that a copy of the resolution be forwarded to the secretary of the Interior. By request, the resolution was referred to the judiciary committee.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

S. B. 67, duties of the secretary of State, was again taken up, and considered. Several amendments were made, one being that the provision by which the secretary's salary was reduced was stricken out.

The rules were suspended, and the bill taken up on third time.

Booth moved to postponement till next Monday, in give time to learn something regarding the 50 cent fee on incorporations. He said this provision would prohibit mining, according to the view of many persons.

The motion prevailed.

POLYGAMOUS CHILDREN.

S. B. 79, relating to the heritable rights of polygamous children, which affects only a few cases where the courts of the Territory erroneously held that certain polygamous children could not inherit property, was taken up. The United States Supreme court had overruled the Territorial courts, and certain rights of appeal had passed because of the court's action. This bill revived those rights, and made effective the provisions of the Kamouble-Tucker law, as interpreted by the U. S. Supreme court, in certain cases.

The bill was passed without opposition.

STATE AUDITOR.

S. B. 75, duties of State auditor, read the second time and filed.

On motion the State auditor bill was read third time, amended, and passed, by a vote of 14 to 9.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

S. B. 46, duties of attorney general, as amended by the House, was taken up, and the amendments, with the exception of that requiring the attorney generalto attend all the courts of the United States and one other minor amendment, were concurred in. It was regarded as a physical impossibility for the attorney to get to all U. S. courts. Besides the attorney general could not be asked on his salary to go to the U. S. Supreme court or courts in various states. It was enough to get to Federal courts in the State and the State courts.

Sutherland, Booth and Warner were appointed a conference committee.

AGAINST CIGARETTES.

Allison got in a body blow at the cigarette smokers today by introducing a bill for an act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarettes. It was referred to the committee on judiciary.

BEDAME LAW.

Communications were received from the Governor announcing executive approval of the following:

S. B. 4, school for the deaf and dumb.

S. B. 50, criminal prosecutions by information.

S. B. 40, defining fellow servants.

S. B. 53, certificates on bonds.

SECOND READINGS.

The second reading of Senate bills was in progress when the news went to press.

THE HOUSE.

One petition and one claim preceded a few unimportant committee reports, and the first reading of bills was taken up:

House bill 125, by Harrison, to amend chapter 7 of the Compiled Laws of Utah, 1888, provides that "Every barber who keeps open on Sunday his barber shop for the purpose of transacting business therein, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars, one-half to be paid the informer, or imprisonment for not less than thirty days."

PIONEER SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

House joint resolution 5, by Mr. Condon:

"Whereas, it will be fifty years on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1897, since the Pioneers of this commonwealth came down into the valley of Great Salt Lake, which event opened a vast intermountain region to the blessings of civilization and made it possible to here plant the homes of a thrifty, prosperous and patriotic people, and

"Whereas, the area thus included by these settlements redeemed not only Utah from desert waste and savage, Indian but, too, it rescued contiguous territories and sovereign states that have since developed a wealth of mineral resources and human intelligence not excelled within a like area on the globe, and

"Whereas, The State of Utah, whose capital city is the sacred spot where the tired feet of the pioneer rested when his perilous undertaking had come to a successful termination and the hardships through the wilderness should henceforth be only a memory, has been admitted to the American Union with all the rights of a sovereign State and the promise of a bright and prosperous career;

"Therefore be it resolved, That it is right and fitting that such fiftieth anniversary of Pioneer Day be observed at the capital of this State in an appropriate jubilee with which there shall be associated an Inter-mountain Semi-Centennial Exposition. It is further

"Resolved, That the better to carry this plan into effect, the Governor is hereby authorized to invite, and by and with the advice of the Senate, to appoint a committee consisting of twenty-four members, of which the Governor shall be one and the presiding officer thereof.

"This commission shall make arrangements for, control and conduct such exposition and celebration. The jubilee shall open on the 4th day of July, 1897, and continue 100 days thereafter, but Pioneer Day shall be the culmination of the great and especially devoted to Utah, her pioneers and her people. The commission is empowered to raise funds to meet necessary expenses of the exposition by public subscription, fees of admittance or in any other way not from the State treasury. The members of such commission shall serve without pay.

"It is further resolved, That the Governor is authorized to invite, by proclamation or otherwise, the intermountain states and territories, the states along the route trod by the Pioneers, and such other states as he may deem advisable, to participate in said celebration and exposition, and also that the Governor may set apart, by proclamation, not more than three days to be observed as holidays during the period of such exposition, in addition to the legal holidays now designated; and it is

"Further resolved, That in order to inaugurate the aforesaid exposition and celebration, the sum of one hundred dollars is hereby appropriated for the purpose of defraying expenses of postage, stationery and preliminary work of said Intermountain Semi-Centennial Exposition Commission."

SPECIAL ORDER.

House bill 46, substitute, was taken up as the special order. The bill is for an act protecting the lives of coal miners, the appointment of a coal mine inspector, defining his duties and those of mine owners, lessees and operators. The bill was amended in several minor details.

Mr. Thompson, of Millard, didn't want the bill to deny the salary of the inspector and moved to strike out section 20, providing for such payment, but had no amendment to offer in lieu thereof.

Mr. Reddick thought the paltry sum of $1,200 per annum should not stand in the way of safety to the lives of thousands of miners.

Mr. Merrous called attention to the horrible accident the other day in Colorado and hoped Mr. Thompson's motion would not prevail.

Mr. Beard defended the bill as it stood, and presented facts to uphold the position he held in favor of the inspector and the payment of his salary by the State. He hoped the poor coal miners would be given at least this much protection.

Mr. Thompson's motion did not receive a second, but Mr. Lewis moved to refer the bill to the special committee on salaries (joint). The motion carried and the bill was so committed.

House bill 48 was the next special order, and upon motion of Mr. Nye, was recommitted to the judiciary committee for further consideration. The bill is to protect employes from unjust distribution.

House bill 25, substitute, was under consideration when the NEWS went to press.

The Week's Work.

Following is the business upon which final action was taken in the House during the week:

Monday (42d day). Senate bill 4, school for deaf mutes, passed. Senate bill 50, relating to prosecutions by information in criminal cases, passed. Senate bill 53, certifying county, city and school district warrants, passed. Senate bill 40, defining fellow servants, passed. Senate bill 8, libel, passed.

Tuesday (43rd day). House bill 74, regulating sale of dairy products, passed.

Wednesday (44th day). Senate bills 4, 53, 40 and 50 signed by the Speaker. Senate bill 51, duties of county prosecuting attorneys, passed.

Thursday (45th day). Monson resolution regarding Senators Cannon and Brown rejected. Senate bill 46, duties of attorney general, passed. Senate bill 20, regulating attorney's fee in case of mechanic suing for wages, passed. House bill 79, anti-trust substitute, passed.

Notes.

R. C. Lund, of St. George, was in attendance on the Senate late afternoon.

Allison's Australian ballot bill has been made the special order for Tuesday next.

The absentees from the Senate today were Barnes, Jones, Glen Miller and Warrum.

The anti-trust bill got through the House with little difficulty and now goes to the Senate.

Prof. J. T. Woodbury, of the Latter-day Saints' College, was a visitor to the Senate chamber this afternoon.

Prayer in the Senate today was offered by Elder Harrison Sperry, Bishop of the Fourth ward, this city.

Many of the legislators will go home to celebrate Washington's birthday, and will return for Monday's session.

The House committee on railways has agreed on a bill which is believed to cover present needs in railway transportation prices.

The bill by the Senate committee on counties and municipal corporations greatly enlarges the powers of city councils in cities of the third class.

One of the spectators in the Senate chamber today was a baby just learning to walk. It was one of Prest. Young's contributions to Utah's best crop—and a pretty one, too.

The Cannon-Brown resolution introduced in the House yesterday and credited to Mr. Howard as the introducer, should have been scored opposite the name of Mr. Monson, as the gentleman is the father of yesterday's wrath and mirth provoker.

The Senate plan fixed a fee of 50 cents per thousand on the capital stock of incorporations. This is in accord with Governor Wells' suggestion, and will keep down many "wild-cat" incorporations, chiefly mining. Foreign companies must also pay the same fee for the filing and recording of certified copies of their articles of incorporation.

Allison's bill for an act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarettes provides that "Section 1. No one, by himself, clerk, servant, employe, or agent, shall, for himself, or any person else, directly or indirectly, or under any pretense, or by any device, manufacture, sell, dispense, exchange, barter, give in the consideration of the purchase of any property, or of any services, or any evasion of the statute, or keep for sale any cigarettes, cigarette paper, or cigarette wrappers, or any paper made and prepared for the purpose of making cigarettes, or for the purpose of being filled with tobacco for smoking; or own, or keep, or be in any way concerned, engaged or employed, in owning or keeping any such cigarettes, or cigarette paper, or wrappers with intent to violate any provision of this act; or authorize or permit the same to be done; and any clerk, servant, employe, or agent, engaged in acting in any violation of this act, shall be charged and convicted as principal. Section 2. Whoever is found guilty of violating any of the provisions of the preceding section, for the first offense shall pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, and cost of prosecution, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fine and costs are paid; for the second and each subsequent offense, he shall pay upon conviction thereof, a fine of not less than $100, nor more than $500, and costs of prosecution, or be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed six months. Sec. 3. The finding of cigarettes or cigarette paper, or cigarette wrappers in the possession of one, except in a private dwelling house, which does not include or is not used in connection with a tavern, public eating house, restaurant, grocery or other place of public resort, or the finding of the same, in unusual quantities, in a private dwelling house or its dependencies, of any person keeping a tavern, public eating house, grocery, or other place of resort, shall be presumptive evidence that such cigarettes and cigarette paper and cigarette wrappers are kept for illegal use."

MINOR MENTION.

Mr. J. L. Kirkendahl, of Hamilton, Mo., called at the NEWS office today. He is on his way from California to his home, and having had relatives in the Church, he stopped over in this city for a short visit. Mr. Kirkendahl says he heard the Prophet Joseph Smith preach in Missouri.

Commencing at 12 noon tomorrow the pupils of the Fifth Ward Sunday school, under fifteen years of age, will assemble in the meeting house to enjoy a private and dance. In the evening, those over fifteen years will regale themselves similarly.

A DISTINGUISHED AUSTRALIAN.

Chief Justice of New South Wales In Salt Lake On His Way to London, His Native City.

Sir William Windeyer, Chief Justice of New South Wales, Australia, was among the distinguished visitors to this city today. He registered at the Knutsford this morning and leaves for the East tonight. He is on his way to London, the city of his birth. He is about fifty-five years of age.

The purpose of the judge's visit to London, is simply one of pleasure, he having resided in Australia nearly all his life. He is a man of large stature and has all characteristics of an Englishman. His daughter acted as commissioner from Australia to the World's Fair in which capacity she became acquainted with Mrs. Emmeline B. Wells, to whom Sir William paid a pleasant visit today.

This morning Mr. Windeyer visited Fort Douglas, and Bancroft took a jaunt through the city and county building dropping into the legislative halls and also the probate court room. In the afternoon in company with a NEWS reporter he visited the Tabernacle and was amazed with its wonderful architectural design and its acoustic properties. He also made a careful scrutiny of the Temple and grounds and showed a great eagerness to become acquainted with the customs and habits of the Mormon people.

Judge Windeyer is a pleasant conversationalist and also a man who is desirous of learning all he can wherever he visits. He is well pleased with his short stay in this city, and only regrets that lack of time did not permit his stopping here over Sunday. He was delayed some time on the steamer and hence has to make it up by hastening on. Business, he says, seems to be on the improve in Australia, although for the past three years, the same dullness which has existed all through the United States, has been manifest there. He seemed delighted with the fine weather that we are now having here, all of which had a tendency to enhance the pleasures of his visit. He, however, expressed a dread at the thoughts of entering Chicago, having learned that that city was at present having an extremely cold spell—something of course which is unknown in the people of Northern Australia.

LOOK OUT FOR BREAKERS AHEAD

when pimples, eruptions, boils, and like manifestations of impure blood appear. They wouldn't appear if your blood were pure and your system in the right condition. They show you what you need—a good blood purifier; that's what you get when you take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It carries health with it. All Blood, Skin and Scalp Diseases, from a common Blotch, or Eruption, to the worst Scrofula, are cured by it. It invigorates the liver and renews every organ into healthful action. For the worst forms of Skin Diseases, such as Salt-rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Erysipelas, Boils and kindred ailments, and with Scrofula in every shape, and all blood taints, no matter from what cause arising, it is an unequaled remedy.

SCROFULOUS ABSCESSES.

Mrs. Emma Sweeney, of Fair Oak, Mercer Co., Pa., writes: "About four years ago I took weakness, and did everything that doctors and others prescribed, but only got worse. Several abscesses formed about my neck and breast. Medicine was a quantity of money, and got my work I could scarcely walk about the house. I read all the medical works I could get hold of, and among the rest, read some of your pamphlets. You recommended your medicine, and I commenced using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, with Dr. Pierce's Pellets. In a month I noticed some improvement, and continued using them and your lotion for about four months. At six months were all healed up. I am forty-five years old and believe I am as well as I ever was in my life. I used about one dozen bottles of the Golden Medical Discovery, with the 'Pellets,' and could nothing else after I began using your medicines." Mrs. Sweeney.

(Personal Public.)

WHAT CAN Cuticura DO FOR US?

Everything that is cleansing, purifying, and beautifying for the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children, CUTICURA will do. A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a gentle application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, afford instant relief in the most agonizing of itching and burning eczemas, clear the skin of scaly, crusted, pimply, and blotchy humors, cleanse the scalp of dandruff, scales, and crusts, and restore the hair. They prevent inflammation and clogging of the pores, the cause of pimples, blackheads, and baby rashes, and especially appeal to Mothers worn out with the care of skin-tortured babies. Everything about them invites confidence. They are absolutely pure, and may be used on the youngest infant or most delicate invalid with the most gratifying and unfailing success.

SKIN AND SCALP DISEASES.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT (new blood purifier).

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c. SOAP, 35c. RESOLVENT, $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. U. S. A. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

LETTER LIST.

Remaining unclaimed in the Postoffice at Salt Lake City, Utah, on February 21, 1896. To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," and give the date of the list. If not called for within two weeks they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington, D.C.

LADIES' LIST.

Acelie Maggie
Anderson Maria C
Bennett Mrs A
Christen Celia
Chamberlain Mandy
Crane Jessie
Colorado Mrs H B
Cavanaugh Julia
Dixon Julia
Ulm Mrs Jas
Edwards Sarah H
Fulton Mrs A A
Gullickson Rosa
Graham Mabel
Hardy Belle
Hawkins Pearl
Jones Mrs H L
Hanaworth Lena A
Johnson Mrs Ida
Holmes Mary
Hilton Nettie
Hyde Ethel L
Hughes Amanda
Irvin Stella
Jones Margaret
Keeton Lucy M
Keaney Nellie
Lastrap Ellen
Lock Minnie
Lynch Grace
Lynch Mrs H A
Martin Mrs An So W Temple
Manning Mary
Mutter Jane
Meldrum Mrs Bert street
McGee Mrs A P
Nyberaen Mary
Osgood Mrs N M
Oakley Ruth
Shelton Maggie
Sterling Rachel
Turner Mary
Wilkens Ida
Williams Nettie
York Mary
Young Myrtle

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Adams J A
Berkey M S
Brooks G
Chapman J
Clark J F
Cheston Percy
Cuneton G J
Cunningham J M
Christensen E
Collins H
Dalzell T P
Dooley O H
Dugan H F
Dobbing W J
Dudley E
Elmwood S
Ellis H G
Elkins J
Gillett J
Hales M
Hinck T
Hay H T
Hoagland W
Gleason D R
Green O P
Gooding A
Hagg E
Halstead F
Harrison Bros
Head T
Herm H C
Hyde M
Hayward L M
Hunt N
Howard E A
Hoffman C S
Holman F
Jones J
Johnson G
Johnson Mr
Kelsonn A J
Keetman H T
Keary J L
Keeton T
Larsen D
Leonard G M
Lawrence G S
Lewis J
Lewis L
Lewis Wm
Mixon C F
Morris
Martin H
Mooney M
Murdock W
McArthur S
McLachlan W
Oday A
Pearson Ed
Pierce I M
Pratt J
Palmer G
Phillips W F
Richardson W E
Rich J T
Robb A
Rated A Co
Robbins F
Ross T W
Shurtz J
Small H
Smith E
Smith J
Thompson J
Trenham E
Thomas S L
Tyler A J
Tracey O
Walters G
Williams J D
Wilson R I
Wilkinson J
Wright C
Yeakley G
Fort master.

G. R. BARRETT.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $236,016; same day last year, $213,577. Week's clearings, $1,118,915; same week last year, $1,149,838.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York.—Silver, 67½; lead, $3.00.
London.—Silver, 31.

ORE AND BULLION.

T. H. Jones & Co., received today: Ores, $5,500; bullion, $9,930. Total, $14,400.

W. S. McCornick & Co. received today: Hanauer bullion, $5,500. Silver and lead ores, $9,100.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Peru. bullion, $3,641.

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Trading was in fairly large volume at the opening and a few more specialties. The activity eased soon after 11 and an easier tendency developed. Room traders were successful in bringing about some cession of liberal fractions in greasers and high priced industrial shares.

The pressure to sell subsided after 11, and after subsequent dealings, recoveries of slight fractions were general.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Reserve, decrease, $9,191,925; loans, increase, $6,012,700; specie, decrease, $1,157,300; legal tender, decrease, $1,175,700; net deposits, decrease, $1,800,000; circulation, increase, $101,900. The banks now hold $10,815,100 in excess of requirements.

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.

Hogs, receipts 19,000.
Light, [illegible]
Mixed, [illegible]
Heavy, [illegible]
Rough, [illegible]
Cattle, receipts 1,000. Trading slow, but steady.
Texans, [illegible]
Cows and heifers, [illegible]
Texas stears, [illegible]
Stockers and feeders, [illegible]
Sheep, receipts 17,000; market steady to firm.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 21.

Wheat—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible]
Corn—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible]
Oats—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible]
Lard—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible]
Pork—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible]
Ribs—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible]
Ribs—Cash, [illegible]
Barley—[illegible]
Flax—[illegible]
Timothy—[illegible]

Silver, Lead.

Silver City, Idaho, Feb. 21.—Silver, [illegible]

DIED.

KELLER.—On February 21st, at 11.40 a. m., Mrs. Emmine F. Keller, at Brighton, Utah. Deceased was born March 26, 1856, at Ferrum, Franklin county, Ohio.

Funeral services will be held at the Fifteenth ward meeting house tomorrow, February 22nd, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

CLEATON.—In Salt Lake City, Feb. 20, 1896, of old age, Henry Cleaton, aged 78 years.

Funeral services at North Jordan ward, this date.

Deceased was formerly a member of the Cleaton tribe, Warwickshire, England.

Millennial Star please copy.

Excursion to Spanish Fork via Rio Grande Western Railway.

On March 1st and 2nd the R. G. W. will make a rate of $2.25, Salt Lake City to Spanish Fork and return, on account of the annual Eisteddfod of the Cambrian Society at that point. Tickets will be good until March 6th. Rate of one single fare for the round trip from all other points.

Rates to Salt Lake City for the Ogdoiath Club Reception and Ball.

For the reception and ball tendered by the Ogdoiath Club to the Legislature at Salt Lake City, on the evening of February 21st, the Rio Grande Western Ry. announces a rate of one single fare for the round trip from all outside points to holders of ball tickets. The excursion rate is applicable for tickets only on February 21st.

Buy Coal at the Yellow Front.

The Wasatch Ice Company.

Customers will be pleased to hear that the Wasatch Ice Co. will be in the field this year with better and more ice than ever.

WANTED

TO EXCHANGE, FARM LAND FOR CITY property. Inquire at Hawkes Court, East second south.

Continental Market Hall,
S. West Temple Street.

Commencing SATURDAY Evg. February 22, at 7:30 p. m.

MISS ZOE GAYTON

Will commence her walk of 500 miles in 500 consecutive hours.

Prizes will be given to the best amateur, ladies or gentlemen. Entries to be made with the managers at the hall.

Admission 25c; children 15c. Doors will be open day and night during the walk.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE

The Sampson Mining Company, Salt Lake City, Utah, Notice of the Delinquent Assessment Upon West Mountain Mining District, Salt Lake County, Utah.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the said Company, held on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, an assessment of three-quarters (3-4) of one cent (.01) per share was levied upon the capital stock of the said company payable on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1896, to Robert J. Glendinning, Secretary of the Company, at his office at No. 105 South Main street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1896, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment thereon is made before will be sold on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1896, to pay the delinquent assessment together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

R. J. GLENDINNING,
Secretary of Sampson Mining Co.

Dated at Salt Lake City, Utah, February 21st, 1896.

First publication of this notice February 21st, A. D. 1896.

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of Utah,
Salt Lake County.

In the matter of the Estate of Nicole Savion, Deceased.

Notice of settlement of final account and hearing of petition for final distribution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Frank H. Rossiter, the administrator of the estate of Nicole Savion, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement, and filed in said court, his account of his administration of said estate, and has also presented his petition for the final distribution of the estate of said deceased, and that Saturday, the 14th day of March, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the usual place of said court, being the place of the county and county building in the city of Salt Lake, in the state of Utah, has been duly appointed by the said court for the settlement of said account and the hearing of said petition for the final distribution of the said estate of said deceased, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and contest said account, or any item thereof, or said petition, and contest the same and each of it items.

C. S. STANTON, Clerk.
By A. G. BURNS, Deputy Clerk.

Dated Feb. 15th, 1896.

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE

ONE BAY MARE ABOUT 6 YEARS OLD, weight about 800 pounds, white hair on back, rather short tail.

One brown horse, about 8 years old, and feet white, star in forehead, about 950 pounds. Persons claiming

If the above described animals are not claimed and taken away on or before March the 3rd, 1896, they will be sold at City pound, noon of that day.

JOHN G. MAYNOR,
Poundkeeper.

R. K. THOMAS,

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.,
Salt Lake City.

GRAND JANAURY STOCKTAKING CLEARANCE SALE!

Every Department Will Offer Great Bargains!

Silks, Dress Goods
Capes
Jackets
Underwear
Hosiery
Gloves
Handkerchiefs
Notions
Shoes

MEN'S GOODS, DOMESTICS
BLANKETS, QUILTS,
And Everything Else in the House.

R. K. THOMAS