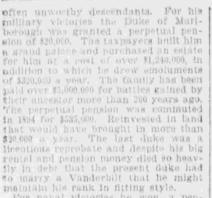
DESERET EVENING NEWS: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1905.

2017/00/0



to marry a vanderbilt that he inght meintain his rank in fitting style. For naval victories he won, a pen-eion of \$100,000 a year was granted in 1782 to Lord Rodney and his heirs for-ever. The family has already drawn over \$1,200,000. The present ford has founces of land with a vertal of \$25. 5,000 acres of land with a rental of \$35,-

Viscount Exmouth was granted a per-etual pension of \$10,600 a year in 1816 or bombarding Algiers. Ii didn't rank

periodic pension of \$10,000 a year in 1816 for bombarding Algiers. It didn't rank as a great victory, but up to date the family have been paid for it \$\$70,000 and their estate brings them in an ad-ditional \$13,000 yearly. Viscount Combernere, Viscount Gough, Viscount Hardinge, Lord Keene, and Lord Seaton are the lucky descend-ants of military commanders to whorm pensions of \$10,000 a year were granted

WHY HE GETS IT.

The Duke of Grafton is another no

the descendant of one of Charles II's

nd exalted rank to the fact that he

an who owes his immense fortune

Show where a maintain decision approximation

Enclosed and the second s + 14100

AMERICAN AUTOIST SENTENCED TO JAIL IN PARIS.

The above photograph is an excellent likeness of Elilott Flich Shepard, m of the late Col. Elliott Fitch Shepard of New York, and a grandson of the late William H. Vanderbilt, who was sentenced to three months in fall in the Ninih Correctional Tribunal of the Seine, for running down and killing little Madeline Marduel with his motor car at St. Ouen last April 24. In ada fine of \$129 was imposed by th lition to the fal fendant was ordered to pay \$4,000 damages to the child's parents.

ancestral valoue they appear small compared to the extent to which the "National cow" has been milked by descendents of illegitimate royal offbefore coming to the throne, drew \$26 670,000 from the treasury. Then the Queen's eldest daughter married in 1858 the Crown Prince of Germany, who be onged to one of the wealthlest families spring who are now numbered among the shining lights of the British arisin Europe, a kind, generous govern-ment settled an annuity of \$40,000 on her. Up to her death in 1901, there was tochacy. The present Duke of Rich-mond is a descendant of an illegitimato child of Charles II. A perpetual pen-tion of about \$95,000 per annum was granted to his family in 1676. Between 1801 and 1825. \$2,004,170 was paid to correctly this heateness mension. This htt, Up to her death in 1901, there was sent over to Germany for her \$1,945,000 and she left a fortune amounting to \$2,700,000. The late Princess Alice re-ceived \$640,000. The Duke of Edinburgh, the queen's second son, received \$2,-550,000. His wife brought him \$1,555,000 and an income of over \$55,000 a year. He succeeded to the dukedom of Saxe-Coburg in 1894 which carried with it a calary of \$150,000 a year, but the Britcommute this infantous pension. This was exchanged for \$3,165,000 worth of government stock. The stock when sold government stock. The stock was sold and the proceeds invested in 284,409 acres of land which brings a remial of \$400,000 a year. The family drove a magnificant bargain with the ration. Altogether the descendants of this Hil-elt royal efforting have received over \$20,000,030 from British taxpayers. salary of \$150,000 a year, but the Br! ish government still continued his a ish government still continued his an-nully of \$50,000 a year, and when he died in 1900, settled a pension of \$30,000 a year on his rich widow. The Duke of Connaught, the queen's third son, gets \$125,000 besides his army pay. Princess Christian, the late queen's third daughter, receives an annulty of \$20,000 a year from the public treasury and has already drawn \$1,290,000. The fourth daughter, Princess Louise, who

and has already drawn \$1,290,000. The fourth daughter, Princess Louise, who married the Duke of Argyll, one of the wealthiest of Scotch peers, received a similar annuity and has been paid up to date \$1,010,000. The queen's young-est son, the Duke of Albany who died in 1884, had received up to that time \$500,000. His widow was granted \$30,000 a year for life and she has already drawn \$600,000. Princess Beatrice, the youngest daughter of the queen, who drawn \$600,000. Princess Beatrice, the youngest daughter of the queen, who married Prince Henry of Battenberg, gets a shullar annuity and thus far it has neticed her \$720,000. In respect of large families the English house sets a commendable example, but the na-tion has to pay a big price for it. Pres-ident Roosevelt's numerous progeny would hardly be so much admired if the taxpayers had to shell out \$20,000 a year to each of them when they grew up.

WHAT KING DRAWS.

The king gets \$2,830,060 a year. The Prince and Princess of Wales between Prince and Princess of Wales between them are officially credited with a beg-garly \$150,000 a year, but they really get much more than that. Queen Victoria's relatives were great pension grubbers. Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg, king of the Belgians, who

pension grubbers. Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg, king of the Belgians, who bad the good fortune to marry her aunt, drew \$6,835,000 from the taxpay-ers of this country before he died in 1865. The Duke of Cumberland, king of Hanover, an uncle of the cheet, re-crived in annulities \$5,330,000 before death claimed him. Queen Adelaide, the widow of King William IV, and the late queen's aunt, received \$6,000,000 in annulities. She died in 1849. Queen Victoria's mother, the Duchess of Kent, who died in 1862, received \$4,485,000. The Duke of Sussex, an uncle, who died in 1850, obtained \$6,680,000. Another uncle, the Duke of Cambridge, who died in 1850, obtained \$6,680,000. Frincess Au-gusta, an aunt, who died in 1849, took \$1,980,000 from the public treasury. An-other aunt, Princess Elizabeth, who died in the same year, received \$2,075,-000. The Duchess of Gloucester, also an aunt, drew \$2,275,000. Two Princess Sophias, both fortunate enough to be able to claim a similar relationship, drew between them \$5,940,000. The Sophias, both fortunate enough to be able to claim a similar relationship, drew between them 33,940,000. The Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, one of her cousins who died in 1850, received \$554,280. Between them these 12 rela-tives of the late queen drew from Brit-ish taxpayers in hard cash the enor-mous sum of \$44,924,280, for the most part merely for condescending to keep mous sum of \$44,354,250, 107 the heep part merely for condescending to keep alive, kill time and enjoy their incomes. But that golden age for royal relatives will never come again. The growing democratic sentiment of the country will not permit it. S. E. LISLE.

MONARCH MAKES HIMSELF A TRUS

ALMOST EVERYBODY is coughing. It is the time of year when people are most susceptible to colds. Scott's Emulsion will not only cure the cold, which otherwise might hang on all winter, but will give strength and flesh to the body to resist more colds, pneumonia, etc.

SCOTT & BGWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

been occupied for the last twenty years by a raving madman who crawls about by a raving madman who crawls about on his hands and knees, barks like a dog and ents his food off the ground. Nevertheless this being, although more beast than man, is His Majesty King Otto of Bavaria by divine right. His predecessor, King Louis, was also a lunatic and drowned himself. The future King of Bavaria, Prince Dupp-recht, has been involved in matrimonial scandals and his quarrels with his wife scandals and his quarrels with his wife have been a public secret for some years past.

HOTBEDS OF SCANDAL.

The scandals connected with the Saxon royal family, which culminated in the flight of the wife of the present king, are too fresh in the public memo-ry to need repetition. The Grand Duke of Hesse was obliged to divorce his wife after a series of scandals which brought his court into terrible disranuit. The or Hesse was obliged to divorce his wife after a series of scandals which brought his court into terrible disrepute. The wife of the Grand Duke of Saxe-Wei-mar ran away from him shortly after their wedding and fled to Switzerland. The grand duke was obliged to go in pursuit of her, and although he suc-ceeded in bringing her back, they never lived happily together and the young grand duchess recently died of a brok-cn heart. The Grand Duke of Olden-burg was obliged to expel one of his court officials for seducing his daughter, Princess Sophie Charlotte. The court official in question, an aristocrat by birth, emigrated to America, and is still living in New York. The Dowager Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin ran away with her own halrdresser. The throne of Lippe was occupied only recently by a hopeless lunatic, and since his death a dispute regarding the possession of the

dispute regarding the possession of the crown has been proceeding. The throne of Reuss (elder line) is also occupied by a lunatic who will never be capable of governing his dominions. The reign-ing Prince of Reuss (younger line) ab-dicated after contracting a mesallance and handed over the reins of govern-ment to his son, who has also been in-

wolved in fifteen public scandals. The grand duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who is not quite 21 years of age, is already involved in a serious dispute with his subjects which has made him intensely unpopular among them. The cathed Duke of Brunswick is in evide intensely unpopular among them. The rightful Duke of Brunswick is in exile because he refuses to recognize the suzerainty of Prussia, and his domin-ions are administered by a Prussian prince appointed by the kalser. The Duke of Saxe-Meiningen is boycotted by all his fellow monarchs because he contracted a scandalous morganatic marriage with a low-born woman, who afterwards received the title of Baroness THE EMPEROR ALREADY THE ACTUAL BOSS.

service, however, which should not be overlooked. When the princes of the great reigning families of Europe are short of wives they can always find ladies of birth equal to their own among the minor German royal families, while the princesses of great imperial and royal houses can marry occupants of the little German thrones and their relatives without sacrificing their royal rank and dignity. ALBERT L. MARKS.



Scotch mixtures,

After a conference with his counsel, Maitre Anjuetin, Mr. Shepard decided to take an appeal to another court and under the French procedure this had the effect of giving his sentence a temporary suspension. Until the final decision is rendered he cannot he thrust into prison.

Mr. Shepard expressed the deepest regret for the fatal accident, but con-Rended that in the absence of any criminal intent the jull sentence was not warranted by the evidence. At the close of the hearing he said that he was the victim of cumulative sentiment against those who are fond of motoring.

The counsel for the prosecution insisted that the court make an example of Mr. Shepard. He said that wealthy Americans apparently labor under the impression that they can come to France and run over peasants as if they were mere poultry. He contended that they habitually ignore the speed laws while driving their motor cars in the country, and that the only remedy is for the courts to make them pay the peoulty of their racklessness.

ANOTHER LUCKY ONE.

Royalty costs a great deal more than

for three lives. The pensions cease with them, but they have already cost the nation \$3,445,000. Most of these re-cipients of rewards for uncestral valor possess estates that apart from their pensions would enable them to live in hxury without work. huxury without work. Lord Ragian in 1855 received a per-

sion of \$10,000 a year for solf and successor for services in the Crimean war. The present Lord is the last holder of the title to receive the pension which i thus far foots up \$500,000 and like "Charley's Aunt" is still running. Lord Ragian also enjoys a soug little sinceure as governor of the lise of Man which brings him h \$8,400 a year Man which brings him in \$9,400 a year. In striking contrast to the generosity shown the descendants of heroic titled snown the descendants of heroic titled ancestors is the treatment meted out to those who fought and bled for their country in the ranks. John Burns, a survivor of the "Gallant Six Hundred," over 80 years of age and still suffering from a buffet wound in the knee which he had received in the Crimes recould he had received in the Crimea, recently was sentenced to three months impris-

was sentenced to three months impris-omment for the behavior offense of beg-ging when too old to work. But here-fiter the country will content itself with generous each payments to its great heroes leaving their descendants to shift for themselves. Lord Roberts received \$500,000 for finishing the war in South Africa and General Kitchener was paid \$250,000 and given a peerage for again finishing the same war. No provision was made for their heirs. Treat befores leaving their descendants to shift for themselves, Lord Roberts South Africa and General Kitchener was paid \$250,000 and given a peerage for again finishing the same war. No provision was made for their heirs. TREWARDS OF VALOUR. Great as have been the rewards of provision was made for their heirs.



(Continued from page 13.) 12,000. The grand duchy of Mecklen 12,000. The grand duchy of Accaden-burg-Strelitz has a total population of 100,000, and its capital. Neu Strelitz, has a population of 11,000. The principal-ity of Lippe contains a population of 140,000 and its capital, Detmold, has a population of 11,000. The principality Reuss (younger line) has a popula-on of 140,000. The duchles of Saxe-Courg-Gotha, and Saxe-Meiningen each burg-Gotha, and Saxe-Meiningen each have populations varying between 200,-000 and 200,000, and the duchy of An-halt has a population of a little more than 200,000. The grand duchies of Saxe-Weimar and Oldenburg each have an approximate population of 400,000, and the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, which recently supplied the Clayman crown prince with his bride. lerman crown prince with his bride, has a population of 600,000. The Grand Duchy of Hesse has a population of 1,000,000. The Grand Duchy of Baden has a population of 1,800,000.

SMALLER THAN NEW YORK OR CHICAGO.

CHICAGO. Each of these sovereign German states has thus a population less than that of New York or Chicago. The kingdom of Wurtemberg has a popula-tion of a little more than 2,000,000, the kingdom of Saxony a little more than 4,000,000, and the kingdom of Bavaria a little more than 6,000,000, and all these states are overshadowed by Prussia with its population of 35,000,000. Apart from the imperial chancellor, Prince Buelow, and the central federal gov-ernment, Germany possesses 20 prime ministers, 20 cabinets, 20 royal courts and 18 parliaments, for two German states, Mecklenburg-Schwerin and Mecklenburg-Strelltz, are absolute monarchies, governed by their grand dukes, without any assistance from elected representatives of the people. The cost of maintaining sil these monarchies with their courts and households is a heavy financial burden for the German nation. The King of for the German nation. The King of Bavaria receives an income of \$1.500,-000, the king of Saxony an income of \$1,006,000 and the King of Wartemberg an income of \$600,000 per annum. The grand duke of Baden, the grand duke of Hesse, the grand duke of Mecklen-burg-Schwerm, the grand duke of Saxe-Weimar, and the duke of Anhalt restived incomes varying from \$250. received incomes varying from \$250. 000 to \$200,000 a year. The duke of Saxe-Meiningen, the duke of Saxe-Coburg-Clotha, and the duke of Saxe-Altenburg receive incomes varying from \$150,000 to \$200,000, and the remaining German monarchs receive an average of \$125,000 per annum. MILLIONS FOR USELESS MON-ARCHS.

The bare cost of the monarchs alone thus amounts to something between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 per annum. In \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 per annum. In addition to the monarchs, it must be remembered that there are 20 prime ministers and over a hundred cabinet ministers, all drawing salaries from the public revenues for their services to the different states. There are 20 royal households, with soveral hundred highly salaried ornamental officials, and 18 paritaments, the members of which received payment from the public

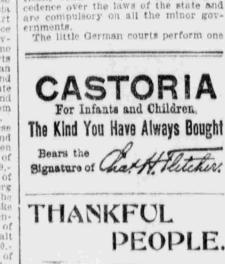
which received payment from the public xchequers. The 20 monarchs between them own 115 royal palaces, which, together with the three dozen palaces owned by the Kalser as king of Prussia, make a total of 150 palaces, dotted all over Germany, "hese palaces are surrounded by parks

ith a total area of 25,000 acres, all o which is, of course, lying wasted, so faas productive purposes are concerned. In the smaller German states the cost of maintaining the monarch amounts to about \$3 per head of the population, or \$8 per head of family, a heavy burden on a population which is by no means rosperous,

The (wenty royal courts in Germany The twenty reyal courts in Germany are effective supports of reactionary politics and personal snobbery. The little German courts have been fruitful of all sorts of queer situations and scandals. The throne of Bayaria has no other.

A curious feature about all these little German courts which cost so much and which produce so many scandals cal-culated to discredit monarchial institutions is that they are purely ornamen-tal. Although all the little monarchs theoretically possess sovereign powers they are as a matter of fact nothing more than vassals of the Emperor. It is true that the emperor can declare war, conclude treaties and promulgate laws in the name of the empire only with the consent of the federal council, but this council is absolutely controlled but this council is absolutely controlled by his own country of Prussia. The emperor is commander-in-chief of the entire German army. In time of peace Bayaria administrates its own army, but the troops of Saxony and Wurtem-berg and all the other German states are controlled by Prussia. When the troops are enlisted they

When the troops are enlated they swear loyalty to their respective sov-ereigns, but they swear obedience to the orders of the emperor. The em-peror has absolute control over the en-tire navy without any interference from the other monarchs. The emperor has the other monarchs. The emperor has the right of summoning, opening, ad-journing and proreguing the reichstag. The laws of the empire, which are prac-tically controlled by Prussia, take pre-cedence over the laws of the state and are compulsory on all the minor governments



They Are Found in Every Part of Salt Lake City.

Many citizens of Salt Lake City have good reason to be thankful for burdens lifted from aching backs, which they bore patiently for years. Scores tell about their experience publicly. Here's a case of it:

Wm. Cheshire, plasterer, of 140 West Sixth South, says: "Some three years ago I noticed a slight pain in the small of my back, just over the kidneys. I could assign no cause for its appearance, but as time passed it grew more severe, and finally ended in attacks, until about twelve months ago other symptoms of acute kidney trouble were quite evident. I tried remedy after wmedy, all of them well advertised semedy, all of them well advertised and standard preparations for kidney trouble, but the relief I longed for never came. It struck me one day while reading about Doan's Kidney Pills that if they performed half what they promised they might at least belo and I went to the F. J. Hill Drug Co.'s store for a box. Three boxes brought such great benefit that I am pleased to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

recommend Doan's Kidney Pills." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name-Doan's, and take

These suits would easily sell at \$25.00 each. to make a sen- \$14.95 we offer the lot at your choice

\$3.50 SPLENDID SHIRT WAISTS TO CO AT \$2.95 EACH.

These are good winter weight waists. Made of Nun's veiling and lined throughout. Trimmings are French knots, embroidery. The fol-lowing range of colors to select from: Light blue, white, black, green and red. This is a rare offer. Come before sizes are gone.

DAINTY FUR SETS FOR CHILDREN AND MISSES.

A beautiful variety in Thibet lamb, Angora, Chinchilla and Er-e. Prices range from \$1.50 to \$9.00. Special new neckpleces and muffs ordered for the Holldays.

ANOTHER WEEK OF THE THANKSGIVING LINEN SALE

We will continue this event another week as there seems to be an increasing demand for these goods and we wish to accomodate all-tremendous, though last week's selling was, we will do even more in the next six days.

Many reductions are the same as before. Many are even lower-New lines have been added where others were sold out and we are just as well equipped for a great sale as at the beginning of last week.

400 sets of fine pattern cloths with 24 and 26 inch napkins to match reduced like this—

John S. Brown and Sons' sets reduced 25 per cent. McCrum Watson and Mercer's sets reduced 30 per cent. Richardson Sons Owden and Co., Ltd. sets reduced 30 per cent. Don't allow such an opportunity as this to slip by without grasping it.

62-inch—half bleached loom damask—worth 69c yard	53c
62-inch—half bleached loom damask—worth 69c yard	69c
66-inch—all linen Irish damask—worth \$1.10 yard	89 c

TOWELS. DRESSER SCARFS AND LINEN TOWELING UNDERPRICED LIKE THIS

200 DOZEN HEMMED HUCK TOWELS,
Size 17 by 34, worth 10c each
200 DOZEN HEMMED HUCK TOWELS-
Size 18 by 36-worth 12 % c, each
100 DOZEN BLEACHED AND UN-
BLEACHED BATH TOWELS-worth 200
each

\$1.25 for

\$1.50

\$2.00

for

for

FLEECE

OUTING

yard

OUTING

OUTING

for ..

vard f

pattern

\$2.75

- 100 DOZEN BLEACHED TURKISH WASH 7c RAGS-Special, each 100 DAMASK DRESSER SCARFS-All Hn-10c en-Size 18 by 54-worth 65c 1,000 YARDS ALL LINEN BLEACHED IRISH TOWELING-worth 12½c yard. 14c

Ic

50c

10c

9c

111

14c

21c

84c

80

10c

14c

-worth 12%c

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES CREATLY UNDERPRICED

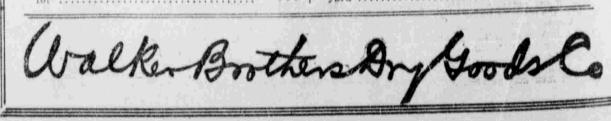
TRONCLAD SHEETS-Size 81 by 90- worth 75c each	53c	TRIUMPH BRAND PILLOW CASES-Size 45 by 36-worth 12 1/2 c, each
PEQUOT SHEETS-Size 81 by 90-worth \$1.00 each	79c	IRONCLAD BRAND PILLOW CASES-Size 45 by 36-worth 14c each
NEW YORK MILLS HEMSTITCHED SHEETS-Size \$1 by 90-worth \$1.25 each	85c	DAISY BRAND PILLOW CASES-Size 45 by 36-worth 18c each
PAL MER H.S. SHEETS-The finest sheets ma de-Size \$1 by 90-worth \$1.35 each.	\$1.00	PEQUOT BRAND PILLOW CASES-Size 45 by 36-worth 2714c each

COMFORTS AND COTTON BLANKETS REDUCED.

comforts	90c	60c 10-4 blankets-	39c
comforts	\$1.19	75c 10-4 blankets	59c
comforts	\$1.49	\$1.00 10-4 blankets-	79c
comforts	\$2.19	pair \$1.50 10-4 blankets	\$1.19
***************************************	Quers	pair	18 C.

DOMESTIC PRICES YOU'LL APPRECIATE.

DAISY BABY FLANNEL-worth 12%c yard FLANNELLETTE-Worth 10c the yard FLANNELLETTE-Worth 12%c the yard FLANNELLETTE-Worth 16 2-30 the yard



Another descendant of an illegitimate child of the "merry monarch" is the present Duke of St. Albans. The fam-ily have drawn a pension of \$14,090 a year since 1684. The duke's ancestor year since 1084. The duke's ancestor was created Hereditary Master of the Royal Hawks. There are no hawks and no duties, but he draws the pen-sion all the same and from other sources he derives an income of \$50,000 a year. From the public crib the Earl of Amherst and his predecessors have received \$1,650,000; the descendants of the Earl of Bath \$2,210,000 and the no-ble Kinteil family have cost the mable Kinteil family have cost the na-tien \$220,000, which they did nothing to carn. In the form of hereditary pick-lugs 20 aristocratic families alone have drawn up to the present time over \$55,-000.000 from the public exchequer, ROYALTY COMES HIGH.