

GEORGE Q. CANNON.
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Tuesday, March 29, 1870.

ONE of the most amusing instances in illustration of the deep-rooted old-fogeyism that exists in the old countries, was given the other day in the telegrams. The circumstance to which we refer took place in the British House of Commons, in a discussion of the burial bill. In England the Episcopalians, or members of the Established Church, have burial grounds, consecrated for their own special use, in which Dissenters, infidels, Jews, nor any others are permitted to be interred, without submitting to the rites provided by law for the Church of England. So rigidly is this insisted upon that it is quite a common thing for the rectors and curates of said church to refuse burial to the dead, whose friends through ignorance, sometimes try to obtain sepulture for them in the Episcopal burying grounds. Members of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints have not unfrequently been refused sepulture by these reverend gentlemen in these consecrated spots. Such instances of narrow-minded prejudice and bigotry are to be met with more frequently among the so-called pious than anywhere else; and when the trainings and iron-bound creeds of the Christian sects are considered there is some show of excuse for such exhibitions. But while a pious country parson may be to some extent excusable for such paltry liberality, the same can scarcely be said of the law-makers of the nation. Among men composing such a body, one ought to meet with a largeness of view and a charity the telegrams informed us that an exhibition of this same species of childishness had been given by several of the members of the Commons.

The burial bill provides that all classes of Dissenters or Protestants shall have the privilege of burying in the cemeteries of the State churches, using their own rites and ceremonies.

The second reading of the bill was objected to by several of the honorable gentlemen on various grounds: some because the interment of Dissenters among the orthodox defunct followers of the amorous Harry would shock the sensibilities of the same class living. One of the objections was that such a bill would entitle deceased Foresters, Masons and members of other secret societies as well as Dissenters to a place among the canonized bones of those who had died believing that the kings and queens of England were the living heads of almost cosmopolitan in character; and yet, the Episcopal Church militant. These puerile objections, to the credit of the House be it said, were of no avail, and the bill passed to its second reading. It is scarcely possible to believe, however, that such intolerance could exist in such a body, and we are inclined to think that the honorable gentlemen who manifested it are by natural endowment more fitted to preside over the chattering of a set of village gossip than to participate in the deliberations of the legislators of one of the leading nations of the world.

The latest advertising "dodge" is that of stamping the names of firms upon silver coin in giving it in change to customers, now that gold has fallen to its present low rates. A considerable amount of silver coin has already been stamped in this manner. It is said there seems to be nothing in the laws making it penal to stamp coin, so long as its weight is not reduced thereby. The statutes only prohibit the "mutilation" and "debasement" of silver coin, but it is presumed that much would depend, in deciding upon the legitimacy of this practice, upon the extent to which it may be carried; for it is not probable, if a large amount of silver coin having advertisements stamped upon it, were to be presented to the United States' sub-Treasury, that it would be received.

The N. Y. Herald says it is very likely that, when gold falls still lower, and silver coin can be largely procured, the same class of establishments will again make use of it to advertise their business. But a sense of common propriety will deter many business houses from making such a use of the national money. It says, however, that there are some who would underline the Bible with advertisements, if they thought that they would ever be seen by their class of customers.

THE Cincinnati daily Enquirer draws a contrast between the treatment which Roger B. Taney, the late Chief Justice of the United States, received and that extended to the late Hon. E. M. Stanton, who was appointed an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. The Enquirer says that the former held the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States for a period of twenty-nine years, and he then died full of years and honors. He died poor, leaving his family destitute, two of his daughters being now employed as copyists in Washington, in order to obtain a livelihood. Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, who was appointed an Associate Justice, and who never entered one day upon his duties, died; but his family is to receive a year's salary, although they are not in need of it, being left in possession of an ample estate, which has lately been added to by the subscription of individual friends. The Enquirer marks the difference in the treatment of the families of the two men: the one disagreed with the party in power, while the other's politics agreed with that party. It thinks it a remarkable instance of partisan unfairness and injustice.

PRESIDENT AND PARTY. — President Young and party will stay at Toker to-night and hold meeting this evening. They will start for Kanab in the morning and be back to Toker on April 6th.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERT NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.
It is introduced.—The Bible in schools.—Tax on bonds.—Resolutions adopted.

Bills were introduced and referred in the House. The Southern trans-Atlantic Railroad Co. and granting lands and the right of way; to prevent a collection of illegal taxes on passengers, levied by State authority; and providing for the payment of pensions in gold. A number of petitions were also presented.

Arnold offered a resolution declaring the Christian religion is part of the common law of the land. He said the use of the Bible in public schools throughout the country was eminently proper, as tending to encourage and foster virtue.

Cox moved to table the resolution. The House refused to second the previous question and the resolution went over.

Beck offered a resolution instructing the committee on ways and means to report forthwith a bill levying a tax of at least ten per cent. on interest of U. S. bonds, to be judged by disbursing officers.

The House refused to second the question, 45 to 82, and the resolution went over.

Munger offered a resolution calling on the President for information relating to the San Domingo treaty and giving the names of persons and companies to whom lands, franchises and privileges of all kinds had been given by the Dominican government, with the amount paid by the U. S. Government preliminary to and concerning the negotiations for the treaty; adopted.

A resolution was adopted permitting the committee on foreign affairs to present printed majority and minority reports on the Cuban question, on April 6th, to be the special order for that day and every succeeding day until it was disposed of.

The Speaker stated that it was not the intention to interfere with the tariff or with any other matters having precedence.

Ingersoll made an ineffectual attempt to get the Washington and New York air line railroad from the table; but the House went into a committee of the whole on the tariff bill. It was addressed by Aspar, Cox, Woodward, and Stevenson against the high tariff. Gillfillen spoke as an advocate for Pennsylvania, as it was affected by the protection tariff. A recess was taken till the evening session for the debate on the tariff bill.

MASSACHUSETTS.

\$250,000 fire-Workmen thrown out of employment.—Murderer sentenced to fifteen years in the Penitentiary.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—The mills of the Hampden Paper Company, Holyoke, were burned last night; loss \$250,000, insured for \$200,000. One hundred and fifty hands have been thrown out of work, but the company will rebuild immediately.

BOSTON.—In the Supreme Judicial Court, to-day, Thomas L. White was arraigned for the murder of Mrs. Ratte Hobbs, in August, last, by shooting her with a pistol. He pleaded guilty of manslaughter and was sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. The building of 202 and 204 Washington street was injured by fire to-day to the amount of twelve thousand dollars.

DELAWARE.

Feddler Deceyed, Robbed and Murdered.

WILMINGTON, Del.—Thos. Hagan, a peddler, was decoyed to a secluded place, robbed and murdered, in Kent county, on the 19th. Two negroes have been arrested on suspicion. It is reported one of them has confessed.

NEW YORK.

Severe Storm.—Buildings carried away.—Woman killed.—Wholesale poisoning.—Revenue officers escorted by Marines.—Expelled.

NEW YORK.—Twenty buildings were damaged, yesterday, by the storm. Four soldiers were carried down the bay in a small building, which was swept off Governor's Island; but they were rescued by a tug-boat. A young woman was blown violently against a sloop and died from her injuries.

The family of John Tong, living at Uthica, have been poisoned; three are dead, and four others are at the point of death. Amos S. King, whose daughter was one of the victims, and Mrs. Allen, are suspected of the crime.

A battalion of marines escorted a large squad of revenue officers to the Fifteenth Ward in Brooklyn, to-day, where several distilleries were seized and the whiskey emptied on the ground. A large mob followed and a policeman was knocked senseless by a stone thrown by an unknown ruffian.

President O'Neil, of the Fenian brotherhood, has deposed McCloud, its Secretary of the Treasury, and expelled him from the order. McCloud will attempt O'Neil's impeachment.

The motion to discontinue the suit of O'Donovan Rossa against John O'Mahoney, has been denied, with costs.

Correspondence.

SALT LAKE MONSTERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 28, '70.
Editor Desert News:—Dear Brother, If these amphibious animals, the monsters, said to be in Bear Lake, were called by their proper name, their existence would cease to be marvelous, and fewer would be incredulous of their existence, in view of the testimony of the various individuals who aver having seen them. If a person should announce (as it is said) that the celebrated showman Barnum did on one occasion that he had captured a very extraordinary and wonderful reptile which was living with a perfect head and body, and that arms and legs were actually now growing out from the body, at a remarkable rate, every day,

etc., it might and would naturally be doubted, but when its name was announced the wonder would cease, on learning that it was a tadpole!

A few weeks ago an individual from one of the cities of Utah county, procured from their captors and brought up to this city a pair of wonderful animals, never before known to naturalists, claiming them to be "Mountain Devils," obtained at considerable trouble and expense; and as "Mountain Devils" were exceedingly scarce and were said to be terribly ferocious, a corresponding price was charged and paid, on behalf of the Menagerie in this city. On seeing these ferocious creatures, however, Mr. Sangiovanni, the keeper of the Menagerie, observed that they were simply a pair of Wolverines, or the American Gutter!

If the terrific "monsters" said to be in Bear Lake were found to be a species of the seal tribe, the wonder would be reduced considerably. The Encyclopedia Britannica, vol. 14, page 161, asserts that seals prey chiefly on fish, and are extremely destructive to salmon; that the seal tribe are said to exist remote from the ocean in Siberian rivers, in the inland waters of Lake Baikal, and that some species of seal are thirty feet in length and eighteen feet in circumference. These, however, are the Elephant Seal, and are found only in the Southern Ocean; but there is a variety of seal found in the Northern Ocean called the Walrus, attaining the length of twenty feet. Now to capture salmon these creatures must possess great rapidity of motion in the water, which it is said these "monsters" have. On land, however, they are very slow, awkward and unyielding; hence would easily fall a prey to the hunter if found any distance from the water. One variety is called the "maned seal," or Sea Lion, because the male has long hair like a mane on the neck. This species, usually described as occurring at both extremities of the Pacific Ocean, "is distinguished by having external ears, and by the singular characteristic of having double cutting edges to the four intermediate incisors of the upper jaw; the external being small and simple. All the molars are simply conical; the toes of the fore paws are almost immovable, and the swimming membrane is prolonged in advance of the toes of the hinder extremities. All the claws are flat and slender."

The common Seal "is even said to occur in the Caspian Sea and the great fresh water lakes of Russia and Siberia; but this assertion requires to be confirmed by an exact comparison of species." Instructive lessons on the seal kind are found in Wilson's Third Reader, pages 169 to 179, to which the reader is referred, it being universally accessible to reference. If the question arise, how did these animals, or more properly, carnivorous mammalia get into Bear Lake, it may be replied, that they may have come originally from the ocean, which they probably could have done when the water was hundreds of feet higher than it is now, and were left there when it receded. That the waters were once so high the lines on the mountains surrounding leave no doubt.

The Indians describe these creatures as having short forelegs with feet or claws, and those who have seen them describe them as having a habit of flapping their heads up above the water, as seals do, hence little doubt remains that these "monsters" are simply a species of the seal tribe.

T. W. E.

Provo, Utah County.

Editor Desert Evening News:—Dear Sir, On Saturday last, the 26th inst., the 1st Regiment, under the command of Col. Nathan, assisted by Lieut. Col. Jos. E. Daniels, assembled on Temple Square at 8 o'clock a.m. From thence they took up the line of march for Camp Wells, where, upon arrival, each of the companies occupied the position assigned it, and engaged in target practice during the forenoon, improvement in the use of firearms being the object of the muster.

Some very fair shooting was done by each company, the old Silver Greys being by no means behind; but as we expect to give this branch of the service more attention than hitherto we hope to do better in future. Prizes were awarded the best shot in each company, which were won by the following: Col. Nuttall's staff, Lieut. Peter Stubbs; Capt. C. W. Haws' company, Israel Penrod; Capt. Peter Madsen's company, J. C. Nielsen; Capt. Jos. Cluff's company, Serrine Conrad; Capt. A. H. Noon's company, E. A. Newell; Capt. T. J. Patten's company, O. G. Workman; Capt. E. Holden's company, A. H. Bowen.

The camp, in the afternoon, was visited by Pres. A. O. Smoot, Gen. W. B. Pace, Col. A. F. McDonald, Lt. Col. Kinsey, Major Leetham, Judge Bean, G. Holladay, Esq., and others, when the regiment was thrown into column and firing by companies was performed with very good effect on Capt. Madsen's target. After which the regiment was addressed by Gen. Pace and Col. McDonald and Nuttall, when arrangements were made to establish a sabre school under Professor Martin.

The day passed off with pleasantness and good feeling, certain late movements in Congress in no wise detracting from the mirthfulness and hilarity usual on such occasions.

Very respectfully,
S. S. JONES, R. Adj't.

Special Notices.

FLATTERING TESTIMONIALS in favor of Burnett's Cocoa are plenty. It is pleasant to eat from childhood and the dryness caused by the wind and air, is remedied by the application of Burnett's Kallistion.

INCOMPARABLE.—No Cologne equals Burnett's—Washington Chronicle.
BURNETT'S FLOREXEL has the odor of a delightful bouquet. BURNETT'S Standard Preparations are endorsed by competent judges as possessing all the merit claimed for them.—Chicago Tribune.

"Fact worth Knowing."
From a careful and practical trial of Dooley's BAKING POWDER, it has been shown that the same quantity of the latter will produce in a cake of flour more than twice as much bread than where hop or brewers' yeast is used. This immense saving is worth considering by all housekeepers who desire to economize in their kitchen expenditures. DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER is for sale by all Grocers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

SATURDAY EVE, Apr. 2, 1870

AMY STONE

Begs to inform the Public that she has secured the THEATRE for

ONE NIGHT ONLY

She will be assisted by
H. F. STONE,
D. MCKENZIE,

J. C. Graham,
Mrs. A. Clawson,
And a full Dramatic Company.

The great Drama, in 5 Acts, of the

FEMALE GAMBLER

Or,

PLOT AND PASSION.

MARIE de FONTANGES, AMY STONE

After which

Mr. H. F. STONE

Will appear, for the First Time in this city, in his Protean Performance of the

ARMY AND NAVY DANCE!

To conclude with the Celebrated National Drama of

MIRALDA!

THE

Cigar Girl of Cuba!

Miralda Estalez, — AMY STONE

A Full and Efficient Orchestra under the direction of

Professor G. CARELESS.

The sale of tickets to commence on Friday at 11 a.m. d107-5

The New Millinery Establishment.

MRS. STENHOUSE

Begs to inform the Ladies that she has opened her

NEW MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

One Door North of

Hussey, Dahler & Co's Bank,

Where will be found a full assortment of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS

d107-3m

G. VENARD,

625 & 627 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

CHARTRES COFFEE!

First and originally manufactured and introduced by G. Venard in 1837.

Also manufacturer of all kinds of SPICES, of California Mustard and of pure Cream of Tartar.

The name of G. Venard's Chartres Coffee has spread all over the Pacific Coast; there is not a town or village where his Chartres Coffee is not known and used. Orders for his Coffee, Spices, Mustard and Cream of Tartar will be promptly attended to at prices which defy Chicago or any other eastern competition. d107-3m

NOTICE

ALL PERSONS interested in the 20th Ward WATER DITCH, are hereby notified to meet the Watermasters of the 20th, 12th and 9th Wards at their respective sections on said ditch on Wednesday the 30th inst. at 7 o'clock a.m., to clean out and make such improvements insofar as may be necessary. ISAAC GROO, City Watermaster. d105-3

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JOE SIMMONS, PROPRIETOR "REVERE HOUSE SALOON,"

Is receiving daily, Fresh Oysters direct from Baltimore. Also Fig's Feet, Calves' Tongues, Old English and Scotch Ale and Porter, Brown, Bennis & Co's celebrated Ale, Wagoner's Ale and Lager Beer, Golden Crown Cigars, Premium Fine Cut Tobacco; in fact, to speak seriously, you must call and see and taste for yourself. d107-4

NOTICE!

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to me are requested to make immediate settlement, and by so doing save me the unpleasant necessity of collecting the same. d101-1m EDWARD MARTIN.

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD!

RETURN tickets are good only on ACCOMMODATION TRAINS FIVE and SIX.

JOS. A. YOUNG, Sup't.

CHERRY TREES

Black Heart Cherries, White Heart Cherries, Red Cherries.

Of all the best Sweet kinds, very large and fine varieties, 5 to 7 ft high. For Sale Cheap.

ENGLISH CURRANTS.

Black, Red and White varieties.

1 year old, 75c per doz. 2 1/2 year old, 1.50 per doz.

GRAPE VINES!

Red, Yellow and Black colors, in unequalled variety and excellence.

T. W. ELERBECK, Near Union Square, Salt Lake City. d107-1 m 7

Z. C. M. I.

The Several Departments of this

Institution are now

COMPLETELY STOCKED!

And the PRICES are

LOWER THAN EVER

DRY GOODS

DEPARTMENT.

GROCERY

DEPARTMENT.

CLOTHING

DEPARTMENT.

DRUG

DEPARTMENT.

MACHINERY

And those who intend Ordering or Purchasing, would consult their own interest

BY CALLING EARLY!

PLOWS,

HARROW TEETH,

CULTIVATORS,

REAPERS,

MOWERS,

THRESHERS,

H. B. CLAWSON, Sup't. d95-14

SCANDINAVIAN STAR.

I AM authorized by Elder Jesse N. Smith to receive Subscriptions for the Scandinavian

ROBT. L. CAMPBELL, Historian's Office. d224-6

Utah Central Railroad

T. & W. TAYLOR

Have a choice lot of

CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, BLANKETS, ETC., ETC.

Which they offer on reasonable terms for orders properly drawn up on the Utah Central Railroad bond account. d106-1m

JOS. C. GRUBB & CO.

No. 712 Market Street, Philada.

Wholesale Dealers in every description of

FIRE-ARMS:

Materials for the same, and

SPORTSMEN'S ARTICLES GENERALLY

d100-1y

ZION'S

Co-operative Mercantile Institution

Has received from England, a consignment of very Choice Standard Literature, including

History, Biography, Science, Art, Architecture, Drawing, Music, Poetry and Novels.

The Books can be seen and Catalogues obtained at THE WAREHOUSE, west of

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

H. B. CLAWSON, Sup't. d95-2w

HOME MUSEUM

AND

MENAGERIE!

SALT LAKE CITY,

Half-a-block East of the "Deseret News" Office,

NOW OPEN

Every Day, except Sunday, from 9 to 5.

ADMISSION, 50c. CHILDREN, 10c.

—70—

FEDERAL TIME, 3 P.M.

People visiting Salt Lake City, should not neglect calling at the above establishment to see the finest collection of Rocky Mountain BEASTS and BIRDS ever exhibited.

Also a Cabinet of Fossils and Domestic CLOTHES and BELT, together with a fine collection of NATIVE MINERALS and natural productions of this Territory.

JOHN W. YOUNG, d107

Wanted! Wanted!

AT THE

MENAGERIE

SALT LAKE CITY,

For which I will pay the following prices:

One pair Mountain Lions, \$150

" " " Sheep, 80

" " " Gray Wolves, 20

" " " Lynx, 40

" " " Beavers, 20

" " " Otters, 30

" " " Silver Grey Foxes, 40

" " " Black Foxes, 50

" " " Weasels, 5

" " " Minks, 5

" " " Martins, 5

" " " Bald Eagles, 20

If the above are furnished by one party I will add \$5.

If any of the animals are injured, we can agree upon the damage, and deduct from the above prices.

d95-1m J. W. YOUNG.

U. C. R. R.

CONTRACTORS

AND

LABORERS!

In answer to several Communications

WE WILL PAY

From our Large Stock of Miscellaneous and Subscription Books

\$10.000

For U. C. R. R. Construction Orders at

FULL VALUE!

Now is the time to establish Public and Private