

make of the income. But now with the American dollars supplied by their wives this is no longer a necessity.

The Duke and Duchess of Roxburghe have had large shooting parties at Burghclough Lodge in Berwickshire, which includes Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goad.

MARSHALL FIELD'S DAUGHTER.

Captain and Mrs. David Beatty are staying at Invercauld. Mrs. Beatty was a daughter of the late Marshall Field. They are King Edward's nearest neighbors at Burghclough, and the king has entertained them to dinner at the castle and has also been their guest at a day's shooting at Invercauld.

Lord Willoughby de Eresby, who married Miss Kleinie Green, has taken over his own estate, Glenmarney in Perthshire, after an absence of some years.

SOME ENGLISH SPORTS.

A. H. Lee, M. P., who was a great Washington favorite when military attaché some years ago, has replaced S. Phipps in the shooting party at Invercauld. The Duke of Fife, Lord Marshall, has also been in the occupation of the American field. Lord Willoughby de Eresby shot 1,659 grouse, the world's record. As readers may remember, this is the man whose hobby it is to shoot wrens on the wing with a miniature rifle. The Prince of Wales has no record as yet, but he is conceded to be the third best shot in this country. He can shoot in any kind of position, but his favorite is to stand on the barrel with his left hand.

A LITTLE SALT HERE.

Earl de Grey holds a marvelous record—that of having four dead pheasants in the air at one time—fast shooting indeed considering that he had to give and take a gun from his basket in order to fire the four shots. Earl de Grey is the great friend of King Edward. He always stands behind the king and it is his mother's advice Earl de Grey accounds for the king's taste. His wife was the widow of the late Lord Lonsdale, the tallest woman in her day and the greatest beauty of England. She does not shoot but there are many other noted women in England who do.

WOMEN NOW TAKED.

There are in all 2,400 grouse moors in Scotland. This year but a tiny percentage are being shot over by Americans. So say the agents and it surprises them to say so. It is the rich Londoner who is doing the spending of money in Scotland this year. There are also a good many moors which have not yet been opened.

Grouse this year will cost the sportsman who is the host and footing the bill of each moor, anything between \$16 and \$20 a bird. The increased cost is due to the scarcity. When the season officially opened last month, grouse topped in the markets as high as \$4 apiece but are now down to \$2.

In the expenses must not alone count the cost of the moor. The Scotch moors bring in a rental of two and a half million dollars for the season of a few weeks. But in addition to one's rent of several thousand dollars there is the cost of establishment.

SPORT COMES HIGH.

With half-a-dozen guests who shoot there would be half-a-dozen or more servants. Then come automobiles, horses and traps, outdoor servants, the gamekeepers, the "gillies" or under-keepers, the beaters who are usually shepherds and their families at \$1.50 per day each and with 50 or 60 of the servants, we quickly run up costs the item of supplies. These in most cases have to be brought over the hills and glens on pony back 20 miles or more. In this way coal which should cost \$5 a ton mounts to \$25 before it is delivered.

Railway charges for transportation of the party, the horses, carriages and so on, is very high. One agent calculated it can be said that for a "stag" party the cost is six times the price of the rent. If ladies are included in the party then the cost is anything from ten times the rent upward.

The modern shoot is well named a "partie." It is a social and indeed an American resident of London, who ought to know, told me the other day that Americans after their first season at shooting in England become disgusted at the "sport" and that here lies the secret of the failure of Americans to spend their good dollars so lavishhly this shooting season.

LICENSED SLAUGHTERERS.

Nowadays in grouse shooting the gurus station themselves in three or four boats or turf shelters specially constructed here and there on the moors. Then the beaters drive the game to them. The pheasant shoots are even greater slaughters. The sportsman in the United States hunts the woods and shoots when he or his dogs flush it. In such cases there is no grand exercise and one is on the tip-toe of expectation all the time. But here the shot is given a station and pheasants, rabbits, hares, all manner of game are driven toward the guns. The shooting is fast and furious but at close quarters and the game is so thick that if anyone missed one shot he is almost bound to hit something else. From the American view-

point it is not sport but a licensed slaughter indulged in by only the rich.

ENGLISH CRACK SHOTS.

The crack shots of England, Earl de Grey, Lord Walmsley and the Prince of Wales, are really wonderful with the shotgun and the rifle, too. Yet those things are not the main interest in the American field. Lord Walmsley in one day shot 1,659 grouse, the world's record. As readers may remember, this is the man whose hobby it is to shoot wrens on the wing with a miniature rifle. The Prince of Wales has no record as yet, but he is conceded to be the third best shot in this country. He can shoot in any kind of position, but his favorite is to stand on the barrel with his left hand.

MATHONIHAIH THOMAS.

Has moved to Suite 502 Utah Savings & Trust Co. Bldg.

A CARD.

No name is so pleasant, regardless of the comforts that money will buy, as when the entire family is in perfect health. A bottle of Orme's Laxative Fruit Syrup costs 50 cents. It will cure every member of the family of constipation, sick headache or stomach trouble. For sale by F. J. Hill Drug Co. "The Never Substitutes."

TEST—Dame Maria Mulock Craik, English author, best known by her famous novel John Halifax, Gentleman? died in England; born there 1826.

1899—Boers began hostilities in South Africa by an attack on a British armored train near Mafeking.

1905—Josephine Shaw Lowell, well-known reformer and philanthropist, died in New York City; born 1842.

Henry E. Jones of Tampa, Fla., writes: "I read with great interest your article, due to Foley's Kidney Cure. I tried it and all kinds of kidney cures, but nothing done me much good till I took Foley's Kidney Cure. Four bottles cured me and have no more pain in my back and stomach than I ever had. I suffered long, but thanks to Foley's Kidney Cure I am well and can walk and enjoy myself. It is a pleasure to receive your paper and to be getting your medicines." For sale by F. J. Hill Drug Co. "The Never Substitutes."

Utah Wall Paper & Paint Co., Wall-paper, Paper Hanging, Painting. 54 Richards St. Ind. Phone 511.

SALT LAKE KNITTING WORKS.



The above half-tone shows the beautiful and artistic display of the Salt Lake Knitting Works which was awarded five gold medals and the cash prize for the best quality and display of all kinds of machine goods. This factor is the outgrowth of the Salt Lake Knitting Works, incorporated March 15, 1902, and the Western Knitting Company, which consolidated with the Salt Lake Knitting Works March 1, 1904.

The officers of the company are: Joseph F. Smith, President; John R. Winder, Vice President; Joseph R. Smith, Secretary; Joseph Nelson, Treasurer; J. H. Garrett, Manager. The Board of Directors are: Joseph F. Smith, John R. Winder, Anton H. Lund, William H. Smart, C. W. Nibley, Joseph Nelson, Thomas Hull.

They are the sole manufacturers of the well known Temple Brand and Prize Medal Brand garments, Rams Head Sweaters and Sego Lily Underwear, which is being sold by all progressive merchants throughout the intermountain region.

A long list of these merchants was conspicuously displayed in the exhibit room. Nearly all the Americans who have rented Scotch estates for the season have got both moor and stag deer forest. There are plenty of fallow deer but these are killed off by the crofters for they are greedy for young vegetation.

From the health report the best known sporting event seems both the shooting and deer stalking season this year will be failures if the viewpoint is taken of the output of American dollars. The fox-hunting season promises better things, for in England as well as in Ireland many noted Americans are negotiating for houses in the neighborhood of the crack packs of hounds.

RED DEER NEXT.

In a few weeks from now the grouse and black game and hares will be given rest and a chance to get fat again for future shooting. In the woods and shoots where he or his dogs flush it, in such cases there is no grand exercise and one is on the tip-toe of expectation all the time. But here the shot is given a station and pheasants, rabbits, hares, all manner of game are driven toward the guns. The shooting is fast and furious but at close quarters and the game is so thick that if anyone missed one shot he is almost bound to hit something else. From the American view-

A DISPLAY OF MERIT.



Mr. Carl Friedman head of the Parisian Tailor Company was among the lucky ones who received medals at the State Fair. In 1900 he was one of the only American tailors, out of many who received a diploma at the Paris Exposition.

Mr. Friedman is an experienced cutter and designer of inter-national reputation, having worked with Albert Mathews of Chicago, one of the best tailors in America and Mathews a noted London firm. Yearly he makes a trip to New York to study the latest art of tailoring and designing.

Although Mr. Friedman has been in business only one year in Salt Lake, he has already established a reputation among the best dressers, and caters that class of trade. He does his own designing and cutting at 26 East Second South.

The McCarty Hat Company whose display may be seen on the right is the only establishment in the State handling high grade hats for \$2.00. Being an exclusive hat dealer, Mr. McCarty tells us he is able to buy in large quantities and sell on a low margin. He has hat stores in several of the large cities of the country, as well as his establishment here on Second South.

MERIT WINS.



Above is a partial view of the exhibit of Startup Candy Co., of Provo, at the State fair. This extremely enterprising firm carried off the Gold medal and cash prizes for the Best Candies and fancy boxes. They also received special recognition on Chewing Gum, pure Marshmallows, Magnolias, Decorative confectionery, three color printing and embossing, all of which have heretofore been imported from the East or Europe. An extensively interesting feature of the Startup Candy Co.'s exhibit was hundreds of mail orders from most of the large cities of America, the buyers being large candy factories. Such recognition of merit in a Utah industry is certainly gratifying.

NEXT WEEK IN HISTORY.

OCTOBER 6.

877—Charles the Bald, king of France, died.

1470—Edward V of England born.

1773—Louis Philippe, King of the French in 1830-48, born at Paris; died 1850.

1821—Jenny Lind, later Minnie Goldschmidt, great singer, born in Stockholm, Sweden.

1839—Harriet Hosmer, sculptress, born at Watertown, Mass., ex-wife of Charles X, ex-king of France, died at Goritz, Syria.

1863—Frances Trevelyan, English author and mother of T. Adolphus and Anthony, died, born 1796.

1898—Rev. Dr. Cunningham Gode, noted as a Bible commentator, died in London, born 1823.

1905—Kingsley, choice of Nauvoo, noted for his friendship to America and opposition to the Boxer uprising of 1899, died at Nauvoo; born 1838.

OCTOBER 7.

929—Charles the Simple, king of France, died.

1290—Margaret, "Maid of Norway," died at Orkney while on her way to be crowned queen of Scotland, aged 7, the failure of royal succession caused great calamities.

1779—D'Estang and Lincoln repulsed, with terrible slaughter, in their attack upon Savannah; Count Pulaski, the Pole, mortally wounded.

1871—Beginning of the great Chicago fire.

1894—Andrew G. Curtis, war governor of Pennsylvania, died at Belfonte, Pa.; born 1817.

1895—William Wetmore Story, distinguished American sculptor and poet, died at Valdarno, Italy; born 1819.

1898—Blanche Willis Hazard (Von Teppen), American author of note, died in Munich, born 1847.

1904—Agreement between France and Spain providing for the French control of Morocco.

OCTOBER 8.

1672—Elizabeth Cromwell, widow of Oliver Cromwell, died at Norbury.

1793—John Hancock, statesman and "signer," died at Quincy, Mass., born 1737.

1838—Edmund Clarence Stedman, American poet, born in Hartford, Conn.

1857—Charles Fourier, famous Socialist, died at Paris.

1869—Franklin Pierce, fourteenth president, died at Concord, N. H.; born 1804.

1890—Gen. William Malone, a prominent Confederate veteran and ex-United States senator from Virginia, died at Washington; born 1823.

1897—Admiral John Brady Clift, U. S. N., retired, died in Washington; born 1814.

1905—John W. Dawson, noted Confederate leader in the Civil War and former United States senator from North Carolina, died at Winston-Salem, N. C., born 1828.

OCTOBER 9.

1643—Pope Clement XI died.

1853—Charles Louis傅Artois, afterward Charles X of France, born at Verneuilles; died 1856.

1879—Robert Edward Lee, distinguished

CACHE VALLEY CONDENSED MILK CO.



This company is now in its third year, with a factory capacity of 300 carloads or 135,000 cases per year. The output for 1907 will be about 150 carloads, or 92,000 cases. Satisfaction is always expressed by dealers as well as consumers of the Honey Suckle Brand of evaporated milk. It is the cook's delight and never disappoints. The cooked tastes and odors peculiar to other brands of milk are completely eliminated in the Honey Suckle Brand. In fact it is more like natural cream than any evaporated milk on the market.

It is guaranteed to comply to the national pure food law. Read what Herman Harms, state chemist, says of the milk:

Laboratorium of Herman Harms, Ph.G., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 27, 1907.

Cache Valley Condensed Milk Co., Logan, Utah.

Gentlemen: Replying to your favor of the 23rd inst., I respectfully submit herewith my results obtained in the analysis of the four (4) samples of "Honeysuckle Brand Evaporated Milk," received Sept. 25, 1907.

ANALYSIS.

Each Test represents the average of two determinations.

I. TOTAL SOLIDS.

| | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Sample No. 256..... | 27.17 per cent |
| Sample No. 257..... | 28.19 per cent |
| Sample No. 258..... | 28.06 per cent |
| Sample No. 259..... | 28.02 per cent |

REMARKS.

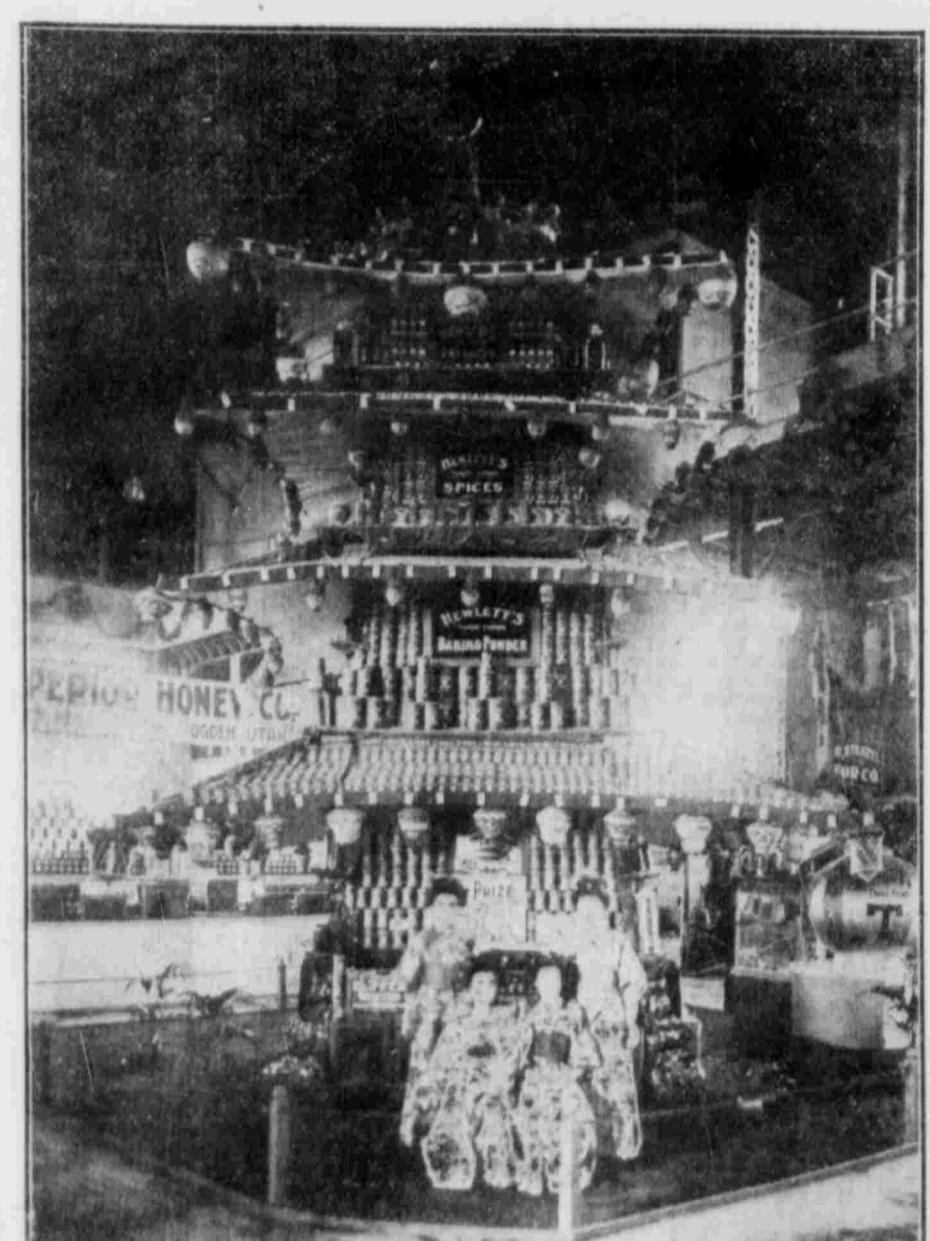
The appearance of the Milk in each can was uniform, smooth, rich and creamy. No separation whatever had taken place nor was any sediment present. Odor and taste were normal. No "cooked" odor could be perceived nor any difference in the consistency of the four samples.

e. The cans were all in a perfect condition.

Respectfully,

HERMAN HARMS.

In the present Fair the Honey Suckle milk was awarded a gold medal and M. & M. blue ribbon for best Evaporated Milk; also silver medal and \$25.00 cash prize for artistic display. In 1905 it won a gold medal.



The above cut shows the beautiful display of Hewlett Bros. Co. which was awarded the first prize at the State Fair for being the most artistic and beautiful display at the fair.

It represents a Japanese Pagoda and tea garden, and the design was brought from Japan by Mr. Frank J. Hewlett when he returned from his recent tea purchasing trip in the Orient.

The display is built entirely of Hewlett's Three Crown goods, several thousand packages of tea, coffee, baking powder, etc., being used in its construction. More than 200 electric lights were needed to light it.