

COLD WEATHER POSTPONES FLOOD

All Along Ohio River, Which Is Frozen, Conditions Are Favorable for a Rampage

WARM WAVE MEANS TERROR.

In Pennsylvania, Middle West and South Cold Is Something Fearful.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 30.—The coming of cold weather in Pittsburg and western Pennsylvania points has temporarily postponed here and at West Virginia and Ohio places, bordering the Ohio river, a destructive flood.

For a score of years conditions have not been so favorable for a rampage of the waters, notwithstanding that within the last few years many lives have been lost and millions of dollars worth of property destroyed by high water.

Tom Ohio river is practically frozen from this city to Cincinnati. Tributaries are in a similar state. Above here the Allegheny, Monongahela, Youghiogheny and other rivers, together with countless tributaries, are frozen, while the Christmas blizzard deposited from 10 to 15 inches of snow over the river territory.

The entire situation now hinges, for good or bad, on the weather. Warm weather and rain would mean a disastrous flood, while a cold wave would gradually little damage will result.

The indications are that warm weather is headed this people are dead from exposure in the cold wave that struck this city during the night.

PHILADELPHIA FROZEN UP.

Philadelphia, Dec. 30.—The arrival of a severe cold wave from the west last night destroyed all hope of the speedy clearing away of the immense blocks of snow left here from the record breaking fall of last week. The minimum temperature recorded today was 10 above zero and partially melting snow banks were converted into huge mounds of ice. All through the state severe cold weather is reported, the thermometer registering as low as 8 below.

ICE FROM SHORE TO SHORE.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 30.—Fast in the grasp of the coldest weather in years, Louisville, with several million bushels of Pittsburgh coal almost at its backdoor today faced a threatened coal shortage.

The Ohio river which has for two weeks been unpassable because of floating ice was today frozen almost from shore to shore for the first time in many years, and this condition, according to the river men, precludes the possibility of bringing the coal down the river for a week at least. The fuel is less than 12 miles away at the "pumpkin patch," the storage harbor in the effort to keep it open.

Over \$1,000,000 worth of river property is in jeopardy. The minimum temperature today was 3 below zero. The cold wave is the coldest of the winter. Much suffering is reported among the poor.

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COLD DELAYS TRAIN.

Columbus, O., Dec. 30.—The Cleveland, Akron & Columbus train from Cleveland arrived at this city late today, having been frozen up on the way. The heat-burners been frozen shortly after it pulled out of Cleveland.

During an effort to thaw out the pipes beneath the Pullman car the car caught fire and it was unmoored for a time, the breeze fanning the flames. The car was full of smoke in a short time and the passengers were panic-stricken.

The train was stopped and the passengers were transferred in their night clothes to another car. The crew finally succeeded in putting out the fire.

ICE IN THE CUMBERLAND.

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 30.—For the first time since 1893 the Cumberland river at this point is covered with a thick coating of ice. The government thermometer early today was 6 degrees above zero.

WARMER IN MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

Kansas City, Dec. 30.—An average rise in temperatures over the Mississippi valley of 15 degrees was shown in reports to the government bureau here today. At Omaha 10 degrees above zero was recorded; Des Moines, Iowa, 4 degrees above and Huron, S. D., reported 12 degrees above zero, a rise of 22 degrees from yesterday's lowest temperature.

Missouri, Oklahoma and Kansas temperatures of between 12 and 24 degrees above zero prevailed.

NEW YORK'S COLDEST DAY.

New York, Dec. 30.—New Yorkers awoke this morning to find the coldest day of the winter upon them. Six degrees above zero was registered by the official thermometer at 3 a. m. At 8 o'clock 7 degrees was recorded.

Many persons were overcome by the cold and the municipal lodging houses and police stations were crowded with persons seeking shelter.

Reports from northern, central and western New York show correspondingly severe weather.

FRANCE WAKING UP ON WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC

Paris, Dec. 30.—The Matin today declares that the finding of the United States immigration commission, which placed France first among the nations as an exporter of so-called white slave recruits constitutes a national disgrace, and appeals to the government to commence immediately pour parlers with Washington for the suppression of the traffic. The paper insists that France in reality is the most decent country on the globe and one where home-life and virtue are most beautifully exemplified; yet abroad and especially in America, scandalous French literature is circulated and the extent of the monstrous white slave trade has given her the reputation of being the center of depravity. Paris, the Matin says, is pictured as the modern Babylon and adds: "The government must intervene. It is a question of humanity and national honor."

Washington, Dec. 30.—The report of the immigration commission showing the nationality of the girls deals especially so far as nationality is concerned, with importations and trials in the courts.

It shows that of 82 women deported from New York on account of prostitution between Jan. 1, 1907, and Dec. 1, 1908, 46 were French, 13 Hebrews, 13 Germans and 10 Italians.

A table is also given showing the number of convictions in the New York city courts during the period from Nov. 15, 1908, to March 15, 1909, on account of soliciting on the streets and practicing prostitution. The total for the year was 2,992. Of this number 1,516 were native born and 581 were foreigners. Of the foreigners 164 were French and 225 Hebrews, the next largest number being 69 Germans.

Commenting on these facts, the commission expressed the opinion that the table did not show the real proportion of the races.

MUST RECOGNIZE THEIR UNION FIRST

Striking Shirtwaist Makers Are Willing to Compromise on a Reasonable Basis.

MEETING IN CARNEGIE HALL

One in Interest of Striking Girls Is Being Arranged for Sunday Night.

New York, Dec. 30.—While suggestions of compromise were thrown out today by the manufacturers, the thousands of young women shirtwaist makers who are putting up such a remarkable fight for the recognition of their union remained firm in their declaration that their essential point must be admitted.

"The girls are willing to compromise on a reasonable basis, but they will insist that their union be given recognition. They are satisfied that conditions would not be tolerable without a recognized organization to back them up when trouble came."

This was the declaration made today by one of the group of society women who have called to the support of the young strikers.

Mrs. Charles Beard, wife of Prof. Beard of Columbia university, is chairman of the committee of arrangements for a meeting in the interests of the strikers to be held in Carnegie hall Sunday night next. Alleged unfair treatment of girl pickets by certain city magistrates will be protested against at this meeting.

The employers have called a meeting for this afternoon to consider the situation and, it is reported, draw up a compromise proposition.

CONFLICTING STORIES ABOUT STRIKE IN BUTTE

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 30.—Conflicting stories about the status of the switchmen's strike in Butte, Mont., were exchanged here today by the union and railroad officials. A story from that place was published to the effect that a continuation of the cold snap to a much longer period must certainly have created a grave situation. The railroads have been doing everything in their power to relieve this condition, giving coal trains preference many times over passenger business.

Wherever news of an actual shortage has been reported on the Oregon Short Line, the locality needing the coal has been given a car of company coal pending the arrival of a new supply. The Short Line has eight or 10 trainloads of coal on the road from the Wyoming mines, and 12 cars are due to arrive in Salt Lake City today. On the Denver & Rio Grande, equal activity has been exerted to supply the needs of the state. As a matter of fact, however, it is said that only one company outside of the railroad has been shipping in any quantities of coal from the southern Utah coal beds, some of the independent companies, according to rumor, shipping their product to Nevada where higher prices are to be obtained than those prevailing here.

The dealers have taken all kinds of coal shipments, mostly run of mine quality, which includes lump, nut and slack all mixed together, necessitating the screening of the fuel before it could be delivered on commercial orders.

LOOKING AFTER THE HEALTH OF THE INDIANS

Commissioner Recommends a Medical Corps for Them With Headquarters at Salt Lake City.

(Special to The News.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 30.—The commissioner of Indian affairs in his annual report says: "In order to handle successfully many problems of sanitation and those arising from epidemics and diseases to which Indians are peculiarly susceptible such as pneumonia, consumption and trachoma, legislation appropriating a sufficient sum for the establishment of a medical corps should be enacted. It would be desirable to locate the chief medical officer at Salt Lake City with district physicians under him scattered throughout the agency, who should co-operate with general physicians in establishing uniform rules and regulations in line with the best and most advanced medical knowledge."

TRADERS' LIVESTOCK EXCHANGE IS A TRUST

Kansas City, Dec. 30.—Judge L. C. True of the district court in Kansas City, Kan., today declared that the "Traders' Livestock Exchange association, operating at the Kansas City stock yards, was a trust, the method of which violated the Kansas anti-trust law. He ordered the association dissolved in rendering a decision in a suit brought against the association by the attorney general of Kansas.

The "Traders' Livestock Exchange association is composed of 135 members who deal principally in stock and feeders, cattle not fat enough for slaughter.

SCORE OF PERSONS INJURED IN TENEMENT FIRE

New York, Dec. 30.—More than a score of persons were injured, five of them possibly fatally, at a fire which swept a big double tenement on Belmont avenue, East New York, today. Six of the injured were firemen, who were overcome by smoke and hurt in aiding imperiled people in the blazing structure.

Some of the tenants escaped to the adjoining buildings, but when the firemen reached the scene the fire spread and the upper windows were crowded with panic-stricken people ready to jump. All were deterred and rescued by ladders except one woman who jumped from a second story window and was badly injured.

In one room a family of five foreigners was found unconscious and carried to safety by firemen. A dozen persons were taken to hospitals suffering from smoke inhalation and burns.

THE "COW GIRL" DEAD.

Ponca City, Okla., Dec. 30.—Mrs. E. J. Milhan, known throughout the country in wild west shows as the "cow girl," died here today from injuries suffered late yesterday. She was riding for a moving picture concern when her horse fell upon her.

Mrs. Milhan lived in New York and was 28 years of age.

SATOLLI FAILING RAPIDLY.

Rome, Dec. 30.—Cardinal Satolli, who is suffering from nephritis, was reported to be failing rapidly today. Life was being prolonged only by the administration of oxygen.

ROMANTIC STORY ABOUT COL. GORDON IS DENIED

Washington, Dec. 29.—Specific denial is made at the war department of a story published that a reward of \$10,000 had been offered for the capture of Col. James Gordon, who will succeed the late Senator McLaughlin of Mississippi for alleged participation in the conspiracy to kill President Lincoln.

Records of the war department contain all notices of rewards offered in connection with the assassination of Lincoln, but nowhere is the name of Col. Gordon found.

ACCIDENT QUEEN WANTED FOR DEFRAUDING

Vancouver, Wash., Dec. 30.—Mrs. Mary M. Johnson, alleged by railroads to be the accident queen who was brought here from Portland, where she was recently acquitted of a charge of defrauding the Northern Pacific Railroad company. The railroad asserts that a person who collected \$1,500 for a spurious ankle was in reality Mrs. Johnson.

RELIEF PROMISED FROM COLD SNAP

Weather Bureau Comes to Relief Of Frost-Gripped Community.

HIGH PRESSURE MOVING OFF

Coal Situation to be Relieved by Coming Storm—Railroads Doing Everything Possible.

After 20 consecutive days of almost zero weather, during which water taps have frozen, kitchens have been flooded, the plumbers kept working overtime and the coal bins over the entire city have been scraped clean, the "weather sharp" located in the top floor of this Boston building comes to the rescue of a frost-wracked city with the welcome intelligence that the cold spell is about to be broken, and that at as early a period as tonight the hoary hand of winter must for a time, at least, relax his hold and go "away back and sit down." This pleasing intelligence is conveyed to the weather man from two sources, namely his barometer and news from the northwest.

In the northwest a big storm is now doing its worst, and points directly toward Salt Lake as the next port of call. This, with the barometric indications mentioned, shows that the high pressure which has prevailed for 20 days in the intermountain country must move on, and while the portion of this section will be storms, yet the cold weather cannot last under its influence, and the trouble with the water pipes and the terrors of empty coal bins will be lessened.

COAL SITUATION.

The coal situation has really been the cause of much apprehension, and while no real suffering has been heard of, a continuation of the cold snap to a much longer period must certainly have created a grave situation. The railroads have been doing everything in their power to relieve this condition, giving coal trains preference many times over passenger business.

Wherever news of an actual shortage has been reported on the Oregon Short Line, the locality needing the coal has been given a car of company coal pending the arrival of a new supply. The Short Line has eight or 10 trainloads of coal on the road from the Wyoming mines, and 12 cars are due to arrive in Salt Lake City today. On the Denver & Rio Grande, equal activity has been exerted to supply the needs of the state. As a matter of fact, however, it is said that only one company outside of the railroad has been shipping in any quantities of coal from the southern Utah coal beds, some of the independent companies, according to rumor, shipping their product to Nevada where higher prices are to be obtained than those prevailing here.

The dealers have taken all kinds of coal shipments, mostly run of mine quality, which includes lump, nut and slack all mixed together, necessitating the screening of the fuel before it could be delivered on commercial orders.

LONGEST COLD SNAP.

The last 20 days, according to the weather bureau, has been the longest single period of protracted cold in the history of the city, records of which have been kept since 1874. And the announcement of a coming warm wave will be hailed with delight by all the inhabitants of the intermountain country.

TO RECEIVE REPORT ON ROCK ISLAND EPISODE

New York, Dec. 30.—A special meeting of the governing committee of the stock exchange will be held today to receive the report of the committee of three appointed to inquire into the Rock Island episode of Monday. It is not expected, however, the findings will be made public today, the intimation being that full consideration of the report will not be taken up until next week.

MR. LAUDER NOT TO APPEAR AT TABERNACLE

The Deseret News is authorized to state that the concert announced by the Harry Lauder Co. to be given in the tabernacle on Jan. 5, will not occur there. The arrangement was originally made under a misapprehension as to the character of the entertainment.

As soon as the news reached the theaters, that Mr. Lauder would not appear in the tabernacle, there was a scramble to see whether he could be accommodated in one of the regular houses. The theater, of course, could not book him, as its contracts made in the east strictly bar vaudeville performers. Mr. Lauder is managed by William Morris, who is to Martin Beck what the Shuberts are to the Theatrical syndicate, and there was no hope at the Orpheum even had there been a night to spare. The Shuberts are anxious to give the date to Mr. Lauder, but his representative wanted a larger auditorium. A message is hourly expected from Mr. Morris' manager in San Francisco, as to whether the Shuberts stage will be utilized for Mr. Lauder, or whether the town will be given the "go-by."

INJUNCTION IS MADE PERMANENT

Judge M. L. Ritchie Enters Order In Action Against Plumbers' Union.

EVIDENCE IS REVIEWED

Court Is of the Opinion That Union Officials Cannot Control Members—First Case in Utah.

Judge Morris L. Ritchie in the Third district court today entered an order making permanent the temporary injunction issued some time ago restraining members of local union No. 19, United Association of Journeymen Plumbers from appearing and remaining in the immediate vicinity of work being done by plumbers not involved in the existing strike. The order was made in concluding the action brought by the Will Rees Plumbing company, representing the master plumbers, against the union specified above. The hearing in the case was concluded some time ago after court sessions lasting over several days. This is the first action of the kind in Utah.

The journeymen plumbers went on strike July 27 of the present year, after having been denied by the master plumbers a demand for wages above the scale in effect for some time prior to the strike order, the scale demanded being at the rate of \$5.20 for an eight-hour day. Following acts of violence in which plumbing work was destroyed after being placed in buildings, an action was brought seeking a restraining order. A temporary order was issued and upon an order to show cause why the order should not be made permanent the proceedings were had which brought out the evidence.

Judge Ritchie in reviewing the case states in his decision that the moral effect of the issuance of the temporary order was salutary, that soon after the order was made the acts of violence ceased. That the order should be made permanent seemed only just to the masters. The decision relates that the evidence showed that the leaders of the union were powerless to control the members of the union and that specific acts of acts of violence were attributed to John J. O'Connor, John Walsh and James Clark, members of the striking unions, in acts of violence against the master plumbers and men working in their employ during the strike. The order is made permanent during the strike and the termination of the contest will operate to dissolve the order.

THREE COASTERS CRASH INTO POLE

Girls Cut and Bruised in Accident on Hill in Eastern Part of The City.

Three little girls had a narrow escape from death Wednesday afternoon on the hill at Eleventh East and Second South. That they escaped with nothing more serious than a bad shaking up, a few cuts and bruises, borders on the miraculous. The children are Flora, aged 8 years, and Elmina, aged 11 years, daughters of Mrs. B. S. Amussen of 1132 East Second South street, and Vee Cameron, a daughter of David Cameron, 212 south Eleventh east.

The three girls were coasting down Second South street on a big flexible, but had made the trip several times without mishap, but finally something went wrong with the steering gear and the sled crashed into a big pole. The three girls were hurled onto the icy street with great violence and the sled was demolished. Fortunately, however, the coasters did not collide with the pole, but the shock was so great the girls were stunned and rendered, for the time being, helpless.

Others on the hill hastened to their rescue and the little ones were taken to their homes. The Cameron girl was badly shaken, but otherwise uninjured. The Amussen girls were quite badly bruised and cut. Dr. C. M. Bester was summoned to attend the latter and pronounced their injuries not serious. No bones were broken and the children will recover in a short time.

ZELAYA PAYS PREST. DIAZ A VISIT

Mexico City, Dec. 30.—Former President Zelaya of Nicaragua, who has found refuge in this republic, called upon President Diaz at the national palace today. Zelaya said the object of his visit was to express his thanks for the courtesies he had received from officials of Mexico. There was little ceremony.

PHYSICIAN RECEIVES LETTER FROM DR. COOK

Montreal, Dec. 30.—A physician who claims to be a personal friend of Dr. Cook, but who refuses to allow his name to be made public, said yesterday that he had received a letter from the missing explorer, who, he says, is at a camp owned by George Rowley of Laurette Inn, Lake St. John district. Dr. Cook, he said, was in excellent health and intended to head away from civilization until the polar controversy was straightened out.

INDIANA JUDGE GRANTS DIVORCE FOR FIVE YEARS

Chicago, Dec. 30.—What was dubbed a "trial divorce" by Chicago lawyers was granted at Hammond, Ind., yesterday, by Judge V. S. Richter. In the Lake county superior court. Some of the attorneys who learned of the unusual divorce declared the court had no precedent for his action and that the restrictions imposed could not be held to be binding under the laws of Indiana.

Judge Richter termed his new form of separation a limited divorce. By the terms of the decree Mr. and Mrs. William Wobser are divorced for five years, after which they may live together if they desire. If, in the meantime, they wish to re-wed, they will be unable to do so.

The question arises whether if, during the five year period, the couple should go outside of the state and re-wed and then decide to get a divorce again after the expiration of the period they would have in fact set two divorces to be legally separated.

REED INSTITUTE, PORTLAND.

Prof. J. H. Tufts of Chicago University May Accept Presidency.

WHAT CHICAGO PAYS FOR POLICEMEN'S FARES

Chicago, Dec. 30.—Chicago pays, in round figures, \$50,000 a year for street car fares of policemen who do not wear uniforms.

Fifty thousand dollars means one million rides and there are practically 1,200 "plain clothes men." On the basis of 200 working days in a year, each man gets about three rides a day at the expense of the city.

When Chief Stewart was asked about the item yesterday, he admitted that it was a good deal of luxury for the city to indulge in.

"But then the city gets 55 per cent back so it isn't so bad," he said.

PROMINENT ENGLISHMAN WOUNDED IN DUEL IN FRANCE

London, Dec. 30.—A special News telegram last night from Paris corresponded to the Express says a prominent Englishman who has been reported there as seriously ill, was, according to a rumor, engaged in a duel Monday, in which he was seriously wounded. The affair is being guarded with the utmost secrecy, but it is stated on what seems to be excellent authority and upon an order to show cause why the man should not be made permanent the proceedings were had which brought out the evidence.

Judge Ritchie in reviewing the case states in his decision that the moral effect of the issuance of the temporary order was salutary, that soon after the order was made the acts of violence ceased. That the order should be made permanent seemed only just to the masters. The decision relates that the evidence showed that the leaders of the union were powerless to control the members of the union and that specific acts of acts of violence were attributed to John J. O'Connor, John Walsh and James Clark, members of the striking unions, in acts of violence against the master plumbers and men working in their employ during the strike. The order is made permanent during the strike and the termination of the contest will operate to dissolve the order.

FEDERAL OFFICIALS AFTER CHICAGO MILK DEALERS

Chicago, Dec. 30.—Government officials are investigating the recent action of Chicago milk dealers in raising the retail price of milk from 7 to 8 cents a quart, and are endeavoring to get a price according to authorities.

The investigation is said to be going on in connection with similar action in New York.

Dis. Atty. Sims would neither deny nor affirm the statement. He said:

"You can quote me as saying that if the milk situation in Chicago has anything to do with interstate commerce, the government certainly will investigate."

NELSON THINKS WOLGAST IS AFRAID

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 30.—Battling Nelson, light weight champion pugilist, said today that if Wolgast was not fighting him before Hester's club in San Francisco, there would be no fight.

"Look to me as I fear him is a bit afraid," said Nelson. "Wolgast's excuse of not being able to hold the 6-round fight is all bluff. I have ascertained from Hester that he has obtained permission to hold a long battle in 'Frisco and I'll take his word for it."

TWO FEVERS.

Inoculations Show Rocky Mountain Spotted and Typhus Not Same.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Results of recent experiments with guinea pigs inoculated with the non-identity of the Rocky mountain spotted fever and the typhus fever, have been confirmed, announces the public health and marine hospital services in a report just issued. The experiments were made by Director John F. Anderson of the hygienic laboratory and Past Assistant Surgeon General George W. Henshaw of the public health and marine hospital service. The report states that sufficient time has now elapsed since the inoculation, which showed a non-identity of the two fevers, to confirm the results reported with guinea pigs.

TO DYKE THE WILLAMETTE NEAR SALEM, OREGON

Salem, Or., Dec. 30.—Governmental aid will be asked to keep Salem a riparian town as the Willamette river is threatening to desert its present course for one a half mile away. U. S. Sea engineers have recommended dyking the river in its present place as the only remedy and the Oregon delegation will be asked to secure the necessary funds.

G. A. R. MEMORIAL HALL.

Peoria, Ill., Dec. 30.—The only memorial hall ever erected for the exclusive use of the Grand Army of the Republic by public subscription will be dedicated tonight. It was through the contribution of \$50,000 by J. B. Greenhut of New York that the culmination of the project was possible. Mr. Greenhut arrived here yesterday and will preside over the ceremonies. The structure cost \$25,000.

ENTOMBED MINER RESCUED ALIVE BUT UNCONSCIOUS

McAlester, Okla., Dec. 30.—After having been entombed 28 hours in a smoke-filled cut of the Bolen-Darnell company's coal mine, Supt. John Brown was rescued alive but unconscious this morning. Had his rescuers failed to reach him Brown would surely have died within another hour. As it is, his condition is serious.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA. ADOPTS PROHIBITION LAW

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 30.—The city council of Birmingham adopted the state-wide prohibition laws as regular city ordinances. Heretofore the city has acted in accordance with the state law, but it is now a matter of supreme court annulment all convictions.

MOST UNUSUAL JOURNEY.

Brookhaven, Miss., Dec. 30.—One of the most unusual journeys on record was accomplished on the arrival here today of T. J. and Jesse Gatts. In a covered wagon they traveled from Brookhaven to Seattle to attend the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. They returned in the same manner.

RECOGNITION OF MADRIZ REGIME

By Mexico Without Consulting Washington Government Would Surprise State Department.

GOVERNOR CREEL ON ZELAYA.

Declares His Resignation Has Ended Many Difficulties and Prevented Anarchy.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Much speculation was current today in official and diplomatic circles here concerning the probable action of Central American republics in the recognition of the Madriz government at Managua. The state department thus far has received no official information of such recognition by the Latin-American country. It is an open secret that the American state department would be surprised to learn that Mexico had recognized President Madriz without having previously consulted the United States. Zelaya's influence in Honduras has been such that the recognition of the Madriz government by that country would seem quite natural in the view of diplomats here.

The intense desire of Costa Rica for peace at any price, it is said, might lead that nation to wish for a settlement of the disturbed state of Nicaraguan affairs at the earliest possible moment, and for that reason it is believed it would lend its influence in giving stability to the Madriz government by recognizing its authority should such movement be started by any of the Central American republics.

Official information that Gen. Toledo, who is supposed to be in possession of arms distributed by Zelaya before his departure, is at Managua directing military operations in that country of minister of war, was received at the state department today.

GOV. CREEL ON ZELAYA.

Enrique Creel of Chihuahua, special envoy from Mexico to the United States in the Nicaraguan affair, gave the Associated Press today a statement regarding his mission to that country. Gov. Creel declared that he had accomplished his task with gratifying results.

The resignation of Zelaya and the succession of President Madriz has ended many difficulties and prevented anarchy, he declared, and peace and patriotism were now finding their way on both sides in Nicaragua. The granting of asylum for Zelaya by Mexico, said Governor Creel, was in no sense an act of unfriendliness to the United States.

The asylum granted by Mexico to ex-President Zelaya was in accordance with the law of nations and under no consideration unfriendly to the United States," said Governor Creel.

The election by the national congress of Dr. Jose Madriz as provisional president of Nicaragua was a happy event because it prevented anarchy, a second revolution and wrangling, and it was in accordance with the elements of peace and the patriotism of the Nicaraguans are finding their way on both sides.

"So far as Mexico is concerned, the policy of my government, always friendly to the United States, has been well understood and appreciated by President Taft and Secretary Knox. They have both been kind enough to congratulate me. The peace and order of Mexico will continue acting and co-operating in full accord to consolidate peace in Central America, to give solid consistency to the revolution of 1907, and to develop a feeling of high respect to the international court of Cartago."

Gov. Creel was here for home immediately after Jan. 1.

EARL PERCY'S DEATH GIVES RISE TO RUMORS

London, Dec. 30.—Word is received here of the death of Earl Percy, formerly under secretary of state for foreign affairs.

According to the family, death was due to complications following an attack of pneumonia. It is widely reported here, however, that the earl's fatal illness followed wounds sustained in a duel with a prostatesor invention. The physicians state that death was due to heart failure following an inflammation of the lungs.

HOW MUCH ALIMONY WILL MRS. BROKAW GET?

New York, Dec. 30.—In the estimation of those who have closely followed the case, the Brokaw separation suit had simmered down today to a question of the alimony to be awarded to Mrs. Brokaw.

The attitude assumed by W. Gould Brokaw's attorneys in court was generally interpreted as indicating they considered themselves beaten on their main case and were concentrating their energies on a fight to keep the alimony award down to what their client considers a reasonable figure.

The case is expected to be decided by the statement of Mr. Brokaw's financial position, which the court has ordered. It is expected that the statement should, however, the statement fail to show an income approximating the estimates of Mrs. Brokaw's attorneys, the case will be thrown back to the jury to determine the amount of alimony to be awarded.

The defendant inherited \$4,500,000 from his father four years ago and while it is conceded inroads have been made in the estate, Mrs. Brokaw's lawyers contend her husband is amply able to pay the \$30,000 yearly alimony which she demands.