

GET-RICH-QUICK RYAN ARRESTED.

Warrant Charges the Larceny of
Eight Hundred Thousand
Dollars.

FOUR INDICTMENTS WERE FOUND

Three Charge Grand Larceny and the
Other Charges Embezzlement.

New York, July 26.—John J. Ryan, owner of race horses, was arrested at the Brighton Beach race track this afternoon on a warrant charging the larceny of \$800,000 by means of an alleged get-rich-quick scheme, of which it is alleged Ryan was at the head. The warrant for Ryan's arrest was executed in St. Louis. The arrest was made by a central office detective, who was accompanied by a St. Louis detective and George Fickelson, assistant to circuit attorney Folk of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., July 26.—Now indictments have been found against John J. Ryan, operator of an alleged get-rich-quick race concern, and Lumpkin A. Gill, manager of the Arnold company, by the grand jury which has recently returned indictments against the men in question.

There are seven of the new indictments. Four are against Ryan, three charging grand larceny and one charging embezzlement; and three against Gill, two charging grand larceny and one charging embezzlement.

It is stated that the charges are similar to those returned some months ago and thrown out of court on a demurrer. It was then held by the court that Ryan, the only defendant who was tried, was acting as a trustee for the defendants and not subject to indictment for embezzlement. When this ruling was made the cases against Gill and Arnold were discontinued.

Since then Mr. Folk and his assistants have been conducting a systematic and thorough search of the statutes for a means by which an indictment could be drawn that would withstand the technical objection of the defense, and they believe that they have found the way.

Japs Lost Heavily.

Mukden, July 26.—The latest reports received here are to the effect that the Russians, with about 100 guns in action in the Ta Tehe Kiao engagement, inflicted serious losses on the Japanese and destroyed many of their guns. The Japanese attack on the center of the Russian position was repulsed, but the Russians were ordered to retire and occupy the heights five miles north of the Ta Tehe Kiao. This movement was carried out in good order.

Warships Need Repairs.

Chefoo, July 27.—A Chinaman who has arrived from Port Arthur reports that the Japanese war vessels before that port are in bad condition owing to long service and lack of opportunity for making repairs. Many of their larger guns are all but out of commission. The repairs to the Russian fleet have been completed, and the Russian officers are expected to leave Vladivostok squadron to arrive there.

A FIGHT FOR LIFE.

Two Prize Bulls Attack a Man
In a Box Car.

Syracuse, N. Y., July 27.—Eugene Mills, an employee of a stock farm near this city, has had a hard fight for life with two prize bulls, and only for the timely arrival of his employer, would have been killed.

The animals were in a box car preparatory to being shipped to the St. Louis exposition, and Mills attempted to tighten the rope on one of them. The bull made a rush at the man, and, striking him in the chest, knocked him down. Scrambling to his feet, he tried to escape, but was met by the other animal.

Mills was again knocked down and would have been gored to death had not his employer, hearing the commotion and cries, come to the rescue. He beat off the maddened animals and dragged the man from the car. A physician found that Mills was badly hurt, and the head and probably internally injured.

ON A RAMPAGE.

Madman Frightens a Child to
Death, Creates Scene of Terror.

Philadelphia, July 27.—Seized with a fit Joseph Heiser went on a rampage through Andalusia, on the Bristol Pike.

For Pain Take a Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pill, and the Pain will disappear Like Magic.

Not by paralyzing the nerves and glands, like opium, morphine, cocaine, and other dangerous drugs, but by increasing the natural secretions. This action is obtained as a result of modern discoveries in medicine, making it possible to relieve pain without bad after-effects.

You can safely depend upon Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills to relieve and cure such pains as Neuralgia, Headache, Stomachache, Menstrual Pains, Rheumatism, Backache, Toothache, etc.

They will also, by their calming action on the nerves, almost instantly relieve such distressing feelings as Dizziness, Car-Sickness, Indigestion, Irritability, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, etc.

Not merely do they relieve, but they absolutely cure, because by persevering in their use, you do away with the cause.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are guaranteed that first package will benefit, or your money back. Never sold in bulk. I am thankful for the good Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills have done for me. Ever since the war and had been suffering from severe throbbing headache, caused by colds, and a few years ago I began taking Anti-Pain Pills, the relief, remedy, that ever gave me relief. Since then I have not had a bad attack, because I take a few and overcome the difficulty. —GEO. F. BARNES, Greenburg, Ind.

FREE Write to us for Free Trial Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy. We will send you a box of our Anti-Pain Pills, and you will know how to use them. Write to Dr. Miles' Laboratories, Elkhart, Ind.

Nervous?

Easily discouraged? Things look dark? Can't sleep well? Restless and worn out? "Nervous exhaustion," your doctor says. Ask him if he knows of a better nerve- tonic than Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Sixty years of success.

One great cause of nervousness is constipation. Impurities that should be removed from the system are absorbed into it. One of Ayer's Pills each night, just one, will keep the liver and bowels in a healthy condition.

25 cents. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

He frightened a little girl to death, terrorized the barroom of the Red Lion Inn, smashed furniture at his home, and ended by throttling a motorman on a passing trolley car, who finally succeeded in overpowering Heiser and turned him over to the police.

Six-year-old Marian Rankin was the victim of Heiser's dementia. The child had been studying in the room of Heiser and she fled in fright to her mother whenever she saw him. When Heiser, waving his arms wildly in the air and screaming at the top of his voice, ran toward her in front of the Rankin home, the little girl started to escape from him, but before she had gone a dozen feet she was overcome with terror and fell unconscious in the roadway. She died a few moments afterward.

CONVENTION OF COMMERCIAL LAW LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

West Baden, Ind., July 26.—The tenth annual convention of the Commercial Law League of America began here today. The annual address of President Siddons of Washington, D. C., opened the first session.

President F. L. Siddons, of Washington, D. C., in his report, said: "We can render no more substantial service to our constituency than to engage in an effort to require the federal and state governments to be more careful in the management of so-called 'liberal' corporations. Such a service does not require that we should assume an antagonistic position toward the tendency toward corporatism growth, but we should insist upon a rigid supervision of the organization and conduct of corporations, not only in the states or territories where they are organized, but in those where they seek to engage in business."

Secy. Riehl's report showed a large increase in membership. Mr. H. L. Wilgus, of the law department of the University of Michigan, declared that he believed the question "should there be a federal incorporation law?" He said in part:

"Such a law would be beneficial to the business interests of the country, and such a law is necessary to the proper regulation of interstate commerce. I believe, further, that the federal government has the power to enact such a law without conflict with the constitution, and that such policy would not only be a wise one, but one in complete accord with the fundamental ideas of our government."

Empress Hospital Train.

Mukden, July 26 (delayed).—The empress hospital train passed through Mukden today, bearing 314 men, who were wounded in yesterday's fight at Ta Tehe Kiao. The train, which was mainly an artillery depot, according to the statements of men on board, commenced at 6 o'clock in the morning, and was still going on at 11 o'clock at night, when the train left. The Russians were then maintaining their positions, about seven miles south of Ta Tehe Kiao.

It is understood that the battle will be continued today. The result of the fight thus far is not known here. A recent dispatch from the Japanese reported to be moving in the direction of Benitzua, 40 miles east of Yanta station and towards Sintsinsin. If this is true it indicates the intention of the Japanese to try to turn the Russian position at Liao Yang from the direction of Mukden.

Belgian Bishop Murdered.

Peking, July 26.—No details have yet been received here of the recent murder by Chinese near Ichang, in the province of Hupeh, of the Belgian bishop, Monsignor Verhaegen, his brother, the Rev. Theotimus Verhaegen. It is not supposed that these acts were connected with Boxerism, but rather that they were the result of local riots. A recent dispatch from Shanghai said that 200 Chinese soldiers had been sent from Ichang to the scene of this outrage. This dispatch said also that these murders had occurred near Singanfu.

Bulgarians Are Slaughtered.

Salonica, July 26.—On Sunday last a detachment of troops of the Kumanovo army, consisting of 52 men, who were setting fire to the granaries. Two of the band escaped.

Call to Republican Leagues.

Washington, July 26.—J. Hampton Moore of Philadelphia, president of the National Republican League, has issued a call to all Republican state and territorial leagues, delegating and alternate members of Republican clubs throughout the United States to assemble in regular biennial convention at Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 5 and 6, 1904. Secy. Leslie M. Shaw will be among the speakers.

Admiral H. G. Taylor Dead.

Sudbury, Ont., July 26.—Rear Admiral H. G. Taylor of the United States navy, who commanded the Indiana at the battle of Manila, died at Cooper's Cliff general hospital at 3:15 tonight of peritonitis.

IRRIGATION CONGRESS.

Hall for its Accommodation to Be Built in El Paso.

El Paso, Tex., July 26.—The executive committee of the Southwestern Irrigation association at its last meeting adopted the contract for the construction of a convention hall capable of seating more than 3,000 delegates, who will arrive here in November to attend the annual convention of the National Irrigation congress. The building is to be completed by Oct. 1, after which it will be decorated and furnished in readiness for the convention.

Earnings of Steel Trust.

New York, July 26.—The directors of the United States Steel corporation at its regular meeting today declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent on the preferred stock. The net earnings for the quarter ended June 30, were \$15,490,725. The resignation of Charles M. Schwab as a director was accepted and Thomas Morrison of Pittsburgh was selected to take Mr. Schwab's place on the board. The earnings for the quarter ended June 30, show a decrease of \$1,151,583, as compared with the same quarter last year, and an increase of \$6,181,583, as compared with the quarter ended March 31, 1904.

RIGHT TO SINK NEUTRAL VESSELS

Russia Maintains It When Papers Show They Are Clearly Confiscatable.

ENGLISH MUCH WROUGHT UP.

Deny Existence of Such a Right—Position of United States is Plainly Defined.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—While entirely without advice regarding the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the British steamer Knight Commander, Russia, the Associated Press is informed at the foreign office, maintains the right of her warships to sink a neutral vessel carrying contraband when her papers show that she is clearly confiscatable, and when circumstances render it impossible or too dangerous to attempt to get her to a home port, and in such cases liability for damages to the value of the ship is not admitted.

ENGLISH MUCH EXERCISED.

London, July 26.—The British government is taking energetic action relative to the sinking of the British steamship Knight Commander, states the Vladivostok squadron. All information received by the government tends to establish in the official mind the belief that an outrage has been committed for which no excuse exists in international law. Those aware of the feelings of the ministry said tonight that all the members of the cabinet are in accord regarding the principles of the inviolability of neutral shipping, as well as upon the principle that a neutral ship cannot be destroyed even if carrying coal.

Commands which will be made on the Russian government will include compensation to the owners of the ship and to the owners of the goods on board the Knight Commander; an apology for the action of the Russian navy; and an agreement that instructions shall be given which will prevent a repetition of such action.

British shipowners are up in arms over the danger which shipping is now in. The complement of his squadron is running and are bombarding the government with representations looking to the thorough protection of their interests.

Arthur Cohen, one of the counsel for the British government in the Alabama claims arbitration case, now a judge and standing counsel for the University of Cambridge, said to the Associated Press: "It is scandalous that this reckless seizure and destruction of neutral shipping by Russian vessels. The sinking of the Knight Commander was totally illegal. Wheaton, in his work on international law, says explicitly if the prize is a neutral ship no circumstances will justify her destruction before condemnation; that if the vessel is destroyed full compensation must be given to her owner, but that the owners of coal on board the ship, if any, have no substantial ground for complaint, because the destruction of the vessel does not injure the prize, the owners of the coal on board the cargo would consequently suffer no loss by the sinking of the ship. Owners of neutral goods on ships are entitled to compensation, as are the owners of the vessel."

"Russia may advance the contention that the Knight Commander was carrying contraband of the character of which her owner was aware and that he was, therefore, guilty of an offense against international law. This would not justify the sinking of the Knight Commander, nor would the unwillingness of the Russian commander to rescue the complement of his squadron in order to furnish a prize crew be an excuse for such action. That was the misfortune of the Russians."

"It seems to be time for the United States and Great Britain to say that they will not allow this extension of rules relating to contraband of war or this extraordinary interference with neutral commerce."

Washington, July 26.—In the absence of action by the department of state in any case of contraband, the sinking of vessels by Russia it appears that the last official word on the subject indicating the position of the government is that contained in the proclamation of Roosevelt of Feb. 11 last, just after the outbreak of the war. This was a little different from the ordinary neutrality proclamation, and in addition to enjoining citizens of the United States to refrain from organizing military expeditions in aid of the belligerents, contained this clear statement for the benefit of many inquiring shipowners and exporting merchandise houses:

"And that while all persons may lawfully and without restriction by reason of the aforesaid state of war, manufacture and sell within the United States arms and munitions of war."

And other articles ordinarily known as 'contraband of war,' yet they cannot carry such articles upon the high seas for the use or service of either belligerent, nor can they transport soldiers and weapons of either, or attempt to break any blockade which may lawfully be established and maintained during the war without incurring risk of hostile capture and the penalties provided by law of nations in that behalf. And I do hereby give notice that all citizens of the United States and others who may claim the protection of this government or who may be misadvisedly concerned in the premises will do so at their peril, and that they can in no wise obtain any protection from the government of the United States against the consequences of their misbehavior."

This makes clear to mercantile and shipping interests the president's view that it is not in violation of United States law to ship contraband, but that it must be shipped at the owner's risk and is subject to seizure.

While there is no authority for declaring positively in advance of an actual test the policy of the state department respecting the recent seizures and sinking of vessels with American cargoes attention may be drawn to the fact that in the latest edition of 'Hall's International Law,' a British work held in highest esteem here as an authority, the doctrine is laid down without qualification that a neutral ship must not be sunk by a belligerent; that if the neutral vessel cannot be sent to port she must be released and must not be sunk. This doctrine bears precisely upon the case of the Knight Commander, as far as the facts are known.

The Japanese legation today received a cablegram from the foreign office at Tokio giving the story of the captain of the British steamer Tsinan regarding the sinking of two Japanese vessels, and the sinking of a Russian man-of-war as already announced. The dispatch says:

"In these cases the Russians made no signals to the Japanese vessels and did not search them. The sinking of the Russians to rescue the crew of these vessels all of them must have been drowned."

ENGLISH POSITION.

London, July 27.—The Gazette on March 3 published a statement communicated to the British by the Russian government settling south regulations for the subject of captured vessels and indicating various exceptional cases under which a commander of a Russian cruiser would be entitled to bury or sink a captured vessel, after taking off her crew, passengers and papers. These regulations had been in existence since 1855 and it is believed that Lord Lansdowne did not object against them on this occasion. The newspapers this morning, therefore, counsel patience, especially as the Russian government, in view of the news from the seat of war, must be anxious to try to maintain the present moment. A majority of the morning papers, however, printed editorials in angry strain on the further reported seizures of vessels by the Russians and the delay in the release of the Malacca.

The Standard says: "We do not wish to embarrass the government in the delicate negotiations, but the ministers should realize that the temper of the nation is rising. Where is the Mediterranean fleet and the China squadron? What is the use of keeping a navy if we are to be subjected to such indignities?"

The Morning Post declares that "peace is not always preserved by being afraid of war, which is the plain English of being afraid of complication."

According to the Daily Telegraph the delay in reaching a satisfactory settlement with Russia is due to the tragic event of the sinking of the Knight Commander, which it has reason to believe was caused by a torpedo, and which, the paper says, has raised a set of questions altogether different from those regarding the status of the volunteer.

SHIPPING CIRCLES EXCITED.

Washington, July 26.—The excited feeling in shipping circles is indicated by the applications received at the state department from representatives of various mercantile interests for information respecting the seizures of merchant vessels and cargoes and the sinking of other ships in the far east.

Gen. Samsonoff Wounded.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—A rumor is current here that Gen. Samsonoff was severely wounded during the fighting at Ta Tehe Kiao.

THE FRENCH FLAG.

Very Doubtful if It Was Raised Over Russian Buildings.

Paris, July 26.—Official quarters here are skeptical concerning the hoisting of the French flag over the Russian buildings at Newchwang, as cabled from Tientsin, believing that the statement is due to the confusion of the Russian commercial flag, which French dispatches from Newchwang claim to have been substituted for the military standard of Russia, with the French flag, which has been flown only over the consulate, missions and banks, and under French protection, including possibly the Russo-Chinese bank, in which French interests are considerable.

The Japanese Occupation of New-

chwang is regarded here as a serious blow to Russia, which thereby is prevented from closely watching the doings of the Chinese army commanded by Gen. Ma. The French have not forgotten their experience against the black flags during the Tonquin war, throughout which peace was nominally maintained with China, and the belief is current that the Japanese now will readily obtain unofficial aid from the Chinese soldiers by promises of good pay and hints of the possibilities of plunder.

Russia could only make representations at Peking, where the reply would doubtless be that the troops had been ordered to observe strict neutrality and any Chinese fighting for Japan were merely brigands.

Russian Loss at Mo Tien Pass.

Tientsin, near Mo Tien Pass, Tuesday, July 19, via Mukden, July 26.—In their attempt to capture Mo Tien pass it is estimated that the Russians lost about 1,000 men, but it resulted in uncovering the strength and organization of Gen. Kurat's army, which had been reinforced with marvelous rapidity.

BORN "DOWDIES."

Women frequently do not do justice to pretty gowns because they have not learned how to put on their things smartly or even neatly.

A smart woman may have all her gowns made at home, and yet she is never a dowdy. And why? Because she knows how to put them on. Her hair is well done, her neck smartly swathed and her veils, gloves, shoes and boots are always fresh and perfect of their kind. Dowdies are born, not made. An undue humility has much to answer for. The typical "woman of no importance" soon goes to pieces on the rock of dowdiness. A few gowns, but many accessories, are an antidote to this dread disease.

The Pennsylvania Line

In the direct route Chicago to Columbus, Pennsylvania rails all the way. See that your tickets read over this line. Address Geo. T. Hull, D. A. 819 Seventeenth St., Denver, Col., for further particulars.

WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSIONS.

Via Denver & Rio Grande.
To St. Louis and return \$42.50.
To Chicago and return \$47.50.
To St. Louis and return via Chicago, or vice versa, \$50.00.
Selling dates Tuesday and Friday of each week.

Stopovers allowed.
Final limit 60 days from date of sale.
Pullman and tourist sleepers through to St. Louis without change.
Choice of routes.
See any D. & R. G. Agent.

EXCURSION SHORT LINES.

St. Louis and return \$42.50.
Chicago and return \$47.50.
Chicago and return via St. Louis, 50.00.
St. Louis and return via Chicago, 50.00.
St. Louis and return every day via the Union Pacific and Wabash lines.
Limit 60 days. Transit limit ten days in each direction.
Tickets on sale Tuesdays and Fridays each week. Stop overs allowed.

EXTENSIVE TRAVELERS.

Always go one route, returning another. When you go east for tickets either going or returning via Colorado Midland. See all the Rockies without additional cost. Through standard and tourist sleepers.

LEGAL BLANKS, a full supply, all the latest forms at the Desert News Book store.

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

Itching Piles produce moisture and cause itching, this form, as well as Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles are cured by Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. Stops itching and bleeding. Absorbs tumors. 50c a jar, at Druggists, or sent by mail. Treatise free. Write me about your case. Dr. Bosanko, Phila., Pa.

For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

BLOOD POISON.

Is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure. It is the cause of all skin diseases. KNOW WHAT TO DO. Many have tried to cure the skin, sores, itching, hair-bone, itching, and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 38 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE. \$2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Salt Lake only by F. G. Schramm, First South and Main Sts.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

(DO YOU REMEMBER?)

Gov. Grover Cleveland was formally notified at Albany, N. Y., of his nomination for president.

On account of the cholera scourge, England prevented a French vessel which had been at Marseilles from landing at Gibraltar.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY.

The city council discussed plans for a new city jail.

FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY.

Gov. Wells called for donations to make the welcome of the returning volunteers a great event.

Fifty prospectors perished in Kowak river, Alaska.

AT BARTON'S STORE.

The Best Trousers In Town Are Here!

And they are selling at deeply cut prices. \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00 trousers, your choice . . . **\$3.90**

Boys' Knee Pants, 75c and \$1.00 values, at . . . **45c**

ASK YOURSELF What kind of a suit you want. YOU'LL FIND IT HERE. \$12, \$15, \$18 and \$20 Suits . . . **\$9.50**

STRAW HATS HALF PRICE.

Boys' Wearables, Etc., Etc., at Greatly Reduced Prices.

BARTON & CO., One Price Clothiers, 45-47 MAIN.

IF YOU WANT CASH FOR YOUR BAD DEBTS, WE CAN GET IT.

No matter how large they are in what Town, City, State or Territory.

If we did not know we could collect your bills, we certainly would not be paying out money to advertise.

We advertise because we want your claims for collection. Our ability to make collections where all others have failed, has enabled us to build up the largest collection business in the world.

This ad is sure to bring many claims to our office for collection, and we are just as sure to collect these claims and make money in commissions thereon.

MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION. Scientific Collectors of delinquent bills of Merchants, who can, but refuse to pay their just debts, and consequently are unworthy of trust and confidence. REPORTERS of How People Pay Their Bills.

Established 11 years. Representatives everywhere. Offices: Ten Floor Commercial Block, Salt Lake City. Francis G. Lusk, General Manager.

"Some people don't like us."

BE ALIVE

To your own interest. Don't let a fire in your home or place of business swamp you completely. Insure against the ravages of fire through this reliable agency for sound companies, and let the flames do their worst. Our rates are reasonable, losses promptly paid. Get a binding receipt today.

Heber J. Grant & Co., 26 South Main Street.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

UNPRECEDENTED

Shoe Sale!

Ladies', Men's, Misses' and Boys' Shoes and Oxfords.

You'll like them for smart looks first, you'll like them as long as you wear them. You'll like the long wear you get out of them, and, of course, you'll like the easy prices.

\$2.45 TWO FORTY-FIVE

The best makes only: Utz & Dunn's, S. S. Nelsons' and Richards & Brennan's. Dozens of styles and shapes that fit the foot and the eye. \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50. Guaranteed values. For a few days only—

\$2.45 TWO FORTY-FIVE

\$2.00 in stamps with every \$1.00 purchase.

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

UNPRECEDENTED

Hosiery Sale!

Just think of buying cool, desirable summer hosiery right now at less than half price. Such a thing might reasonably be expected at the end of August, but this offering comes just when you need 'em.

5,000 Pairs of Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery at Half Price and Less—7c to \$5.00 a Pair.

19c For Nineteen Cents

We offer an assortment of ladies' stockings, consisting of plain black sea island cotton, plain black silk thread, black all-over lace, plain black with lace boots, fancy embroidered black, black drop-stitch and fancies. Regular 35c and 50c stockings.

19c For Nineteen Cents

\$2.00 in stamps with every \$1.00 purchase.

NEW YORK CASH STORE.