DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Saturday, August 1, 1891.

FALSE RUMORS CORRECTED.

WE HAVE already stated in emphatic terms that the rumors afloat to the effect that there is a "deal," whereby Republicans in this city and county are to vote the Democratic ticket, or that Democrats are to vote the Republican ticket, are entirely untrue, so far as our knowledge is concerned. Also that the Church authorities have given no counsel or advice, and have used no influence in favor of any such "deal," or directing or persuading any citizen how he shall vote or what ticket he shall support. This has been in reference to reports as to this city and county.

As there are similar rumors in circulation concerning Church influence in other counties, we desire the remarks made concerning this city and county to apply to every par of the Territory. The statement, by whomsoever made, that the Church or its authorities are using any dictation whatever to direct the people as to political preferences, or as to which candidate they shall support, or what party they shall join, is entirely untrue and should be denied whenever circulated.

We again advise our friends who have joined a political party or pledged themselves to vote any particular ticket, to be true to their party fealty. And we urge upon all voting citizens who have not joined any political party to go to the polls on Monday, without exception and without fail, and vote for the ticket which best suits their individual judgment.

Let every citizen do his duty to his country and the community in which he lives, and that includes the use of the elective franchise for the support of good and honest and popular government.

NAILED AGAIN.

THE *Tribune* this morning said:

"Mr. E. C. Chambers has withdrawn his name from the Democratic Legislative ticket. This is positive, on the *Tribune* issue. Mr. Benson has its ear for Oneida. The wreck is going to pieces pretty fast."

The following telegram was received today:

"SAN FRANCISCO, August 1, 1891.

"*To Caleb W. West, Chairman:*

"I accept the nomination and am very sorry I cannot be with you to assist in making the fight for success.

"E. C. CHAMBERS."

Mr. Benson addressed the Democratic meeting last night. The mean and scoundrelly authors of this latest falsehood thought Mr. Chambers could not be reached in time to deny the libel. Need any more be said?

TO THOSE WHO ATTEND THE TABERNACLE.

WE desire to call attention to a matter that concerns attendants at the Sunday services in the Tabernacle in this city. Prof. J. J. Daynes, before the opening of the meeting, performs a voluntary on the organ. It is a magnificent instrument and he is an accomplished and artistic musician. His manipulation of the grand organ has received the deserved encomiums of musical tourists from all parts of the world.

There are many people who appreciate his talents and would like to enjoy the fine music which precedes the regular services. But they are unable to do so when so many people are not only indifferent to the music, but are so unmannerly as to spoil its effect by incessant chatter.

In most parts of the world when people enter a house of worship they pay respect to the building because it is dedicated to religious purposes. This is sometimes carried to almost extremes. But there is not sufficient reverence, in our opinion, shown by the people here in the tabernacles and meeting houses of the Saints.

The custom of offering a silent prayer on taking one's seat, when it is sincere and is a meaningless or mechanical form, is a very proper one, and might be followed with profit by the people of Utah. At any rate they should observe decorum and preserve silence, at least while the services are proceeding and while music of a high order is being performed for their benefit.

More general devotion and quietness in our Tabernacle meetings would be suitable to the place and the occasion, both before and during the services, and the music-loving public would be very glad of the opportunity of listening to the voluntary performed by Brother Daynes, as well as all the splendid music, vocal and instrumental, which forms so interesting a part of our public services. Do not forget this gentle hint.

The last of the House of Stuart to occupy the British throne was Queen Anne. She died August 1st, 1714.

A "LIBERAL" FIZZLE.

THE *Tribune's* terrible blunder about intended frauds by "the opposition" has quieted down to a very small and piping whistle. Yesterday it claimed to have the names of men hired by "the opposition" to do that kind of dirty work at the election which is the exclusive prerogative and custom of the "Liberal" faction as past elections have abundantly established.

Leading Republicans waited upon the editor and were assured they were not included in "the opposition;" it only meant the Democrats. Why the Republicans were not considered to be meant by "the opposition" to the "Liberal" faction does not appear.

Next ex-Marshal Dyer sends a letter to the *Tribune* which we print elsewhere in another column, and as gently as a sucking dove the blustering Liberal bragart sues in tones of gentle peace.

Like the rumors about Church dictation which have issued from the same source, it appears there is nothing in it, and the fact is that the Democrats are determined to prevent "Liberal" frauds on Monday and are using effective means for that purpose. Therefore the "Liberal" faction is sorely exercised and its organ, in its usual style, endeavors to throw dust in the public eyes as to "Liberal" corruption by accusing "the opposition" of its own tricks. The charge is a fizzle and the lot down is pitiful.

A FITTING PAIR.

THE notorious Mrs. Paddock and the no less notorious Judge Powers, made a fitting pair on the "Liberal" stump at the Theatre Friday night. If the foul history of the former, and the Michigan history of the latter were published in one pamphlet, the reading public would be in doubt as to which should have the palm for unmitigated impudence. To appear before the public with such a record as each of them have, is the sublimation of brazen assurance. If the grievance of foul swindled millionaires, store-keepers, servant girls, washerwomen and others which we have heard could only be collated and presented compactly to the public, it would form a chapter in the history of dead-beating almost without a parallel. It puts into the shade the record of the Michigan politician, as it was placed before the United States Senate committee on the judiciary, and that was dark enough, heaven knows. But they are both the right kind of material for "Liberal" purposes, and naturally affiliate with the elements that form the core of the festering "Liberal" ulcer.

DARTING ITS FANGS.

THE "Liberal" organ in its frantic rage strikes not only at its perpetual object of hate, the "Mormon" Church, but at the National Democratic Committee, the local committee, the local Republicans and everything and everybody that will not join in its shoulder. Well, that is the way with all the rattlesnakes in August, and by the bye, this is the first day of that rattlesnake month. The reason for its blind fury is therefore explained.

CERTAINLY NOT.

"DOES the News know that after all the parade and the implied promises the leaders are going around in Ogden and telling the people to vote a certain ticket?"

This is a question put by the *Tribune*. The answer is no, and neither does the *Tribune* know it. We again challenge the *Tribune* to offer one proof that its repeated charges of Church dictation have any foundation in fact. It cannot do it and we remains pilloried before the public as the meanest kind of a lying rag and the most unprincipled defamer that was ever permitted to foul the air with its presence.

THE RECORD STANDS.

WE reproduce from the *Herald* another indictment, similar to the first, which was found by the grand jury of this judicial district against Harry Hayes, "Liberal" candidate for the Legislature from the Seventh Council District.

We do not see how any consistent "Liberal" can vote for this saloon-keeper who was indicted twice for selling to false minors. Of course no straight Republican or Democrat is at all likely to do so. That he would carry a number of "Liberal" votes, even if he had been convicted for the crimes alleged against him we have little doubt. But how any clean and respectable citizen can cast a ballot for him we do not understand.

The attempted defense of their whiskey-dealing candidate by the "Liberal" organ is worse than none at all. But it is characteristic of the writer. It consists simply of a statement that the charge "will not hurt him at all," a dirty fling at the *Herald* for publishing the indictment, and a covert threat of what Hayes would do with the *Herald* editors if they should make such a charge to Hayes' face.

All that will not count. The *Herald* has made no charge. No other paper has made a charge against this special pet of the "Liberal" faction. It is a matter of record. The charge was preferred in due course by a public officer, indictments were found by the grand jury, and the whole affair was smothered without a trial.

These facts cannot be denied, and blackguarding or threatening anybody and everybody will not strike out one word of the black and damning record.

NOTHING IN IT.

THE *Tribune* in frantic gesticulations insists that this movement to divide on National lines is "all a fraud" also that "the orders have gone forth for the great talk of the Mormons to vote the Democratic ticket." The vote on Monday, we have no doubt, will demonstrate that as usual the *Tribune* has lied. No orders of any kind have gone forth and the "Mormon" people are certainly free to vote just as they choose. If the *Tribune* really believed this story there would be no wonder that it is all of a shake. But the election returns will tell the tale.

MONDAY'S ELECTION.

WE assume that the people are fully alive to the fact that the election on Monday is not an ordinary one for this Territory. In some respects it is the most important as well as the most interesting that has ever been held in Utah. The struggle of the past has been all but a hand to hand fight between the "Mormon" people on the one side and the avowed enemies of the "Mormon" people on the other.

The issue, so far as politics were concerned, was exceedingly simple. It was, as the "Mormons" believed, the main question whether we should have the offices of the Territory filled with honest and capable men, or men whose main inspiration was their hunger for the spoils. Whether the "Mormons" were correct in this belief let the anti-"Mormon" administration of Ogden during the past two years and of Salt Lake during the two years ending in February bear witness.

If more testimony is needed we have only to refer to the leading non-"Mormon" speakers of the present campaign who have come out from the anti-"Mormon" party to help in the restoration of peace through the introduction of national politics into the Territory, their personal confessions ought to settle the question, forever.

The non-political, or if you please, the personal issue of past elections was more simple from the "Mormon" standpoint than the political feature, and from the "Mormon" standpoint quite as prominent if not a little more so. The question which the "Mormon" voter had to put into his face every election was, did he wish of his own free will to elect as his representative in office the candidate of a party whose controlling motive was an uncompromising hatred of his religion, and which came into every campaign with the avowed hope that one day it would be able to crush and literally enslave him both as to his religion and his livelihood. In this his conceptions were not based, as in the other case, with a complication of evidence. In the phalanx of office seekers who filed out regularly from the ranks of his opponents to solicit his vote, the crowning qualification for office was a record of hate and eternal vengeance against the "Mormons." Their path was blazoned with hate, hate was in nearly every lip, and nearly every utterance of the rostrum and the press, where their cause was espoused, was ingrained with hate. That their ultimate hope was the indiscriminate dishranchisement of "Mormons" has been long and repeatedly and insolently avowed in the loblest language; and it was announced with the same brazen impudence and contempt for constitutional rights, that with the right to vote would also be taken the rights of property and other valuable privileges of citizenship. As a result the campaigns have always been intensely bitter but rarely exciting.

The conditions of the coming election are new in almost every respect. There is now no People's party in the campaign. The other issues of national importance have come in and taken the place, in great measure of those which were purely local. The advocates of true Americanism and of decency between neighbors have come out of the party of hate, and with members of the disbanded People's party have erected platforms upon which all the people of Utah, while enjoying the full privileges of religious belief, may divide for the discussion and promotion of the political principles upon which are grounded the policy of the Republic.

Of the old conditions alone remains the grim crowd of political adventurers who, with the Salt Lake *Tribune* for their champion, have decided to struggle on under the old standard of hate, with the vain hope that they may yet be able to rule or to rein the Territory. They still have the old following of ignorance and prejudice with the numerous hobo recruits, of which our fellow citizen O. W. Powers has proved himself so successful and capable a leader.

But in such an aggregation of corruption there need be no terror. They may succeed in getting a few of their men into office, but not in positions or numbers to result in serious harm to any one concerned. They may for another season work their distilling with more or less success, but with the annoyance of such a result will come the satisfaction of seeing all the low scoundrels that have pressed the peace of the Territory in the past so removed from the society of decent men that they may be seen precisely as they are.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK.

"THE FINANCIAL SITUATION ABROAD" is the subject of a very interesting article in the last issue of Bradstreet's. It says that ever since the Argentine collapse and Baring's failure of last autumn, a continuous apprehension has existed in London in regard to the secondary effects of those disasters. In fact the money markets on both sides of the Atlantic have been seriously disturbed from time to time, because rumors were circulated that persons in London houses were involved in both failures.

There was some foundation for these reports. Only a short time ago the firm of Morlette & Co. was saved from complete ruin by a little timely assistance. Last week the English bank of the River Plate, owing to entanglements with Argentine business suspended, engulfing with it its $5,000,000 called up capital.

The occurrence illustrates the fact that the Argentine inflation is still an active cause of disturbance in the English money market, and though it influences those of the world at large.

To the financial unrest in London is largely due the continued gold export from New York. We have lost $70,000,000 of gold, not because American credit was affected, but for the reason that usual arrangements, based on European credit, are no longer available only to a limited extent. The return of a large part of this gold is a certainty, and that is what now troubles European financial authorities.

It is in view of this that the Bank of England has steadily maintained its discount rate at 3½ per cent., although the open market rate declined nearly 1½ per cent. below that figure.

France and Germany are even more anxious than England on this question, because their gold supplies are much shorter. However, a leading British financier thinks the outlook is not so dark as many seem to consider it. He says:

"The opportunity with which the American issues have allowed $14,000,000 ($70,000,000) in gold to be shipped in six months has contributed very powerfully to the change of feeling in Europe. If the Americans had grown alarmed, then matters would probably have gone hard with us in Europe. But since the Americans are so confident respecting the future and so little disturbed by what is taking place in the present, they have imparted some of their cheerfulness to European observers."

But Dun & Co. in their trade report say that the projected wheat trust may delay the return of gold from Europe, and that possibly our equanimity may be disturbed before long. Henry Clews says that so long as any indications of war exist in Europe we will have but a slow return of gold to the United States.

Another question is, will the return of $70,000,000 of gold from Europe cause a stringency over there? The answer given is, no. Since the end of April the banks of England, France and Germany have increased their stocks of gold by $65,000,000. Then if that amount should leave those countries they would be just as strong financially as they were in April last. The return of the $65,000,000 to this country would mean an increase in the total American currency of over $1,000,000,000 in five months. This would set business and industry booming in the United States.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Colorado was admitted into the Union August 1, 1876.

George I. crowned King of England August 1st, 1714.

London Bridge was opened for traffic August 1st, 1831.

England emancipated her slaves August 1st, 1833.

Royal assent was given to the act of union between England and Ireland August 1st, 1800.

Nelson defeated the French at Aboukir, known as the battle of the Nile, August 1st, 1798.

Stephen Marcel, the famous revolutionary leader of France, was slain August 1, 1358.

Columbus on his third voyage landed without knowing it, on the continent or mainland of America August 1st, 1498.

The month of August was so named in honor of Augustus Cesar, 8 B. C., because he was then created consul, having added Egypt to the Roman empire.

According to Mulhall the famous statistician, Europe and America pay annually for breadstuffs, $2,250,000,000; for meat $2,000,000,000, for liquor $2,000,000,000, and for tobacco $1,000,000,000.

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It is said that the resignations of Collector Erhardt, of New York, Surveyor Jones, of Pa., and Treasurer Dudley, of Indiana, have something to do with a boom for Blaine, and the defeat for a renomination of Harrison. Blaine, it is confidently reported will be the nominee of the Republican party for the Presidency.

According to Roman Catholic historians 222 popes have occupied St. Peter's chair up to the present time. Of these 18 were Italians, fifteen were Frenchmen, fourteen were Greeks, eight Syrians, six Germans, five Spaniards, two Austrians, two Africans, one Portuguese, one Swiss, one Dutchman and one Englishman.

The amount paid out by the United States for pensions and in each pay last year was $124,000,000. That meant a tax of nearly $2 per head upon the population of this country. Not the least remarkable part about this is the irregular way in which it has grown. In 1866, the year before the war closed, the aggregate sum given to sick one was $4,000,000, in 1881 it had risen to $50,000,000, and it is more than double this at the present time.

It is reported in the City of Mexico in railroad circles that the International Railway Company, of which C. P. Huntington is president, has purchased the Monterey & Mexican Gulf Railway. The report cannot be verified but it is very generally believed by railway men. If this purchase has been made the International's importance and power will be greatly increased and its extension to Mexico City assured.

Germany devotes $40,000,000 annually to education, while her military and naval bill is $135,000,000. Austria-Hungary spends $6,250,000 for education, and $64,000,000 for armies and navies. Italy spends $4,000,000 for public instruction while she expends $64,000,000 on army affairs. France pays $21,000,000 for education and $135,000,000 for her army and navy. Russia pays $17,000,000 for education and $200,000,000 for soldiers. England pays $4,000,000 for schools and $150,000,000 for soldiers and sailors.

In England the fastest regular train is the 5.10 p. m. from Grantham to King's Cross, on the Great Northern railway, 105 1-4 miles in one hour and fifty-seven minutes, at the rate of fifty-four miles an hour. Seven other trains in England run at fifty miles an hour or over. The famous train between London and Brighton runs at 54 1-4 miles an hour. The British are the fastest of the European trains. In this country the Pennsylvania railroad's best train runs 225 miles in Washington in five hours, at a running time of over fifty miles an hour.

Mr. Vaughn, ex-mayor of Council Bluffs, is in New York endeavoring to launch a new political scheme. It is that Government shall pay $400,000,000 to the ex-slaves to compensate them for the years of labor while in bondage. He says: I have come to New York to make the next gubernatorial candidates pledge themselves, if elected to support the passage of my bill through Congress. In case the candidate refuses to do so, I will array the entire negro vote against him. It makes no difference whether he is running on the Democratic or Republican ticket, I intend to spow him under." If Mr. Vaughn is not an idiot he is good material for a lunatic.

For years visitors to Narragansett Pier have been imposed on by a fakir who sold them pebbles for moonstones. He died a short time ago, leaving a large fortune. A woman succeeded him in the business. A few days ago a New Yorker at the Pier collected a hatful of pebbles and brought them to the moonstone fakir. She looked at them critically. "Yes, there are several dozen good stones in the rough there that will make fine moonstones when cut and polished," she said. "It will cost you $1 a piece to have them nicely finished." Hundreds of women paid this fee and came the next day and secured moonstones that they exhibited with pride to their acquaintances. She never did cut them though, but probably threw them back on the sand for some other dupes to find. She substituted real moonstones of a cheaper sort, that cost her about 40 cents a piece. This left a profit of 60 cents on each stone.

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