

the satisfactory kind after you get it. If a man, from the love of his kind, or from a desire to do something for his associates in misery does a big thing, the world applauds, and that's hunky, you bet. The eminent Swis, Winklerleid, when he rushed into the Oysteran speers, and remarked, Make way for liberty, he cried, hadn't no idee that skool-children wood declaim it all over Noo Jersey, ez they hev done ever sence, or he woodent hev done it, probably. Winke wuzn't a goin for posterity much; it wuz the Swiss of that identicle day for whom he took into his bowels more speers than wuz comfortable. Hed he thot of posterity, and waited, before makin his grand rush, till he cood decide upon appropit last words wich wood sound well in history, he wood either hev changed his mind or lost the opportunity. So twas with that other Swiss, Willym Tell, and others wich I wood name, only I heven't got fur enuff into the Encyclopedia!

Aaron Burr, he tried to make fame, and Boneypart wuz workin to stablish reputashen, but they wuz both scooped, and died mizarably, a warnin to all after em. Ef I shoood hanker fur fame, I shoood do a big thing and immejitly, with neetnis and dispatch, while I wuz a feelin good over it, for that feelin is allus the last.

Young man, I disenchant thee! and Abou passed his rod three times over his head backerds. Yoo are agin the identicle yooth yoo wuz on that beautiful spring mornin fifteen yeres ago. Go home to Sussex county and git into that little store agin. Never hanker after fame any more. Go to singin skools, play checkers and chaw dog-leg ter-backer; marry a red-headed girl wich weighs 180 lbs averdupois; take yoor county paper; be squire, and hev not less than 10 children, half uv them like yoo and half like their mother; and finally when yoor time comes, when the grim messenger taps yoo on the shoulder, lay down like a man, gather up yoor feet and thank the Lord that yoor lot wuz cast in Noo Jersey, a country from wich a man kin go without regret, perfectly shoort that whatever other world he finds he can't git into a worse one. Go, my son! draw molasses and be happy.

And the young man turned away sorrowful and Abou ben Adhem went in to his breakfast.

THE END OF THE LEGEND.

NOTE BY THE AUTHOR.—The foregoing Legend hez given me much trouble, but ef a general readin uv it will keep

One young man from rooinin hisself in oil spekelatin;

One young man from makin a noo-sense uv hisself by mixin in pollytix; and

One young man from imaginin that he's a poick,

My obжек will hev bin attained; and, upon proof thereof, certified to by three credible witnesses, I shel be reddey to die happy.

THE END OF THE NOTE BY THE AUTHOR.

*This wuz undoubtedly afore the late civil war, wich is now over. Since, the price uv this staple hez riz.

THE WAY TO SPOIL GIRLS.

If any parent wishes a receipt to spoil a daughter, it can be easily and readily given, and can be proved by the experience of hundreds to be certain and efficacious.

First.—Be always telling her, from earliest childhood, what a beautiful creature she is. It is a capital way of inflating the vanity of a little girl to be constantly exclaiming "How pretty!" Children understand such flattery even when in the nurse's arm, the evil is done to the character in its earliest formation.

Second.—Begin as soon as she can toddle, to dress her out in fashionable clothes and rich dresses. Put a hoop upon her at once with all the artificial adornments of flounces, and feathers, and flowers and curls. Fondness for dress will thus become a prominent characteristic, and will usurp the whole attention of the young mortal, and be a long step towards spoiling her.

Third.—Let her visit so much that she finds no happiness at home, and therefore will not be apt to stay there to learn home duties. It is a capital thing for a spoiled daughter to see all her happiness in visiting and changing of place and associates. She will thus grow as useless as modern fashionable

parents delight that their daughters should be.

Fourth.—Be careful that her education gives her a smattering of all the accomplishments, without the slightest knowledge of things really useful in life. If her mind and time are occupied in modern accomplishments, there will be no thought of the necessity and virtue of being of some real use to somebody pervading her heart, and she will be soon ready as a spoiled daughter.

Fifth.—As a consequence, keep her in profound ignorance of all the useful arts of housekeeping, impressing upon her mind that it is vulgar to do anything for yourself, or to learn how anything is done in the house. A spoiled daughter should never be taught the mysteries of the kitchen; such things a lady leaves to the servants. It would be "vulgar" for her to know how to dress a salad, or make a pudding. As mistress of the house, it is her duty to sit on the sofa all day in the midst of a pyramid of silks and flounces, reading the last new novel, while her domestics are performing the labor of the house.

Sixth.—To complete the happiness of your spoiled daughter, marry her to a bearded youth with soft hands, who knows as little how to earn money as she does to save it. Her happiness will then be finished for life-time.

It is said that more snow has fallen in Cleveland this winter than during any previous winter for thirty-five years.

In the will of Mr. R. Garrett, a noted agricultural implement maker of England, occurs the singular but sensible bequest of a great coat to each of his 300 employees.

The number of American visitors to Jerusalem, during the past few months, has been greater than that of any other nation, the Russians excepted.

The costliest watch that was ever made is said to have been one which was constructed in 1844 for the Sultan Abdul Medjid, who must have found it rather inconvenient, since it was five inches in diameter, and struck the hours and quarters on wires, with a sound resembling that of a powerful cathedral clock. It cost 1,200 guineas.

PERSONS, when born can expect about thirty-nine years of life. If they live one year their chances are good for 45; at 5 for 57; at 10 for 59; at 20 for 61; at 30 for 64; at 40 for 67; at 50 for 71; at 60 for 74; at 70 for 80; at 80 for 85; at 90 for 93; at 100 for 102; for 103 we can promise not quite one year more of life. We got this from an old life insurance table of London. Women average longer life than men; and married people live longer than the single ones.

A LETTER from Athens, addressed to the Debats, contains the following narrative concerning the blowing-up of the convent of Arkadeum: "When the Greeks," says that journal, "saw that they had nothing for it but to die and sell their lives dearly, they knelt before an aged monk who had never ceased to exhort them during their defence of two days and two nights; they asked his supreme blessing, which he gave them, promising that they would all meet again in heaven, together with the ancient martyrs of the Greek Church. Every one present, soldiers, women, and children said 'Amen!' A light was then put to the gunpowder, and the convent, with both its defenders and assailants, was blown into the air."

ARTICLES WANTED. — The Rural Southerner hits off the fashionable airs of the present day in the following style:

Wanted—An intended bride who is willing to commence housekeeping in the same style in which her parents began.

Twenty fashionable young ladies who dare to be seen wielding a dust brush, or darning their brother's stockings, if a gentleman should happen to make an early morning call.

Ten independent young ladies, of "good families," who dare to wear their last winter's bonnets to church on a fine Sunday.

Fourteen young ladies, "who are anybody," who dare to be seen in the street wearing shoes with soles thick enough to keep their feet warm.

Fifty young ladies of sufficient age "to go in company," who dare confess they have ever made a loaf of bread or a pudding.

Dansk Læsning.

For at de skandinaviske Hellige bedre skal kunne fatte Gangen i Nutidens Begivenheder her i Amerika, tror jeg at et Par Ord om Statsforfatningen ikke vilde være afveien. Enhver Stat i Unionen er oprindelig en uafhængig Republik, der udgiver sine egne Love, vælger sine egne Embedsmænd osv., medens de fælles Anliggender afgøres i Kongressen, der bestaar af to Dele, Senatet og Repræsentanternes Hus. Til Senatet sendes to Medlemmer fra hver Stat, og ligeledes to Medlemmer til Repræsentanthuset, medens Territorierne sender et Medlem til Repræsentanthuset og ingen til Senatet. Den saaledes dannede Kongres er Landets lovgivende Magt; Præsidenten er den udøvende, og er det hans Pligt at sanktionere eller forkaste Kongressens Lovforslag, alt eftersom han ser dem stemmende med eller stridende mod Konstitutionen, der danner Grundlaget for alle Staternes særskilte Konstitutioner. Hvis Præsidenten finder sig beføjet til at forkaste et Lovforslag, eller med andre Ord udtaler sit Veto, kan det dog endnu blive Lov, hvis det under 2den Behandling i Kongressen vedtages med to Trediedele af dens Medlemmer. Det har hidindtil hørt til Sjældenheder, at Kongressen har sat sin Villie igennem trods Præsidentens Veto, men i den nuværende Præsidents Tid har det skeet temmelig hyppigt. Det seneste Misbrug, som de Radikale har gjort af Magten, er et Forslag om at berøve Sydstaterne deres Statsret og derimod dele dem i fem Militærdistrikter. Dette Forslag er saa aldeles stridende mod Konstitutionens Aand og ethvert Begreb om Ret, at kun det bittreste Had og den blindeste Fanatisme kunde give en saadan Tanke Næring, og dog blev den vedtaget som Lov i Kongressen og tilsendt Præsidenten for at erholde hans Sanktion. Men Mr. Johnson som dog synes at være i Besiddelse af en Smule sund Menneskeforstand endnu, udtalte som venteligt var sit Veto, og motiverede samme med lyse og fornuftige Grunde, men desuagtet har Kongressen nu ved 2den Behandling vedtaget Loven med to Trediedele Majoritet! Hvad vil dette nu føre til? At fem Generaler faar uindskrænket Myndighed til hver i sit Distrikt at skalte og valte med Borgernes Ret, Eiendom, Frihed og Liv efter eget Tykke! Det bliver et Militærespoti, der langt vil overgaa den russiske Keisers, thi her bliver al Magt lagt i en uforsønlig Fjendes Haand. Hvor er saa den meget lovpriste Frihed? For bedre at fatte Betydningen af denne Forholdsregel, lad os forestille os en vis General, som altid har vist sig som vor Fjende, med uindskrænket Myndighed her i Utah og med saa mange Tropper, han anser for nødvendige, hvorledes vilde det saa gaa os Mormoner efter menneskelig Forstand at dømme? Det vil nu ikke ske, hvad Utah angaar, thi hun har Gud til Budsforvandt, som har svoret, at han aldrig vil overgive hende i sine Fjenders Haand; men en saadan Allieret er Syden berøvet paa Grund af deres Misgjerninger. Hvad nu Utah angaar, da har man i den senere Tid arbeidet haardt nok for at komme hende tillivs—vort Memorial for at faae Polygamiloven tilbagekaldt af Kongressen blev oplæst dernede og vakte en stor Grad af Forbittrelse. Hvad Andet kunde vi vente? Der er gjort Forslag om at indlemme Utah i Staten Nevada, men mangen en Politiker har opløftet sin Røst derimod, da de indser, at det kun vilde styrke Mormonernes Magt. Man tvivler nemlig ikke om, at de Hellige vil ved deres Enighed ved Valgene faae saa stor Stemmeflerhed, at kun Mormoner faar alle Embeder, og at vi derved i Grunden bliver en Stat, rigtig nok under et andet Navn—Nevada—men dog opnaar, hvad vi altid har søgt om, nemlig Statsret, og følgerig Ret til at sende fire Delegerede til Kongressen istedetfor en.

Christian Albrecht Bluhme, som flere Gange har fungeret som Minister i Danmark, er afgaaet ved Døden i en Alder af 72 Aar. Hans næstældste Søn faldt i Kampen ved Mysunde under sidste Krig.

R. T. ROSS.

C. R. BARRATT

PIONEER REGULATORS.

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NO. 1 & 3,

Second South Street, Great Salt Lake City.

REGULATORS OF COMMERCIAL VALUES!

Contrary to the usual custom, which has been to put up the price of everything necessary to the Comfort and wants of the Community, when all ingress and egress to this place is blocked with snow, and when it is no longer possible for trains to come in with supplies, we propose to make a still

FURTHER REDUCTION

IN THE

PRICE

—OF—

GOODS

THUS

REGULATING

THE VALUE OF

MERCHANDISE

So that those things which are needed by the people can always be had at

REASONABLE PRICES.

This we can do, as we have ON HAND a MAMMOTH STOCK of all kinds of MERCHANDISE, and can supply,

TEA, SUGAR, COFFEE,

ROPE, SOAP, CANDLES

&c., &c., &c.

WITHOUT LIMIT.

We propose to Sell until further notice at

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Choice WHITE do.		45
Choice GUNPOWDER TEA		5.00
Choice IMPERIAL do.		3.00
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Good IMPERIAL do.		2.50
Choice JAPAN do.		2.00
Fair YOUNG HYSON do.		2.00

CLOTHING, SHAWLS,

And a Great Variety of other Goods at COST.

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