

A magistrate in Columbus, S. C., sentences juvenile offenders to be whipped, and appoints their parents executioners.

Prof. Huxley says that since his arrival in America he has learned a great many things, more, he thinks, than ever before, in an equal space of time during his life in England. When he becomes acquainted with congressmen, high officials, and other American politicians, they will teach him a few things that he never dreamed of in England.

—Henry S. Randall, of Cortland, New York, author of "Sheep Husbandry," "Life of Thomas Jefferson," and other works, and for some time on the editorial staff of the *Rural New Yorker*, died Aug. 14.

—Ex-congressman Frank A. Palmer went into the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* with \$50,000. He has withdrawn, but we do not hear much of the \$50,000.

—The good times seem to be going south, young man. As an evidence, nearly every southern city is gaining largely in population.

## CONGRESSIONAL LEGISLATION FOR UTAH.

THE Republican Congress while in power passed two bills of a special and proscriptive nature, designed to apply particularly to Utah—the anti-polygamy and confiscation bill of 1862, and the Poland bill of 1874, the former passed under the presidency of President Lincoln, and the latter under the presidency of President Grant.

Though both these laws are exceedingly unjust, and one at least is grossly unconstitutional, yet neither of them is anything near so unjust and oppressive as those who most urge such proscriptive legislation desired it to be, and in this respect, from the beginning unto the present, the efforts of the enemies of "Mormonism" have proved futile, and the unprincipled persons who made the efforts have proved notable failures in their various crusades, none more so than these most recently engaged in the business.

During the late session of Congress, which was not a Republican Congress, though much evil was intended toward Utah, nothing whatever was accomplished, and the gentlemen who were sent from Utah and supported at Washington to secure such legislation had to return and relate their own lack of success, a lack richly deserved, because what they sought was a congressional abandonment of the principles of free republican government.

The present is the fourth congress which has sat since President Grant first occupied the executive chair. He has repeatedly informed them of his desire to have something done for Utah, and some of them his great desire and almost anxiety that way. Yet we have seen the little that an overruling Providence has permitted to be done in return for that anxiety and those efforts, and that little has not materially injured the people of this Territory, though it was intended to do so.

President Grant, as Chief Magistrate, will see one more session of Congress before his term of office expires. That session will be a short one, beginning on the first Monday in December next, and ending by the 4th of March next year, about three months only.

Since the President made his late visit to Utah, so far as we have seen, he has not been so anxious as formerly to press severe special legislation for Utah, his views of the situation here having apparently become considerably modified. As the laws of the next session are the last over which he will have any special influence, and as that will be a brief session, and there will be plenty for that body to do in the three months of the session, abbreviated by the holidays, it is hardly to be expected that either the President or Congress will be disposed to spend much time or thought expressly and particularly upon Utah, and more especially when we consider that both the President and Congress must have become pretty well convinced by this time that there is a great deal of humbug in the recurring cry for special legislation for this Territory.

## Local and Other Matters.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, AUGUST 29

**Pay Car.**—The Central Pacific pay car came into Ogden yesterday, and the consequences are, happy faces and gold and silver coin are to be seen on the streets to-day.—*Ogden Junction, Aug. 28.*

**That Fire.**—The house and mill of Mr. Thomas Jenkins, on Cañon Creek, are said to have been unoccupied at the time the fire that destroyed them broke out, and if this be true it tends to confirm the suspicion of incendiarism.

**For Lake Point.**—The 18th Ward Sunday school excursion party to Lake Point, to-day, consisted of about 160 persons, nearly two-thirds of whom were children, who, by courtesy of the officers of the U. W. Railroad, go over the line free.

**Back From England.**—We understand that Hon. William Jennings and daughter have arrived in New York, from England. To-morrow morning his son Frank and his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Thomas W. Jennings, will leave to join them, when the party will go to Philadelphia and visit the great Centennial exhibition.

**Injured.**—Yesterday a young man named William Corbridge was accidentally drawn into a threshing machine, at Bountiful. The muscles of his left shoulder were badly torn, besides receiving a couple of cuts on the head and some bruises on other portions of the body. Luckily no bones were broken. Dr. Benedict went up to Bountiful and attended to the young man's injuries. He will probably soon recover.

**Exchange.**—We are informed that the Provo Manufacturing Company are about to open an exchange store, for the benefit of the operatives in the factory, and the public generally. It will be devoted to the accommodation of those who have not money, but have any and all kinds of home-made articles, and the products of the country. This will be a great convenience, and encouragement to home industry of all classes, and will be a mark of progress in our trade.—*Utah County Enquirer, Aug. 26.*

**Going East.**—On Monday morning, September 2nd, Bishop Edward Hunter expects to leave this city, on a visit to the scenes of his boyhood, in Pennsylvania, for the purpose of visiting family connections, settling up some business in which he is interested and obtaining information relative to his genealogy. The Bishop is in his eighty-fourth year, and when he reaches home he expects to place his hand upon a tree he planted seventy years ago. By his benevolence and large-heartedness Bishop Hunter has endeared himself to many thousands who will heartily wish the aged veteran a pleasant and prosperous journey and a safe return.

**Serious Accident.**—This morning Robert J. Knight, of the 20th Ward, was driving along South Temple Street, when the falling of a board from his load frightened the team, causing them to run away. By a sudden jerk Mr. Knight and the spring seat were thrown forward upon the horses, increasing the fright of the latter. He fell to the ground and one of the front wheels of the wagon passed over his head, inflicting severe injuries. He was conveyed home and Dr. Benedict was sent for to attend him. Fortunately the skull is not fractured, and it is probable Mr. Knight will soon recover. His head and face were greatly swollen and bruised.

**Attention.**—The following General Order, dated Camp Douglas, Aug. 26, received per favor of Adjutant McCammon, shows where those who are spoiling for a fight with the Indians can get into the line of being accommodated, that is, after they have first caught their Indians—

"In obedience to General Orders No. 20, current series, Headquarters Department of the Platte, First Lieut. Wm. W. McCammon, Regimental Adjutant 14th Infantry, is hereby detailed as Recruiting Officer, for the purpose of enlisting into the Cavalry service such men as may be found suitable therefor, under the regulations governing the Recruiting Service."

"By order of Major Montgomery Bryant."  
(Sgd) WM. W. MCCAMMON,  
First Lieut. and Adjutant 14th Infantry and Post."

**Belligerent.**—Last night there was a meeting of stockholders of the Utah *Skandinav*, at the Washatch Building, for the election of officers of the company. One C. L. Erickson essayed to address the meeting, but was ruled out of order by a decision of the chair and a majority vote of those present. He gave all concerned to understand that he was not the kind of man to be bluffed in that kind of way, but he would speak in defiance of anybody and everybody, and he did speak, or rather roared, and yelled and belled. The officers were sent for to arrest him, and there was the same division concerning his arrest as in regard to his being ruled out of order, the majority being for and the minority against. He had sermons about accompanying the officers himself, and after he was outside a large crowd was attracted, but he finally went to the City Hall. To-day Justice Pyper fined him \$20 for creating a disturbance of the peace.

**Home Again.**—To-day we had the pleasure of a call from Elder George Teasdale, who returned on Sunday evening from a mission to the Southern States. He left this city on the 1st of November, and went, accompanied by Elder John R. Winder, Jr., to St. Louis, where they remained but a short time, preaching there and then going on to Nashville, and Duck River, Tennessee, where they held several meetings, which were well attended. They next visited Columbia, in the same State, where they were enabled to address a large congregation, by the kindness of a gentleman who was anxious to hear them preach. At this meeting they enjoyed much of the power and Spirit of God. From there they went to North Carolina, and labored actively in the ministry for about two months in Burke and McDowell Counties, where they baptized a few. Their next field of labor was in Surrey, Stoker, and Forsythe Counties, same State. At Tom's Creek, Surrey County, they baptized eight persons and organized a branch and a Sunday School.

From North Carolina Elder Teasdale and companion went to Virginia, holding many meetings, well attended, in Patrick, Bedford and Franklin counties, where there is a strong spirit of enquiry among the people in relation to the Gospel, especially in the county last named. Those two Elders, who were much blessed on their mission, meeting with many kind friends, finished up their labors in Tazewell County.

There are not a few in the places above named who believe the Gospel, but who have not yet been baptized, who intend coming to Utah and identifying themselves with the Church here.

**Returned Missionary.**—This morning we had a call from Elder Joseph F. Simmons, who returned on Saturday evening from a mission to the States. He left this city for the east, in company with other brethren, November 1st, 1875, and labored at Omaha and Council Bluffs, in company with Elder Junius F. Wells, for six weeks, holding a large number of meetings and preaching to the people of that vicinity. At the end of the time named Elder Wells left that part and proceeded to Illinois, when Elder Simmons was joined at Council Bluffs by Elder Joseph G. Young, the two laboring there about a couple of weeks longer, when they proceeded to St. Louis, where they joined Elders D. M. Stuart and M. W. Pratt, and remained in that city and vicinity about three months, after which Elder Young and himself went to Auburn, Missouri, where they held a number of public meetings, and preached to large congregations, and baptized and confirmed into the Church at that place four persons. After leaving Auburn they proceeded to Illinois, where they remained a short time, and Elder Simmons then proceeded to East Rochester, Ohio, where he was joined by his uncle, Elder Edwin Gordon Woolley, of St. George, the two occupying their time visiting family connections and preaching to the people in public and in private. While there a Methodist minister invited them to address his flock in the Methodist chapel, which they did, preaching the gospel in plainness, and bearing testimony to its truth. They visited several of the large cities of the United States, among them Philadelphia, having viewed the wonders of the great Centennial Show.

Elder Simmons has felt well in his missionary labors, and returns in good health and spirits, being also pleased to be once more at home.

**PRESCOTT AS A SANITARIUM.**—There is probably no spot on this broad earth more conducive to general physical health than this same village of Prescott, Arizona, all the conditions necessary to the prolongation of animal life appear to be present here, while those of a pernicious character are singularly absent. By the use of the word singularly we do not intend to be understood as putting it in the light of a wonder, but merely to say that Prescott, and it would be proper to include the timbered mountains of Arizona generally, stands alone in this regard. Miasma, malaria, nor any of the bilious influences common to the low lands of a southern climate are present here, nor are people subject to the rheumatic or lung diseases of more northern latitudes. The elevation being nearly 6,000 feet above the sea, is an equalizer of the extreme heat of a southern latitude, while its position between the 34th and 35th degrees of latitude softens the rigor of winter which at this altitude further north is nearly unbearable. For those far gone with pulmonary disease, this country is too high, and the air too light, requiring too great an inflation of the lungs in order to supply the necessary amount of vitalizing power, as oxygen, etc., thereby causing irritation and aggravation of the disease, but for those whose lungs are merely weak and not commenced to decay, requiring exercise to strengthen them, this climate, requiring heavy inflation of light pure air, is just the thing for them; and we would advise all such who are seeking a place to recruit their wasting strength to provide themselves with the necessary means to last until they can get into business and come to Prescott.—*Arizona Miner, Aug. 4.*

—A grey serge polonaise, made recently for a young Chicago lady, had no other trimming than a gross and a half of buttons.

**DIED.**  
In Sugar House ward, Salt Lake City, Aug. 27, at 11:45 p. m., of scarlet fever, GEORGE BEEBE, son of Caroline Beebe and Moroni L. Pratt, aged 1 year, 10 months and 17 days.  
At Monroe, Sevier County, Aug. 7, 1876, of lung fever, JEREDIAH BROADBENT, son of James and Sarah Farmer, aged 5 years and 31 days. Deceased was born July 6, 1871, and died at Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 7, 1876.  
At Morley, near Leeds, July 2, 1876, WILLIAM SPRAT, aged 40 years.—*Millennial Star.*  
In the 19th Ward of this city, Aug. 26th, 1876, of teething, WILLIAM JOHN, son of Henry C. and Emma Barrell, aged 1 year, 4 months and 22 days.  
*Millennial Star, please copy.*

**NOVILL'S HONEY OF LIVERWORT.**  
For Coughs and Colds.  
Will break up cold quickly, and soothe and soothe the inflamed membrane, and do not irritate the throat as other remedies.  
PRICE, 35 CENTS A BOTTLE.  
For Sale at Z. C. M. Institution.

**ESTRAY NOTICE.**  
I HAVE in my possession:  
One Red STEER branded D-B connected with a bar on left hip, swallow fork in left, and under slope and upper bit off right ear. Which, if not claimed and damaged paid, will be sold on the 4th of September, 1876, at the Estrey Pound.  
M. W. WARNER,  
District Pound Keeper, Kanosh, Millard Co., U. T., Aug. 25th, 1876.

**TO JOHN HUTCHINS.**  
YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that we have expended in labor for you Eighty Dollars (\$80.00) on the Midway mine in Ophir Mining District. That unless the same is paid within ninety days from the date hereof, together with our costs, your interests in said mine will be forfeited to us by law.  
H. D. CONVERSE,  
CALVIN KIRK,  
I. I. GREENEWARD.  
Ophir Mining District,  
Sept. 29th, 1875.

## M. D. WELLS & CO.,

Manufacturers of and  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

## Boots & Shoes

Madison and Market Streets,  
CHICAGO.

M. D. WELLS, S. P. MCINTYRE,  
H. J. MACFARLAND, B. R. WELLS.  
w13

ESTABLISHED 1839.

## Jas. S. Kirk & Co.,

MAKERS OF

STANDARD AND RELIABLE

BRANDS OF

## SOAPS.

CHICAGO.

w13

## NOTICE.

TO J. W. Snyder.—I hereby notify you that I have expended in money and labor the sum of Fifty Dollars, being the amount of legal assessments due by you for the past year on your interest on Three Hundred and Seventy-five (375) feet in the Clara Lode, situated in Blue Ledge mining district, Wasatch County, Utah. Should you fail to pay said sum within the time prescribed by law your interest in said lode will become forfeited to me as co-owner, by virtue of the Act of Congress approved May 10th, 1872.

FREDERICK REICH.

April 29th, 1874

## WOOL! WOOL!! WOOL!!

## WANTED,

100,000 Pounds

## WOOL

GOOD MERCHANTABLE QUALITY.

For which will be paid  
One-third in Money and two-thirds in our Factory Cloth on delivery of the Wool.

APPLY TO  
JOHN R. HASLAM,

At President Brigham Young's.

## Merchants and Others.

## DO NOT IMPORT

## WOOLLEN GOODS

When you can buy them in GREAT VARIETY and at Prices that Defy Competition, at

## PROVO WOOLLEN FACTORY.

See Samples at Z. C. M. I. and at Taylor & Cutler's, Salt Lake City, also at the Factory.

## 200,000 lbs. WOOL WANTED.

Special Rates and attention given to the Trade.

w14 JAMES DUNN, Supt.

T. LATIMER, GEO. H. TAYLOR,  
GEO. ROMNEY, F. ARMSTRONG.

HAVING REMOVED into our New Building, we are now prepared to furnish everything in our line at the Lowest Rates and with Dispatch.

## Lumber, Shingles, SASH & DOORS,

AND

Everything in the Building Line.

ALL KINDS OF

## MOULDINGS AND FRAMES

—A SPECIALTY.—

We will Not be Undersold.

## SOUTH TEMPLE STREET

Half Block East of Depot.

Latimer, Taylor & Co.