DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 27, 1890. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIII.

...ble Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

...ZIONS SAVINGS BANK

...TRUST COMPANY,

...Incorporated 1889.

...BUSINESS.

...MONEY TO LOAN

...National Bank,

$250,000
$250,000

...Business.

...Interest Paid ... Deposits.

...on Real Estate.

...Paid on Demand.

...Star Horse Nails

...Utah Cracker Factory.

...FINE CAKES.

...Utah Flour Roller Mills Co.

...BRANDS:

...BAKER'S No. 1,

...HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR WHEAT.

...HARRIS, Supt.

CHICAGO TRADE.

L. WOLFF MFG. CO.

FINE - BATHROOM - OUTFITS.

Sanitary Specialties.—Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Water Closets, Kitchen Sinks, Laundry Cabs.

Chicago, Ill.

...The Celebrated National Folding Bed

Manufactured by the Sage & Blendorf Furniture Co.

S. R. MARKS & CO.'S

Opposite Temple.

"DOWN WITH HIGH PRICES."

CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

THE THOMPSON & TAYLOR SPICE CO.

FINEST SPICES AND Flavoring Extracts,

RED CROSS LYE.

10, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 So. Water St.

CHICAGO.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1853

JOSEPH E. TAYLOR.

Pioneer Undertaker of Utah.

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of

Ebonized, Wood and Cloth Covered

COFFINS and CASKETS.

Full line of COFFIN TRIMMINGS Kept constantly on hand.

Orders promptly attended to.

Factory and Warehouse No. 273 S. Main St.

DAY AND NIGHT.

JOS. WILLIAM TAYLOR

—UTAH'S LEADING—

UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER

COFFINS, CASKETS

And Undertakers' Goods in Utah.

Formerly EDWIN EVANS.

LOTS AND GRAVES

All orders filled day or night in the second story.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE WEST SIDE MAIN STREET

23 and 25 WEST TEMPLE STREET

NEW YORK TRADE.

EMPIRE

WINDOW SHADES.

SPRING ROLLERS.

Are the Best.

J. B. RYER & CO.,

Importers and Manufacturers of

UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

Lace Curtains and Curtain Materials.

...Street, New York.

HAZARD POWDER

Office, 41 Pine St., New York.

Sporting Powder, Rifle, Fuse, Caps, Shot, Shotgun Powder.

Gunpowder!

Blasting, Rendrocks, Rifle, Fuse, Caps, Shot, Shotgun Powder.

JOS. WILLIAM TAYLOR

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UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER

COFFINS, CASKETS

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All orders filled day or night in the second story.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE WEST SIDE MAIN STREET

23 and 25 WEST TEMPLE STREET

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

No Chemicals

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

TWO OF THEM.

The Appropriation Bill and the Tariff Bill Before the Senate.

PARAGRAPHS OF THE LATTER DISCUSSED SERIATIM.

Tenth Annual Session of the National Farmers' Congress, in Iowa.

HEALY, M. P., ON COMING DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Riot of Socialists in Berlin.—A Duel on Horseback Occurs in Kentucky.

TELEGRAPHIC TO THE NEWS.

IN CONGRESS.

The Appropriation Bill and the Tariff Bill Figure Prominently.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—In the senate the memorialists offered yesterday by Aldrich, ruling the time for consideration of and voting on the tariff bill was presented. After some discussion it was agreed to by unanimous consent. The appropriation bill was read. The paragraph in regard to reservations, which reserves from entry all mineral sites, was criticised by Senators, who thought the reserves too really for having sacrificed the interests of the people of Montana to the insatiable lust of the House. Allison defended the action of the senate conferees and explained the extreme difficulty which they encountered in dealing with the subject. He reviewed briefly the history of the irrigation survey and charged that the House was responsible for legislating the reservation in aid lands provided on the sundry civil appropriation bill, thereby causing all the trouble. He avowed it as having been the intention of the Senate conferees to have the whole irrigation survey wiped out of existence as far as possible, but they had been overwhelmed by people who insisted that the survey should go on and become part of the settled and permanent policy of the government. The result has been the provision now proposed to be inserted in the sundry bill. That provision was not what he would have wished it to be. It was not what the Senate conferees wished, but was the best solution they could secure.

Morgan defended the past action of Congress, in the matter of reserving reservoir sites from settlement. He said it had not been for that reservation, these lands would have been seized by speculators and appropriated. The tariff bill was then taken up, the question being on the lead paragraph, in which Coke had offered an amendment to admit lead extracted from ores free of duty, and Pugh had offered one reducing the duty on lead ore from 1 cent to ½ cents. Before proceeding with the paragraph Coke gave notice of his amendment to the bill, which he would offer at the appropriate time. The amendment was read. It is, with some modifications, the bill for sugar trust which was introduced in Representatives in the House. Coke proposed to repeal the provisions of the reciprocal arrangements in manufactures, articles and materials. Coke then spoke in favor of his amendment.

SUGAR SCHEDULE.

After the amendments. At the close of the discussion Chandler moved that the committee do lead on tariff ½ cents per pound, was used up and reported. Coke's amendment, including lead extracted from ores free of duty, was then taken up and rejected. The next amendment was offered by the paragraph, lead in pigs, 2 cents per pound, and lead in sheets 2½ cents per pound.

The paragraph relating to metallic minerals, crude, not specially provided for, having been reached, Blair spoke against the amendment reported by the finance committee, striking out the duty of 35 per cent ad valorem. It was over without action.

The next paragraph putting a duty of 2 cents a pound on crude shelled nuts attracted out an amendment from the finance committee.

The next paragraph, relating to olives and pickled olives, was amended under the report of the finance committee by reducing the duty from 10 cents per pound.

The paragraph relating to watches, amended on the recommendation of the finance committee, by making the duty on all watches 25 per cent ad valorem.

The paragraph relating to the duty on glass was amended, on recommendation of the finance committee, by reducing the tariff from 1½ cents per pound.

The committee substitute for the paragraph as to metal manufactures and specially provided for enumerated in.

Schedule "D" wood and manufactures of wood, having been reached, Mr. Dawson wishes to offer an amendment for the whole schedule, but as he regret it until the amendments should be disposed of.

THE PARAGRAPH

relating to wood board, etc., was, on the recommendation of the committee, amended by reducing the duty from 25 per cent to 10 per cent, and by striking words imposing a duty of 25 per cent on articles not especially provided for.

The next paragraph, clothes and pilings, was amended by reducing the duty from 25 per cent to 10 per cent. And the next paragraph by reducing the duty from 35 to 30 cents per thousand.

Aldrich moved to amend the paragraph which puts a duty of 10 per cent on chair cane manufactured, but not made into finished articles, by striking out the words "manufactured, but not made into finished articles," and inserting in lieu of them the words "of reeds, whether wrought or manufactured from rattan or reeds and whether round, square or any other shape." Agreed to.

Schedule "E," relating to sugar, having been reached, Aldrich said the committee proposed to let that schedule be passed over informally for the present, as schedule "F," relating to cotton and its manufactures, will be the first thing to come up to-morrow. Adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—In the House the first business was the Conger land bill, the vote upon the passage of which Saturday was not conclusive owing to the absence of a quorum.

Bolin (N.Y.) argued that the other business on the Speaker's table must first be disposed of.

After considerable debate on the subject Speaker Reed decided that the question before the House was the roll call on the passage of the land bill.

Mason (Ill.) appealed from the decision, contending the decision that the vote showed no quorum and a call of the House was ordered.

One hundred and fifty-nine members having responded and nineteen members having reported their names to the clerk, the Speaker pro tem announced there was a quorum present.

Morgan moved an adjournment saying that he believed that some agreement on the land bill could be reached. The motion was lost.

Cannon then offered a resolution, directing the sergeant-at-arms to notify the absent members to return to Washington with-ut delay, and revoking all leaves of absence except those granted on account of sickness. The resolution recites that twice today the legislative proceedings were interrupted by want of a quorum; that certain members (mentioning their names) answered to their names under call, but did not respond to the regular call.

Crain protested against the resolution, saying it was an unjust arraignment of every member mentioned in it, and its adoption would be a censure to those members.

There was great confusion in the House. Fully a dozen members were on their feet demanding recognition on question of personal privilege, and their efforts to secure recognition were heartily seconded by their friends.

Finally Crain was recognized and said: "This is nothing but a petty species of ball-baiting, the object being to threaten us and compel us to vote."

Henderson (Ia.) said nothing in the resolution could be construed into censure, and Cannon said the reading of gentlemen in the resolution was but showing exactly what the roll call showed.

Turner (N.Y.) said the gentleman from Illinois had been playing to the press gallery. He then criticised the resolution in a speech three-quarters of an hour long.

At the conclusion of the speech the House adjourned.

Brick Tie-up.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The brick tie-up here is perfect. Ninety-three per cent of the producers have signed a manufacturers' agreement and the remainder are expected to come in today or tomorrow. About a million brick will be received today, and these will be the last shipment until the boycott of the Knights of Labor against the Verplanck Factory is taken. The manufacturers are determined and well organized, and have established a fund for the payment of penalties which individual manufacturers may incur by not filling contracts. If the boycott is persisted in by the Knights of Labor, nearly one hundred thousand men will be thrown out of employment.

Socialist Riot.

BERLIN, August 26.—When a socialistic meeting broke up at 2 o'clock this morning a serious collision occurred between the police and the socialists. Swords were drawn and stones thrown. Many were injured on both sides.

A Duel on Horseback.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 26.—Details have been received here of a duel on horseback Saturday near Baton Rouge, in the southwestern part of Madison County. The participants were Frank Cary and James Devine, two wealthy planters. There has been ill will between them since the spring elections when they had a fight in which but for the interference of friends blood would have been shed. Each warned the other that the first time they met it would be a fight to the death. On Saturday they met for the first time on the road, both being mounted on young horses. As they approached each other they drew their revolvers and opened fire. The horses became unmanageable and they passed each other. As soon as the animals were under control they wheeled their horses, dismounted and rushed furiously toward each other, discharging their weapons. Both were slightly injured the first time and friends interfered. Cary is seriously wounded, a ball having passed through his left thigh, while a ball struck Devine in the hand.

Farmers' Congress.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Aug. 26.—The tenth annual session of the National Farmers' Congress began here today. Two hundred delegates, representing twenty-three States, had arrived when the time came for the congress to open, and fifty more delegates are expected to arrive by tomorrow, when thirty States will be represented. The opera house in which the convention is held was packed to overflowing.

Governor Boies delivered an address in which he extended a welcome to the congress on behalf of the State of Iowa.

John Snell, of Nevada, Iowa, delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the farmers of Iowa, and Rev. G. W. Cable, the poet preacher, of Council Bluffs, read a poem of twenty-seven verses, in which he recited in poetic phrase the welcome already extended.

Hon. A. W. Smith of Kansas and F. L. Nesbitt of Alabama spoke on behalf of the congress.

President Kolb then delivered an address, at the conclusion of which the congress adjourned until afternoon.

At the afternoon session committees on finance and resolutions were selected. A resolution from the Wichita, Kansas, board of trade, demanding the passage by Congress of the anti-option bill, was presented for adoption, but, after a heated discussion, was referred to the committee on resolutions. Arrangements are completed for an excursion to Denver on Friday.

Irish Distress.

DUBLIN, Aug. 26.—At a meeting of the national league held here today, Timothy Healey, speaking of the potato blight, said nothing stood between the people and starvation during the coming winter. The government was represented as being most anxious to provide employment through building new railways, but how could the railway act recently passed be held to prove the government's intentions to meet the coming famine. Besides stupidly marked the whole conduct of the executive. It might not be legal for the tenants to withhold their land rents during the period of distress, but the man who should pay his rent and leave his family to starve would be little better than an assassin. Let the landlords support the rent payers.

Soo River Tunnel.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 26.—The workmen engaged upon the two ends of the St. Clair River tunnel, between Port Huron and Sarnia, Ont., shook hands with each other this morning under the St. Clair River and made the great subterranean highway echo with their cheers. This marks the completion of the greatest river tunnel in the world and probably the greatest piece of engineering in this country. It is eleven feet longer than the Brooklyn bridge.

Advance in English Flour.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Corn Millers' Association of Leeds today advanced the price of flour 1s 6d per sack. This makes an advance of 4s within a month.

MURDER WILL OUT.

Arrest of a Danish Immigrant in New York on a Charge of Murder.

HE SHIPPED THE CORPSE IN A BARREL.

The Knights of Labor Have a Mass Meeting in New York.

BUT IT IS NOT UP TO EXPECTATION.

Plucky Capture of a Notorious Character by an Old Woman.—A Guatemalan Decree.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

THE BURRELLED CORPSE.

Arrest of a Dane on the Charge of Murder.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Alexander Phillipsen, a stout, middle-aged man, is a prisoner at the large office, suspected of murder. His arrest results the ghastly discovery made at the Indian house a number of months ago, when the hacked body of a man was discovered in a barrel of lime that was brought to this country on a steamship from Denmark and seized for duties by the customs officials. The barrel had lain for some days in the public store before it was opened. The place from which it came was traced by means of tags and marks on the barrel, and the news of

THE DISCOVERY

was telegraphed to Denmark. Phillipsen arrived here on Friday with his wife and two children in the steerage of the Hamburg steamship Normania, and, after registering at the large office, went with his family to an immigrants' boarding house in Greenwich street. During a conversation with the landlord yesterday Phillipsen is alleged to have inadvertently confessed the murder of the man found in the barrel, and the shipping of the body to this country. The landlord informed the immigrant authorities of the case, and the arrest followed. The immigration authorities are reticent in regard to the affair and will investigate fully. Permission to talk to the prisoner was refused.

A Parish Suspended.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The Rev. Dr. Burrell, the late pastor of the Church of the Epiphany, who was removed from his charge on account of his expressed sympathy with the excommunicated priest, Dr. McGlynn, has been temporarily suspended from the exercise of his functions as a Roman Catholic priest in the diocese of New York. The decision of the propaganda in Rome, was to effect that the door for should be removed from his portrait, the Church of the Epiphany, and make an apology or retraction for his action in the premises. He was allowed a certain time in which to do this, with the warning that if he failed to give evidence of his penitence within the allotted time the sentence of temporary suspension should be passed. That time has passed and the doctor is still silent.

A Guatemalan Decree.

CITY OF GUATEMALA, via City of Mexico, August 26.—The Barrudas government has just issued a decree, whereby it is ordered that all Guatemalans between the ages of 15 and 50 shall present themselves, twenty-four hours after publication of the decree, at the different military posts in their respective departments, or they will after a due be declared traitors. The decree is causing very many people who come within its limits to leave the territory.

By another decree the government has directed the Secretary of the Treasury to effect a forced loan of $1,000,000, meet war expenses. The loan is to be confined to the office of merchants and brokers, and two committees of merchants are named and ordered to produce the money within three days from the subscribers on a list furnished by the government. There are heavy penalties attached to non-compliance with the subscription and the $1,000,000 will have to be contributed in the following rates: Merchants $500,000, and brokers and merchants $500,000.

With a similar object of obtaining funds for the army, and having a retroactive effect, the government has also levied the following duties: From August 1st of the present year $2 will be paid as export duty on each full pound of coffee sent out of the country, instead of $1, as heretofore.

Only $12,000 have been subscribed to the loan and the two committees referred to for the loan have refused to act. It is greatly feared that forcible measures will be taken by Barrillas to collect the money and nearly all the capitalists are stilling the borders to send their money out of the country by means of bills of exchange.

An God as Electrocution.

BROOKHAVEN, Miss., Aug. 26.—A revolting scene was witnessed in jail this morning when Fred. Davis, who was condemned to death for the murder of his wife, was executed. His head was half torn from his shoulders by the drop, his windpipe and carotid artery were severed and blood spurted all over the scaffold.

The Washington Park Site.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—At a meeting of the World's Fair directors this evening, by a vote of 14 to 3, it was decided that Washington Park was the most desirable site for the World's Fair. A resolution was adopted, however, postponing final decision until the 9th of September, when the national committee will be in session. The usual conflict between the West Side members of the directory and the other directors took place.

By a Woman, Too.

PINEVILLE, Ky., Aug. 26.—Word has just been received here from Hazard, Perry County, of the arrest of the notorious Jack Brewer, one of the leaders of the French faction in the French-Eversole feud. He is said to have killed four men. Under the old regime he was allowed to give bail when arrested, and Mrs. Sarah Davidson, a woman of 60 years, went on his bond. The energy displayed by Judge Lilly frightened Brewer and he determined to leave the State. Mrs. S. Davidson, not caring to lose the bond she had given for Brewer's appearance, resolved, after all the men refused to afford him, to do so herself. Armed with a Winchester and several revolvers she started towards Brewer's house. He heard of her coming and sought refuge in flight. The old lady followed him through the woods, and after a twenty-four hours' chase came up with him and at the muzzle of the rifle forced him to surrender. Somewhat in doing him she missed her bond, and he now occupies a cell in the jail there.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR

Hold a Mass Meeting in Union Square, New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—About 2500 persons, including curiosity seekers and a heavy police force, attended a mass meeting of Knights of Labor at Union Square tonight. It did not equal, either in number or enthusiasm, the expectations of the projectors of the meeting. The interest centred mainly in Powderly. The former employes of the New York Central in this city marched in a body to the Square behind a drum corps.

Mrs. Margaret Moore, who figures prominently in Irish politics in this city, gave a five minutes' address. She connected organization among the laboring classes and advocated self-reliance.

A letter of regret for non-attendance was read from Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor. He sympathized with the men and denounced the attempts of the company to crush their organization.

Powderly was the next speaker. He said: "You may feel disappointed because the Terre Haute convention did not declare a general strike. Your executive board did not expect that it would. All that we expected was to have their general support; and they are with us, horse, foot and artillery. [Cheers.] They say

OUR BATTLE MUST GO ON,

and go on it will. The Central Railroad officers talk about goods being delivered, but they don't tell the truth. There are many men in New York who know differ-ent.

Powderly then refuted Wells's charges that the men were dismissed for drunkenness and other causes prejudicial to the interests of the company.

The speaker next dealt with Chief Arthur. He said that Arthur recently sat on the platform with railroad officials at New Haven and they put their arms around his neck. "The strike which we have inaugurated," he said, "is not only a strike of the people of New York, but of the people of America."

The meeting then listened to a fiery peroration, followed by resolutions which denounced the New York Central officers as "arbitrary and tyrannical."

AVOWEDLY A CRISIS.

It is now a question whether the employes of the different railroads will agree to take the places of the strikers that formerly composed the employes of the Knights of Labor. If, could the men refuse, everything entering Chicago may be tied up before forty-eight hours.

Purchase of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Secretary Windom says that as he is obliged to release from the treasury all the money he can, he will continue to buy silver, if the offers are reasonable, without regard to the quota proportion for the month.

An Architectural Wonder.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—This week some day Mrs. Hopkins-Searles, late of San Francisco, will move into her new mansion on Block Island. It is the most beautiful and placed of this great and fashionable summer resort. It was designed by Mrs. Searles' husband, the very fortunate architect who succeeded in winning Mrs. Hopkins' wealth building for her a place at Great Barrington, Mass. The new house is an architectural wonder. It is a white, granite mansion with a beautiful glistening dome, finished throughout in the daintiest fashion imaginable, hung with all kinds of expensive stuffs and costly tapestries, superbly furnished and studded with rare bric-a-brac and objects of art, and located two miles and a half from anywhere or from nowhere.

It is declared to be almost inexpressible, and Mr. and Mrs. Searles have indulged how much entertaining they propose to do at this romantic palace by providing one guest chamber, and no more. There is a dining-room. There are drawing rooms and art galleries, and there is a great central hall, topped by the glistening dome, and which is visible for miles around, but there is no accommodation, of next to no accommodation, for transient or permanent guests. It has been suggested that if the mansion catches fire it will burn like a house of cards and there would be no possibility of checking the flames, although the great Atlantic ocean leaps up almost to the foundations of the house. It cost, furnished, about a million and a half.

McKinley Renominated.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—The opera house was jammed full of republicans when the congressional convention was opened at Masillon this afternoon. A telegram from Secretary Blaine was read, causing immense cheering. Congressman Snyder introduced Judge Hanna of Medina, who made a speech nominating McKinley. He received McKinley's name in the last, and as it was pronounced, cheers and shouts arose and fairly shook the whole building. When the vote was called for by Snyder, the walls quivered with the mighty "Aye" that went up and the crowd cheered and cheered again.

Major McKinley then followed with his speech of acceptance, which was a masterly effort. A number of other speeches were made and the convention ended amid great enthusiasm.

Joined the Hebrews.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 26.—When Roland Bernhard Gelatt, a well known western newspaper man, now of Bay City, Mich., started a newspaper here two years ago, Samuel Beefer, a prominent Hebrew of this city, became his advertising solicitor. Beefer had a good looking daughter, Ada, who was a devoted member of the Hebrew Synagogue here. Gelatt met and loved the girl, but not being a Hebrew she refused to marry him, such marriage being considered in orthodox Hebrew circles equivalent to death. His love was so strong that he submitted Rabbi Berkowitz as to his embracing the Jewish faith. The Rabbi belongs to the progressive element and determined to allow Gelatt. He put Gelatt on eighteen months probation, and issued a circular letter to the leading Rabbis all over the country asking their opinions, and received many favorable responses to support his course in

ADMITTING A GENTILE

without having complied with all the rites of the Church, which, however, Gelatt was willing to do. In the presence of a quorum of the congregation of B'Nai Jeshurah Synagogue, Gelatt made a confession of his faith in Judaism and signed a paper binding himself to live the remainder of his life under the laws of Moses and the guidance of the Synagogue, and to raise any children he might have as Jews. His name was then changed to Benjamin and he was then given papers from Rabbi Berkowitz that will admit him to the membership of any congregation of the Reformed Jewish Church. Last night Gelatt and Miss Beefer were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents by Rabbi Berkowitz. The acceptance of Mr. Gelatt into the fold of Israel under the circumstances is almost without a precedent in the history of the church.

Mississippi Convention.

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 26.—The constitutional convention met this afternoon and, under a call of counties, which is the regular order for Tuesdays and Fridays, a flood of amendments and resolutions were submitted and referred to appropriate committees. The report of the sub-committee on franchises was presented today and does not differ materially from the present provisions. The qualifications which are to become operative January 1, 1893, are: Every qualified elector shall be able to read any article of the constitution of this State, or he shall be able to understand the same when it is read to him, or he shall own in his own right and shall have paid taxes on property of an assessment value of $250 for the fiscal year next preceding his registration.

A Six Million Check.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A check has lately been drawn by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company on the London Bank for £1,250,000 or $6,250,000. This is supposed to be the largest ever written, the famous Vanderbilt check for £500,000 or $2,500,000, having hitherto stood at the head of the list.

A Wise Woman

Will live and prosecute her labors, the men will take cheerful service in force, but the result will be a SUCCESS, and return the health and satisfaction of her family. A few words to one of the highest classes. SUPPORT will be her work.

Scrofula

Lurks in the blood in every one, to attack some infirmity. In scrofula lies the root of almost every ill that afflicts the world. Everywhere people are suffering from the effects of the scrofula poison, in pimples, eruptions, swollen glands, and other symptoms. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been wonderful success in curing scrofula. It thoroughly eradicates the poison from the blood, and gives a new vitality and vigor.

Mrs. William McDonald, Worcester, Mass., for sixteen months suffered with painful swellings of the glands in the neck. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave immediate relief, the swellings soon began to subside, and in a short time disappeared entirely.

Swellings in the Neck.

Joseph Dupuis, 214 Central Street, Lowell, Mass., had swellings and lumps on his neck and face, which caused painful sensations and weakness, failed to sleep. A dispensary, where he had been cured of a sore on his leg, gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla, recommended the medicine, and he bought a bottle. In three days there was a change in the condition, and the bottle effected a complete cure, leaving the skin smooth and fair. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

W. H. Hutchinson, of Rankin, Illinois, while dealing in cattle and horses in Texas last September, was taken with a very severe attack of cholera morbus and diarrhoea, coming, he supposed, from a change of drinking water. A fellow-druggist advised him to take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The second dose, he says, effected a complete cure, and he now takes pleasure in recommending it to others. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dep't.

Happy Meeting of Two Friends.

John M. Allen, of Charlotte, N. Y., said to his friend, "Putnam, I am almost dead with the gravel and cannot find help." Mr. Putnam believed Mr. Allen to give Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., a trial. Weeks went by and the friends met. Mr. Allen said, "Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy has saved my life. It is a cure for gravel—and the only cure."

Families far away, supplying themselves with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, know that it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon for bowel complaint in all its forms. Twenty-five and fifty cent bottles for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dep't.

Wilson's Animals a Herb Pills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, constipated with Headache, bad breath, dizzy, no appetite, feel out of sorts, Liver is out of order. One box of these Pills will drive all the trouble away and make a new being of you. Price 25 cents. Zion Co-op Mer. Inst. Drug Dept., Agent. d&w

President Brigham Young's Letters.

It is my intention to compile all my father's letters for publication, and I will be greatly obliged to all those who have such letters if they will kindly forward them to James A. Little, care Juvenile Instructor Office, Salt Lake City, that they may be correctly copied. All such letters will be most carefully handled and returned safely to the owners. Respectfully,

JOHN W. YOUNG.

What is a Cold in the head? Medical authorities say it is due to increased clothing of the body, rapid cooling when in a perspiration, etc. The important point is, that a cold in the head is an inflammation of the lining membrane of the nose, which, when unchecked, is certain to produce a catarrhal condition—for catarrh is essentially a "cold" which nature is no longer able to "resist" or throw off. Ely's Cream Balm has proved its superiority, and sufferers should resort to it before that common ailment becomes seated and ends in obstinate catarrh.

Graefenberg PILLS.

These PILLS act with great mildness, and may be taken at any time with benefit.

They cure all forms of Malarial Diseases and Fevers, and should be used to stimulate the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action. They are invaluable for Headache, Biliousness and Bowel Complaints.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS; 25 CENTS PER BOX.

GRAEFENBERG CHILDREN'S PANACEA.

Best Medicine for Children. 50 cents per bottle.

GRAEFENBERG CO.
111 Chambers St., N. Y.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Washington, D. C.

By an analysis of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder I find it carefully compounded, and I regard it as the best baking powder in the market in every respect.

PETER COLLIER.

Late Chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture.

LION COFFEE is a selection of Mocha, Java and Rio, properly blended and is conceded by all to make the most cup of Coffee in the land. A Beautiful Picture Card in every Package. For Sale everywhere. Ask your Grocer for it.

DRINK LION COFFEE

A TRUE COMBINATION OF MOCHA, JAVA & RIO.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., KANSAS CITY, MO. TOLEDO, O.

MERCHANTS

Ask your Jobber for Lion Coffee.

You want this Coffee Cabinet; its the best flour you ever put into your store. Made in One lb. packages.

WILLIAM WHITE, President. JOS. L. HEYWOOD, Secretary. JOHN H. WHITE, Treasurer.

WHITE & SONS CO.,

PROPRIETORS

Pembroke Meat Market

The Choicest Meats the market affords are furnished from our Refrigerator. Family trade solicited. Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Our Prices are as Cheap as the Cheapest. Home-cured HAMS and PURE UTAH LARD a Specialty.

W. HOLES, L. C. SHELTS.

Telephone 565. 39 W. First South Street.

JOHN H. WHITE, - - - Manager.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Extensive Additions to Our Store Necessitate the Removal of the west wall, and may compel us to close our store for some time during August. To avoid carrying over any Summer Goods we Announce a

Clearing .·. Sale!

Every Article we offer is sure to go if selling desirable goods AT COST and BELOW COST will make them go.

OUR MOTTO.

Never to carry Goods to next season if reductions will dispose of them this season, has saved us thousands of dollars, and given us the Leading position in the DRY GOODS TRADE. Dry Goods, unlike good wine, do not improve with age, therefore, we Quote the

LOWEST - PRICES

EVER KNOWN IN THIS CITY.

Black Gros Grain Silk at 65c.; worth 85c.
" " " " 75c.; " 95c.
" " " " 85c.; " $1.00.

Colored Silk at 75c., 90c. and $1.00 are the Biggest Bargains offered this season.

A line of Summer Silk, usually sold at 50c., 60c. and 75c.; marked down to 35c.

20 pieces of Black Satin at 15c., 20c. and 22½c.; worth 20c., 25c. and 30c.

1 lot of Plain Dark Cottonades at 8½c.; worth 20c.

1 lot of Figured Linen Lawns at 10c.; worth 25c.

1 lot of Dress Linens at 20c.

1 lot of India Linens, 15 yds. for $1, 12 yds. for $1 & 10 yds. for $1.

Tennis Flannels at 10c., worth 15c; and 12½c., worth 20c.

Extra Fine Silk Gauze Tennis Flannels at 35c.; worth 50c.

1 lot of Printed Wool Challies at 12½c.; worth 25c.

1 lot of Ladies' Embroidered Lawn Patterns, $1.00 and $1.50; one-quarter the cost.

1 lot of Boys' Low Cut Shoes at $1.25; worth $2.00.

1 lot of Men's Low Cut Shoes, size 6 to 7 at $2.00. These goods were sold for $3.00.

1 lot of Ladies' Cloth Top Kid Button Shoes at $1.50; worth $2.50.

1 lot of Misses' and Children's Cloth Top, Kid Button Shoes at $1.25 and $1.25; worth $2.00 and $2.00.

All of our Children's, Misses' & Ladies' Tan Colored Shoes at cost.

Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats at 10c., 15c., 25c., 40c., 50c. and 75c.; these are bed prices.

LADIES' OUTING CLOTH SLIPPERS. 1 lot of these worth $1.00 and $1.25.

Children's Slippers Discount, sizes 5 to 8, at half price.

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Children's Outing Cloth Suits, in two prices, at $2.00; worth $3.50.
Seersucker and Cheviot Kilt Suits at $3.00; worth $5.00.
Boys' Cottonade Suits at $2.50; worth $4.00.
Jersey Kilt Suits at $3.00, worth $5.00 and $5.25, worth $4.00.

One Price to All. We are Never Undersold.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.