

CORRESPONDENCE.

Political Meeting.

SALT LAKE CITY,
Nov. 8, 1876.

Editor Deseret News:

A political meeting of the 5th and 6th wards was held in the 6th Ward school-house on Monday evening. Bishop Hickenlooper was elected chairman and Thomas Green secretary, and Jesse West chaplain.

The chaplain offered up a prayer, after which the following resolution was moved by Mr. West—

"Resolved, That it is the bounden duty of the voters to be early at the polls to-morrow and support the people's candidate, the Hon. G. Q. Cannon."

The resolution was numerous seconded and carried unanimously amid great cheering.

Calls were made for and speeches delivered by Messrs. Goss, Snarr, Edwards, Green, Rushton, West, Watson, Albion, Knox, Clark, Poulton, and the chairman. The speeches were short, but lively and to the point, every speaker being greatly applauded.

Mr. Goss moved and Mr. Anderson seconded the following resolution—

"Resolved, That we, the citizens of the 5th and 6th Wards, in meeting assembled, request the Central Committee of the People's party to convene a mass meeting of the citizens of this city, to express their condemnation of the recent sinuous rulings of the Chief Justice in the matter of the sequestration of the property of President Young."

The resolution was carried unanimously, and the meeting adjourned.

Respectfully,

THOMAS GREEN,
Secretary.

Our Country Contemporaries.

Ogden Junction, Nov. 6—

Special Marshal Fife informs us that there are but nineteen (19) cases, all told, in this city. He has superintended the cleaning up and disinfecting of thirteen houses. Some of the cases included in the nineteen reported are convalescent, and others are of a very mild nature. He says the disease is certainly decreasing, and he believes it will soon be extirpated.

Death is busy in Ogden. The ravages of the grim tyrant are not confined to the sphere of small-pox. Several deaths have recently occurred from causes with which that disease had no connection. Last night he claimed two more victims. Mr. Samuel H. Burt yielded to the destroyer at 9:45. He had contracted a severe cold while at the saw-mill above Franklin, and remained there several days while really unfit for labor. On reaching home typhoid fever ensued, and culminated last night in perforation of the bowels, death resulting at once. Shortly after midnight the wife of Mr. C. E. Griffin expired.

A little boy, son of Mr. John Crawford, died from small-pox last night.

Mrs. Beckstead, who was the first person taken with the small-pox at North Ogden, we are informed, died about 2 p. m. yesterday.

The people of Hooper have taken measures to prevent the spread of small-pox in their large and flourishing settlement. There are two cases, both in one family, of a mild character. The house, as well as the residences of one or two neighboring families supposed to have been exposed to the contagion, has been quarantined. Persons visiting Hooper will entirely avoid going near the infected point, by taking the road leading to the southern and central part of the settlement. The infected house is in the north-eastern district.

Ogden Junction, Nov. 7—

This morning Mr. Thomas Wallace's oldest son, Samuel Burnhope, became a victim to the fell destroyer. Mr. Wallace has been grievously afflicted, and his friends, whose name is legion, mingle their grief with his, and hope that Providence will sustain him in his bereavement.

Mr. James Fowler's little son George also died from the effects of small-pox at eleven o'clock today.

No further developments of the small-pox. There are now only

nineteen cases in town, all told. Remember this, and don't be scared nor influenced by exaggerated rumors.

Everything extremely quiet at the polls in this city to-day. Votes rolling up a good figure for Cannon. No excitement, no rowdiness, no vulgarity, everybody who voted doing so freely and without fear or constraint. Just as it should be.

Beaver Enterprise, Nov. 4—

Our Dixie friends are supplying us with dried peaches and apples of a very superior quality. The grape still makes its appearance, but in diminished quantities.

Judge Murdock has returned home from his visit to the Sevier settlements and reports everything encouraging among the brethren over there, politically and otherwise.

A move is on foot to start another paper in Beaver. Mr. G. W. McLaughlin, late of Nebraska, has proposed to his friends in Beaver City and County, that if they will procure him 300 subscribers at \$3 per annum he will start a weekly newspaper in Beaver City.

Ogden Junction, Nov. 8—

No further spread of the malady is reported, with the exception of some members of a family previously afflicted, either in this city or in the settlements around. It is confidently hoped that the disease is coralled. But there should be no slackening of the precautions hitherto observed. Better to lose a little more business than another precious life.

VOTE OF WEBER COUNTY FOR DELEGATE TO CONGRESS.

	Cannon.	Baskin.
Ogden,	454	144
North Ogden,	111	6
Plain City,	92	13
Huntsville,	*80	0
Harrisville,	132	0
Easton,	32	1
Weston,	91	8
Lynne,	110	6
Slaterville,	31	13
Eden,	50	0
Riverdale,	47	0
Hooper City,	109	9

Total, 1,339 200

*Probable. Not yet reported.

Provo Enquirer, Nov. 8—

The election was quiet and yet spirited in Provo. Buggies and wagons were rolling around in good style, and filled with voters. An interest was manifested from the opening of the polls, and more than 550 votes were cast at three o'clock. There was very little challenging, as the most of the voters are well known in the precinct.

By Telegraph.

AMERICAN.

PHILADELPHIA, 10.—Great numbers of people are in attendance at the Centennial grounds to witness the formal closing of the Exposition. Shortly before two o'clock President Grant, escorted by Gov. Hawley, ascended to the platform, followed by the Centennial Commissioners, board of finance, foreign commissioners and invited guests. After the excitement of the multitude, occasioned by the presence of General Grant, had subsided, the orchestra, under the direction of Theo. Thomas, performed Wagner's Inauguration March, composed for the opening exercises on the 10th of May last, and at its conclusion, Rev. Jos. A. Reiss offered up a prayer.

The chorus, accompanied by the orchestra, sang a choral, entitled "Fugie" by S. Bach.

An address was delivered by the Hon. D. J. Morrill, U. S. Centennial Commissioner from Pennsylvania.

After music by the orchestra and addresses by several prominent gentlemen, President Grant declared the International Exposition of 1876 closed. The Doxology was sung by the chorus and the audience, accompanied by the orchestra, and the formal ceremonies were concluded.

In accordance with the request of Governor Kellogg, of Louisiana, that prominent men should go from the north to inspect the counting of votes in that State, the President has invited the following gentlemen to proceed to New Orleans for such purpose: Hon. W. D. Kelly,

of Pennsylvania, Gen. J. O. Garfield, of Ohio, Hon. J. A. Kasson, of Iowa, John Schenck, of Pa., and Gen. J. A. Logan, of Illinois. It is understood that most of these gentlemen have accepted, and will reach New Orleans within a few days.

It is stated, on good authority, that the President has also requested the following gentlemen to visit the South, in order to secure a fair count of the presidential vote: Thomas Bewer, Esq., of Pa., and Hon. Henry Stebbins, of New York.

NEW YORK, 10.—The following dispatch has been sent to Governors Ingersoll, Hubbard, Robinson, Bedle, Curtin, Palmer, McCreery, Carroll and others; also to Senators Thurmond, Bayard, Randolph, McDonald, Kernan and other Senators, and to leading public men in the northern States:

"Republicans and Democrats, citizens of New Orleans, urgently request that a delegation of prominent men come here at once to counsel peace and a fair and honest return. You are earnestly requested to be one of ten or fifteen gentlemen, all widely known, to meet at the Louisville Galt House on Saturday evening, and proceed directly south; or, if more convenient, meeting at the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, on Monday morning. Your prompt acceptance by telegraph is requested. This emergency appeals to your patriotism."

"ABRAM HEWITT, Chairman."

The following have signified, by telegraph, their intention of starting at once for New Orleans in response to a call of the Democratic National Committee: Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Ills., ex-United States senator, Hon. J. M. Palmer, Ills., ex-governor, Hon. A. J. Curtin, Penn., ex-Senator Hamilton, M.D., Hon. P. Doolittle, Wis., ex-Senator Lieut. Gov. Colbough, Ills., Judge J. B. Stalls, Ohio, Hon. Oswald Ottendorfer, New York, Hon. Henry Watterson, Ky., Hon. Theo. F. Randolph, N. J., Hon. J. B. Smith, Wis., ex-Governor Hon. C. Carroll, M.D., ex-Governor Bigler, Penn., Hon. G. V. Fox, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Hon. Saml. J. Randall, Penn., Prof. Sutner, Yale College, and Hon. H. D. McHenry, Ky.

SAVANNAH, Ga., 10.—Transportation has been ordered for troops to pass through this city to-night for Florida. Advice from Florida say that the State has undoubtedly gone democratic by 2,000 majority. There has been no disturbance as far as heard from.

CUSTER CITY, 10.—The body of a man named Chas. Foster, was found, to-day, three miles north of Golden City, Dakota, shot through the head. There is an immense stampede from Deadwood for Wolf Mountain, where marvellous discoveries are reported to have been made, surpassing any in the Deadwood region.

WILMINGTON, N. C., 10.—The excitement here, to-day, over the present aspect of the presidential election is intense. At no time since the day of election has there been anything approximate to the feeling manifested this afternoon. The democrats claim that Tilden has been honestly elected, and if there is any trouble over the matter the people of the north must decide the question. The republicans generally sustain the action of the President.

COLUMBUS, O., 10.—The excitement over the election news continues unabated. The streets have been filled all day with excited crowds, much more irritable and less generous than heretofore. Several street fights have occurred. The returns have been of such a varied character, and men have been kept waiting so long between hope and fear, that the more ignorant of the street visitors are growing petulant and less inclined to bear the chaffing of their political opponents. The Democratic State committee still assert their perfect confidence in Tilden's election. The Republican Committee, a majority of whom have heretofore had doubts as to the result, are now perfectly confident of Hayes' election, and have so notified their correspondents.

WASHINGTON, 10.—Gen. Sherman had acted upon the telegrams received from the President, and has received word from Gen. Auger that he had ordered nine companies to Florida, and would order five more, and go in person with them, leaving Col. Hunt, of the 5th Artillery, in command in South Carolina. A company of artillery

will be part of the troops sent from South Carolina.

Senator Kelly telegraphed, to-day, to his wife in this city, that the result in Oregon is doubtful, with the chances in favor of a small democratic majority. He denies having conceded the State to the republicans.

CHICAGO, 10.—News from the whole northwest shows that this section of country is in an almost unprecedented state of excitement and feverish anxiety. At every telegraph and news office eager crowds are thronging awaiting the news of the closely contested election. In Chicago business is seriously interrupted and nearly every store and place of business is a headquarters for political discussion.

The Times Washington special says a colored Hayes club charged upon a crowd of whites on F Street this evening and but for the promptness of the police the fight would have been serious. The street is now patrolled. The colored men are crazy over Hayes' defeat, and under the belief that they are to be re-enslaved, are ripe for every mischief. It will be strange if a fortnight passes without some sort of riots.

SAN FRANCISCO, 10.—A new stock board, to be called the Nevada Stock and Exchange Board, is being organized, to go into operation on December first. It will be devoted mainly to the dealings in government bank stocks, state and county securities, gas and water stocks, and lastly, mining stocks.

RICHMOND, VA., 9.

The negroes, to-night, are very disorderly. Large crowds gathered in the northern suburbs of the city, and marched in procession down Broad Street, armed with clubs, etc., throwing stones and breaking a number of store windows along the route. A detachment of police charged the rioters and dispersed them. Previous to this the mob went to the residence of J. W. Dungee, a colored preacher, who has made himself quite prominent as a democratic canvasser, and stoned his house, breaking windows, etc. Subsequently a party of whites went to a negro hotel on Broad Street and served it in the same manner. All is quiet now.

NEW YORK, 9.—The Tribune, in an editorial, says, let it be borne in mind, in the intense moments of this waiting for the final result of the Presidential election, that there is one thing of vastly more importance to the people of this country than the choice of either of these two candidates or the success of either party, and that is, that whoever is declared elected shall be honestly elected. Neither Tilden nor Hayes can afford to be declared elected, or to take the office of the President of the United States unless he has been fairly and legally chosen by honest ballots and honest counts. More than this, no private citizen can afford to have, at such a time as this, any tampering with the ballots or returns. The partisans of Hayes may apprehend great danger to the country from the election of Tilden, and the partisans of Tilden may be equally apprehensive of serious consequences from the republican success, but the country will not suffer from either results any such lasting damage as would come from a successful consummation of any scheme involving in the least degree the purity of the ballot, the fairness of the election, or the genuineness of the returns. The partisans on either side may have over-estimated the consequences and magnified the probabilities of the evil growing out of their own defeat. It would be very strange if they had not. Every good citizen should take that probability into consideration whenever he finds in himself, as doubtless a great many honest but very ardent partisans do at such a time as this, a willingness to accept any result in accordance with his wishes, without questioning the means by which it has been brought about, and every voter should consider beyond that, that no successes of any party, nor the election of any candidate, nor the triumph of any principle or policy can, in the least measure, atone for or excuse the stupendous crime against the whole people, against the honor of the nation, against the truth of justice and humanity which the falsification of the vote and deliberate robbery of a free people of their right to choose their own rulers would involve. This is a larger question than the success of the party or the election of the candidate, and it

must have the serious consideration which its weight and its solemnity demand. Unhappily there is nothing in the record of either of the two parties, as at present constituted, which forbids the suspicion that corrupt men may be found in either, who, in such an emergency as this, or even without the stress of so great a temptation, would not shrink from the perpetration of such a crime. Do we need to say that in this state of things it is the duty of the honest citizens of both parties to lay aside all partisanship and demand that the popular verdict, as legally rendered, be honestly recorded. Nothing can compensate for fraud, nothing relieve the taint upon the national honor or justify the wrong upon the people which a dishonest manipulation of the returns would imply. For reasons which have been heretofore stated, and with which its readers are familiar, the Tribune has desired the election of the republican candidates, and has worked earnestly to that end, but the Tribune's past record and all its traditions forbid that it should stand by consenting, or seeming to consent, to anything that has in it the suspicion of an attempt to defraud by dishonest or false returns the people of their rights. It can afford to stand to see a verdict recorded against what it believes to be the cause of truth, justice and humanity, so long as that is the honest verdict of the majority.

INDIANAPOLIS, 9.—Returns from sixty-two counties in full and twenty-two counties in part show Hayes over Tilden 276, a democratic gain of 590. The places to hear from give a democratic majority of 8,490.

Governor Hendricks was serenaded to-night by an immense crowd with bands of music. The Governor addressed the crowd as follows:

"I am not well enough to-night to make a speech. The work of the campaign, in which I have taken quite a part, has fatigued me, and I have not been able to be out to-day, but I guess I shall get well now. (Cheers.) I believe that the result will justify you in the expectations which have brought you together this evening. The dispatches are not uniform, but it will appear that the democratic ticket is elected. The result in this State is very gratifying. I have not carefully examined the returns, but the news of this city to-day places the democratic majority from 12,900 to 15,000 (cheers), which is a very great gain. I suppose the country over which Governor Tilden presides, has given him the largest popular vote ever given to a candidate. (Great cheers.) The great popular expression is in favor of the principles which we supported and the purposes that we declared, we have contended for a better government, for a cheaper government, and for a universal fraternity among the people of the United States. I believe that this emphatic expression of the public will and must be heard and heeded by Congress and by the executive of whatever party. I think I may say I know it will be heeded. If our expectations are realized in the election of Mr. Tilden, the claim of the Republicans to an ownership of the vote of the soldiers has come to an end. That was settled in the meeting of the soldiers and citizens in this city on the 5th of October (loud applause), in which more soldiers participated than any other political meeting ever held in the State. They then gave all men to know that they would vote, as they had shot, for a restored union, and the rights of the restored sections. Another proposition is established, that the republican party is not the only friend and protector of the colored people of the South. If we have carried South Carolina it is by the aid of the colored vote, as was the case in Mississippi, one year ago. The success of the democratic party will soon inspire such confidence in that vote that it will be divided between the parties. If, in this election, the democrats have indeed carried South Carolina and Louisiana, I believe the trouble between the races will wholly disappear from the land. (Great cheering.) The Constitution of the United States has made the colored man a voter, and he owes his vote to the country and not to a party. (Continued cheering.)"

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—During the day there has been a great deal of talk about frauds in the city election, and the Board of Supervisors have authorized the Finance Committee to investigate the matter