

from the committee of safety of Memphis, asking for aid in supporting the poor people in that city during the prevalence of yellow fever there, \$1,555 was subscribed on the spot by 19 business firms, and donations will be solicited of every Memphian in the city.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 8.—The trade for the future of Tewfik Basha, as Khedive, will leave Constantinople on the 8th inst., in conformity with the recommendations of Sir Austin Layard and M. Fourrier, the English and French ministers.

An Irade has been issued appointing fifty inspectors of finance. The Porte has proposed to construct a fort on the frontier of Kurdistan, to maintain order among the Kurds.

It is expected Lavet Pasha will be appointed Grand Vizier, with Mahmut Nedim Asiri and Khediv Pasha as colleagues.

The North German Gazette's Paris correspondent denies that the German Ambassador at Rome has caused a fresh writ of the Prussian courts to be served on Cardinal Ledochowski.

The London Times' Berlin dispatch says: The Kuluja question has been settled. The Chinese Ambassador will soon quit St. Petersburg for home.

A socialist named Somoff has died in Odessa, from the effect of the terrible burns inflicted with the intention of self-destruction. He was found in his cell sitting over a petroleum lamp. The flesh of his fingers was consumed and his back up to his neck was horribly burned. He was removed to the hospital, where he died without uttering a word.

Reports of the Russian customs department shows that the export of grain during May was 1,223,500 chetwerts less than corresponding period last year, one million of this decrease was in wheat, and 200,000 in oats. The export of grain for the first five months of the present year was 3,948,579 chetwerts against 18,411,150 chetwerts in the corresponding period last year. Three million chetwerts of this was wheat.

The garrison at Constantinople has received one month's arrears pay.

A Capetown dispatch says: The report that King Cetewayo offered to surrender is not confirmed, and the impression prevails that he will give more trouble.

The Times' correspondent at Umvolosi River, states that the retreat of the British from Ulundi has restored Cetewayo's confidence. It is reported that a powerful chief with 4,000 men is with the King.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph, dated Port Durward, July 30th, reports that Cetewayo has sent messengers to John Dunn, asking what terms will be given if he surrenders now. Special correspondents agree in condemning the idea that the war is over and they deprecate Sir Garnet Wolseley's hasty action in sending the troops home.

The Standard's Berlin dispatch says: The boiler of the German corvette Freya, burst as the vessel was leaving Batavia. Four men were killed and several injured. It was rumored on the 2nd inst. that this accident had happened, but it was located off Malta.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Sierra Leone, dated July 28 reports a renewal of disturbances. The natives are making armed resistance to the customs officials. Her Majesty's ship Dwarf has gone to protect the officers.

A Paris correspondent of the Daily News says: The government has deferred to the latest legal period the issuance of a writ for the Bordeaux election which has been fixed for the 31st of August. The radicals are confident Blanqui will be returned. Lepere has sent a circular to the prefects, instructing them that any resolutions of councils-general against the Ferry educational bill will be void, as the matter is political and beyond their jurisdiction.

The Earl of Fife is dead. The Times Paris dispatch reports that Minister Waddington has presented a declaration to Nubar Pasha that he will be permitted to return to Egypt officially before the end of the year.

A correspondent of the Times at Odessa says: Fourteen men have died of diphtheria at Elizavograd. A man has just died at Moscow of Siberian plague.

The Times' Berlin correspondent declares that the export of wheat from Russia is diminishing enormously, but that the export of rye is increasing.

WOODSTOCK, Canada, 8.—The storm yesterday came from the northwest. Trees were uprooted, fields of wheat leveled to the ground and corn fields severely injured.

The latest from Bouctouche is as follows: Since the last report information has been received that the destruction is much more extensive than at first supposed. Very few houses have escaped injury. Besides that done to the spire and roof of the Roman Catholic chapel, the outbuildings, storehouse, and barns of the Rev. Mr. Michaud are a mass of ruins. Miss Julia Michaud, a niece of the priest, is severely injured. The convent is somewhat rickety but is still standing. Several cords of bark awaiting shipment, with several rafts were driven to sea. Living's workhouse is utterly destroyed. A large school building with furniture and library is a total loss. Timbers a ton in weight were raised and carried several hundred feet with the violence of the tempest. An old moulding shop and other buildings in the ship yard were swept away. Fences were leveled in all directions. The ruins of firm houses and barns defy description. In many cases they are strewn for miles along the highway roads. Crops and valuable forest lands are completely destroyed. New deaths are continually reported. In one instance a mother was crushed to death while her child was uninjured. Several children in Dollar settlement are missing. They had been picking berries and are supposed to be killed. Visitors are arriving from all parts and subscriptions to the starving country-folk are freely made.

LONDON, 8.—Some correspondent in South Africa appears to think it possible that Cetewayo may defeat the natives sent against him, in which event all the prestige gained by the success of the British forces at Ulundi would be lost. A military council will be held at Maritzburg, but it will probably be little more than a matter of form. A marine naval brigade, six infantry and two cavalry regiments will be sent home. Secoceli in the north is not expected to submit without fighting. A column of 5,000 men is preparing to march against him, should he continue recalcitrant. Fuller advices show that Sir Garnet Wolseley did not inform the coast chiefs they were to be governed by the English, but he told them their country would be ruled by independent Zulu chiefs.

LONDON, 11.—The Observer's Vienna correspondent says: It is asserted that 2,000 inhabitants of Sarajevo, Italy, perished in the flames.

It also says: Within the last few days we have given a fresh extension to our authority in Egypt by placing a positive veto on the return of Ismail Pasha to reside there.

Lavet Pasha has promised the Greek minister that the Porte will appoint commissioners to negotiate relative to the boundary, although it would prefer to have the matter settled by the mediation of the great powers.

Ismail Pasha seems disposed to take up his residence definitely in Naples. The Italian government has determined to assign the Favorite Palace to him.

The Russian ambassador has supported the representations of the Prince of Bulgaria in reference to the incursions of Turkish troops into Bulgaria. The Porte has promised to enquire into the matter.

A Sarajevo, Italy dispatch says: The greater portion of the troops are removed outside of town to accommodate the homeless families in their quarters. Provisions are served out to the inhabitants from a military store. The Duke of Wurtemberg organized a committee for the purpose of rebuilding the burned districts.

ANTI-MORMON MANIFESTO.

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES TAKES A HAND.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES.

The Herald's Washington special says: The Mormon question like a great many other of our political and social questions, has risen to international importance. A letter prepared by the Secretary of State,

protesting against the conduct of the governments of Great Britain, Germany, Norway, Sweden and Denmark in continuing to allow their subjects to leave for the United States as Mormon emigrants, was read at the cabinet meeting to-day, and copies sent by to-night's mail to our diplomatic representatives in those countries. The letter, it is understood, is an energetic presentation of the views of the administration on the Mormon question, and a determination on its part to make the institution of polygamy as odious as possible under existing laws. It begins by setting forth that under our statutes bigamy is a crime in any of the Territories of the United States and that men or women destined for Utah go there with the intention and for the avowed purpose of violating this law. The letter then recites that by act of July 1, 1862, every person having a husband or wife living who marries another whether married or single in a Territory or other place over which the United States have exclusive jurisdiction, is guilty of bigamy and shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 and by imprisonment for a term of not more than five years; and that under this law, which has been declared by the United States Supreme Court upon a test case, Geo. Reynolds, a citizen of Utah and a member of the Mormon Church was convicted of bigamy and is now serving a sentence of two years in the Utah Penitentiary; and further that it is the purpose of this government to prosecute every person in that Territory against whom evidence can be obtained of violation of this law. Our ministers are instructed to lay a copy of the letter before the governments to which they are accredited without delay, and to represent in the most friendly manner to those governments that it would therefore be an act of justice to warn their subjects, if the latter could be dissuaded from accepting the inducements held out by the mercenary agents of the Mormon Church to settle in Utah.

Reference is next made to the existing obligations on the part of the governments of these countries not to allow persons to depart from their jurisdiction for the United States who are known to have criminal intention, and further explaining that all who come to this country for the purpose of affiliating with the Mormon Church do so with the avowed intention of becoming criminals and subjecting themselves to the penalties of the criminal laws. Therefore, the United States will consider it a friendly act on the part of the governments of these nations if they will also regard the matter in this light. Attention is called to the large number of women who are induced to become emigrants, and who therefore aid and abet the crime of bigamy and the principles of the Mormon church, which requires plurality of wives. Our ministers are instructed to call upon our consuls in those countries, without delay, to assist them in gaining information as to the manner in which the ranks of the Mormon Church are recruited, and to forward information as speedily as possible to Washington.

A member of the Cabinet said last night, that the administration did not now consider the Mormon emigrants as any more entitled to respect than so many persons who had been convicted of felony, and that the purpose of sending the letter is to caution the people of the countries where this class of emigrants is mostly made up, and to warn them what they expect if they go to Utah.

If this friendly request of the Government is disregarded, then, continues the Cabinet officer, "We will be in a position where we can refuse them entrance into our ports and forbid vessels landing them. It is hardly possible our Consuls will not be able to ascertain every attempt made to ship this class of people to the United States, and the Administration recognize the responsibility of the duty which the law imposes upon it to prevent lawless people from landing on our territory."

The Prevailing Craze.

A good story is told by a teacher of one of the Sunday schools in the centre of the city. A Sunday or two ago she asked her class of little girls who went into the ark with Noah? None of them seemed to know, but one little girl thought

she must say something, and not knowing, used her natural born right of guessing, and to the amusement of the teacher, replied. His sisters and his cousins and his aunts.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

EYE, EAR AND DEFORMITIES.—One or more of the Surgeons of the Central Surgical Infirmary, of Indianapolis, Ind., will visit professionally, Salt Lake City, at the Walker House, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 27, 28 and 29; Ogden, Saturday and Monday, Aug. 16 and 18; and Provo, Thursday and Friday, Sept. 4 and 5.

All afflicted with any disease of the Eye or Ear, Catarrh, Cross Eyes, Club Foot, Spinal Curvature, Piles or Chronic Diseases, etc., can consult them free of charge. Artificial Eyes inserted. Remember the dates.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

Is good health, which may be preserved by the timely use of Compound Extract Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Iodide of Potassium. This is not a patent medicine; its formula is published with each bottle. The leading physicians endorse it. Ask your druggists about its merits. It cures Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, and all skin diseases, by purifying the blood and invigorating the liver. For Sale Everywhere.

Brown's Vegetable Liver Pills are prepared for curing Sick-headache, Constipation, Indigestion, and Torpid Liver. Now is the time to use them and prevent summer and fall sickness. They are superior to Eastern pills; a trial establishes them in every western family.

The great healer of the age is Brown's Arnica Salve. It is without a rival for curing Old Sores, Ulcers, Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Piles and Sore Eyes; also for galls and sores on horses; fully warranted.

Brown's Blackberry and Ginger, tested and tried for 14 years, has never failed to cure the worst cases of Summer Complaint, Dysentery or any derangement of the stomach or bowels. Try it.

All of Brown's Family Remedies for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, Godbe, Pitts & Co., & Moore, Allen & Co, Salt Lake City, Utah. d 186 tf

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. d&w

BLEMISHES upon the feminine countenance, if of a complexional nature, speedily vanish when GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP is used to obliterate them. Pimples, blotches, moth patches, roughness, redness, tan and freckles are invariably banished by this incomparable clarifying agent. Eruptive ailments, sores, cuts, bruises, scalds, and other affections and injuries of the cuticle are likewise removed by it. Sulphur Baths have long been renowned as the best remedy for skin diseases, rheumatism and gout. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP is in every respect as efficacious, and far cheaper. By opening the pores, and promoting a vigorous superficial circulation, this excellent article contributes to the health of the entire system as well as to that of the cuticle. Since its introduction to public notice it has repeatedly been commended by the medical profession and press, and few external specifics have won such "golden opinions" among all classes. It prevents obnoxious diseases as well as remedies them, and disinfects clothing and linen impregnated with disease. Dandruff is entirely eradicated by it, and its use is, on that account, greatly to be desiderated by persons whose hair is thinning out in consequence of dryness of the scalp. Those who have used ointments and liquids without avail for the cure of eruptions of an obstinate character, will find, if they try it, that GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP removes scrofulic complaints irremediable by less efficacious means, and prevents the recurrence of such disorders. For bleaching fine articles of needle-work and all kinds of white woolen, cotton and linen fabrics this soap is superior to any article that can be used for the purpose.

Sold by Druggists. Price 25c. per cake. 1 Box (3 cakes) 75c. sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. C. N. Crittenton, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Avenue, New York. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

When we reflect that a power of endurance can be imparted to the brain, and that weak minds have been restored to strength by Fallow's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, we cannot but conclude that the subtle power is really ponderable matter. Persons who study hard should preserve their balance of power by using the Syrup. deod w

Bain Wagons

A FULL STOCK OF THESE CELEBRATED WAGONS ALWAYS ON HAND, TOGETHER WITH A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SPRING WAGONS.

Address, HOWARD SEBREE, SALT LAKE CITY

Solid Merit will Tell.

For all the bitter opposition of jealous rivals, no better illustration could be had of this fact than the immense sale already attained by the great Throat and Lung Remedy, Dr. Aug. Kaiser's German Elixir. For the cure of Coughs and Bronchial Affections, it is truly wonderful, even those suffering from Consumption in advanced stages find great relief, and numbers of patients have found, to their delight, not only relief but cure. It being perfectly harmless, makes it at once popular with mothers, who of all others have felt the necessity of such a medicine. The genuine bears the Prussian Coat of Arms, the fac-simile signature of Dr. Aug. Kaiser, and has his name blown on every 75 cent bottle. A trial size may be had for 25 cents.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by the Z. C. M. I. Drug Department and Moore Allen & Co., Salt Lake City. 1226 w 29

SPY GLASSES.

R. & J. BECK,

Manufacturing Optician, 1,016 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFER AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. The largest assortment of the following class of goods of their own manufacture to be found in this country.

MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, OPERA and FIELD GLASSES, THERMOMETERS, BAROMETERS, for the pocket etc., COMPASSES, Pedometers, Achromatic Spectacles, EYE GLASSES, ETC.

Send three-cent stamps for our illustrated and priced Catalogue of 144 pages, which gives full directions for ordering Spectacles that will suit all sights.

NOTICE.

To the Landholders of Deseret Millard County.

THERE will be a meeting in the Deseret School house at 10 a. m., on Monday, August 11, for the purpose of approving or disapproving the action of a former mass meeting, and to vote on a rate of tax for the construction and repairing of the canals and ditches of the Deseret Irrigation District, and other business.

By order, WM. V. BLACK, BYRON WALKER, THOS. ALLISTER, S. W. WESTERN, W. W. DAMRON, L. R. CROPPER, D. S. CAHOON, Trustees, JOSHUA BENNETT, Secretary.

STRAY NOTICE

I HAVE in my possession: One 7 year old Mare COLT, branded 26 on left shoulder "F" combined on left thigh, and "B" on right hip. One bay 2 year old Horse COLT, branded "E" on left thigh, some white in face. M. NELSEN, District Poundkeeper. Tooele, Aug. 1st, 1879.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession: One red yearling HEIFER, no marks, branded 3 on right hip. Which if not claimed and taken away before Monday, August 11th, 1879, will be sold to the highest responsible bidder at the Glenwood District Estray Pound, at 1 p.m. NEILS HELGENSEN, District Poundkeeper. Glenwood, Aug. 1, 1879. d&w

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession: One bay MARE, about 4 years old, blaze in forehead, b and JJ on left thigh and Q on left shoulder. If not claimed and taken away before August 20th, 1879, she will be sold on that day, at 1 o'clock p.m., at the Estray Pound at Salt Lake. JENS F. MORTENSEN, District Poundkeeper, Edina, August 10th 1879