DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

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Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
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Blasting, Kentucky Rifle,
Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse
For sale at wholesale and retail by all the leading stores in the Territory, and by wholesale only by J. W. Sanders & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City.

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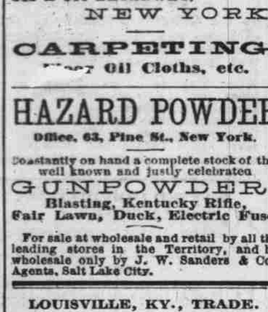

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Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can. Ask your grocer for and Foster Soaps quickly. If a full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for
SAPONIFIER, and take no other.
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JOSEPH E. TAYLOR,
Pioneer Undertaker of Utah,

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of
METALLIC, WOOD AND CLOTH COVERED
COFFINS AND CASKETS.
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— AND —
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Wholesale and Retail, at
IMMENSELY REDUCED PRICES!
Lower than were ever offered in Utah.
LOTS and GRAVES furnished in any Cemetery in the City. All orders filled day or night in the shortest time possible.
Office and Warerooms Never Closed.
31 & 33 S. West Temple St.
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LAST NIGHT'S NEWS

At a New York Republican Meeting, Horr, Ingersoll and Miller Speak.

"The Country that Raises Raw Material only is Eternally Poor."

Horr Says the Issue is Whether the English Cobden Club is to Run America.

Austria and Russia Dispatch Troops to the Gallician Frontier.

An Interesting Debate in the Senate on America's Military Defenses.

The House Takes Up the Dutiable Portion of the Tariff Bill.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

REPUBLICANS

Hold a Ratification Meeting in the Metropolis.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Metropolitan Opera House was crowded from the outermost edge of the galleries to the foremost extremity of the stage with republicans who had gathered under the auspices of the republicans of this city to ratify the nomination of Harrison and Morton. Hundreds who tried to gain admission were unable to do so. The presiding officer was Edward S. Bartlett. In opening the meeting he spoke in warm praise of the republican platform and the candidates on it. He said before the people was the issue of protection to American industries, and on that issue the republicans were sure to win.

The first speaker of the evening was Congressman Horr of Michigan. He was received with applause and the applause was increased when he said:

"I came to you from the far west simply for the purpose of saying to you people of the east that we intend to join hands with you in redeeming the United States of America."

Continuing, he said: "I am as a delegate in the convention of Chicago, and although it did not select the man I favored, it did its work fairly and well. The platform gives us a clear cut issue of protection of the industries of America. The issue has been narrowed down to the question which had better manage this nation, the republican clubs of this country or the Cobden Club of England.

At this point

GENERAL SHERMAN

entered and was quietly taking his seat in a box when he was perceived by the audience and greeted with great cheers.

I am glad to belong to a party that honors its heroes," said Horr. "England," he said, again taking up the thread of his subject, "turned against us when we were in the middle of a difficulty that arose from the slavery question but we made her pay for it afterwards. When we nominated our ticket Great Britain had no cheers for us. General Harrison may be proud of his ancestry but we depend more on what a man is than what his ancestors were. In this instance we can all respect our candidate for being up to what his ancestors were and being equal to them. The democrats have told us that this is not to be a personal campaign and that nothing is to be said as to personal character. They admit that nothing can be said against the personal character of our candidates. Curtis and the *Times* struck the key-note in this, [hisses] but we have an issue which is plain and distinct, and we are going to carry the election for protection to American industries and building up the United States. Michigan has been taken out of the list of doubtful states. So far as I know the democrats do not claim Oregon. Many other states will be given up by the democrats before November. What we want is protection for all our industries. We want them all protected, so that fair wages may be paid to all workingmen. Carlisle and Hill said last night they were not for free trade absolutely. There were many other reasons why the democratic party cannot be kept in power. They have not told the truth in anything since they have been in power, over three years ago. I went to Chicago to see that the true party of this country had its ticket with a man who fought and endangered his life for his country. They tell me I should not

TALK OF THE PAST.

That I should not fan into life the slumbering embers, but I like to, and I'm proud that the old republican party has passed that era which we can look back to with pride. If I was a democrat, I'd like forgetfulness and consider it a Divine attribute. Harrison will carry Indiana without doubt. The Indiana veterans themselves will insure its success against the ticket headed by Cleveland, who vetoed so many soldiers' bills and gave ridiculous and insulting reasons for his actions. Now, how is New York going? [Republican," cried many voices.] Yes, you start in the campaign without a dissenting voice and you cannot help winning. Let the East and West unite, and we will win as sure as the ticket in the field is a good one. The democratic party is too weak every where, and especially in its lack of business sense."

The speaker ended by criticising the action of the administration in reference to the fishery question, and demanded that the country should have an administration that should assure national dignity and be thoroughly American.

A telegram from Depew expressing regret at his inability to be present was read.

COL. ROBERT G. INGERSOLL

was then introduced and was warmly greeted. He said:

"When a presidential candidate is put up most people always claimed they were with him from the start. Generally they claim they discovered him. They are anxious to be with the procession. I will be frank with you and say I was not waiting for the successful ticket in this instance. But there is something in American blood that bows to the will of the majority so that when the convention was through everyone was for the ticket heart and soul.

Col. Ingersoll then reviewed the work of the convention and platform. Referring to the protection plank he said: 'I will tell you why I am in favor of it. I want this republic substantially independent of the rest of the world. I want this country so it can live if at war with the whole world. My next reason is that the man who raises raw material only, is eternally poor. The farmer who raises wheat, pork and beef and horses makes a second or third profit and gets rich. The country which grows raw material will grow poor, while the country to which it sells it and which manufactures it into fabrics and sells them back to it again will grow rich. Just to the extent that you mix mind and muscle you give value. The South raises cotton and sells it. Just so long as the South does this it will be poor and democratic. I am for protection because it will enable us to raise greater men. How little after all the laboring man receives for his work—[Even under protection," said a man in the gallery]. Yes even under protection. But let me ask you this my friend, answered the speaker, 'if the laboring man is not paid better here than abroad why do we not find American workingmen immigrating to England?"

This reply was greeted with the most enthusiastic cheering of the evening, men in all parts of the house joining in the prolonged applause that followed.

"If England gets her goods in here free, she will soon become the richest empire on the globe, and we will become the nobodies.

The democrats point to lands given away by the republican party, but they do not tell us of the good uses made of the lands thus granted in establishing connection throughout the nation. They point to the lands they have taken back, but they do not tell you they were recovered under provisions put in the grants for that very purpose."

WARNER MILLER

was the last speaker. He said:

"The Chicago convention had given the grandest declaration of principles ever given to the American people—an American platform from top to bottom. It was a platform on which any American could stand, and the ticket was as good as the platform. It was not what a great many wanted, but it was the will of the people. The democrats sought to give a different impression, but Cleveland's message of December last meant free trade if it meant anything. The struggle was for protection. The die was cast, the battle was on and New York was in the field. If the present indications were borne out the interior would come down to New York with a greater majority than since the war."

REPUBLICANS AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—A republican ratification meeting was held at the headquarters of the National Republican League tonight. Speeches were made by Senator Hawley, Congressman Johnston of Indiana, Buchanan of New Jersey, Hauck of Tennessee and Butterworth of Ohio, W. W. Surry of Indiana and others. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the republican ticket, commending the platform adopted at Chicago and appealing to the wage-workers of the United States to sustain their principles. The following letter from Senator Sherman was read and loudly applauded:

"I regret that an engagement will not allow me to be with you tonight, though I join most heartily in support of the nomination of the republican convention. I have known General Harrison intimately for many years as a gentleman of high character, an able lawyer, a gallant soldier, and in every respect a worthy citizen. I have always known Mr. Morton as a member of Congress, a business man of rare ability and integrity and a true republican. These candidates will worthily represent the great cause in which we are engaged. The battle will be for principle, not for men—protection for American labor and security for equal rights. I will no doubt at some future time have an opportunity to express more at length my earnest desire for the success of the republican party and confidence in its triumph over the party which, in its composition and acts, is a reproach to the patriotism of our country.

Very truly
JOHN SHERMAN."

The Prussian Diet to William.

BERLIN, June 29.—The presidents of the two houses of the Prussian Diet today presented to the Emperor William the addresses of those bodies in reply to the speech from the throne. The Emperor, in expressing his thanks, made no reference to political questions.

In a rescript addressed to Prince Bismarck, dated Tuesday, the Emperor refers to the profound shock caused by the death of Emperor Frederick, following so soon the death of Emperor William, and expressed thanks for the universal expression of sympathy.

A Trans-atlantic Ship at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 29.—The first transatlantic vessel which ever arrived at Chicago steamed into the river today and tied up at one of the piers of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway near State street. It was the *Rosedale* which left Sunderland, England, a month ago, brand new from the shipbuilder's yard. She brought a cargo of Portland cement from London. It was reshipped at Montreal and Kingston together through the Welland Canal. The *Rosedale* is a propeller and a very fast one. She will not go back to England but will be kept on the Great Lakes to run between Port Arthur and Toronto.

Abandoning Free Trade.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The *Tropic Bird*, Captain Burns, arrived in port today, forty-three days from Tahiti. The Tahitan government has abandoned the free trade policy and has placed a protective tariff on all articles landed on the island from American and English ports. The tariff amounts to 50 per cent on staple articles.

Distant Rumblings of War.

VIENNA, June 29. — Five Galican regiments stationed here have been ordered to proceed to Galicia without delay by special transport trains. The move is owing to the news having been received at the war office of the march of two Russian regiments of infantry from the interior toward Galicia.

Panama Canal Funds.

LONDON, June 29.—A dispatch from Paris, says the *Temps*, states DeLesseps convoked the members of the Panama Canal Board in order to submit to them a proposition relative to the issue of the lottery bonds. The exact amount subscribed has not yet been announced. It is known that about 250,000 small subscriptions applied for 8,000,000 bonds. The whole issue consists of 20,000,000 bonds, each of the nominal value of £16, issued at £14 8s., the total amount being £28,900,000. Panama Canal shares closed 4¾ francs higher today.

The *Standard* contends that even if yesterday's statement that £13,000,000 had been taken is correct the loan is a national failure. It would give the company possession of £19,000,000 but this sum would melt like snow under the tremendous expense of the work combined with the dead weight of the interest now exceeding £4,000,000 yearly. A year hence there would be a company with a capital and debts amounting to £90,000,000 with no available assets.

DeLesseps has issued a circular which confirms the statement that subscriptions have been received for 8,000,000 bonds, and adds arrangements have been made with a group of financial houses to complete the loan by paying the first installments, and deposit in rentes or other government stock to form a guarantee of £120,000,000.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Senate resumed consideration of the army appropriation bill, the pending question being on Hawley's amendment offered yesterday.

Gorman said he did not believe the terms of the amendment were sufficiently guarded to protect the interests of the country. In beginning such a great enterprise it was proposed to place the whole $6,600,000 in the hands of the ordnance bureau. Such a system was generally regarded as vicious, bad and sure to result in disaster.

Hawley said the amendment merely proposed to do for the army exactly what had been done for the navy. The proposition of the senator from Maryland, if he understood it, was that private concerns should be invited to make a perfected gun, but he (Hawley) asserted no large steel manufacturer in the country would undertake on any terms the Government would listen to or the people sanction, to build a 12 or 16-inch gun in his own shops purely for an experiment. Would the senator himself if he had two or three millions invested in steel works, spend another million in putting in a plant in order to turn out a single perfected gun which might be rejected when made? After the harassing experience of old John Rooch, a man who had done honor to his country, not one manufacturer would spend a million dollars in making a gun. He defended the ordnance officers of the army and navy, to whom he said the grossest injustice had been done.

Butler said if the Senator from Maryland had been a member of the committee on military affairs or the committee on naval affairs, he would soon have come to the conclusion that those ordnance officers were subject to a very

TRYING ORDEAL.

Not three days since a gentleman (alluding to Berdan) had appeared before the committee on naval affairs with a device, which he had supposed to be absolutely perfect, for the removal of nets against torpedoes, and yet, when he was subjected to an examination as to its practicability, he had to admit it had not been tested, but he flaunted in the face of the committee the threat that unless it recommended the appropriation he asked, he would take a steamer for Europe in August and would have the device adopted there. That was an illustration of what the ordnance officers had to encounter almost daily.

After further debate the discussion was suspended, in order to let other business be transacted.

Allison reported back the joint resolution extending the appropriation for the present fiscal year for thirty days from June 30th in the departments for which the appropriation bills for the next year shall not have become law, and after a long discussion the resolution passed without division.

The Senate resumed consideration of the army appropriation bill, the question being again on Hawley's amendment.

Hawley stated, in reply to a question previously asked, that with an appropriation of $5,000,000 270 guns would be constructed, but that it would take five or six years to expend the $5,000,000. If the American people were driven to war and were humiliated, then the men who argued against the policy of providing guns would hide themselves and call upon the mountains to fall upon them. The English themselves were surprised at the United States in regard to

WAR PREPARATIONS,

and asked if there was ever such a happy-go-lucky reliance on luck since the world began. A country with its 60,000,000 people was a monstrous mass of potential power, but against modern steel guns it was not more effective than a dead whale.

Stewart spoke of the United States as being a good goose to be plucked by anybody, and spoke of the alarm felt at San Francisco a couple of years ago when trouble with Chili was apprehended.

He was reminded by Plumb that England had paid $15,000,000 under the Alabama award and he replied that was because the United States had a great navy and because the whole world was in awe of it. The times had changed now and such a treaty as the Alabama treaty would not be made now.

Cockrell spoke sarcastically of the exhibit made by the senators from Connecticut and Nevada. He could almost imagine the British red coats coming down from the skies, ending on American soil, driving back the timid Yankees and levying contributions on the American cities.

"They burned this capital," Hawley suggested.

"Yes, they burned this capital once," said Cockrell, "and they regret it to this day."

"And so do we," was the laconic rejoinder of Hawley.

"No, sir," said Cockrell, "we do not regret it and the American people do not regret it."

In the course of this further argument Cockrell was asked by Stewart whether he approved of Germany taking

THE SAMOAN ISLANDS.

"That has nothing to do," was the reply, "with the fortifications of the United States."

"But do you approve of it?" pursued Stewart.

"I am not desirous of answering your question," said Cockrell. "What have the Samoan Islands to do with the territorial integrity of the United States? Nothing more than a Chinaman has to do with it. [Laughter.]

"Answer my question," said Stewart.

"It is none of your business whether I do or not," was the more forcible than polite response. "It is not the question in issue." Cockrell continued amid repeated interruptions and groans from Stewart. He said the American people need not fear anybody. That it worshipped at the shrine of an everlasting, mighty Jehovah, and not that of a single power on earth, nor that of all combined. That it bid them defiance, and that the talk about the necessity for fortifications was not only womanly but childish. The Senator from Nevada need have no fear. He would never see a foreign power levying contributions on San Francisco, New York, Charleston, Mobile, Galveston or any other city in the United States. As to Canada, the militia of the border states could take care of her, and do it in very short time. If Canada should pass the border in hostile array, every soldiery foot of that country would be under the power and jurisdiction of the United States within sixty days. It would not be even a skirmish, and as to Great Britain a war with the United States would be the death knell of her power, and her statesmen knew it.

Mr. Stewart fired the parting shot. If boarsting (he said) could scare Great Britain, there would not be any necessity for the United States having either an army or navy.

Without having come to a vote on the amendment the Senate adjourned till 11 a. m. tomorrow.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The House today went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill.

On motion of Breckinride (Ark.) paintings in oil or water colors and statuary not otherwise provided for were stricken from the free list.

Lehlbach of New Jersey moved to strike from the free list stones, unmanufactured or undressed, free stone, granite, sandstone, and all building or monumental stone. Rejected.

Barker of New York moved to add photographic print paper, not albuminized or sensitized to the free list. Lost.

Buchanan of New Jersey offered an amendment providing that whenever any of the articles named in the free list are imported in vessels of foreign registration they shall pay the duties imposed by the act of 1883. Lost.

Russell of Massachusetts moved to place crinoline on the free list. He said it was a dye used in the manufacture of cotton goods and it was not produced in this country. Agreed to.

This completed the consideration of the free-list section, and the clerk proceeded to read the dutiable portion of the bill. The clause providing the change in the rate of duties shall take effect on the 1st of July next was passed over.

Dingley of Maine moved to levy a duty of 15 cents on lime. Lost.

Adams of Illinois moved to strike out the clause fixing the rate of duty on refined glycerine at 3 cents a pound. This led to a long discussion, in which Reed of Maine and Wilson of West Virginia were the principal speakers.

Reed criticised the majority of the ways and means committee for attempting to mislead the country by statements made in regard to the effect the bill would have upon the revenue.

Adams' amendments were finally rejected, and the committee rose.

The House concurred in the Senate amendment extending the appropriations for thirty days, and then took a recess until 8 p. m.

HAMMOND TYPE WRITERS. 6 Months trial, C. ORLOB, Z. C. M. I. Salt Lake City

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted. (3)

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgetty, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to *brace* up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at A. C. Smith's Drug Store. (3)

SORE FROM KNEE TO ANKLE.

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of disease. Leg diminished one third in size. Condition hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone, and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one-third the size of the other, and I was in a hopeless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and the result was as follows: After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified, and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and today, and for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect, and not a sign of the disease to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga.

Terrible Suffering from Skin Diseases.

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors. Have had the best of physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear and my blood as pure as a child's

IDA MAY BASS, Olive Branch P. O., Miss.

From 145 Pounds to 172 Pounds.

I have taken several bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT with all the results I could wish for. About this time last year, when commencing its use, I weighed 145 pounds, and today I weigh 172 pounds.

GEO. CAMPBELL, Washington, D. C.

NOTE.—The CUTICURA RESOLVENT is beyond all doubt the greatest blood purifier ever compounded.

CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood Disease, from Pimples to Scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and scalp preserved and beautified by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

HOW MY BACK ACHES!

Back Ache, Kidney Pains, and Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains and Pain relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing Plaster. 25c

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Impurities in the blood produce diseases. Bodily and mental health depend upon a healthy condition of the blood. The blood, particularly in the spring and during the hot summer months, becomes clogged with impurities, which poison it and generate disease. A harmless blood purifier, without a particle of mineral poison in it, such as mercury or potash, is necessary to remove these impurities and to restore the healthy tone of mind and body. The best purifier and tonic known to the world is Swift's Specific (S.S.S.). In regard to its wonderful purifying and tonic powers we give a few testimonials as follows:

Mr. Wm. A. Siebold, with Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce Street, New York, writes March 29th, 1888: "I feel it my duty, for the benefit of others who may be afflicted as I was, to write you this letter, which you can use as my testimony in any way you choose. I will answer any inquiry from others in relation to the facts herewith stated. In February last I suffered great pain and inconvenience from boils, all over my neck; I could not turn my head without acute pain and my blood was in poor condition. After trying all the usual remedies in such cases, and finding no relief, by the persuasion of Mr. J. W. Fears, Manager of your New York Office, I used one bottle S. S. S., and I improved rapidly and very soon I was entirely relieved of my "Job's Comforters." Now not a sign of my affliction can be seen. I feel strong and cheerful. S. S. S. is a fine tonic as proved in my case. I sleep soundly and my appetite is good.

Dr. J. N. Cheney, a well-known physician writes from Ellaville, Georgia: "I use S. S. S. in convalescent fever cases with the best results. It will, in my judgment, prevent summer dysentery, if one will take a few bottles in the spring, thus preparing the bowels for the strains of summer."

Mrs. Scott Liston, 116 Zane street (Island), Wheeling, West Virginia, writes: "Having used S. S. S. for the blood, I can safely say that it beats anything I have used to cleanse the blood and make a new being out of a person."

Mr. M. S. Hamlin, Winston, N. C., writes: "I use it every spring. It always builds me up, giving me appetite and digestion, and enabling me to stand the long, trying, enervating hot summer days. On using it I soon become strong of body and easy of mind."

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