

and the Fenians. When informers appear on the Irish stage, it may be taken for granted that the ice is rotten. Mr. Forster, who is almost as unpopular among the Liberals as among the Parnellites, is able to confound his Irish enemies in the House by relating the fiendish attempts on his life and the barbarous cruelties perpetrated by unduly zealous patriots upon dumb animals. When Mr. McCarthy demands the release of the suspects, Mr. Forster points to the unrepentant Father Sheehy, and asks with unanswerable point if Mr. McCarthy considers the Chicago convention a "Constitutional gathering." On the whole, the Irish members this session are not likely to make much headway, although Mr. Forster is painfully open to assault.

Subscriptions are pouring in to the Lord Mayor's Jewish relief fund, which to-night amounts to nearly £50,000. Refugees are arriving almost every day, with frightful tales, and the benevolence of the English will be taxed to the utmost to provide for them. The English committee expect the New York committee to see that the unhappy emigrants are decently cared for on their arrival in America.

PANAMA, 5.—On January 14th, Trescott was formally received by the Chilean government. His remarks in presenting his credentials were exceedingly conciliatory, stating on the part of the President of the United States that the misunderstanding was unfortunate and only required a clear explanation to be cleared up. The Chilean President cordially replied to Trescott, giving every assurance of kindly attention on the part of his government toward the United States.

PARIS, 13.—B. B. Hotchkiss, the American inventor of the revolving cannon adopted by the principal Governments, has received the decoration of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor on account of his services to the French marine. The Danish Government has also conferred upon Hotchkiss the Cross of Denmark, for similar service rendered to its artillery.

ST. PETERSBURG, 13.—A Jewish family, consisting of mother and daughter, aged 18, and a son aged 14, have been massacred by peasants in the district of Ananoff.

LONDON, 14.—It is said on good authority that in the event of a new polar expedition being organized in connection with attempts to discover Leigh Smith, Captain Markham, who served under Sir George Nares, will have command.

The Admiralty office informed the Royal Geographical society that the Government cannot fit a relief expedition to go in search of Leigh Smith, but will contribute £5,000 towards meeting the expenses of a private expedition, provided necessary extra funds shall be forthcoming and the arrangements meet with the approval of the Admiralty office.

An epidemic, strongly resembling the plague, recently appeared near Sauj Beulah, Persia. Forty deaths are noted since February 8th.

MADRID, 14.—At a meeting of tradesmen held to-day, fully 5,000 were present. They unanimously resolved to offer a passive resistance to the collection of the new license tax, and as a last resort, even to allow their goods to be taken. Senator Camacho, minister of finance, persists in exacting the immediate payment of the tax.

MANCHESTER, 14.—The American consul's report for the year ended September 30, 1881, of trade between his consular district and the United States, shows a decrease in declared exports of over \$3,000,000, or over 20 per cent, as compared with exports of previous years.

ST. PETERSBURG, 14.—Gen. Kryshanofsky, Governor of Orenburg, and Privy Councilor Teklinoff, of the ministry of domains, have been dismissed.

BERLIN, 14.—It is said here the coronation of the Czar has been postponed until September.

NEUSTADT, Ont., 14.—The National Zeitung printing office and the residence of the publishers are burned.

A BILL.

TO AMEND SECTION FIFTY-THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-TWO OF THE REVISED STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES, IN REFERENCE TO BIGAMY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Con-

gress Assembled, That section fifty-three hundred and fifty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States "have" exclusive jurisdiction, amended so as to read as follows, namely:

"Every person who has a husband or wife living who, in a Territory or other place over which the United States "have" exclusive jurisdiction, hereafter marries another, whether married or single, and any man who hereafter simultaneously, or on the same day, marries more than one woman, in a Territory or other place over which the United States "have" exclusive jurisdiction, is guilty of "polygamy" and shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars and be imprisonment for a term of not more than five years; but this section shall not extend to any person by reason of any former marriage whose husband or wife by such marriage shall have been absent for five successive years, and is not known to such person to be living, and is believed by such person to be dead, nor to any person by reason of any former marriage which shall have been dissolved by a valid decree of a competent court, nor to any person by reason of any former marriage which shall have been pronounced void by a valid decree of a competent court, on the ground of nullity of the marriage contract."

Sec. 2 "That if any male person, in a Territory or other place over which the United States have exclusive jurisdiction, hereafter cohabits with more than one woman, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court."

Sec. 3. That counts for any or all of the offenses named in sections one and two of this act may be joined in the same information or indictment.

Sec. 4.—That in any prosecution for bigamy, "polygamy, or unlawful cohabitation," under any statute of the United States, it shall be sufficient cause of challenge to any person drawn or summoned as a juror or juror, first, that he is or has been living in the practice of bigamy, polygamy, "or unlawful cohabitation with more than one woman," or that he is or has been guilty of an offense "punishable" by "either of" the foregoing "sections, or by section fifty-three hundred and fifty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, or the act of July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act to punish and prevent the practice of polygamy in the Territories of the United States and other places, and disapproving and annulling certain acts of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah," or, second, that he believes it right for a man to have more than one living and undivorced wife at the same time, or to live in the practice of cohabiting with more than one woman; and any person appearing or offered as a juror or juror, and challenged on either of the foregoing grounds, may be questioned on his oath as to the existence of any such cause of challenge, and other evidence may be introduced bearing upon the question raised by such challenge; and this question "shall" be tried by the court. But as to the first ground of challenge "before" mentioned, the person challenged shall not be bound to answer if he shall say upon his oath that he declines on the ground that his answer may tend to criminate himself; and if he shall answer as to said first ground, his answer shall not be given in evidence in any criminal prosecution against him "for any offence named in sections one or two of this act;" but if he declines to answer on "any" ground, he shall be rejected as incompetent.

Sec. 5.—That the President is hereby authorized to grant amnesty to such classes of offenders, "guilty before the passage of this act of bigamy, polygamy, or unlawful cohabitation, on such conditions and under such limitations as he shall think proper; but no such amnesty shall have effect unless the conditions thereof shall be complied with.

Sec. 6.—That the issue of "bigamous or polygamous marriages, known as Mormon marriages, in cases in which such marriages have been solemnized according to the ceremonies of the Mormon sect, in any Territory of the United States, and such issue shall have been born before the first day of "January," anno domini eighteen hundred and "eighty-three," are hereby legitimated.

Sec. 7. "That no polygamist, bigamist, or any person cohabiting with more than one woman, and no woman cohabiting with any of the persons described as aforesaid in this section, in any Territory or other place over which the United States have exclusive jurisdiction, shall be entitled to vote at any election held in any such Territory or other place, or be eligible for election or appointment to or be entitled to hold any office or place of public trust, honor, or emolument in, under, or for any such Territory or place, or under the United States.

Sec. 8. That all the registration and election offices of every description in the Territory of Utah are hereby declared vacant, and each and every duty relating to the registration of voters, the conduct of elections, the receiving or rejection of votes, and the canvassing and returning of the same, and the issuing of certificates or other evidence of election in said Territory, shall, until other provision be made by the legislative assembly of said Territory as is hereinafter by this section provided, be performed under the existing laws of the United States and of said Territory by proper persons, who shall be appointed to execute such offices, and perform such such duties by a board of five persons, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, all of whom shall not be members of one political party, a majority of whom shall be a quorum. The members of said board so appointed by the President shall each receive a salary at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum, and shall continue in office until the legislative assembly of said Territory shall make provision for filling said offices as herein authorized. The Secretary of the Territory shall be the secretary of said board, and keep a journal of its proceedings, and attest the action of said board under this section. The canvassing and return of all the votes at elections in said Territory for members of the legislative assembly thereof shall also be returned to said board, which shall canvass all such returns and issue certificates of election to those persons who, being eligible for such election, shall appear to have been lawfully elected, which certificates shall be the only evidence of the right of such persons to sit in such assembly; but each house of such assembly, after its organization, shall have power to decide upon the elections and qualifications of its members. And at, or after the first meeting of said legislative assembly whose members shall have been elected and returned according to the provisions of this act, said legislative assembly may make such laws, conformable to the organic act of said Territory and not inconsistent with other laws of the United States, as it shall deem proper concerning the filling of the offices in said Territory declared vacant by this act."

The city of Boston executed a contract to-day for 100 electric lights.

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TRUSTEES' SALE.

ON APPLICATION OF Z. SNOW AS Assignee and owner of the note set forth in the Trust Deed hereinafter described, and pursuant to the provisions of a Deed of Trust, made October 24th, 1879, by Jeter Clinton to James M. Smith and Charles E. Pomeroy, as Trustees, and recorded in Book 8, page 301, and following of records of Tooele County in the Territory of Utah, and because default has been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured thereby, we will sell at Public Sale to the highest bidder for cash, current funds of the United States, at the South door of the Court House in Salt Lake City, in Salt Lake County and Territory of Utah, on Saturday, the twenty-fifth (25) day of February, A. D., 1882, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock p. m., the following described property, situate in Tooele County and Territory of Utah, viz:

Lot one (1) in section twenty-four, (24) lots one and two, (1 and 2) the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty-five, township one, (1) South Range our, (4) West Salt Lake meridian, United States Survey.

JAMES M. SMITH, CHARLES E. POMEROY, Trustees. Dated Salt Lake City, January 20th, 1882.

WM. JENNINGS & SONS.

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