

TENS OF THOUSANDS AT THE FAIR

Big Rush to Inland Empire Exposition is Now on in Earnest.

EVIDENCES OF PROSPERITY

Attraction Focused on the Splendid Exhibit of the Agricultural College.

Educational Display Which is Destined to Represent Utah at the Dry Farming Congress.

The real rush to the grounds of the Inland Empire exposition set in in earnest this morning with a flood of humanity moving in one direction. By this afternoon it was apparent that the fair was going to entertain a record crowd.

Among the exhibits which are quarantined in their own buildings and which are the center of attraction among the farming representatives now in the city is that of the Utah Agricultural College, which is in charge of Prof. L. A. Merrill, who is assisted by Miss Hazel Love, E. G. Titus, George M. Cain III, Miss Cora Kerr and other instructors of the institution.

The general purpose of the U. A. C. exhibit is educational, and it is carried on by the college among the farmers and their wives throughout the state. The exhibit is also intended to show the progress of the agricultural industry of Utah.

The principal exhibits are the dry farm display from various experimental dry farms in the state, and the fruit show from the St. George experimental farm in southern Utah. One of the most interesting exhibits is a large number of farm crops grown at Logan to test the adaptability of these crops to Utah conditions.

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A fine entomological exhibit shows the results from experiments carried on during the last summer against the alfalfa worm. The exhibit is a collection of alfalfa, corn, wheat, and other crops, showing the damage done by the worm.

The best variety of wheat shown is the Turkey Red, which is very much in demand by the millers, and one that is a test with hundreds of other varieties has yielded 100 per cent better than the best variety of wheat.

A sample of corn is shown which has been growing in the last two or three years at the rate of 40 bushels per acre on the dry soil without irrigation. This crop of corn, it is claimed, equals barley as a stock food.

One of the interesting features of the exhibit is a set of 60 plates, showing illuminated photographs in three different sizes, showing the progress of the agricultural industry of Utah.

"MEET ME AT THE SOUTH GATE AFTER CONFERENCE."

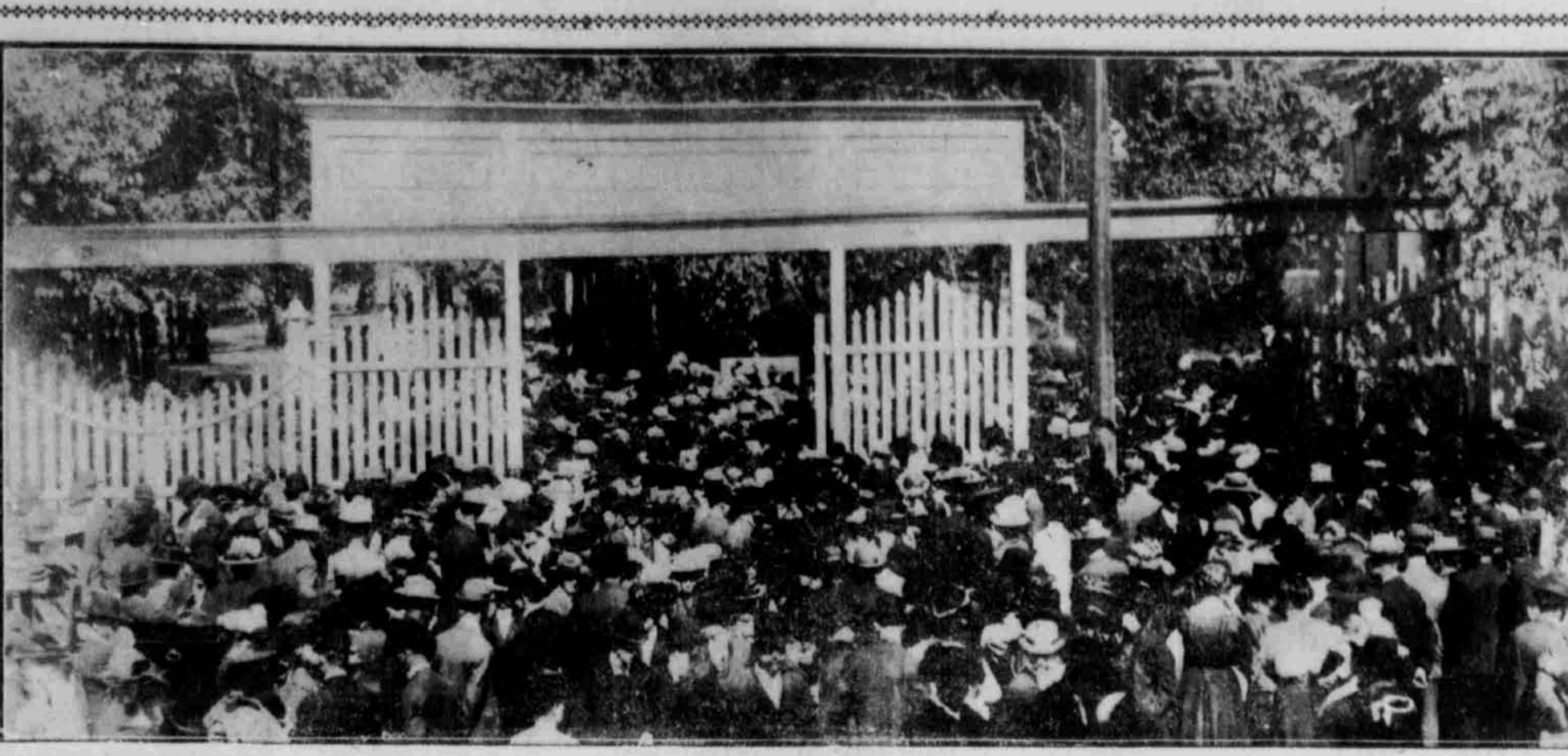


Photo by Utah Photo Materials Company.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Miss Cora Kerr is in charge of the domestic arts exhibit, and Miss Hazel Love explains the domestic science exhibit of the college. The samples show that in the first year's sewing course, the students make a complete suit of underwear and are given practical lessons in sewing such useful articles as kitchen aprons and other things used in domestic science work.

ORNITHOLOGICAL EXHIBIT

A fine ornithological exhibit is given by Prof. S. H. Goodwin, with the object of showing to the farmers what birds are beneficial and which are injurious to their crops. Lectures are given daily on this subject, illustrated by stereoscopic slides. The value of this exhibit is shown by the following example: Many farmers think that mourning doves knock down and eat the wheat, but it has been demonstrated by the government experts that doves are harmless.

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FOUND DEAD IN ALLEY

Man as Yet Unidentified Is Found by Nightwatchman Hogan.

A dead man was found in an alleyway back of the Hill drug store in Second and South and West Temple streets, about 1:30 this morning by Nightwatchman Jack Hogan. The dead man's name is supposed to be Daring. Hogan was making his rounds when he saw the feet of the dead man on steps leading to a blind door. The man had fallen headfirst down the short stairway and when found had apparently been dead for at least an hour.

Hogan at once notified the police and the latter sent the body to the undertaking parlors of E. J. O'Donnell, Judge of the Peace Stanley A. Hanks was notified at 5 o'clock of the gruesome find. The cause of his death has not been determined.

But very little could be learned of the dead man, and what few reports were gleaned of him are vague and indefinite. The face and head were covered with mud and there was a full dress on the man. He was seen on the streets several times during the past few days. It was stated that he worked at one time for the Utah Pacific Railway company under R. L. Gray, and that he worked for Elmer E. Darling. Neither report was verified.

FRANCO-AMERICAN TARIFF RELATIONS

More Optimistic Feeling Prevails in French Government Circles Regarding Settlement.

ALDRICH THE PEACEMAKER

Dispelled Erroneous Idea Concerning The Interpretation of Section 2 Of the New Law.

Paris, Oct. 5.—A more optimistic feeling prevails in government circles today regarding the amicable adjustment of Franco-American tariff relations under the new law, as a result of the explanations furnished by Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island during his talks last week with a number of the French ministers and other high officials.

In the first place Mr. Aldrich dispelled the minds of the Frenchmen of the idea, entertained here, that the termination of the existing commercial agreement between France and the United States, months in advance of the agreement with other countries, notably Germany, was in any way intended as a discrimination against France; and secondly, and more important, Senator Aldrich relieved the anxiety in Paris concerning the interpretation of section 2 of the new law.

This section, the French believed, involved the automatic imposition of the American maximum unless France afforded every minimum and every advantage. The French believed, in spite of its desire to avoid a tariff war, was hostile to the granting of wholesale concessions.

SHAKESPEARE'S THEATER

Burning Controversy Arises Over the Site of the Globe.

London, Oct. 5.—A burning controversy is raging among those interested in the matter, who are more numerous than might be supposed, concerning the site of Shakespeare's Globe theater. Excavations in favor of the traditional site, and the site claimed by Prof. Wallace, is being marshaled and defended with arms.

FROST IS PREDICTED

Weather Office Sees Clouds Coming For Tomorrow.

The weather is becoming colder as in days more the fall will be half over, with winter drawing on faster than is readily realized. The weather office predicts partly cloudy with frost, and the weather was fair elsewhere. A low pressure area still lies over Alberta, Canada, which has caused some light drizzle in British Columbia. In general the temperatures this morning are normal, except along the lakes and in the plateau region, where they are somewhat below normal.

CONFERENCE PROGRAM

The closing sessions of conference will be held tomorrow, meetings being held in the tabernacle at the usual hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. This morning there was a special priesthood meeting in the Assembly hall, at which the attendance was restricted to the presiding officers of the stakes and wards of Zion and some others. This afternoon a meeting of the officers of the Relief Society was held in the same place, the conference of the Relief Society being called for Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

At one of the sessions of the conference tomorrow the general authorities will be presented to the people. The only vacancies in the list of general authorities is in the First seven presidents of seventies, caused through the death of Elder George Reynolds, and assistant historical, the vacancy being caused by the death of A. Milton Musser.

SALT LAKE VIEWS HUDSON-FULTON FETE

John D. Spencer Writes His Impressions of the Pageant of Battleships of All Nations.

John D. Spencer who with his son Daniel has been taking in some of the chief sights of the Hudson-Fulton celebration in New York incidentally in a trip to Atlantic City to attend a conference of the officials of the New York Life Insurance company, writes in a home letter a partial impression of the big naval review on the Hudson, which says Mr. Spencer was one never to be forgotten. "We had planned to buy tickets for one of the excursion boats," writes Mr. Spencer, "but through the courtesy of John W. Young we got tickets on the official boat of the celebration commission 'The Providence.' These tickets gave us an elaborate dinner and a place of all things in the front of the ship.

It is under the impression that the Moors south of Zulu have received numerous reinforcements from the Beni-Hurraguet and Aana tribes. The number of 10,000 are now entrenched on the heights surrounding Zulu.

STRANGE ACCIDENT TO LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEER

New York, Oct. 5.—While a Pennsylvania railroad train was making 30 miles an hour, with seven coaches of the passengers, from this city to Philadelphia, a pilot wheel picked up a rock from the stone ballast track and hurled it through the cab window, the missile striking Engineer William Cooper on the head and knocking him unconscious. The fireman observed that the customary whistle had not sounded for the station at Rahway, and discovered the engineer lying on the floor of the cab, leaping to the throttle, the fireman quickly stopped the train, and a quick stop at the Rahway station, where the engineer was taken to a hospital. Another engineer was obtained, and without the passengers knowing of their great danger, the train proceeded.

HIS MEMORY FAILED HIM

New York, Oct. 5.—An expensively dressed man, wearing rich jewelry and apparently well educated, mystified the doctors of Bellevue hospital today when he applied for treatment. He could not remember his name or anything else about himself. All that he could remember was that while riding in a surface car something in his brain snapped, and his memory of the past became a blank.

The doctors declared that he was suffering from no physical ailment and that the loss of memory was his only failing. Papers found in his pockets, while not revealing his identity, indicated that he is a man of considerable business affairs and prosperous financially. All efforts to revive his memory have failed.

ALARMED OVER SPAIN'S PROGRAM

Preparations for Extension of Operations in Morocco Increase Uneasiness.

VERY ANXIOUS FOR ALGERIA

Sending of Troops May Give Rise to Serious Trouble in the Interior Of Spain.

Paris, Oct. 5.—The preparations for the extension of Spain's operations in Morocco, involving the sending of heavy reinforcements, are creating increasing uneasiness in Paris. The Petit Parisien, a journal owned by Minister of Commerce Dapuy, in what is believed to be an inspired article, says today that Spain's program seems to go beyond the object originally communicated to the powers and provokes apprehension in Europe, especially in London and Paris.

The colonial authorities of Algeria, the article says, have notified Paris of the existence of fanatical excitement in the interior and speak of danger along the Algerian frontier if Gen. Martin, the commander of the Spanish forces in Morocco, attempts to push his expedition southward from Zulu.

MOORS REINFORCED

Madrid, Oct. 5.—The Imperial today confirms the report that the Moors south of Zulu have received numerous reinforcements from the Beni-Hurraguet and Aana tribes. The number of 10,000 are now entrenched on the heights surrounding Zulu.

TRANSPORT THOMAS SAILS FOR PHILIPPINES

San Francisco, Oct. 5.—Among the passengers on the United States army transport Thomas, which sailed today for Manila, was Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, who is to assume command of the military forces at Zamboanga, Island of Mindanao, the scene of his former victories over the rebellious Moros. He traveled through the Philippines in a constabulary band, which has made a successful tour of the country, his farwelling appearance being at the reception, given by President Taft and his family at the Greek theater in Berkeley. In honor of the president the band played several patriotic selections as the transport was leaving her dock.

PREPARING FOR RECEPTION OF EMMELINE PANKHURST

New York, Oct. 5.—Elaborate arrangements are being made by the various women suffrage associations throughout the United States for the reception and entertainment here of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the noted English suffragette, who, with her daughter, will arrive here tomorrow for the cause. Mrs. Pankhurst, who is expected here in about two weeks, will come under a suspended sentence of the English courts. She and her daughter were arrested last June for leading a deputation of eight women to the house of commons to interview the prime minister, who added to her fame by inaugurating among the suffragettes the plan of starving themselves while in jail, and for that reason she is now on a suspended sentence.

FAMOUS DUTCH PICTURE GOES TO NEW YORK

Antwerp, Oct. 5.—Van Orley's famous picture, "The Last Judgment," which was painted on wood in 1528, has been sold in New York. Neither the name of the buyer nor the price has been made public.

SCHURMAN SENDS CONGRATULATIONS TO PEARY

New York, Oct. 5.—The following message from President J. G. Schurman of Cornell University to Commander Peary has been received in this city from Ithaca: "I am very glad to hear of your successful expedition to the North Pole. It is a great triumph of organization, skill and endurance. Regret that I am not here to share in your triumphs." J. G. SCHURMAN.

GOV. DRAPER'S BOSTON RESIDENCE IS BURNED

Boston, Oct. 5.—The Boston residence of Gov. Eben S. Draper, 130 Beacon street, in the Back Bay section, was destroyed by fire early today. A conservative estimate of the loss places it at \$150,000. No one was in the building at the time, the governor and his family not having returned from their Hopedale home.

The fire is believed to have started in the basement, possibly through the careless use of matches by workmen who were in the house yesterday, preparing it for occupancy.

DE HOOGE SKIPS OUT LEAVING A SHORTAGE

(Special To The News.) Blackfoot, Oct. 5.—John De Hooze, who has been in liberty under a suspended sentence after forging paper of the Utah-Idaho Sugar company at Idaho Falls, has skipped out of town, leaving another shortage behind him. De Hooze was last heard of in Pocatello yesterday. He left here Sunday or Monday.

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WALSH'S FATE IMPRISONMENT

U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals Affirms Verdict of Guilty of Misapplication of Funds.

SENTENCE FOR FIVE YEARS

Counsel Have Thirty Days in Which to File Application For Rehearing.

Meanwhile He Will Be Out on Fifty Thousand Dollar Bonds—Story of Chicago Banker's Rise and Fall.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—The verdict of the trial court which found John R. Walsh guilty of misapplication of the funds of the Chicago National bank, was affirmed by the United States circuit court of appeals here today.

Mr. Walsh must serve the sentence of five years' imprisonment imposed upon him by the trial jury, save in the event that the supreme court upsets the affirmation of the guilty verdict handed down. Counsel for Mr. Walsh in their appeal laid stress on what they alleged was a lack of criminal intent on the part of the defendant. In this very lengthy brief, which they filed, much law was quoted to show that the convicted banker used the funds of the bank in what he considered a legitimate manner.

OPINION OF COURT

The opinion of the court of appeals, written by Judge Humphrey and handed down by Judge Grosscup, is brief and confined almost wholly to the question of criminal intent. The allegation that John Palmer, was unduly influenced is dismissed with a word, and little more is wasted in eliminating the allegation of inconsistency in the verdict.

As to the substance of the matter charged in the various counts, says the opinion, "the verdict will not be disturbed. If the gravamen of the charge in each count on which there has been a verdict of guilty is the same there is a consistency in the verdict."

In the instructions given the jury by Judge Anderson in the trial court, the higher tribunal finds no error. As to the lack of criminal intent the opinion reads: "Under section 5209 there could be misapplication of bank funds by an officer which would be innocent and not criminal and there could be misapplication which would be criminal. What would be the difference between misapplications which were criminal and those which were not, what would show innocence or guilt, false faith or bad faith, their court sought by instruction carefully to define and we think did fairly define."

Counsel for Mr. Walsh have 30 days in which to file application for a rehearing by the court of appeals. Meanwhile he will be at liberty under his present bonds of \$50,000.

WALSH'S RISE AND FALL

The rise and fall of the fortunes of John R. Walsh, who is now 72 years of age, is a story which has been told in the history of Americans who have risen from obscurity to power. The three Walsh banks—the Chicago National, the Equitable Trust company and the House Savings bank, were closed by the controller of the currency on Dec. 13, 1905, nearly four years ago. At that time Walsh not only owned the bank, but was president of the Chicago Chronicle, but owned all, or nearly all, of the stock of the following companies: The American Gas company, the Bedford Belt Railway company, the Bedford Quarries company, the Chicago Southern Railway company, the Chicago Wharfing & Storage company, the Indiana Southern Coal company, the Illinois Southern Railway company, the Lake Michigan Car Ferry Transportation company, the Mount Olive & Madison road company, the Ohio Quarries company of Ohio, the Ohio Quarries company of Illinois, the Southern Indiana Coal company, the Southern Indiana Railway company, the Southern Missouri Railway company, and the Wisconsin & Michigan Railway company.

According to the brief of the government, only the articles of the companies were bankrupt or on the verge of it when bought by Walsh for little or nothing. Their securities were unmarketable and practically worthless. Then, it is alleged, Walsh formed corporations to buy these companies from himself, taking in payment stock of the new corporations and enough of their bonds to repay himself at their face value for the sums he actually paid for them.

WALSH'S DREAM

Walsh dreamed a great dream of a railway system to be placed together from his scattered purchases which would reach from the Mississippi to the Ohio, through Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan, to Duluth, Minn., and Superior, Wis. The quarries and coal mines were to furnish much of the traffic. To obtain funds Walsh had recourse to the funds of his banks. In covering up these loans it is alleged he used memoranda notes signed with the names of clerks who were not consulted in the matter. There was nothing at the banks to show that Walsh had received the loans. Even Fred Blount, the vice president, is said to have been ignorant of the subject. For evidence Walsh deposited the securities of his various enterprises.