

the stand and told the latter to tell his story. Howard did it in a straightforward manner and his testimony giv-

en on direct examination was not shak-

Atty. Hanson.

must be stated the shares of the

DESERET EVENING NEWS TUESDAY JANUARY 15 1907

It is easy to pick Lawrence, Love, and Hollingsworth as leaders. Three places made vacant by Bennion, Bamberger and Barber, are to be filled by sena-tors who show color entitling them to consideration among the first six. Wal-ton has maneuvered to a position of vantage, so far as his seat is con-cerned. He will probably be senate leader for old line party interests. What Benner X. Smith will do, is still un-certain, but he will be a much watched member while he is catching his stride. He is already something of a favorite. son, Walton, Callister, Builen, Holings-worth, Lawrence. Railroads-Johnson, Chairman; Law-rence, Seeley, Bermer X, Smith, Hol-lingsworth, Clegg. Chairman of the other committees are as follows: Mines, Rasband; military, Park; judiciary, Lawrence, fish and game, Walton; consingent expension. Johnson; banks and banking, John Y. Smith, agriculture, Gardner.

IN THE HOUSE.

and Hulanski.

IN THE HOUSE. Promptly at 1:30 o'clock the gavel of Speaker Joseph fell, calilng the house to order. The roll call showed that two or three members were absent, but had sent excuses. Chaplain Hess offered a prayer that was a model for brevity. Yesterday's journal was read by Chief Clerk Alex Buchanan, Jr., after which a committee on contingent ex-penses was named by the speaker, as follows, Jackson. of Utah, chairman: Kuchier, of Weber, Dyreng, of Sanpete, Critchlow, of Salt Lake, Sutton, of Summit, Hansen of Boxelder Meeks, of Kane.

Doubtless the first bill of the session Doubtless the first bill of the session will be hitroduced by this committee, and that the same will ask for an ap-propriation of \$25,000 for the expenses of the legislature and will receive the attention of the lower house tomorrow. Mr. Robinson, of Salt Lake, moved that when the house adjourn that it be until 2 o'clock tomorrow. Mr. Kuchler then moved that an informal recess be taken to await the coming of the mem-bers of the senate, when a conjoint ses-sion aid be held to hear the reading of the governor's message.

NAME PRUNED DOWN.

while the foll call in the house was in progress. Mr. Jensen of Salt Lake bose and asked that the greater part of his name be eliminated by the clerk. The big and youthful member from this county has a long tille towit, Nephi United States Centennial, and it was the three last pertings of it the While the roll call in the house was Nephi United States Centennial, and it was the three last portions of it that he wished cut out of the roll. Mr. Toiton was about to move that the house assume its prerogative of calling its members what it chose, when the speaker announced that the name would be changed to meet the wishes of Mr. Jensen.

LEGISLATIVE SIDELIGHTS.

Bamberger, Bennion, and Barber, the "three busy bees" of the last senate

Congenial spirits on the floor of the house are B. H. Bower of Provo, one of the Eleventh district representatives, and J. D. Miller, of Moab, Grand county, representing the Seventeenth district. Mr. Bower is a prosperous nurseryman of the "Garden City," while Mr. Miller is a grower, on an extensive scale, of the celebrated Grand county fruit, "So many people get my name 'Bowers," said the smiling horticulturist, "and if the 'News' prints it Bowers, I'll stop my paper." my paper.

From out the Tenth comes John T. Glies of Heber, Wasatch county. Mr. Glies is one of the devoted band of eight adhering to principles Jefferson-ian, ad Jacksonian. He is, withal, a pleasant, thoughtful gentleman whom it is a pleasure to know, and speaks in glowing terms of the material condi-tions in his part of the state

tions in his part of the state.

One of the up-to-date, progressive men of the state, who appears to be broad enough to encompass the wel-fare of the whole people of the com-monwealth as well as that of his own monwealth as well as that of his own particular locality, in his view, is Chas. F. Westphal of Pleasant Grove, Utah county. Mr. Westphal is a firm bellev-er in the ultimate destiny of this state, and predicts that it will take its place among the foremost of the 46. He is an aggressive man of affairs, being a di-rector in the Utah State bank and the light and power companies of his home town, has served several terms as jus-tice of the peace and in his town coun-cil, and is well equipped to assist in passing legislation calculated to bene-fit conditions in general. Asked as to what particular bills he was interested in pushing, he winked the other eve and smiled—but admitted he had a "bunch up his sleeve" which he would produce at the proper time.

Viewing in retrospect the scenes of

many a sangulary conflict in behalf of "good roads" stood D. R. Roberts, former representative from Cache county. The hand of good fellowship was extended to him by all who believe in keeping up good roads in the country districts, and he received many felici-tations on his work in that behalf. Of the men who will make their mark Of the men who will make their mark on the floor of the house, Harry J. Robinson of Bingham, Salt Lake coun-ty, promises to become one of the fore-most. He is possessed of a keen per-ception and is aggressive in his advo-cacy of the meaures he favors. At the front of the phalanx comes the At the front of the phalanx comes the delegation from the north. United for the welfare of their section, as well as the rest of the state are Representa-tives H. A. Pederson, of Logan: Brig-ham A. Hendricks of Lewiston, and Win. H. Maughan, of Wellsville. These gentlemen are all aggressive, conscien-tious workers, and promise well for the maintaining of the rights of the north in the lower branch of the legislature.

T. R. Connelley Pleads Guilty to Embezzlement and is Sentenced.

y arrested on the charge of embezzling

Gov. Cutter to while counts representa-tives in Congress urging them to co-op-erate with the idaho, representatives in this matter and Gov. Cutter heartly fav-ors the changes and will comply with the request of Gov. Gooding. The rules as they now stand are considered extremely cumbersome and unjust to the states. SUBPOENA FOR THOMAS. Stated That Coal Mine Inspector Will Testify Before Grand Jury.

SELECTION OF LANDS.

Gov. Gooding Writes Gov. Cutler on

The Subject of School Grants. Reform and modification of the rules of

the general land office in regard to the selection of lands by western states for

selection of lands by western states for the benefit of the common schools and other state insiliutions is suggested by Gov. Gooding of Idaho in a communica-tion received today by Gov. Cutler. The Idaho executive has already taken the matter up and will send a representative to Washington to endeavor to secure the needod changes in the rules. He asks Gov. Cutler to write Utah's representa-tions of Congress urging them to co-op-

The federal grand jury continues its sessions unabated, and as usual the out-side world has no knowledge of what is side world has no knowledge of what is going on within the room where the in-quisition is being heid. It is believed that Gomen Thomas, state coal mine inspec-tor, was served with a sunpoena this morning for his appearance as a witness, but except to the jury and the court at-taches, it is not known whether or not he testified this forenoon. It would seem that Mr. Thomas could give important evidence along the lines that have been followed by the investigation.

GIVEN THIRTY DAYS.

F. R. Connelley, a young man recent-

western lecturing tour. "President Roosevelt and I became acquainted in New York. I covered police 20 years ago for the New York Sun and this took me into the tene-ment districts a great deal. I became deeply interested in the people of the under world and wrote several books on the subject. One I called, 'How the Other Haif Lives.' The Making of an American,' Battling the Slums.'' and 'Children of the Aenements,' are others. President Roosevelt was at that time police commissioner of New York City. He read my books and was interested. We met since then and have been close friends. He is a great man and I appreciate my acquaintance with him. He has a heart for all manking and in his messages you will notice frequent references to the conditions of our poor and their betterment. and their betterment

FOR MAN'S UPLIFTING.

en in the least by the rigid cross ques-To altempt to talk about slumtioning he was subjected to by County a few minutes is almost usevork in

less. Writers have turned their atten-tion towards the slums of New York, finding in their denizens characters such as Dickens never dreamed of. I Howard said that the trouble started early in the afternoon of the shooting because he dumped some dirt in a trap can not remember any one case which I can call 'most pathetic.' In 25 years' work among the poor you find so many cases pathetic in the extreme that any where the Italian, Yoursk, was work-ing. The latter became enraged at this and started toward Howard with a club and also a knife, threatening to kill the young man. The boss of the gang where the men were working, prevent-ed trouble but Yoursk, sursed Howard and swore he would kill him that night. We have legislation effected now in New York state which, if enforced will bring our poor to better conditions. A law has been passed, making it unand swore he would kill him that night. Howard testified that early in the evening he went to a water tank to wa-ter his horses when Yoursk, with a drawn knife, accompanied by another Italian named Philipps, who testified yesterday morning, made an attack upon him. He said there was no chance to get away without being stabled, so he drew a revolver and shot Yoursk A law has been passed, making it un-lawful for any concern to employ children 14 years old or younger and below 16 years old if they can not read or write. This does not cause privation, as is generally believed. Child labor drags wages down. If a man works, alone, he receives enough pay to sup-port his family. If father, mother and children work, their combined wages do not amount to any more than the pay paid to the father where he. alone, works. Sweat-shop labor's end is com-ing slowly and this promises much for the poor people of our country. STEPS TO ELIMINATE EVIL. drew a revolver and shot Yoursk.

STEPS TO ELIMINATE EVIL.

Social settlements are being founded which are maintained by contribution. Destitute persons live in these settle-ments amid clean, bright surroundings. The tenement houses, built originally cheap and with no regard to light or ventilation, can no longer be maincheap and with no regard to light or ventilation, can no longer be main-tained under the law. Buildings of this nature must have light, ventila-tion and all the things needed to health-ful living. A large social settlement in New York has been named after me. It is a startling, ugly truth that 8,000 persons die annually in our city of tuberculosis, while three times that many are dying constantly. A tubermany are dying constantly. A tuber-culosis patient will die when direct sun rays strike him, while he will linger for months in darkness and surrounded by filth. If we expect strong men and women, we cannot permit our children to work. Their work, and the surround-ings in which they work, sap their vi-tality, and when they are hardly young men and women in years, they are worn out, with no ambition, no desire to live. The great, broad, free west

to live. The great, broad, free west does not know what poverty exists in the larger cities of the east. Great associations and great men and women are carrying on an effectual battle against these things and victory is in sight: Mr. Rils was in Salt Lake three that in all his experience in the senats he had never heard a doctrine advanced which he regarded as more dangerous than the suggestion that the president has any power in the use of the army that cannot be controlled by the law-making power. Mr. Spooner then yield-ed the floor for adjournment, not having finished his argument.

DIXON RECEIVES MAJORITY OF VOTES IN BOTH HOUSES.

Helena, Mont. Jan. 15 .- Both branches of the Montana legislature balloted today for United States senator, and Con-gressman Joseph M. Dixon, Republican, received a majority in each house. They will meet in joint session at noon tomorrow and raily the result. The vote stood:

The vote stood: House-Dixon, 52: Toole (Democrat), 10: Frank (Democrat), 4: Conrad (Dem-ocrat), 2: Norris (Democrat), 1: ab-

sent, 4 Senate-Dixon, 18; Toole, 7; Frank, 2

NEBRASKA WILL SEND NORRIS BROWN TO SENATE.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 15 .- The legislature of Nebraska today in separate ses. sions elected Norris Brown of Kearney. Republican, United States senator, to succeed Senator J. H. Millard of Oma-ha, over W. H. Thompson of Grand Is. Iand, Democrat. Mr. Brown will be formally elected at a joint session tomorrow

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCKS.

Tuesday, Jan. 15, 1907 Atchison Atchison pfd Baltimore & Ohio Canadian Pacific Chicago & Northwestern pfd Colorado Southern Denver & Rio Grande Denver & Rio Grande pfd. Erie Illinois Central Louisville & Nashville. Mexican Central Missouri Pacific New York Central Deservices ennsylvania Reading Rock Island Rock Island Rock Island pfd.... St Paul Southern Pacific Southern Railway Union Pacific Pfd. Wabash Wisconsin Central MISCELLANEOUS. MISCELLANEOUS. Amaican Car & Foundry. American Car & Foundry. American Smoling & Retining American Smoling & Retining pfd. Brooklyn Rapid Transit. Colorado Fuel & Iron. International Paper National Biscuit National Lead Pacific Mail People's Gas Pressed Steel Car. Fullman Palace Car. Bugar

Sugar Tennessee Coal & Iron.

Tennessee Coal & Iron.... United States Steel United States Steel tpfd. Western Union Northern Pacific Great Northern pfd. Int. Met. Int Met. pfd Mackay

NEVADA STOCKS.

James A, Pollock & Co. furnish the following quotations on Nevada stock from San Francisco today: Atlanta, 87 bld; Goldfield Con., 9.5 askrit: Blue Bell, 24 @27; St. Ives, # 996; Conqueror, 30 @ 34; Lone Str. 41 @ 44; Sandstorm, 78 @ 80; Red To: 450 asked; Mohawk, 18,25 asket Kendall, 62 @ 67; Jumbo Extension 1.85 bid.

BOSTON CLOSE.

Mackay mackay pfd

Mr. Patterson disclaimed making any such sweeping statement. Mr. Clay, however, belleved the Rec-ord would bear out what he had said. He admitted that there were differ-ences of opinion in the south on the question of negro suffrage, but many states beside those in the south had restricted suffrage—Ohio, Massachus-etts, Vermont and others, he said, were in this class.

He disclass. He disclass any intention to dis-cuss the race question, saying he did not want to monopolize a subject that belonged exclusively to "my good friend from South Carolina" (Mr. Tili-

been done his state and other southern states, when the senator from Colorado had said that the public men of the south were in favor of mobs and lynch

Mr. Patterson disclaimed making any

man). This stirerd Mr. Tillman to activity, and Mr. Clay was hotly questioned as he proceeded to defend the president on

and Mr. Clay was hotly questioned as he proceeded to defend the president on his Brownsville record. Mr. Tillman insisted that he could not get away from the fundamental principle that every man charged with crime should have a fair trial. "I say." he continued. "that the president has been derelict, the transcended his au-thority and was untrue to the duties of his office in not holding the troops in the army until he had exhausted every means to ascertain the guilty ones." Mr. Clay held that a court-martial would have resulted in nothing. He insisted that the evidence of the former escapades of this regiment justified their discharge. That they were not discharged as the result of any of the previous offenses. Mr. Tillman interrupted to say, was evidence that the president and secre-tary of the negro soldiers. Again announcing his adherence to the principles of Ilberty. Mr. Tillman said he did not allow such prejudices or feeling to lead him from demanding substantial justice.

James A. Pollock & Co. furnish the following quotations from Boston to-day:

Adventure. 44, 25: Arcadian. 144. 1445: Bingham Con., 34 (234); C. & A. 182 bid; Con. Mercur. 45 (248; Daly West. 194 (2204); Greene Con. 31 (261); Michigan, 23 (231); Nev. Con., 20 (201); Mex. Con., 135, (214; Osceola, 164 asked Duinck: 120 asked; Shahnon, 224 (223);

paper clipping announcing that it cited a precedent for the president's action. It told of the dismissal of a company of the South Carolina national guard by the South Carolina national guard by Senator Tiilman, then governor, be-cause they refused to obey orders dur-ing a disturbance over the enforcement of the liquor laws. Mr. Tiilman explained the occurrence, declaring the company in question "bandbox soldiers, who wanted their uniforms and brass buttons to balo

on record as endorsing the president's action and said he believed he volced the sentiment of a majority of the peo-ple of Georgia. Mr. Bacon had the clerk read a news-

to get away without being stabbed, so he drew a revolver and shot Yoursk, and then ran to a tent for protection, as Philipps was armed with a shot gun and threatened to kill him. He said that Philips threw a rock at him, and that before the shooting several men told him to be on his guard, as the Italian had sworn to do murder. For that reason, Howard said, he secured the revolver to protect himself. "When he came at me with the knife and said he was going to kill me." said the defendant. "I told him twice to stop, and then i drew the gun and fired, and then ran to that tent." During the cross-examination, Mr. Hanson-asked the defendant in detail as to where he came from, where he had been since 1994, and what he had worked at during that time. The young man gave a minute account of his tra-vels and his occupation at different times and places, and his testimony was not shaken in the least degree. When the taking of testimony was concluded, both the state and defense rested. "We will submit the case," said the prosecuting attorney. "So will L" said Judge Weber for the

"So will I." said Judge Weber for the defense. The court then stated that he would render a decision on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

CRUELTY ALLEGED.

session, who held down the Democratic hopes in the upper house, and sat all together in the right end of the semi-circle, are supplanted this year by Wal-ton, Bullen and John Y. Smith Smith and Bullen are new members, while Walton changed his seat about four points to his left, in order to capture the vantage point which is so useful to a senate leader. ssion, who held down the Democrat

Senator Lawrence, the senator with the watchful legal eye who never be-comes ruffled on the surface, and pries deeply into the heart of every man who brings him a bill, sits in his old seat in the center, from which he can dispense legal wisdom on both sides to noutring senators. inquiring senators.

When it comes to a beauty contest, there are few senators who would get past the red flag of the handleap man. Senator Lawrence and President Love, however, would come the nearest to pualifying, as hone of the new mem-bers help things any in this line.

Senator Hollingsworth started out Senator Hollingsworth started out two years ago to hand in bills, and get on his feet often. He was new. This pounts against one with the veterans. He was very young in years. This made the tille of "Senator" fit without grace on his not overly broad shoulders. He bud a twinkle in his eye, however, and

This Clearance Sale Started Yesterday

I And the way in which clothes buyers took advantage of it indicated that they have been waiting for Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes and would have nothing else. In addition to the items mentioned in yesterday's ad we will put on sale all men's pants in the store at



Martin Jensen of Redmond. Martin Jensen of Redhold, Sevier county, representing the Eighteenth district, is one of the solid men of his section. He is interested in farming and steekraising in Utah as well as in Canada, where he has extensive herds.

\$11.50 from J. M. Marriott, entered a plea of guilty to the charge in Judge Dicht's court this morning and was sentenced to 30 days in the county jail.

FALLS THROUGH ICE. Girl Has Chilly Experience on Liberty

Park Lake Today.

A 16-year-old girl named Mary Sanders, residing at Tenth South and Eleventh East, met with a chilly experience this morning on the Liberty Park lake, where she was skating. It appears that she got on ice that was thin and feil into the cold water. Some and witnessed the accident, quickly res-cued the girl and took her home.

FOURTH VICTIM DIES.

Funeral of Fred Davis of Murray Occurs Tomorrow

Fred Davis, the fourth victim to succumb to the effects of the explosion at Murray in the Consolidated Mining company's smelter recently, will be buried from the Baptist church at Mur-

buried from the Baptist church at Aur-ray tomorrow noon. The deceased, who was the least in-jured of the men, had so far recovered as to return to his home. It is believed, however, that he took cold and then death followed. He resided in Utah for five years and is said to have relatives in Cedar Bluffs, Saunders county, Neb,

WINDSOR SEEKS DIVORCE.

Well Known Insurance Man of Salt Lake is Plaintiff in Case.

Suit for divorce was filed in the district court this afternoon by B. Windsor, the well known insurance man, sor, the well known insurance man, against his wife, Lulu Mayme Windsor, on the grounds of desertion. The com-plaint alleges that the parties were married in New York Sept. 27, 1904, and than on Jan. 10, 1906, Mrs. Windsor left her husband and declined to live with him further.

CASHIER BRAMWELL RESIGNS.

Waiter Bramwell, cashier of the First National Bank of Morgan, has sent the following communication to the officers of the bank: "To the President and Board of Direc-tors First National Bank of Mor-

tors First National Angle gan. "Dear Sirs—I hereby tender my resignation as cashier of the First Na-tional Bank of Morgan, to take effect as soon as the bank can be properly audited, if such time does not ex-ceed 30 days." "WALTER BRAMWELL, "Cashier,"

EXAM. FOR CADET. Will be Held Jan. 30-31-Senator

Smoot Makes Appointment, An examination for the appointment of a cadet to the naval academy

at Annapolls will be held in the office of State Supt. of Schools Nelson in the City and County building on Jan. 30 and 31. The appointment will be made by Senator Keed Smoot.

Caroline Whiting Seeks a Divorce From Her Intemperate Husband.

name, Caroline Phillips.

to support her.

COURT NOTES.

Cruelty, habitual drunkenness and failure to support are the charges made by Caroline Whiting against Wil-liam Whiting from whom she asks a liam Whiting from whom she asks a divorce. The parties were married in Salt Lake on Oct. 12, 1887, about 20 years ago, and it is alleged that de-fendant has been addicted to the ex-cessive use of liquor for some time and has falled to provide for plaintiff. It is also alleged by plaintiff that <u>de-</u> fendant struck her on Dec. 15, 1996 and knocked her down and she had to call in the neighbors for proties.

years ago, and declares he had "a bully time" while here. He leaves for Ba-ker City, Oregon, tomorrow night.

THREE MILLIONAIRES AFTER CONNECTICUT SENATORSHIP.

and knocked her down and she had to call fit the neighbors for protec-tion. He also used vile and abusive language towards her. She asks for divorce; for \$12 per month allmony; and for the restoration of her maiden Providence, R. I., Jan. 15 .- Three mer Providence, R. I., Jan. 15.—Three men of vast wealth are candidates for the United States senate before the legis-lature today. They are George Pea-body Weimore, the incumbent: Col. Samuel P. Colt of Bristol, and Col. R. H. Goddard of this city. So uncertain has been the contest that before the legislature assembled today for the bal-loting it seemed as if the contest could not be settled without several days of voting. voting.

Senator Wetmore and Col. Colt are

An action for divorce has been filed in the district court by Emma Smith against William A. Smith on the grounds of desertion and failure to support. They were married in this city on July 6, 1905 and it is alleged that defendant deserted plaintiff on April 7, 1906 and has ever since failed to support be shifting of votes in case the first bal-lot resulted in no choice was the cause of much speculation. Today's election was in the separate branches of the legislature, and tomorrow the members will meet in joint convention. The up-per branch is composed of 27 Repub-licans, nine Democrats and two mem-bers elected by both parties. The house is composed of 39 Republicans and 33 Democrats.

The Rio Grande Western Railway company has filed suit in the district court against Amelia E. Bennion and Alfred Bennion, as administrators of the estate of Alfred Bennion, deceased, to condemn a right-of-way over de-fendant's land in the northeast quar-ter of section 15 and part of the northwest quarter of section 14, town-ship 3 south, range 2 west, Salt Lake meridian. ELECTS GUGGENHEIM.



Bank Clearings-Today's local bank clearings amounted to \$1,307,465.25 as against \$1,049,706.76 for the same day last year

Dividend Declared-The Western Loan and Savings company declared last evening, a dividend of 6½ per cent, payable immediately.

More Sheep Arrive-Dayble & Son of Heber are bringing in 100 head of fine sheep this afternoon, for exhibi-tion in the fine and fat sheep show.

uniforms and brass buttons to help them with the girls." Mr. Bacon said he thought both the senator and the president had done

Mr. Bacon said he thought both the senator and the president had done everything possible. Senator Spooner said he presumed this South Carolina company was a white company; otherwises "the sena-tor would have them lynched." Mr. Spooner said he would have a very great contempt for himself if he could not discuss the questions involved with-out reference to the color of the sol-diers. It was, he said, only legal ques-tions that could be involved. Mr. Spoon-er denounced the criticism which had been made of the Twenty-fifth regi-ment, both in the letter of Senator Cul-berson protesting against sending the negro troops to Brownsville, and by Senator Tillman. Mr. Tillman stated that he had not criticised the whole regiment. He add-ed there were many good negroes. As this seemed to surprise Mr. Spooner, Mr. Tillman added that he had good negroes working for him for 39 years, and he believed there were millions of good ones. "I do not hate the race." he added.

good ones.

"I do not hate the race," he added, "I simply feel that I am superior to it-that is all."

it—that is all." "That is a question I decline to dis-cuss." retorted Mr. Spooner. "In some ways the senator is superior." This elicited from Mr. Tiliman the ex-planation, "When I say 'I,' I mean the white race superior to the colored race. Now will the senator understand me?" Mr. Spooner disclaimed any inten-tion to discuss the race question, which he said was entirely outside the present question.

tion to discuss the face question, which he said was entirely outside the present question. He took the ground that it was not the function of the senate to investi-gate the act of the president in his ex-ecutive capacity. Peculiar functions had been imposed upon the house of respresentatives. It alone could initi-ate, prepare and present impeachment proceedings. The senate in the exer-cise of its most solemn functions was constituted the court in such cases. This, he said, was simply an abstrac-tion in this case. He called attention to the serious condition, if the senate, as a court, should find itself "prejudiced, having investigated the case in ad-vance. Assuming that the president had exercised a power he possessed in discharging these soldiers, Mr. Spooner denied that Congress had any consti-tutional power to set aside such an or-der.

der. The power of the president as com-mander-in-chief of the army and the navy in time of peace was not defined by the Constitution. Mr Spooner quot-ed judicial authorities to show that it was "the power to command and con-trol."

trol." Mr. Spooner expressed doubt that Congress could pass a law removing the disability of these particular men to re-enlist orders. Twice, years ago, the ex-ecutive had attempted to make rules. In one case Atty, Gen. Cushing and in the other Atty. Gen. Bates overruled the executive rules which conflicted with the Constitution. Mr. Bacon took issue on this point.

Mr. Bacon remarked incidentally

Mex. Con., 13% @14; Oscoola, 164 asked Quinck, 120 asked: Shannon, 224 @224; Trinity, 34% @34%; Utah Con., 784@14; Wolverine, 190 asked: Boston Con., 374 @328; Bingham Cent., 194@2; B. Exp. 416@436; Cananea Cent., 304@31; East Butte, 17@174; Hancook, 18@1845; Ma-jestic, 44@444; Nipissing, 1445 bid; Sha-mut, 196@14; Utah Apex, 846@85; Allouez, 69@70; Atlantic, 16@154; B. Coalition, 374 @374; Calumet & Hecla, 950@960; Copper Range, 954 @985; Franklin, 264 @27; Mass, 84 @884; Mohawk, 89@91; North Butte, 1174 @118; old Dominion, 57@55; Parrott, 33@3345; Tamarack, 160@ 162; Utah Copper, 75@75%; Victoria, 8@844; Tennessee Copper, 51@52; Royale, 234% @33%; U. S. S. com. 67% @68; U. S. S. ptd., 474% @474; Balakiala, 134% @1345; Black Moun-tain, 94% 010; B. & L., 24% 024; Cumberland Ely, 12% @13; Globe, 945 bid; Helvetta, 35% @4; Newhouse, 164, 917; Tintic, 8 asked; Greene-Cananea, 22% @22%.

TODAY'S MONEY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 15.—Money on call. easy, 3@442 per cent; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 3; offered at 315. Time loans, casy; 60 and 90 days, 6 per cent; six months, 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@615 per cent.

cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with ac-tual business in bankers' bills, at 4.85.15@4.85.20 for demand, and at 4.80.80@4.80.90 for 60 day bills; post-ed rates, 4.814.81½ and 4.85½@4.86; commercial bills, 4.80½. Bar silver, 68½. Mexican dollars, 52%. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, heavy. cent.

DIED.

McCULLAN.-At 402 Fifth street, this city, Jan. 15, 1907, Henrette, daugh-ter of David and Margaret McCullas, aged 15 years and 4 months; born in Scotland.

Reotland. Funeral services Thursday at 3 p. m. from the Twentieth ward meetinghouse. Friends are invited to attend.

HARKNESS.-At 110 south Ninth West street. Jan. 13, 1907, of heart trouble, Mrs. E. J. Harkness, aged 62 years.

McKELLAR.-In this city, Jan. 14, 1995, Peter McKellar, of Eureka, Utah, in his Sind year. Native of Glasgow, Scotland, and brother of John and Hugh McKel-lar of Eureka, Utah.

GIBBS.-Mary E. Gibbs of general debli-lity, aged 76 years.

R. E. Evans, Florist, 36 S. Main St. Floral Designs a Specialty, 'Phone 961.



UNION DENTAL CO 216 South Main. HONEST WORK. HONEST PRIC S. All Work Positivel Guaranteed. "Phones Bell 1126-x; Ind. 1124.

in separate session. The vote was: Senate

tion in the fine and fat sheep show. Harry Shearman Promoted—Harry Shearman completed Monday, 17 years of continuous service with the Com-mercial National bank, where he has made such a good record that he is to be made an assistant cashier. Goy, Receives Invitation—Goy. Cut-fer today received an invitation from President John R. Lewis of the Colo-rado State Commercial association, to attend a state dinner to be given by the association at Denver on the night of Jab. 23 in honor of Goy. Buchtel and retiring Goy. Jesse F. McDonald. A number of prominent men will be in attendance at the dinner and it is the desire of the committee to fave as many governors of western states present as possible. Goy. Cutler will hot be able to attend owing to the fact that the legislature is in session.

simon

Denver, Jan. 15.—Simon Guggenheim, Republican, was elected United States senator to succeed Thomas Patterson, Democrat, by the Colorado legislature at noon today. He received a large majority of the vote in both senate and

Desertion is the ground upon which John M. Carson asks for divorce from Annie Carson, whom he married at Vancouver, Wash. of Dec 18, 1897. It is alleged that defendant deserted plaintiff in October, 1903, and is now in Dawson City, Yukon territory and refuses to come to Sait Lake where plaintiff resides. Senator Wetmore and Col. Colt are Republicans and Col. Goddard, while an Independent Republican, has been selected by the Democrats. Upon party organization, Senator Wetmore seemed to be assured of the most votes, but none of the candidates seemed certain of the necessary majority and the shifting of votes in case the first bal-lot resulted in no choice was the cause

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