ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER —IN— THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 174. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV

HERR VON SIEWANS

Expresses His Sentiments Regarding a Proposed World's Fair in Germany, 1893.

EUROPEAN NATIONS MUST CONSOLIDATE COMMERCIALLY.

He Thinks it a Folly to Exhibit in America on Account of Protection.

By Telegraph to the News.

A SOLID SHOWING.

The Germans Do not Want Any Eiffel Tower at Their Fair.

BERLIN, June 16.—With reference to the proposed German World's Fair to be held in 1893, Mr. von Siewans, the great electrician, who is a leading member of the committee of projectors, said that they would make a solid showing of what they could do in the way of manufacturing without any Eiffel tower or similar attraction.

In addition, he said the European nations had found that they must consolidate commercially against aggression.

"America," he said, "is not only shutting out many of our products by prohibitive tariffs, but she also threatens our trade with the South American republics, and even with Africa and Asia. Power naturally makes America aggressive. Europe must take a share of her interests or be pushed to the wall. If America keeps on as now, we shall have to go to commercial war. We will retaliate."

"But," said the correspondent, "do you think Europe, and Germany especially, will be the gainer by such a policy?" Do you know that millions of dollars' worth of your manufactures are exported to America every year, that we could never do so on a close by simply prohibiting your sugar."

"Yes," said he, "but we shall find other channels of trade. Besides, as America advances she will need less and less of our manufactures."

When asked if Germany would exhibit at the World's Fair, Herr Siewans said he did not know yet. At present it seemed a folly to exhibit in a country where the people did not buy from them.

Recommending the Dissolution of the "Equitable."

NEW YORK, June 16.—George B. Newall, as referee of the New York Equitable Life Insurance company, has filed a report recommending its dissolution and the appointment of President Miller as receiver.

The Victims of the Massachusetts Disaster.

BENNIS, June 16.—The number of killed in the Basle disaster now foots up to 150 and the injured 300.

A Strike of Laundry Women.

LONDON, June 16.—As was expected the strike of the laundry women was inaugurated in a vigorous manner this morning, when thousands of the female employees of the laundries went out for eight hours and forty-two pence per day. Later, they formed a procession, and, marching from laundry to laundry, induced women of the establishments where non-union labor was employed, and dragged out each of the women against whom a deposition to remain at work.

When the police appeared they were jeered at by belligerent females, who went right ahead with the work of intimidation. The strike is rapidly spreading, and promises to become a most difficult one for the authorities to handle.

American Workmen.

CLEVELAND, June 16.—Five hundred members of the junior order of American Workmen paraded through the streets of Cleveland this afternoon. In the forenoon the visitors listened to an address of welcome by Mayor Rose, after which the executive committee held a secret business session.

Army Desertions.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Secretary Proctor has prepared a statement showing that desertions from the army are less now than at any time since the war closed. The desertions for the month of May were less than half what they were for several years past, and the ratio of decrease is constantly increasing.

Charged with Blackmailing.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Certain stockholders of the Haymarket Theatre company today began chancery proceedings against W. T. Dwight, the president, and others, charging general mismanagement of the affairs of the company. An injunction and accounting began when the Haymarket is one of the largest up-town theatres in Chicago.

The National Chautauqua.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The opening exercises of the National Chautauqua at Glen Echo was held today in the presence of an audience of several thousand people. The prayer was fashioned by Rev. A. H. Gillett and the order of the day was Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage.

The Coney Island Jockey Club Races.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 16.—The post Suburban handicap of 1891 was run this afternoon, and despite the hot weather it is thought that the greatest crowd that ever witnessed a horse race in the vicinity was present at the Coney Island Jockey club races. A conservative estimate placed the attendance at 30,000, but many believe that 40,000 is much nearer the mark. The weather was the hottest of the season, and there was not a cook or nurse where the crowd could escape the heat. The race itself proved very sensational, inasmuch as Tenny, who went to the post the greatest favorite ever known in the Suburban, was not only defeated for the first place, but finished in the rack. Second choice, Tea Tray, finished absolutely last, but Major Dunn, third choice, managed to get a place by a length from Castine. The winner turned up in Leontaka, the five-year-old son of Spendthrift, and Peggy Dandie, who was a long shot in the betting, there being as much as 40 to 1 against him.

The judges announced the horses in the good at 5:15 o'clock. After a little manoeuvering they came down toward the starter on a line. Down went the flag, and with great cheering and great cries of "They's off," the race went on. Major Dunn was the first to break the line, and he came toward the stand with a lead the best of it, while Castine was second, by a length before Leontaka, who was a length in front of Dunnill, who in turn was a head before Jacob Lewis, with the rest bunched. Twenty-six to Ten and Leontaka were bringing in the rear. Tea Tray was sulking, and notwithstanding Snapper Garrison's great efforts, refused to run. When the back stretch was reached the order was about the same and Starlay tried to improve his position on Tenny. The Tenny wagon took hold on the gas, and as they approached the upper turn Major Dunn had three-quarters of a length the best of it while Dunnill was two lengths in front of Castine with Fitz James, Leontaka and Tenny close next to the rail. Castine in his high temper, bringing up the rear. They ran in this order down to the last furlong when Harry Bergen put home with Leontaka and it was all over. The spurs killing strides he passed home after home and the plaudits of winners and losers alike said won, a length and a half from Major Dunn, who beat Castine a length for place. Then came Fitz James, Banquet, Tenny, Riley, Dunnill, Isaac Lewis and Tea Tray in the order named. The Freehand time was: Quarter, :23 1-5; half, :46; three-quarters, 1:09; mile, 1:41; mile and a quarter, 2:08. Starters, jockeys and betting were as follows: Leontaka (5), Bergen, 40 to 1; Major Dunn (5), Martin, 10 to 1; Castine (5), Taral 3 to 1; Fitz James (4), Barnes, 20 to 1; Banquet (4), Hamilton, 30 to 1; Tenny (5), J. Murphy, 4 to 5; Riley (4), Overton, 20 to 1; Dunnill (4), Doggett, 15 to 1; Isaac Lewis (4), Taylor, 100 to 1; Tea Tray (5), Garrison, 5 to 1.

Mile and one-sixteenth — Five furlongs—Civil Service won, Eon second, Correction third. Time—1:36½.

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OHIO REPUBLICANS

Hold an Enthusiastic State Convention at Columbus. McKinley for Governor.

THE GREATNESS OF OUR SECRETARY OF STATE, BLAINE.

McKinley's Speech "The Republican Party is Right Upon Every Question."

By Telegraph to the News.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

The Most Critical in the History of the State.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 16.—The most critical campaign in the history of Ohio politics opens today, when the great roll is one of the most enthusiastic Republican state conventions which the Buckeye commonwealth has ever known.

The importance of the result of this campaign, not only to the State but to the nation, is fully realized, and all the twelve known to be active politics will be entered by both parties to win a tremendous verdict from the people November next.

It was arranged early this morning, before the convention came to order, that there should be no dispute over organization, Gen. Asa S. Bushnell of Springfield was unanimously decided on as permanent chairman.

The Grand Opera house, which has been the scene of stirring political conventions for years, was beautifully decorated with flags and bunting, the national colors being conspicuous everywhere upon the stage. A large picture of McKinley was suspended over the chairman's place.

It was arranged that the convention should occupy two days. The first day was devoted to the meeting of the various Congressional delegations and the selection of a new State Central committee, and committees on credentials, on resolutions and organizations.

MCKINLEY ARRIVED

about noon. Although the temperature was away up in the nineties, a thousand men turned out and marched to the station to greet him.

McKinley was escorted to his carriage and the march to the Neil house began. Along the entire distance, nearly a mile, sidewalks were literally packed with people. On reaching the hotel, McKinley retired to the parlor, where he was joined by Sherman, Foraker and others.

It was after 2 o'clock before the delegates began to gather. At exactly 12:45 L. M. King, chairman of the State central committee, called the convention to order. He paid a tribute to Wm. McKinley, which was loudly applauded. Col. Neville was then introduced as temporary chairman.

The welcome which Robert M. Nevin received from two thousand cheering Ohioans gave evidence that the central committee had made no mistake in the selection of a temporary chairman of the convention.

"This convention," said the chairman, "will make a history in this great commonwealth. It is a distinguished honor to be a delegate to this convention. It is a high honor to be a member of the Republican party, and as such to be entitled to a share of its glory and achievements. [Applause.] With regard to all the great measures it has ever advanced, our party stands today where it has always stood, with nothing to regret, to explain, or apologize for. It stands upon its old platform and adheres to its allegiance to every principle it has ever enunciated."

Continuing, the speaker arraigned the Democratic State administration and legislature for its record of the past two years and besides denouncing the gerrymander of the State made repeated attacks at Governor Campbell and his official acts. After

EXPONDING PRESIDENT HARRISON

and Speaker Reed, he said: "But not to these whose is all the glory. There stood upon the floor of the House of Representatives the chairman of its ways and means committee, a man whose services cannot be spared the country at this time. Linked with that act that is bringing a greater measure of prosperity to the American people and America, the man who having led upon the floor of that House to the support of every important measure so fraught with the prosperity of the nation, is to be chosen by acclamation tomorrow to lead the Republican hosts of Ohio to victory this fall, William McKinley, Jr."

This was received with great enthusiasm. Continuing the speaker, said: "I need say nothing about our candidate for governor, he is well chosen. If the Democrats were in accord and harmonious, if they stood fast to first and shoulder to shoulder in the fight, they are still with William McKinley, Jr., as our leader and united as we are they must go down; but disorganized and broken, with the Cincinnati platform and the Nell faction and the Dark Horse faction, the question is not, will McKinley be elected? but how high will be his majority?"

The appointment of the committee found full vent in the utification of partisan threats of Chairman Nevin and in appointing his colony of Republican leaders. At the conclusion of his address Nevin said: "And at the right hand of the President stands a man that for keen intellect, broad statesmanship and devotion to American interests and American progress, is the peer of any man who ever lived, who lives today or ever will live—

JAMES G. BLAINE.

The name of Blaine was never heard by the convention. Little by little as he proceeded toward the height, the audience caught the infection and from general hand-clapping, applause developed into one mighty roar that shook the building. Men shouted themselves hoarse and women waved their fans, while a thousand voices over and over again repeated in mono-tonic chorus "Blaine, Blaine, Blaine." After appointment of the committees the convention adjourned until tomorrow morning.

The evening was devoted to receptions, Lincoln club declared a reception to Major McKinley, which was attended by a large crowd, including the leading Republicans of the State. Senator Sherman made a brief speech and was followed by McKinley, who received an ovation when he arose. Senator Sherman earlier insisted that "the next Governor of Ohio" should now speak.

MCKINLEY'S SPEECH.

McKinley in his speech said, in part: "I congratulate you Ohioans that the Republican party of Ohio, like the Republican party of the land, is right upon every question concerning the welfare of the American people. It is right upon every vote and I care not if it not issue you make, whether it be a road convention for the American people, a protective tariff to protect American industries, that never was, or whatever it be, the Republican party leads today, as it has always led the advanced thought of the American people, and I am glad to be party to night on an look forward with hope and exhilaration. I have witnessed to day the largest assemblage of Republicans ever gathered in Ohio to the State. Their earnest and enthusiastic voice show that they mean business, and a Republican victory in Ohio. I am glad to be on to night that we have not waged a doubtful battle for twenty-five years fraught with greater importance than this year. It means everything to the republic, because it means everything to the Republican party, which is closely related to the welfare of the republic."

Major McKinley then went on to eulogize Speaker Reed's work of last Congress, etc., and speaking of the so-called "Force" measure said that they are going in repeal the tariff bill, he said: "They dare not touch one line or it, for every line of it is American. They may try it, but you will have it on your statute books when boys of eleven shall be twenty-one and ready to vote. (Prolonged applause.) You have not heard a word about McKinley prices since the last election. All of the people of Ohio is that every man who on his work and bread to eat knows that they are benefited by the McKinley bill, and to the Republican majority in Ohio."

Lieutenant Governor Foraker spoke enthusiastically of the coming Republican success in Ohio.

The committee on resolutions was in session until late tonight. There was much discussion over the money and the tariff questions and it will probably be almost midnight before the matter referred to a sub-committee. The resolutions, so far as agreed upon, denounce the recent Democratic legislature for failing to pass a homogeneous, extravagant, for the election in the United States Senate of a "financial speculator and non-resident of Ohio who has not enough to command him for high honor but his money;" for unseating without reason the legally-elected Republican Lieutenant-governor in obedience to a decree of a party caucus; for Congressional gerrymanders, etc.

The Civil Service in Chile.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, June 16.—An official announcement has been made that the Presidential squadron bombarded Pisagua June 8th or three months and five days after the fight.

A detachment of troops landed at Tocanilla June 10th, collected the duty due Balmaceda's government on the nitrate and then bombarded Antofagasta. The squadron later occupied Caucaul and, after spiking the insurgents' battery, released a number of prisoners held by the insurgents.

The Coal Oil Trusts.

BERLIN, June 16.—The minister of commerce is investigating the coal oil trusts, which, German officials seem, also to supplant them in their business. Retailers assert that the Rockefeller family, who own the Russian monopoly, are forming a company in Europe of the United States have entered into an agreement whereby the Standard is to control the German market.

Canada's Promise.

OTTAWA, June 16.—All reports as to the possibility of a crisis in the ministerial circles have been disposed of. Abbott will assume the position of president of the Privy Council, and the railway department will be administered by another minister of the cabinet. No name in connection with the latter portfolio has been mentioned. The ministers will retain their places.

Railway Telegraphers.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—At the meeting of the railway telegraphers this morning the first business was the reading of the annual reports of the grand officers. The report of the grand chief telegrapher shows that there has been great activity among the organizers, the membership being increased very materially. The secretary's report showed a membership of 16,000, while the treasury is in an excellent condition.

Tennyson Dead.

LONDON, June 16.—Artist Forbes, who was much esteemed in America, is dead.

Greenmer Tenders His Resignation.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Secretary Foster today received a dispatch from General Greenmer, chairman of the immigration commission to visit Europe, stating that feeling assaults upon him, or misrepresentations, will injure, if not destroy his usefulness in the commission, he therefore tender his resignation. He can not afford to hold office to the injury of his party. It is understood that Secretary Foster will appoint General Greenmer to another position of equal responsibility.

The Indian Government Assailed.

LONDON, June 16.—The Irish land purchase bill reached its first reading in the house of commons today.

In the commons, Harcourt, discussing the Manipur outbreak, assailed the Indian government and urged a more firm policy in dealing with the native princes of India. Secretary of War Stanhope said the course of the viceroy deserved the confidence of parliament.

The Behring Sea Question.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The Behring sea question was further considered at today's cabinet meeting with a view of taking such additional steps as may be deemed necessary to enforce strict compliance with the terms of the agreement for a closed season.

A SUMMER RESORT

In New Jersey Visited by a Disastrous Fire Yesterday Evening.

FOUR HUNDRED HOUSES REDUCED TO ASHES.

Many Women and Children in the Confusion Barely Escape with Their Lives.

By Telegraph to the News.

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

A Great Portion of Seabright Reduced to Ashes.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The well-known summer resort, Seabright, N. J., was visited by a disastrous fire tonight, which reduced to ashes the larger portion of the town. As far as can be estimated, about 400 buildings were burned, but it is not yet known whether there was any loss of life. Several hundred families were rendered homeless and the total loss will reach half a million.

The fire broke out in a livery stable on River street and was carried rapidly by the high gale of a mile along the street. By the time assistance arrived from Long Branch and Asbury Park, a large portion of Seabright was in flames.

Women and children ran through the streets crying in a frantic manner, and the flames were walking down broadway that in many instances the inmates of buildings barely escaped with their lives.

The section burned over extends from Shrewsbury river to the ocean. Among the buildings burned were the postoffice, two hotels, the Methodist Church, school house, and the above best and telephone building. The portion of the town in which the Robinson lived suffered most severely.

A Town Burning.

OTTAWA, June 16.—The passengers of the Canadian Atlantic train which passed through Casselman last night, report the town burning up. They say great pile of burning lumber lies in the park with nearly every house and store in the village is on fire. Men, women and children were frantically running toward the station with what little they could carry. There is no possibility now of ascertaining whether there was loss of life, but the destruction of property must be enormous. The population of the town is about 1000.

The fire destroyed the new mills of the Casselman Lumber Co., the largest and an immense pile of lumber. The loss is $115,000.

A Tornado in Kansas.

WICHITA, KAS., June 16.—A tornado is reported to have swept over New Berlin, on the Wichita and Western railway this afternoon. Considerable damage must have been done to the crops. Wichita got a slight hail storm.

Drowned in Mohawk River.

TROY, N. Y., June 16.—Asbury Milton Foster, Jr., a student at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of this city, was drowned today while bathing in Mohawk river. His home was at Los Angeles, Cal.

A Big Donation.

HAMILTON, N. Y., June 16.—Jas. B. Colgate gave one million dollars today to Colgate's university, without reserve.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Fine Art Building in Jackson Park.

CHICAGO, June 16.—It was definitely decided today that the World's Fair fine art building should be put in Jackson Park instead of on the lake front. This places the whole exposition at least on outside site.

The new chief of the horticultural department was confirmed today by the national board of control, Quincy, near William Forsythe of California being the man. The first horticultural must put pass upon this, but his success is said to be assured.

The Crusade Against the Prince of Wales.

LONDON, June 16.—The popular crusade against the Prince of Wales continues in spite of stating the strength of bitterness. At seven religious meetings held in various parts of the country yesterday, the Prince was roundly denounced for the share he took in the baccarat scandal. The newspapers still keep up their attacks on the Prince.

A evidence of the attitude of the press and public on the question of royal participation, a letter which was published in today's issue of the Standard, the Conservative organ, may be cited. The writer of the letter calls attention to the fact that while the Prince was at Virginia Water, Saturday last, some members of the royal family including members of the family of the Prince of Wales, violated the law relative to the game laws by killing in those waters. The writer calls upon the local authorities to prosecute the law-breakers under the statute and not to exempt from the penalties those members of the royal family who may be shown to have violated the law.

The fact that this letter was published by the Standard goes far to show the feeling around by the action of the Prince of Wales.

The Irish Land Purchase Bill.

LONDON, June 16.—The Irish land purchase bill reached its first reading in the house of lords today.

In the commons, Harcourt, discussing the Manipur outbreak, assailed the Indian government and urged a more firm policy in dealing with the native princes of India. Secretary of War Stanhope said the course of the viceroy deserved the confidence of parliament.

A Report of Bardsley's Doings.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—The report of the expert accountant employed by Bardsley did with the $100,000 he embezzled from the school fund was submitted to the council today. It shows that on May 31, 1890, his individual account in the Keystone bank was overdrawn $10,000. Next day he deposited in the bank a check from the school fund, the balance from the previous year of $25,000, cancelling his overdraft and leaving a credit, against which he subsequently drew checks. Of the $450,000 appropriation for the present school year the accountants trace various checks which he deposited in different banks, sometimes to cover temporary borrowed from other accounts and nearly always to the credit of his private account. The law department of the city is on the track of some of his latest plunders. The city claims a second lot of $100,000 which Bardsley has in one of the banks of the city in the shape of 750 shares of Chicago West Side railroad stock. The solicitor has filed a bill in equity to recover the stock.

The Penn Safe Deposit and Trust Company's books have been put in the hands of experts, and some startling revelations of the methods of the looters who wrecked it, along with the Spring Garden bank, are shortly expected.

The Boxing Contest Between Kilrain and Slavin.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The long distance boxing contest between Jake Kilrain of Baltimore, and Frank Slavin of Australia, for a $10,000 purse, took place tonight at the club house of Granite Athletic association, Hoboken, Slavin was declared winner in the ninth round.

The club house was not a very commodious one and the attendance was not quite up to expectation. A large number of well-known sports were there. The men also were very late coming into the ring and as there were no pre-liminary sparring matches, the audience grew very impatient. Finally, at 11:10 o'clock, the contestants came in. Jem Donn was referee, John Nelly was timekeeper, Mike Mahoney, Cleary and Murray were Kilrain's seconds, and Mitchell, Ed. Stoddard and Tony Moore acted for Slavin. The battle started at 11:20 o'clock, and was preliminarily began offensive work, and after a pause commenced a terrible pounding on Kilrain's ribs just below the heart. Jake, though weakened, made a grand rally, and gave Slavin hard blows right and left. Clinch followed and was broken up and round and in favor of Kilrain, he getting in a rib-masher on the Australian.

In the second round clinch work began in earnest, and the crowd of the Australian found away on Kilrain's ribs, his blows being sickening. When the men separated Jake received the office of a terrible left-hander on the jaw, Slavin on the head heavily with his right and left. After another clinch and more rib-cracking, Jake landed a right-hander on Slavin's face, causing him to whirl half around. Jake followed this up with terrific right and left hooks, and the round ended in his favor.

In the third round after a light interchange, Jake went for Slavin again and hammered him to the ropes, but this ended in a clinch. Jake fought hard, for soon after, Slavin shot out his right, caught Jake under the ear, and down he went like a log. He measured 5 feet 10 inches, and it was evident he was caught was gone. After another clinch he received another terrible blow which fellled him to the ropes painfully and heavily. Jake managed to stagger to his base and the gong saved him.

The fourth round had barely opened when down went Kilrain. Those terrible heart blows had evidently done their work; Jake was out of it. Blood was pouring from his nose, which was said to be broken. Slavin, combined with the water on both men's bodies, made them terrible looking objects. Four times did Jake go to grass in this round, but he rallied, although there was no force in his blows, while Slavin was full of strength and muff-lance. Right and left handers were showered upon Kilrain, whose only chances of staying his rounds was by clinching, and in doing this he was sure to meet rib roasting.

In the fifth round Jake landed repeatedly on the Australian's head without result, and soon another terrible right-hander sent him down and nearly put him to sleep. Once Slavin had Jake to his (Slavin's) corner in a puddle of water and was about to pound him there, when Referee Donn interfered. The Australian tried to push Donn aside, but the referee insisted and the gong gave Jake another lease of life.

In the sixth round there were more clinches and again the dreadful body blows beneath Kilrain's heart. Jake seemed to pick up a little and landed a very apparent knockout blow on Slavin's jaw, the effect of which Slavin followed he again suffered severely. Jake was little more than a staying block for the Australian, and when he had been that fifth round, were dripping with water and their hard red leather gloves were slipping, Slavin's blows would have finished Jake before.

At the seventh round Slavin no sooner got in range than he went for Jake's ribs with the same vim as in the first round. After breaking away they exchanged a few heartbreaking rib stage blows, which only further demonstrated Jake's helplessness. The blood freely poured down his face, because good and heavy blows were given, however, Jake landing once fairly with what seemed to be a final effort, which only made Slavin smile.

In the eighth round Jake went in with a rush and landed a few blows on the round the referee was kept busy separating the men. Jake once landed his left on Slavin's head, but there was no force in the blow and the clinch which followed, the Australian almost shove in Jake's face. The sound of the blow was actually heard outside the clubhouse. The crowd was with the majority of the audience was with Kilrain, who was crying so plaintily, as he really was beaten in the second round.

In the ninth and last round, Jake managed to come to the scratch in pretty good shape but after Slavin had landed upon him once or twice he was again a case of blows. He managed, however, to get in good blows on Slavin's head, though there was little force in them. Finally Slavin lit Jake a terrible left-hander on the jaw and Jake went down as if shot. Still game, however, Jake slowly and painfully rose, reeled, and as the gong sounded had to be carried to his corner, and Jem Donn gave the fight to Slavin. Time old Kilrain practically met his last Waterloo and jaw into the ranks of second-class men.

A DISASTROUS WRECK

On the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Road Near Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

A PASSENGER TRAIN IS PLUNGED INTO THE STREAM.

Rain and Darkness Add to the Confusion and Terror of the Hour.

By Telegraph to the News.

ANOTHER DISASTER.

A Train Goes Down into a Stream in Iowa.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Meager particulars are received early this (Wednesday) morning of a disastrous wreck on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road near Cedar Rapids, Iowa. The engine and baggage and one passenger train jumped the track just at the end of the bridge spanning Cedar river, about 9:45 p. m., and went into the stream below, changing with it all the train except the sleeping car.

A heavy rainstorm at the time and darkness added to the confusion and terror. Railroad people here said other details were given no means or details tonight, but that two passengers were killed and twenty-five or thirty injured, some fatally. Aid and a corps of physicians have been sent from a station in the vicinity.

Dunham Refuses Some Bonuses.

CHICAGO, June 16.—The commission firm of B. W. Dunham & Co., of which ex-Congressman Dunham is senior partner, gave notice to the Board of Trade this morning that their traders will be cleared through the firm of Norton & Worthington. Dunham says it simply means that he is going to retire from the commission business, that he took this step as the most quick and simplest way out and that it is no sense failure, as all his trades are protected.

The firm was sued in the Circuit court this afternoon for $25,000 damages by Moses Barn, and at the same time attachment proceedings were taken out. This action has no bearing, as it was alleged, it was discovered that Dunham conveyed away all his real estate. Later in the day Barn, by his attorney, filed a petition in the county court under the terms of the Voluntary Assignment act, setting forth that on June 14th Dunham was absolutely insolvent and unable to meet his obligations, and that he transferred to John F. Ahrens, attorney, real estate worth $60,000, the transfer being a secret trust for the benefit of Dunham's creditors.

The indebtedness of the firm is alleged to exceed $200,000 above the assets, which are said to be ample to take jurisdiction and bring the firm into court.

March Believes Bardsley to be in Brazil.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—From facts disclosed it is believed that March, the fugitive president of the Keystone Bank, is in Brazil. Bardsley today said a friend that after March was released on bail he called on Bardsley and stated that they took go to Brazil. March's argument was so strong that Bardsley seriously considered the matter.

March asked for $600, which Bardsley promised him the next day. Things got so hot for March, however, that he left without getting the money. It is believed he has very little money.

Injured by the Lightning.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—During the severe storm this afternoon some twenty-five pendulors resulted in an outbreak in Forest Park for protection from the rain. Suddenly there was a sharp flash of lightning, a quick and reverberating peal of thunder and then shrieks and moans and cries for help issued from the building.

A wild scene of confusion followed and a policeman hurried to the scene. Nearly all the occupants of the outhouse were more or less injured. Bailie McAthur, aged 18, being killed and three others very seriously but not fatally hurt. Several suffered a severe nervous shock.

The National Union Convention.

MILWAUKEE, June 16.—The tenth annual session of the senate of the supreme body of the National union of the United States convened here this morning and will remain in session until Friday. The day was taken up in preliminary work and the reading of annual reports. The report of the secretary shows the present total membership 29,425 and 495 councils.

The "Etruria."

NEW YORK, June 16.—The agents of the Cunard steamship company scout the idea that anything has happened to the steamer "Etruria," which is reported either burned or sunk by collision with an iceberg.

The Coal Strike Ended.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 16.—The Iowa coal miners' strike practically ended today. Des Moines miners are all returning to work at the old prices and under the old conditions. It is confidently that the strike has been due to outside competition and to the fact that no united effort was made in the state.

The eight-hour concession was made at Dunreph and Angus without a strike.

A Big Cut-in.

PORT HURON, Mich., June 16.—A big cut-in was made at the Port Huron and Grand Trunk tunnel this morning. The north bank for many feet gave way and sank into the approach, carrying an engine house with it. Fortunately at the time no one was near. It will take two months to remove the earth that caved in.

Orders Countermanded.

VALLEJO, June 16.—An order was received at Mare island this evening countermanding the orders received yesterday directing the "Thetis," "Alert" and "Mohican" to prepare to Behring sea. The "Thetis" had already left the yards. Naval officials do not understand the change.