TELEGRAPHIC.

BRADLEY SENSATION.

Kentucky's Governor Denies that There is Any.

HIS EXPLANATION OF THE MATTER

McKinley Never Suggested the Adoption of a Plank With a Strong Free Silver Tinge.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 10.—During the past week statements have been sent out from Washington that Gov. W. O. Bradley, who was last year elected governor of Kentucky on a gold standard platform over a Democratic free silver candidate, had originally been in favor of a compromising policy, and that Governor McKinley had induced him to adopt the gold standard policy, and that he has since negotiated with McKinley and other candidates, and this has been followed by statements purporting to come from Frankfort, that Gov. Bradley had in his possession letters written him in confidence by various Republicans of national prominence, which he would make public in retaliation for the aspersions against his sincerity. It has been intimated that the expected disclosure would create a great sensation in national politics, and in consequence the governor has been overwhelmed with inquiries on the subject. Concerning these reports Gov. Bradley today made the following statement:

I cannot permit the Washington dispatch to the Chicago Record to pass unchallenged. In response, I deny that I was ever the representative of Mr. Hanna in any way, nor is it true that my action was ever controlled or governed in the slightest degree by what is politically called in that dispatch the "Platt-Clarkson crowd."

There was never any combination between these gentlemen or any of them and myself or any of my friends. I have not attempted to make any terms with Mr. McKinley or any of his managers, or with any of their managers. I have not offered to trade sixteen votes or any vote for the vice presidency, nor will I be a candidate for Vice President, nor would I accept a cabinet position.

I did write to Mr. McKinley and at the same time to a number of leading Republicans of the country concerning the Kentucky campaign. The insinuation that I wrote favoring a straddle on the currency question, or that Mr. McKinley advised me not to pursue such a course, or said that "the silver agitation was the result of hard times, just as the greenback craze was the result of the panic of 1873," is totally false. I did not write him that "a majority of the people of Kentucky were in favor of free coinage," or that both parties were rapidly drifting that way. My expressed opinion was that the Minneapolis platform was too general, and that the party should make a clear and distinct declaration. My views concerning the currency question are too well known to require explanation in Kentucky.

In conclusion, after referring to the late campaign in Kentucky, Governor Bradley says:

"I believe sound currency will be the leading issue of the coming campaign. The honor of the Republic and the welfare of the people demand its correct solution. It is far above personal success or individual advancement, and in this hour of suspense it is the Republican convention should declare unequivocally in favor of the single gold standard. It is no time for quibbling or evasion. We may lose some western states, but this loss will be more than compensated by gains in the old slave border states. But if I thought such a declaration would cause the Republican nominee to be defeated, I would favor the loss rather, for success at the expense of national welfare would be neither creditable nor profitable.

"In justice to Mr. McKinley, I will add that the statement in today's Courier-Journal that he wrote me recommending the 'adoption of a plank with a strong free silver tinge' is not true; neither he nor any of the gentlemen addressed suggested anything of the kind."

Close friends of Governor Bradley say the interview was very carefully [illegible] from that [illegible] yesterday. After a long conference with his political friends today it was revised and much of the original statement was [illegible]. No reference is made to the [illegible] of Governor Bradley's withdrawal as a candidate for the St. Louis nomination, and close friends are reticent as to whether the Kentucky delegation will be at St. Louis. They do not know whether the governor will go to St. Louis or not.

CONGRESS.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill Passes Both Houses.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—At the night session Senator Hoar (Rep., Me.) gave notice of a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill increasing the pay of letter-carriers was passed. He said the time was inopportune for increasing the government expenses a million and a half annually or for swelling salaries of any kind.

At 11 o'clock the Vice President signed the sundry civil appropriation bill preparatory to its going to the President, and the Senate adjourned until 11 a.m. tomorrow.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—At 8 o'clock when the House reconvened a bill was passed to pension the widow of the late Brig.-Gen. John R. Gibbon at the rate of $50 per month.

Cannon presented the conferees' report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. He explained that the conferees had been unable to agree on the public building items. The Senate had insisted on its amendment, but he expressed the opinion that if the House continued to stand firm the Senate would yield. He appealed to the members not to give way, but to make the Senate, if it forced the bill to fail, to shoulder the responsibility.

Sayers, the Democratic conferee, expressed the opinion that the Senate would not yield, and that unless the House did, Congress would continue in session indefinitely.

Wilson (Rep., Ida.) moved that the House recede and concur in the Senate amendments.

On a rising vote the House refused to concur, 81 to 58, but by tellers the motion was carried, 90 to 71.

Owens (Dem., Ky.) demanded the yeas and nays, and the roll was called, and the motion was carried, 103 to 58. There was some cheering when the result was announced.

The House then concurred in the Senate amendment to the Cummings bill to prevent the fraudulent branding of bottled spirits.

The speaker appointed the following committee to sit during recess of Congress to investigate the charges affecting the Leavenworth, Kan., soldiers' home: Messrs. Grout, Vermont; C. W. Stone, Pennsylvania; Wagner, Illinois; Sayers Texas, and Layton, Ohio.

Grout presented the final conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

Pending action on the report, various members took occasion to speak on the work of Congress.

Cannon (Rep., Ill.) in closing his remarks, said that, to sum up all in a word, "no scandal can be charged to this House." They (the Republicans) could unite in assuring the country that if in November they gave the party power they would write on the statute books the protective, economic policy of the Republican party.

Sayers (Dem., Tex.) said he had heard similar utterances in the Fifty-first Congress, and he added: "You know the result." What had the Republican Congress done? he asked. Instead of simply meeting the obligations of the government it had made appropriations of $520,000,000 and contracted for $100,000,000 additional burdens for future generations.

Dockery (Dem., Mo.) declared that the Republicans had piled up the appropriations higher than ever before at the first session in the history of Congress. "I know," he said, "we will have a McKinley bill [illegible], because it will be necessary to have that to pay the mortgage contemplated by the Republican party's legislation."

Dingley, who replied briefly to Dockery, contrasted the prosperous condition of the country before the advent of the Democratic administration with the present depressed condition of trade and the deficits of the Federal treasury. He declared that the present conditions would never end until the revenues were increased to exceed the expenditures.

At the conclusion of Dingley's remarks the conference report on the District of Columbia bill was agreed to.

The Senate amendment to the final adjournment resolution fixing tomorrow at 4 o'clock as the time for sine die adjournment was agreed to at once, which, at 11:30, the House took a recess to permit the Speaker to sign the enrolled bills tonight.

The House transacted nothing but formal business at the night session, and at 11 o'clock adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

THE WORK OF A MOB.

Prisoners Taken from Jail and Murdered in the Woods.

HOUSTON, Tex., June 10.—A special to the Post from Bryan, Tex., says: A mob of 300 men came to town late tonight and took out of jail Louis Whitehead and George L. Johnson, who attempted to rape Dr. R. H. Wilson's daughter last Saturday. They also took out Jim Reddick, who has been sentenced to hang for rape on an Italian woman, but whose case had been reversed by the court of appeals. They took the victims three miles from town, where a big fire had been built. The woods were guarded and the Associated Press representative was not allowed to go to the scene. Men could be seen piling fagots on the fire. It is not known whether they were burned, but a man from the scene at midnight says all three men were hanged to one tree. Whitehead and the others professed innocence.

Coal Miners Ordered to Strike.

LAFAYETTE, Colo., June 10.—At a mass meeting today the coal miners of northern Colorado adopted resolutions ordering a general strike in all the northern Colorado mines until the differences existing between the United and Gladstone Coal companies and their employes are adjusted and agreements signed.

VERDICT FOR THE VISCOUNT.

The Father of the Actress Sheds Tears in Court.

LONDON, June 10.—The trial of the suit for breach of promise brought by May Gore, the actress, against Viscount Hurley, damages to the amount of £75,000 being claimed, has resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

The viscount was heartily congratulated by his friends, and he left the court smiling and apparently thoroughly at peace with himself and the world in general.

On the other hand, Miss Gore's father, a Boston farmer, who had been brought to court as a witness for the defense, wept silently in a corner in the midst of a few friends, his gray hair hanging over his eyes and seemingly heartbroken at the disgrace which had fallen upon his daughter. A few friends stood by him and did everything possible to console him, but he gently waved them away and finally tottered helplessly out of the courtroom, moaning and presenting a most distressing picture of grief and humiliation.

The Fairbank-Belasco Case.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Mr. Fairbank's side of the controversy with David Belasco was stated in the trial today. Counsel for Fairbank asserted that his client was the victim of a conspiracy and confidence game in which Belasco and Mrs. Carter were accomplices. Instead of owing Belasco $60,000, he charged that Belasco owed Fairbank $5,000 for money advanced. He said Fairbank assisted Mrs. Carter to become an actress at the solicitation of the late Will Duane, who had known her family prior to the divorce suit.

Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The President has approved the following acts and resolutions of Congress: To authorize the secretary of war to improve and maintain the public roads in the Gettysburg National park; the Omaha exposition bill; to make Santa Barbara, Cal., a sub-port of entry; amending the law for the protection of salmon fisheries in Alaska; the postoffice appropriation bill; to establish a site for the penitentiary on the Fort Leavenworth, Kan., military reservation; the act to prevent bullion smuggling; the Indian appropriation bill.

Turkish Victories in Crete.

LONDON, June 10.—The Times has a dispatch from Canea, Island of Crete, which says: Yesterday the Turkish troops invaded Arcolti and Kydonia and desecrated the churches. In consequence of destruction of villages in the western district, 5,000 refugees have fled to the mountains, where they are suffering extreme privations. The burning of the villages about Retimo continues, and also the villages around Canea.

A New Jersey Storm.

NEW YORK, June 10.—A violent wind and rainstorm visited Newark, N. J., last night and did damage amounting to nearly $100,000. At 8 p. m. the wind and rain swept everything before them and traffic was at a standstill for half an hour. Shanties were wrecked and many farm buildings damaged.

Water covered 200 acres and it was up sufficient to approach the soil as it lay on the meadows. Lightning made havoc with families, but only one fire was reported. Lightning struck the roof of the big [illegible] factory, New York avenue, and a [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] was burned. Several narrow escapes [illegible] and it was expected that the entire factory would be swept away.

An Ovation to Bland.

LEBANON, Mo., June 10.—Free silver and Bland Democrats came from all over this part of the state arrived in town today. They numbered at least 1,000 voters, and came here to participate in an ovation to ex-Congressman R. P. Bland.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Z. C. M. I. Drug Department.

Cure for Headache.

For a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Only Fifty cents at Z. C. M. I. Drug Department.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug department.

Take all your Prescriptions to the old reliable Godbe Pitts Drug Co.

Mme. Lamb's Sale.

Commencing at 12 m. Monday, June 8th, will be the greatest sacrifice sale of millinery ever known in Salt Lake City; 25 to 50 per cent discount on all goods. Everything must go, no reserve. Remember the place, 23 M. [illegible] street.

Ninety Per Cent

Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

Hood's Pills are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills. 25c. 2

Notice to Teachers and Others!

The Union Pacific announces rate of $33 from Salt Lake City to Omaha, Kansas City, Sioux City and other Missouri river points and return, trains leaving June 17th and 18th, with limit of September 5th. For particulars, call at city ticket office, 201 Main street.

Half Rates to Omaha, Kansas City and Sioux City, via Union Pacific, June 17th and 18th.

On above dates Union Pacific will sell round trip tickets to all Missouri river points at rate of $30.30, good returning until September 5th. The shortest and fastest line.

Teachers' Rates Fixed via Rio Grande Western Railroad.

For the benefit of the teachers returning to their eastern homes, as well as for the public, the R. G. W. Ry. announces a rate of $33 to Sioux City, Omaha, St. Joseph, Kansas City and all other Missouri River points and return. Tickets will be sold June 17 and 18, limited to Sept. 5. Those intending to avail themselves of this opportunity to visit their eastern homes at the low rate mentioned should remember that the R. G. W. has a through line of Pullman standard sleepers as well as through tourist family sleepers to Chicago, New York and Boston. For further particulars call at ticket office No. 13 West Second South Street.

SPECIAL EXCURSION EAST.

Via Union Pacific, June 17th and 18th.

On above dates round trip tickets will be sold to Omaha, Kansas City and Sioux City at rate of $33.00, good returning until September 5th. City ticket office 201 Main street.

A MONSTER FIFTY FEET LONG.

The little 8 year-old daughter of Mr. L. Hemingway—residing at Granger—was this morning relieved of a large worm measuring fifty feet, by the use of Hooker [illegible], which is sold every night from the elevated platform on the lot adjoining the Hotel Knutsford.

This monster was placed in a dish of warm water, and kept alive for over three hours, when it was placed on exhibition in front of the Walker House and viewed by hundreds of our citizens, while the monster continued to writhe and twist itself into knots.

This work is proof that Mr. Smith, the Hooker Medicine company's lecturer, was not idly boasting when he announced from the summit that when he had been here two weeks, he would make living, breathing, walking worms come out of patients ranging in age from infancy to senility age.

Your Money Back

If, after a fair trial (you to be the judge), you do not like *Schilling's Best* tea (Japan, Oolong, English Breakfast, Ceylon, or local Blend) better than every other, the grocer who sells it to you is hereby authorized to pay you back the price you paid him, and charge said retail price to us.

This guarantee is absolute, subject to no conditions.

San Francisco — *A Schilling & Company*

GOOD nature goes with plumpness; irritability goes with thinness. Good friend, you need SCOTT'S EMULSION

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co. Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 11, 1896.

Yesterday's Temperature—Minimum [illegible] Maximum [illegible].
Tomorrow fair weather, warmer.

Another Shoe Snap.

We have been very fortunate lately in getting some special bargains in FINE SHOES—several manufacturers have needed money enough to make us in demand—and when the qualities and prices are right we never hesitate at quantity.

THIS WEEK

$3.00 Value for $1.90.

$3.00 Value for $1.90.

We are offering this Fine Ladies' 20th Century Boot, in Button or Lace—Silk Toe—a splendid value at $3.00 for only

$1.90.

☞ SPECIAL SALE this week on Black Dress Goods—FORTY PER CENT DISCOUNT on our entire stock.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

Deseret National Bank

U. S. DEPOSITORY — SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

CAPITAL $500,000. - SURPLUS $500,000.

Directors: L. S. Hills, Pres't. Moses Thatcher, Vice-Pres't. Wm. W. Riter, George Romney, Jas. T. Little, John C. Cutler, James Sharp, Henry Dinwoodey, D. H. Perry, Frank W. Jennings, Philip H. Barnes, John R. Winder, E. R. Eldredge.

B. F. Young, Cashier. SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

Willard Woodruff, President. Geo. M. Cannon, Cashier.

CASH CAPITAL, - - $200,000
CASH SURPLUS, - $200,000

Zion's Savings Bank & TRUST CO.

No. 1-3 East Temple Street. Salt Lake City, Utah.

Established 1873. Incorporated 1888.

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Safety deposit boxes in our burglar proof vault for rent at very low rate.

Open for deposits Saturday night until 8 o'clock.

THE STATE BANK OF UTAH,

CORNER MAIN AND SO. TEMPLE Streets, Salt Lake City.

Capital, - - $500,000.
Surplus, - - $50,000.

Heber J. Grant, President, Wm. B. Preston, Vice-Pres't, Heber M. Wells, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

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Accounts Solicited—Large and Small.

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COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK, Of Salt Lake City.

—INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS—

Directors.—[illegible]

JOHN W. DONNELLAN, Cashier.

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Buys and sells Exchange, makes Telegraphic Transfers on the principal cities of the United States and Europe, and all points on the Pacific Coast. Issues letters of credit available in the principal cities of the World. Special attention given to the selling of ores and bullion. Advances made on consignments at lowest rates.

Particular attention given to collections throughout Utah, Nevada and adjoining territories. Accounts solicited.

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B. H. SCHETTLER, WHO DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS At No. 22 Main Street, Opposite the Co-op

And Pays Interest on Deposits. Desires your accounts.

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THE RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILWAY — GREAT SALT LAKE ROUTE

STANDARD GAUGE.

CURRENT TIME TABLE. Effective June 1, 1896.

Leave Salt Lake City: [illegible]

Arrive Salt Lake City: [illegible]

Ticket Office, 10 W. 2nd South.

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS and EAST.

ONLY TWO DAYS LOST via SANTA FE ROUTE TO CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS

You leave Ogden or Salt Lake in the evening, and after breakfasting in the sumptuous dining cars of the SANTA FE ROUTE on the third morning, you arrive in Chicago or St. Louis in season to attend to business or connect with all fast trains for the East. Some one has said recently that the track of the ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE railroad was in such perfect condition that the long distance run of the "Flyer" on the New York Central could be equaled if not exceeded, by its magnificent trains.

J. D. KENWORTHY, General Agent, Room 411 Dooly Block.

Great S. L. & Hot Springs Ry.

[illegible timetable]

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

The only line running dining cars and through Pullman sleepers to Chicago and St. Louis without change.

NEW TIME CARD, IN EFFECT MAY 10, 1896

[illegible timetable]

City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street

Before you buy your ticket

to Omaha, Chicago, Kansas City or St. Louis, ask the ticket agent about our service to those and all other eastern cities.

Ask him if it is not better than that of other lines—if it is not faster—if the Burlington has not the best cars—the best track—the best engines of any railroad from Denver to the East.

W. F. McMILLAN, Gen'l Agent, Salt Lake City.

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SCENIC LINE OF THE WORLD

The only line running two Through Fast Trains daily to LEADVILLE, ASPEN, PUEBLO, COLORADO SPRINGS AND DENVER.

EFFECTIVE NOV. 25, 1894.

Train No. 2 leaves Ogden 7:00 a.m., Salt Lake 8:05 a.m., arrive at Pueblo [illegible] a.m., Colorado Springs 7:31 a.m., Denver [illegible] a.m.

Train No. 4 leaves Ogden [illegible] p.m., Salt Lake [illegible] p.m., arrive at Pueblo [illegible] p.m., Colorado Springs 6:58 p.m., Denver [illegible] p.m.

Connections made at Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all lines east. Elegant day coaches, chair cars and Pullman sleepers on all trains. Take the D. & R. G. and have a comfortable trip and enjoy the finest scenery on the continent.

A. S. HUGHES, Traffic Manager, Denver, Colo. S. K. HOOPER, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Colo. B. F. NEVINS, General Agent, Salt Lake City, Utah.

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A safe, pleasant and comfortable journey on one of the finest vestibuled trains in America. The limited trains on the Erie between CHICAGO AND NEW YORK are without a peer, and are

FREE

Of any Extra Charge. Don't forget it's the Erie, leaving Dearborn station, Chicago. City ticket office, 242 Clark Street. Going east or west you are on the train

FOR ONE NIGHT

And a day, and have all the comforts of home.

EVERETT HOUSE, UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

Favorite hotel for Utah people in New York. Under new management. Thoroughly renovated. Perfect sanitation and all modern improvements. In the very heart of the popular shopping district. Convenient to places of amusement and readily accessible from all parts of the city. European plan. WM. M. BATES.

LEWIS' 98 % LYE Powdered and Perfumed (PATENTED)

The strongest and purest made. Unlike other lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. It will make the best Perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, cleaning paints, bottles, barrels, washing trees, and killing insects. For removing and many other uses, for painters, to remove oil, paints, etc.

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ESTABLISHED 1841. 150 OFFICES. The Oldest and Largest.

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Electric Light and Power Plants, Telephones, Ceiling Fans and Motors

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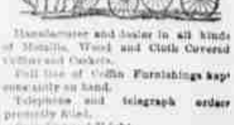

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