

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY.

GOING TO ENGLAND.—Elders George W. Thatcher and George F. Gibbs leave for England to-morrow morning, having been called to go on missions to that country.

ST. GEORGE.—A correspondent, writing from that place, Sept. 4th, says: "The Deseret Telegraph extension from this point to Pioche is nearly completed. It will be ready for the wires this week."

PRESIDENT SNOW'S HEALTH. continues to improve. He and Bro. Joseph W. Young started yesterday afternoon to visit some of the settlements east of this city.

It was reported by some of the friendly Indians, that an Indian named "Shave Head" and his brother had been stealing for upwards of twelve months, horses and horned stock belonging to the "Mormons" and disposing of them to miners and others passing from Pioche to Arizona. Shave Head refused to come in with the other Indians, when requested to do so, which circumstance gives coloring to the reports.

The health of the people is still good, and the weather hot and dry, which is making the grapes ripen very fast.

A ROW.—This morning Patsy Marley and W. Baker were brought before Alderman Clinton, the first for striking Mr. Baker over the head, and otherwise maltreating him, and the latter on a charge of drawing a pistol and threatening to shoot Patsy. The affair occurred at about ten o'clock last night, in the lager beer saloon under Southworth's hotel, on First South Street. Marley pleaded guilty to the charge preferred against him, Baker pleading not guilty. Several witnesses were examined, each of whom gave the following version of the affair: A man, named Thompson, who was in the saloon at the time, asked Baker to drink, and Marley came in at the time he was asked to drink also and, on his acceptance of the offer, Baker turned away and said, "Then I won't drink." Marley apparently took this as a personal insult, for he immediately struck Baker with a tumbler, when the two clinched and rolled over several times on the floor. Some bystanders interfered and separated the belligerents, before which Marley shouted, "Don't let him shoot me," according to the testimony, however, no pistol was drawn. Baker was discharged and Marley was fined \$25. Baker's face was much swollen and bruised, his right eye being almost entirely closed up.

Patsy Marley is a curious study and no one who has the least ability to judge of human character from outward appearances would be apt to mistake him for a gentleman. His name figured conspicuously in some of the many shooting and fighting scrapes that occurred during the building of the railroad, and he has been in several little affairs of the kind since making his advent in this Territory. His personal appearance would delight the lovers of the sports of the prize ring. We understand that prize fighting was at one time his vocation. He is of medium height, thick set; being broad shouldered. He has a thick short neck and a large round bull head; his hair is very light in color, his forehead is low, bulging considerably over the eyes. His nose is large and heavy, impressing one with the idea that if a person were to strike it with his fist, the fist would get the worst of it. The mouth is rather capacious, and when the animal laughs the breath can be seen as it is emitted like puffs of steam. The under jaw, as in nearly all men of his class, is large and powerful looking. Combine those peculiarities with a somewhat expressionless eye and the picture is complete.

Patsy is said to have his good points, however, having been known to act with unusual generosity towards persons in need of assistance. It is not at all unlikely that his career may, like most men of his stamp, be brought, sooner or later, to a summary termination, for he is in the habit of letting loose his passions and attacking persons on the slightest real or fancied provocation.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY.

THE MIDNIGHT RAID POLICY.—How is it to be? Is this nefarious policy of sending out deputy marshals with five or six soldiers, under shadow of the blackness of the night, to raid upon the citizens, here, there, everywhere, to be continued? If so, let "due notice be given" and the people can "govern themselves accordingly." A citizen's house has been talked of as his castle, but if the sudden furtive attacks of feudal times, attacks at midnight, are to be perpetuated now, why every man will feel necessitated to consider that his house ought to be prepared and defended as his castle, and then midnight raids will not be certain to prove harmless—somebody will get hurt.

SURPLUS ENERGY.—Wouldn't it be a good idea for those deputy marshals, disguised citizens (transients), and for the matter of that soldiers also on a pinch, instead of wasting their surplus energy upon the desert air at Provo, or anywhere else, hunting citizens at unreasonable hours, to direct their attention to such useful labor as gathering in the harvest, cutting corn, digging potatoes, helping to thrash grain, holding the plough, grading railroads, and

many other things of undoubted productive benefit to themselves and the community at large. All sorts of officers live upon the people, and the people want as few officers as possible, and those few to be as usefully employed as possible. Even the Marshal might strengthen his two or three hundred dollars salary by useful agricultural or mechanical labor, and the country would be prouder of him than if he spent his whole time in trotting around after Warden Rockwood, or dispatching half a dozen "boys in blue" to Provo on a midnight raid.

BETTER THAN UTAH.—"Chunky" certainly does not think Cottonwood the best place going, if we may judge by the following from the Montanian—

A brother of "Chunky" Johnson writes him from the Cottonwood mines, Utah: "If you had the 'Pacific' in Utah you could get hundreds of thousands for it. I think it a far better ledge than any I have examined in Utah."

BOSHY.—Some of the stuff that is penned here by correspondents, or professedly so penned, is really as unmitigated trash as it is easy to conceive of. For instance, a letter appeared in the Chicago Times recently, wherein the "gifted writer" expatiates brilliantly upon stupid-faced masculines, angular females, Ogden a den of thieves, profound isolation, one hundred pairs of legs pointing skywards, 16th drink, 24th drink, "d—n that infernal old Mormon," and so on. The Times, or any other newspaper, must have been wonderfully hard pressed for matter to admit two columns of such frothy inkling as that. It is a libel upon the tastes of the Chicagoans.

A BELLIGERENT DEPUTY WARDEN.—This morning David Burnett, deputy warden of the penitentiary, under U. S. Marshal Patrick, appeared before Alderman Clinton, for examination, on a charge of disturbing the peace, &c., by profane swearing, flourishing a pistol, and threatening to shoot various parties, and otherwise behaving in an outrageous and belligerent manner last evening. The evidence in the case showed that Burnett went to the house of William Short, sen., in the 7th Ward, and demanded to be provided with some refreshments, which demand, owing to the insolent manner in which it was made, was not complied with. Burnett next went to the house of William Short, junr., a brief distance off, and the latter, seeing he had been drinking, treated him kindly and was about to get him some refreshments, when he (Burnett) commenced cursing and swearing, and abused the inmates of the house. Thereupon Mr. Short ordered him out of the house. At this juncture Burnett drew a derringer and presented it at the latter's person, threatening to shoot him, and causing Mrs. Short to be very much frightened. He said he didn't care what he did, as Marshal Patrick would see him safe through, and that before two years were passed every d—d "Mormon" would be "cleaned out of the place." He next went into another part of the house, in which one John Ince lives. The latter told him to go, out when he (Burnett) cocked and presented his pistol at him. Ince then stepped out and seizing a hatchet, returned, grasped the wrist of Burnett's hand in which the pistol was held, and raising the hatchet in the other threatened to strike if the pistol was not surrendered. By this means Ince secured possession of the pistol and, Mr. Short having sent for the police, Burnett was given in charge. None of the parties abused by him were acquainted with him, his going to the house of Mr. Short being apparently purely accidental. The evidence against the prisoner was conclusive and he was fined \$50, which was paid.

Burnett heretofore has had the reputation of being a very quiet and peaceable man, having been in the employ of Mr. A. P. Rockwood for over six years, during which time he conducted himself circum-spectly. He has evidently, however, undergone what might be termed "a change of heart," produced no doubt by coming under the jurisdiction and influence of the new order of things at the penitentiary. It is easy to correctly surmise from what source he obtained the idea that the "Mormons" were to be "cleaned out in two years." This is a consummation devoutly wished by certain individuals hereabouts, but wishing is all that it will amount to, for the "Mormons" will live and flourish long after such characters are enveloped in their own filth and corruption and forgotten.

Moral: It won't do for some people to be too positive that the Marshal will "see them through."

Advices from Berlin state that after the acquisition of such vast numbers of rifles and cannon as the last war yielded to Prussia, it turns out that there is absolutely no room for storing them, especially as the infantry is to receive a new kind of fire-arm. To get rid of some of this unprofitable wealth, Government has determined to part with it to its new friends in the east of Asia, and Japan has made the beginning by purchasing 80,000 rifles. In Japan, according to Prussian accounts, an army is forming on the Prussian system, and to this the 80,000 breech-loaders will prove very acceptable.

MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS!

ARE TRIUMPHANT IN EUROPE AND AMERICA!

Read the 1000 testimonials of the Best Judges in these countries—Mailed by us Free. They are

TRIUMPHANT in UTAH!

After a Most Severe Test Trial—Thirty of them having been hauled 1000 miles across the Plains in Ux Wagons, and after six years' constant use, are pronounced by the purchasers to be as good to-day as when received. We offer

Proofs Most Convincing.

Selected from many received from all parts of the Territory:

"We, the undersigned, take pleasure in saying that the Mason and Hamlin Organs, purchased by you have been in constant use for six years, and have given perfect satisfaction. They are as good to-day as ever, and somewhat improved in tone. We have found them in every respect all that the manufacturers claim for them. We recommend them to be First Class Instruments."

ments and sure to give satisfaction. A. Carrington, J. W. Edgington, J. McKee, A. H. Raleigh, R. Morris, R. T. Burton, J. W. Fox, J. D. T. McAllister, F. Keeler, Salt Lake City; S. Wood, W. Brinkman, Springville; Thomas Durham, R. Benson, Fairview; D. Lazear, Nephi; Ida Snow, Brigham City.

OUR MUSICIANS SAY,

After having purchased the Mason & Hamlin Organs for their own use, and investigated the merits claimed for Organs of other Makers:

"Of all the varieties of Organs with which we are acquainted, we unhesitatingly recommend the Mason & Hamlin Organs to be the Best and sure to give Perfect Satisfaction:—J. H. Ridges, Designer and Builder of Salt Lake Great Organ; George Careless, Conductor of Tabernacle Choir and Philharmonic Society; C. J. Thomas, Conductor of Salt Lake Theatre Orchestra; Orson Pratt, Jr., Teacher of Piano and Organ; John Tullidge, Teacher of Music; John Chamberlain, Organist."

SEND FOR OUR NEW CIRCULARS—MAILED FREE.

d225 6-w29 6m 1

CALDER BROTHERS.

NOTICE,

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

JAMES H. HART, County and Probate Judge, for Rich County, Utah Territory, did, on the 19th day of June, 1871, file declaratory statement (No. 2714) in the General Land Office, Salt Lake City, according to "an Act for the relief of the inhabitants of Cities and Towns upon public lands," approved March 8th 1871, claiming the following described lands for the benefit of the inhabitants of Randolph, of Rich county, namely S W 1/4 of NE 1/4 and S 1/4 of N W 1/4 and S W 1/4 and W 1/4 of SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 of S E 1/4 of Section 24, Township 11 North of Range 7 East, containing 400 acres.

JAMES H. HART,
Bloomington, Rich Co.
w27 8m

July, 27, 1871.

A CHOICE FARM FOR SALE!

EMBRACING thirty-two acres of choice farm land and meadow land with good house and outbuildings and excellent orchards. Apply to THOS. QUIRK, w25 6f On the premises at Grantsville.

BEE! BEE! BEE!

A FEW STANDS OF ITALIAN-BEES FOR sale at \$20 a Stand, in Patent Hives, by Robert L. Campbell, Historian's Office, Salt Lake City. s44 w22 1y

NOTICE!

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. That whereas I will appear, on Saturday the 14th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the U. S. Land Office, in Salt Lake City, U. T., to make cash entry for the city site of Parowan City, Iron county, embracing the following described lands, to wit: The west half of Sec. 13, the east half of Sec. 14, the north half of the north-east quarter of Sec. 23, the north half of the north-west quarter of Sec. 24, the west half of the north half of the north-east quarter of Sec. 24, Township 34 south, Range 9 west, containing 840 acres.

To make the proof required by law and show that I am entitled to have the entries made under "An Act of Congress for the relief of the inhabitants of cities and towns upon the public lands," approved March 2, 1867, and also "An Act amendatory thereto," approved June 8, 1868, for the use and benefit of the inhabitants thereof, at which time and place any person or persons can appear and show cause, if any there be, why such entry should not be made.

EDWARD DALTON, Mayor.
Parowan, Sept. 7, 1871. w33 1m

ESTRAY NOTICE!

I Have in my possession the following described animals:
One large bay horse, five or six years old, branded Spanish brand on left thigh and shoulder, H P on left thigh.
Two yellow mares, five or six years old, black mane and tail, branded Spanish brand on left thigh and shoulder, J O on left thigh.
One sorrel mare four or five years old, blaze face, branded y (half circle over it) on left thigh.
One two year old yellow horse colt, black mane and tail, spot in forehead, branded F O on left thigh.
One cream colored mare, 8 or 9 years old, black mane and tail, branded S S on left thigh and H S on right shoulder. Sorrel colt, no brands.
One brindle yearling bull calf, large O on left ribs, hump on the back.
If the above are not claimed and taken away within ten days from date they will be sold to pay expenses.

JOSEPH EGBERT,
Kaysville Poundkeeper.

d248 2-w32 2

NOTICE TO THE TAX PAYERS OF TOOELE COUNTY.

THE Territorial and County Tax for the year 1871 is now due and if not paid on or before the 1st day of November will be collected by distraint.

H. S. GOWANS,
Assessor and Collector, Tooele Co.

Tooele City, Sept. 5, A. D. 1871.
w31 3w

MAMMOTH BOOT, SHOE & HAT STORE!

DUNFORD & SONS,

WISH to call the attention of the People throughout the Territory to their

LARGE & WELL SELECTED STOCK

of
Boots, Shoes & Hats,
For Fall and Winter Wear.

In Endless Variety.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Would consult their interests to give them a call as their

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Is Complete.

Salt Lake City. w32 1m

Bald Heads.

The Great Unknown

HAIR RESTORER!

Has produced hair on my head in one month,
CHARLES W. STAYNEE,
Agent for Utah.

For Sale at Zion's Co-operative Drug Store, Salt Lake City.

PRICE—One Dollar per Bottle.

w31 1m