HOLLAND'S CHILD QUEEN

HER LIFE AND TRAINING ENTERTAININGLY DESCRIBED.

A Letter from The Hague by Clara van den Hull, a Dutch Lady, to Whom It Was Evidently Given a Labor of Love.

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THE HAGUE, Holland, Sept. 20.—On little Queen Wilhelmina, who, with her mother, passed some weeks of the autumn at Scheveningen, in Switzerland, was very glad to be home again. They returned directly to the castle Het Loo, where they left in December last after the king's death. As she alighted from the

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train she was welcomed by her favorite dog, a splendid creature, that was wild with joy when it perceived its little mistress.

She is very fond of little dogs, and when she drives out it usually lies opposite her on the carriage seat. Sometimes, too, she carries a big doll with her on her lap. Besides these favorites she possesses six very small Shetland ponies, a present from her royal father on one of her birthdays, lovely little things, of which she is extremely fond, too, and one of which, called Saxy, is her special pet, and accompanied her to Switzerland. When she has been sitting on one of them or driving in her pony carriage she always gives each of them a lump of sugar and a kiss in its velvet nose.

The little queen is a very lively and tender hearted little thing. She is not always good, though, and one day, before she was queen, she was going to the apartments of her mother accompanied by one of the ladies of the court. The lady, to open the door for her, stepped before little Wilhelmina, and she, thinking the lady was about to go in first, pushed her aside and said scornfully, "The princess first, and then the lady." Her Queen Emma, overhearing these words, called out, "No, no, my child, grown up people first, and then the little ones," and sent her back to come in after the lady.

This is the way in which this exceptional mother tries to form the youthful mind of the child on whose fair little head so many hopes are founded. Indeed, the relations between mother and daughter are of the most intimate kind. When the king was very ill and could no longer give his mind to state affairs Queen Emma was named queen regent, and so each had to take the oath in parliament. Now, Queen Emma speaks Dutch fluently, but to make a long speech in a language that is not one's own, and before so many people, is not a very easy task. So at least it seemed to little Wilhelmina, who grew quite nervous at the thought that her mother might come to a dead stop in the middle of her speech. As the court was starting at Het Loo, and the queen had to go to the Hague for this, the little girl made her promise to wire to her immediately it was all over, to let her know if she had got well through. Fortunately Queen Emma could telegraph that all was well.

The child even enjoys the privileges which not all royal children may enjoy, of being a true child. She has her children's parties on her birthday and on Christmas day, and everything that can be reasonably done to give her pleasure is done for her. One of her greatest amusements consists in a battle of snowballs—that is to say, of artificial snowballs made of very fine paper and stuffed with little bits of paper. These balls, when thrown against some object or person, burst, and her contents flutter round in the room like snowflakes, to her particularly delight in the noisy game, especially if her mother and the ladies of the court join in it, as they have more than once, and her parties usually end in such a boisterous battle.

Her life is simple and strictly ruled. She rises at 7 in the morning and takes breakfast with her mother at 8. After that her lessons begin, with half an hour's rest at half past 9. Just before luncheon, which takes place at half past 12, she goes out for a short drive with her mother or her governess, and after luncheon she is free to play for the greater part of the day. Besides her lessons in the Dutch, French and English languages and other branches of learning, she has her music lessons and riding lessons.

She always does her very best and has a vivid clever little head. The other morning she often sits for an hour or so with her mother, doing fancy work or mending and trimming her doll's dresses. And since she possesses more than twenty dolls, this industrious little mother has always plenty of work on her hands! In winter she has her beautiful nursery to play in, stuffed with all kinds of pretty and pleasant things, but in summer she mostly plays in the open air.

At Het Loo she has, quite near to the house, her own little farm, called "Le Chalet," where she is sole mistress. There is a prettily furnished drawing room for the lady of the house and her numerous children, the dolls. And there is a kitchen, too, where the little queen learns how to make tarts and other new things. She is taught cooking in good earnest, her mother, as a woman, attaching great importance to culinary abilities.

The child has her own poultry, ducks and swans, pigeons and rabbits and she is fond of her own garden and grocery, where everything has been sown and cultivated by her own little royal hands. She tends her flowers herself, and the flowers in her mother's apartments are always gathered and arranged by those same small hands. Sometimes she goes out boating of the great lake in her park with her own pretty boat, the Emma—another present from her deceased father—and in winter when it is quite frozen up, she skates and sledges on that same lake. Besides all this there is a large, beautifully shaded playground for her in the park, where she has a swing and arrangements for gymnastics and a lawn for playing croquet.

As long as the king lived she was familiarly called "Pritsemin," which, when quite young, she brought her aunt of her own accord, but since she is grown she has got the title of "Mevrouw." Now this seems extremely curious to Dutch ears, for in ordinary life "mevrouw" is the title belonging only to married ladies of a certain rank, and to fancy a little thing of ten years with long hair and short petticoats, romantic and in good earnest being called "mevrouw" seems infinitely comical.

Wings she will be eighteen years old the queen comes of age, and so she was born on Aug. 31, 1891, she will begin taking on that same day of the year 1901. Queen Emma, who is queen regent until that day, is our daughter's guardian, and is assisted by a council of nine persons. Five of these are high functionaries of the kingdom assigned by the law, while four others, gentlemen of rank, were chosen by the deceased king. The little queen enjoys a yearly income from the state of 600,000 guilders, moreover the rent of the domain Het Loo, which she is entitled at the same moment—two and one-half million nothing a dollar—all this of course, except her own personal fortune, which is considerable.

CLARA VAN DEN HULL.

SOME TYPICAL AMERICAN DISHES.

How to Cook Cucumbers—Fried Potatoes. A Boiled Dinner.

In taking the writer's formulas for each try the point should never be forgotten that exactness and punctuality are the foundations of her success. It is because every direction published over her signature has been tested and proven consistent of its kind that her pupils everywhere receive her instruction with confidence. While they may not always like the dish when it is done, they know it is the fault of its order if they have changed nothing in their recipe. Serving such typographical errors, which generally are self evident, the experienced housekeeper decides from the description whether the dish in question is likely to suit her family taste. But the novice novice need not hesitate to follow her rules in cooking any favorite article of food, sure that the dish when done will be savory and wholesome. Take cauliflower, for instance, or tomatoes, if her family likes either vegetable she may confidently believe they will like them dressed after these novel methods.

SQUASH SUCCOTASH.

Cut the lake cucumbers, peeling and slicing them about a half inch thick, put them over the fire in enough salted boiling water to cover them, and boil until they are tender. Meanwhile take a quart of young ears of the first sweet corn, cut off the kernels, and boil them in a little water and salt for half an hour. Drain the water off the cucumbers, put them into the saucepan and serve them.

FRIED POTATOES.

Any late potatoes too hard for enjoyment as fruit should be well brushed, cut in halves, seasoned with salt and pepper and fried in butter, to serve with meat of any kind.

NEW ENGLAND BOILED DINNER.

The autumn is the season in which this favorite American dish can be served in its highest perfection, because then the squash or pumpkin is available, which is so essentially part and parcel of it. The meat may be cut from the round or brisket, the latter being rolled and tied compactly, put over the fire in plenty of cold water, and boiled gently for four or five hours, as it weighs six to ten pounds. If it is to be most cold let it cool in the pot liquor. Do not throw this away, it contains much of the nutriment and flavor of both meat and vegetables, and may be made the base of a good soup, or used for boiling cabbage, etc.

After the meat is put to boil prepare the vegetables. Boil the beets by themselves from two to four hours in boiling water without salt, being careful not to break the skins, because that would yet more the color of the beets. When they are tender to pressure take off the skins with a wet towel, and either put them whole or sliced into vinegar or dress them hot with salt, pepper, butter and vinegar. The carrots are also boiled separately, changing the water and finally adding just enough milk to cover them, and a palatable seasoning of salt, pepper and butter. Halloed squash or pumpkin is to be boiled about a half hour, until tender enough to mash through a colander in salted boiling water, and then seasoned with salt, pepper and butter.

The other vegetables are to be boiled, one in salted, the other in fresh, left in salted water, and owned successively, according to their toughness, in the pot with the meat, always allowing the potatoes to boil quite half an hour before putting in turnips. Carrots, turnips and parsnips will boil in about two hours, cabbages in half an hour, potatoes and tender white turnips in half an hour. The beets, onions and squash are served in separate vegetable dishes; the other vegetables are placed around the meat, which is laid in the middle of a large platter. Vinegar is served to use with the beets and cabbage.

JULIET CORSON.

Prince Bismarck's Sarcophagus.

A small sarcophagus has just been added to those in the chapel at Potsdam, where the Emperor Frederick and his two little sons are buried. It is that of Prince Bismarck, for which the Empress Frederick herself has drawn the design. The sarcophagus, made of granite, stands on a marble pedestal, and upon it a helmet and sword have been placed, in of white marble, and by its side the figure of the mother, also in marble, is coming with her dead child in her arms.

A medallion portrait of Prince Bismarck, lying on a cushion, has its place on the lid of the sarcophagus, the front of which bears the inscription "Herzlich in God, Franz Friedrich Bismarck. Prince of Prussia, the beloved child of Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm and of the Crown Princess Victoria. Born Sept. 23, 1884; died June 16, 1886. Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."—Full Mall Gazette.

Plants That Are Sensitive.

In Africa many plants live by means of fleshy bulbs buried deep under the ground, and in years when no rain falls they do not appear above the surface, or flower. Many plants have thick, fleshy leaves, in which they store up moisture against the time of need; some, such as the cactus, wind and dissolution, so dense are their tissues, also have fleshy leaves and stems are true disposable drops, which when broken are found to be full of pure water, a little plant sometimes having a cupful stored in this way. Some live by having their leaves closely pressed together, some have solid opposite to hair, so variety all evaporation from their surfaces.—Pittsburgh Review.

Being Proved in Minds.

There is at least one child in Brooklyn who should cultivate an end for something in if quantity counts for anything. An enterprising street peddler has built a swing place for his baby girl between the handles of the cart used in his business. There it resides among the blankets and pillows all day long, while the father turns the crank and the mother circumlocutes around with a fan for politics.—Brooklyn Eagle.

In the manufacturing line paper bids fair to supplant wood in the interior parts of boxes, buckets, packing cases and many other articles. It is much lighter than wood, and can be made free proof, to say nothing of its cheapness.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of the First Judicial District of Utah Territory, County of [illegible]

ELIZABETH PUGMIRE, MARGT. E. PUGMIRE, Maria E. Pugmire, Sophia Pugmire, H. Pugmire, Lillie Pugmire, Ruth Pugmire, Lucinda Pugmire, Lucinda R. Pugmire, and Jessie E. Pugmire, minors, Sarah Ann Pugmire, Joseph E. Pugmire, Thomas L. Pugmire, Lillie Pugmire, Rosa Pugmire, Alfred H. Pugmire, Lucinda Pugmire and Lucinda R. Pugmire, minors, Sarah E. Pugmire, minor, Sarah E. Pugmire, minor, Sarah E. Pugmire, minor