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LAST EDITION.

Highwaymen Hod Up Saloon.

Six Desperate Robbers Enter the Rooney Saloon at Helper, Getting Away With \$1,800 in Cash—William Everett, a Patton, Has a Close Call For His Life—Robbers Get Good Start, but Officers Are After Them.

(Special to the "News.")

Price, Utah, May 14.—The saloon of James Rooney at Helper was visited by six highwaymen about midnight last night, they carrying off about \$1,800, \$1,400 of which was Rooney's own money. The other \$400 was taken from patrons of the place and from a card game which was in progress and by breaking open two slot machines, which had a good play during the day.

Yesterday was payday for the Rio Grande employees there and as is customary the merchants and others provide themselves with large sums of money on these days, so that they may cash the checks of the men. Rooney had been to the First National bank of Price during the afternoon, procured his coin and went home at 6 p. m. About midnight, as he was working behind the bar, four men entered the place by the back door. They came to the front of the bar and were served with drinks. The second round was ordered. Two beers were called for and Rooney half turned his back and stooped to draw the beer from the faucet. As he came up two guns were thrust upon him, one on each side of his head. The spokesman told him they had come for the money in the safe. Rooney replied that the safe was behind him and at the front end of the bar was unlocked. They demanded the keys and then one of them went behind the bar. He was given some excuse when the robber behind the bar broke in the light wooden drawer and pocketed everything in sight. In the meantime, the patrons of the house present and those who struggled in were lined up against the wall, and everything taken from them. Their work through with, the robbers called up everybody in the place and invited them to drink. The one behind the bar

had in the interim placed several bottles and glasses before "his guests." This over the men went to where their horses were hitched, about a block away, and rode off coming towards Price. The sheriff has been notified and will likely be in pursuit by this.

The four men who entered from the front were unmasked but the two at the rear of the building had oiled over their faces, holes being cut for their eyes. When the second round was taken one of the unmasked four spoke to Rooney in particular, saying: "Here's good luck to you, Jim."

CLOSE CALL FOR EVERETT.

Wm. Everett, who was lined up against the wall, let his hands drop when two shots were fired at him at close range. One of the bullets cutting through his ribs on the right side just below the arm. The second shot took effect, the first one missing. The bullets are imbedded in the side of the body. He is now in the hospital. A round-house employee, let his hands come down but the robber evidently did not want to waste his ammunition, and Reed was struck on the head with a Colt's 44 a couple of times.

GOOT A GOOD START.

The robbers had nothing but side-arms in sight, though there may have been Winchester strapped to their saddles. At least three of the men were seen around Helper yesterday, but no one had ever observed them there before. Crying to the lateness of the hour the news of the hold-up was not well circulated until this morning, when the officers were notified throughout the county. The highwaymen have been in at least 12 hours the start and are well in the cedars by this time. They were in Rooney's place about 40 minutes, according to the testimony. One of the four was a mere youth.

DARING DEED OF A BURGLAR.

Enters a Saloon With a Black Face and a Crowbar—Confronted By the Proprietor He Shows Fight—Physical Encounter and Hasty Retreat.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to burglarize the saloon of George Best at the corner of Twelfth South and West Temple streets, at an early hour this morning. The lone burglar, in forcing an entrance through a window with a crowbar, awakened the proprietor of the place and upon entering the saloon was confronted by Mr. Best. The two men grappled, but the burglar

broke loose, and drawing his revolver forced Mr. Best to retreat.

The burglar then retreated as fast as possible and didn't attempt to carry off any booty. Sheriff Emery was notified of the affair at an early hour this morning and detailed Deputy Sheriff Steele to work on the case. Mr. Best stated that the man had a black face and a crowbar. He was given some excuse when the robber behind the bar broke in the light wooden drawer and pocketed everything in sight. In the meantime, the patrons of the house present and those who struggled in were lined up against the wall, and everything taken from them. Their work through with, the robbers called up everybody in the place and invited them to drink. The one behind the bar

AMERICAN SOCIAL SCIENCE ASSN.

Boston, May 14.—The general meetings of 1903 of the American Social Science association began here today. The program covers a session Saturday morning and the discussions scheduled are in the departments of "Social Economy" today, of "Health and Jurisprudence" tomorrow, and of "Education and Art" Saturday. The speakers are persons of prominence in various branches of professional and scientific activity, mainly from Boston and vicinity. The principal speakers today were George H. Anderson and Lewis D. Brandeis, leading members of the Suffolk county (Mass.) bar, and Prof. Eugene Wambaugh of the Harvard law school.

Mr. Anderson spoke on "Some Responsibilities of Capitalistic Organization." He said that the organization has not been marked by any such love of wisdom, justice and fair dealing as to evoke our moral enthusiasm. Nor have the labor organizations any moral standing as is distinctly a combination or trust as is the capitalist movement. The two movements are alike in motive and object.

In the contest as it is now carried on between these two opposing forces it is obvious that there are at least two main desiderata: First, that the parties to the contest should become so nearly equal in real and apparent power; that each may be able to respect the other; and that an equilibrium approximating justice may result. The organization of labor is an absolute condition precedent under present conditions to any sound social and industrial progress. To oppose that organization, to attempt to prevent it by constitutional means, or to denounce it in terms recently used at the Manufacturers' association convention at New Orleans, is both futile and foolish.

"The second desideratum is, that there should be increased respect for law and order on the part of labor and capital. The final appeal must be to appeal to justice."

"In weighing the power of the two contending forces nothing is more foolish and misleading than a comparison of wages with interest and dividend rates for the purpose of determining the share received by capital and the share received by labor in the joint production of both."

He declared that it did not follow that the remedy is to be found in such legislation as the Sherman act. It was a law far more likely to be abused than used. Under our law permitting the private ownership of land, the coal and iron supply of the country would soon be entirely under monopoly control. The addition of the ownership and control of the anthracite coal supply, he contended, was just cause for revolutionary sentiment and activity.

"The main objection to trust combinations was in their enormous over-capitalization, and in the use that is made of that over-capitalization. In the last generation," he declared, "the legislation of the country had been mainly controlled by capital, and in not a few of the states the capital of legislation was a regular business." In conclusion, Mr. Anderson said:

"It is one of the present responsibilities of capitalist organization to undo the evil it has wrought—to reach the voters that the powers of the ballot box, and of the legislative hall, are to be held and exercised as a sacred trust for the benefit of the community as a whole. If capital fails to recognize the necessity of just laws, respected and obeyed, it may expect little mercy at the hands of its adversaries when they discover their real power. If Socialism comes the main responsibility will rest upon the capitalist organizations."

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SOUTHERN COTTON SPINNERS' ASSN.

Charlotte, N. C., May 14.—In his annual address to the Southern Cotton Spinners' association President George H. H. strongly favored building of the fifthman canal, giving it as his opinion that the cotton market "manipulators" exercised an unfavorable influence on the producer and manufacturer of the staple and endorsed the open door policy in China. Mr. Hess said in part:

"During the past two years manufacturers and American growers cotton have failed to secure a proper margin of profit and it has been during these last two years that cotton manipulators have held their greatest sway. It is estimated that between \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000 bale of cotton are bought and sold annually in this country, while we actually produce an average of but 10,000,000 bales.

"If it is not plain that these cotton market manipulators have an unfavorable bearing on the profits of the manufacturer in this country using American growing cotton?"

"Except in a few special fabrics, the price the manipulators have fixed for cotton today is out of all proportion to the cost of the raw material. It is there no remedy for this situation? If the cotton manufacturer could arrange to buy his year's supply of raw stock by making his purchases on the producer's terms, he would be able to sell his goods at a profit of 10 to 15 per cent. of each year (as is largely the case with our foreign competitor), there would be but slight opportunity for the manipulator to make a profit out of the few hundred thousand bales not taken up by these purchases."

"Diplomatically, there exists an agreement between all countries interested in the 'open door' policy shall prevail in China and that there shall not be any partition of Chinese territory. Notwithstanding Russia's declaration that she has been misrepresented in Manchuria the English and American

DESCRIPTIVE EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1903. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

WILL GIVE PRECIOUS METAL SOUVENIRS.

Butte, Mont.—F. A. Helme is making great preparations for the dinner which is to be given in President Roosevelt's honor, when he visits Butte later this month. The invitations are to be engraved on plates of copper, and the souvenirs are to be gold. When the dinner is over, the room of the Thornton hotel is to be arranged to represent the bottom of a mine, with drifts and cross-cuts, in which the tables are to be spread.

can manufacturers have their eyes open to the fact that Russia has been for some years building the submarines in great numbers, and the submarines are now exporting increasing quantities of our coarser cotton fabrics and unless our commercial interests in this territory are looked after most carefully we may rest assured that the Russian manufacturers will not allow our goods to be imported into that territory, if she can secure this trade for her own industries.

Police Guard the Subway.

New York, May 14.—The subway contractors began today to employ everybody who could do any work in the subway. The police guard the subway yesterday refused to return to work. In a short time a large force had been employed. Police guarded the whole length of the subway.

Assaults on Team Drivers.

Omaha, Neb., May 14.—Six assaults were made on team drivers during the forenoon today. One driver named Flint was badly beaten, while in other cases drivers were forced from their wagons and their loads of coal were dumped into the street. Police dispersed the crowds, but arrests were made. The assaults are being made by the team drivers who are not members of the union and deny responsibility.

Steamer Victoria Captured.

New York, May 14.—A provisional engagement of \$500,000 gold coin for export to Argentina on Saturday, has been made by the local agent of the London & Liverpool bank limited. Inquiry for an additional \$500,000 gold for South America has been made by the same treasury.

Removal of Indians Effected.

San Diego, Cal., May 14.—After spending the night in camp at Pauba ranch, the Indians enroute from their old home at Warner's Hot Springs reached their new lands at Pala, all in good health and peaceful. The work of making the temporary houses comfortable was begun at once.

Gold for Argentina.

New Orleans, May 14.—T. M. Solomon & Co., financial representatives of the Nicaraguan government here have received the following cablegram from that government:

"We have captured the steamer Victoria, a vessel of the revolution. Peace reigns throughout the republic."

Engineers Make a Demand.

Pittsburg, May 14.—The engineers and brakemen employed on the shifting line at the Jones and Smith plant have made a demand for shorter hours and threaten to strike tomorrow unless it is granted. The men work ten hours daily for \$2.40 a day. They want shorter hours during the summer for the same pay.

Schwab Manual Training School.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 14.—Homestead has assumed gala day attire in preparation for the dedication of the Charles M. Schwab manual training school, which takes place Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Schwab will be Homestead's chief guests, and a number of their friends from New York are to be with them to witness the ceremonies. A parade is to be held in which 15,000 men are expected to take part.

Tropical Worm Disease.

Berlin, May 14.—The government commission which has been investigating the tropical worm disease which has attacked 20,000 Westphalian miners, reports that only those who had been in the sunlight are afflicted. The disease causes inability to work and is frequently fatal. The government has decided to employ 150 doctors specially trained to combat the malady. The sufferers will be isolated. Cleanliness and sunshine are the principal remedies.

TROUBLE AT MONASTIR.

British Consul Says There Has Been No Recent Disturbance.

London, May 14.—The under-secretary of state for the colonies, in his Commons today, read a telegram from the British consul at Monastir, European Turkey, saying that while several Christians had been killed during the last few days, and adding that business is proceeding as usual.

ROTC SCHOLARSHIPS.

OFM. I. T. Won by Edward T. Foulks Of New York.

Boston, May 14.—Edward T. Foulks of New York, a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, '98, has been awarded the ROTC traveling scholarship as the result of a competition held in this city. The scholarship grants \$1,000 annually for two years to be expended in foreign travel and study.

TRAIN INTO A DITCH.

Engineer Killed, Fireman's Body Under Engine.

Columbus, O., May 14.—A Baltimore & Ohio passenger train, due here at 11 o'clock, went into the ditch one and one-half miles north of Bloomingburg, a 144 ft. m. Engineer John May of Newark was instantly killed. The fireman's body is under the engine. Three coaches were badly wrecked. No passengers were hurt. Spreading rails caused the wreck.

Call Troops Out, Bayonet Fixed.

Abbot of San Benitos Convent, Rio Janeiro, Refused to Permit Foreign Friars to Enter the Same—Ordered To Leave Town—Soldiers Had to Drive His Friends From the Place.

New York, May 14.—The conflict caused by the refusal of the abbot of San Benitos convent to allow the entrance of foreign friars who came to assist at a meeting of the order has resulted in a serious dispute, cables the Herald's representative at Rio Janeiro, Brazil.

At a meeting of friars held in the capital it was resolved with the archbishop's support to excommunicate the abbot of San Benitos. The friars elected as his successor, Father Domingo Transfiguracao. The federal judge ordered the abbot to leave San Benitos. Believing that force might be needed to oust the abbot, Father Transfiguracao

went to the convent with the chief of police and a squad of cavalry. Father Juan Mercedes, the excommunicated abbot, promptly admitted the new abbot and acknowledged his title to the convent.

It was thought that this had ended the trouble, but a meeting was held later at which the followers of Father Mercedes protested against the foreign friars. A procession was formed and marched to the convent, cheering the deposed abbot, and forced the foreign friars to leave and seek refuge in the archbishop's palace.

Troops were called out. They entered San Benitos with fixed bayonets and drove out Father Mercedes' friends. The foreign friars returned later, accompanied by the chief of police and again took possession.

DEPARTMENT STORES WAR BATTLE OF MANILA BAY.

One Started on Them by the Milwaukee Retail Grocers.

It is Said It Will be Extended Gradually Throughout the Country.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 14.—A commercial war, which, it is said, will extend throughout the country, has been started by the grocers of this city against manufacturers who allow their goods to be sold or demonstrated in department stores.

The Retail Grocers' association of Milwaukee, a member of the national association, has passed resolutions not to handle products of manufacturers that are placed in department stores.

Henry W. Schwab, president of the Milwaukee Retail Grocers' association, says the action is the beginning of an open warfare against department stores that engage in the sale of goods from the Milwaukee grocers by the Milwaukee grocers who are not members of the Milwaukee association.

Explosion Wrecks Building.

Hartford, Conn., May 14.—By an explosion at the Hartford club last night a party of 200 persons were killed and a public followed. One or two dinner parties were being held and the reception and reading rooms were well filled. Suddenly there was a roar in the kitchen. The water boiler attached to the huge range had exploded.

The heavy brick wall between the main entrance to the club. These were filled with men who were thrown in heaps with tables, chairs, pictures and glass. The competition with the grocers was a serious one. The grocers were not to be outdone. The water boiler attached to the huge range had exploded.

TWO HUNDRED DEAD.

The Result of Rioting in Valparaiso, Chile.

New York, May 14.—No less than 200 are dead and wounded as a result of the rioting in the streets here, says the Valparaiso correspondent of the Herald. It is impossible at present to ascertain the exact number of casualties.

Isolated reports of firearms are still heard in all quarters of the city.

A censorship has been established over all telegraphic lines. El Herald, the only paper that was issued yesterday, severely criticizes the authorities, whom it holds responsible for the outrages. All foreigners here are safe.

LUCY MCCORMICK ARRESTED.

Said to Have Sent Poisoned Whisky To Mrs. Kate Noble.

Memphis, Tenn., May 14.—Mrs. Lucy McCormick, who, Mrs. Kate Noble of Cincinnati alleged, sent her a poisoned package at Cincinnati, was arrested here early today and brought to police headquarters. She was accompanied by a man named Paul, proprietor of a saloon, and who is said to have formerly lived at Cincinnati.

Mrs. McCormick denies all knowledge of a package of any kind, and states that she had returned to Mrs. Noble some days ago a package containing a doll, and which she afterward said contained candy.

VICTIMS OF POISONED WHISKY.

Cincinnati, O., May 14.—William Daly and Louis Burbank, Adams' Express company employees, who were poisoned last night along with three others who drank poisoned whisky from a bottle addressed to Mrs. Kate Noble and which became broken before delivery, are in the hospital today, quite serious. Benjamin Vicker, another employee, died last night upon reaching the hospital. Two others are still suffering though not expected to die.

TWO HOUSES DYNAMITED.

By Italian Railroad Graders on Strike.

Williamsport, Pa., May 14.—Italian railroad graders at Marshall Hill, who had gone on strike because one of their number was discharged, dynamited two houses, homes of men who had refused to stop work. The dwellings were shattered, but none of the occupants were killed.

The sheriff, with a force of deputy sheriffs, arrived just in time to prevent the Italians burning the construction company's building because they were not paid off as soon as they quit work.

It is reported two men were killed during the rioting, but this cannot be confirmed. Thirteen of the strikers are under arrest.

Professional Woman's Dangers.

Chicago, May 14.—"Cocktails, man and flattery are the three evils that the professional woman must shun just as completely as the ambitious man must shun his back against 'wine, women and song.' She is susceptible to them all and each is a barrier to success."

This declaration has been made by Miss Grace Noble, who is to manage a New York playhouse next year, at a meeting of the Hull House Woman's club.

Miss Noble declared that the society women are victims of the cocktails as often as professional women.

"But," she declared, "the society wo-

EX-MINISTER MABINI DEAD.

Manila, May 14.—Mabini, the former minister of foreign affairs of the Filipino government, died of cholera at midnight. He was attacked with the disease on Tuesday last.

Rev. H. O. Riddle Turns Catholic.

New York, May 14.—News has been received from Rome that Rev. Henry Ormond Riddle, an Episcopal clergyman, had changed his faith and had become a Roman Catholic.

Mr. Riddle was ordained a deacon in 1885 and was advanced to the priesthood the following year. For a time he was assistant in the St. James' mission, Cumberland, Tenn. He then became an assistant in St. Peter's church, Roxborough, Pa. In 1896 he went abroad.

An Opera by Deaf Mutes.

Chicago, May 14.—"The May Queen," an opera in two acts, was given at the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium last night by a group of whom none could utter or hear a word of the music or dialogue. The cast was made up of a score of the pupils of a school for deaf and dumb children. It was a part of a program of choruses, recitations and calisthenic exercises given by them.

The song and dialogue incident to the games were rendered in the sign language. The sentiments were made intelligible to the audience by Miss Josephine Tobolska and Miss Minnie Byrne, who interpreted and translated the words and songs of the performers.

Military Surgeons to Meet.

Oakland, Cal., May 14.—To represent the California physicians at the meeting of the military surgeons of the United States at Boston, May 19, Dr. James F. H. Dunn has been commissioned by special order from Sacramento. He will leave for Boston tomorrow.

Speaks for Filipino Independence.

Chicago, May 14.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Boston says:

Senator Clemencia Lopez, the Filipino who is here on a crusade work for independence of her people, has spoken for the first time in English at an anti-imperialist luncheon. She said she came to make an appeal to President Roosevelt.

"Now that Gen. Miles has spoken," she said, "it may be that some of the fear will disappear that has hitherto prevented most of my countrymen from protesting against the oppression that we are suffering under for a century."

"The only proper way is for a committee to go to the Philippines, appointed either by Congress or privately, charged to ascertain the real situation and the real sentiments of the Filipinos."

MACEDONIAN OUTBREAKS.

Premier Danoff Repudiates Bulgaria's Responsibility.

London, May 14.—Cabling from Sofia, the correspondent of the Daily News says he has had a long interview with Premier Danoff. The premier repudiated Bulgaria's responsibility for the Macedonian outbreaks which he said were the work of a few irreconcilables, and he protested indignantly at the charge that Bulgaria had winked at the outbreaks. He said he had admitted that the Bulgarian army was strongly in sympathy with the movement. He said, however, that this sympathy should be allowed to interfere with its loyalty. He could not avoid seeing that some accident might precipitate a war involving Bulgaria, but Bulgaria would not be the aggressor and in the event of such a disaster it would not be her fault.

In conclusion the correspondent quotes Premier Danoff as saying he counseled President Ferdinand to issue an ultimatum to the powers to intervene in behalf of Macedonia. "Bulgaria has no ambition to annex Macedonia," he said, "and the existing reform scheme is quite illogical."

THE UMBRIA BOMB.

Sailing Lists of Trans-Atlantic Steamers Found in Rosseau's Room.

New York, May 14.—Sailing lists of half a dozen trans-Atlantic steamship lines have been found by detectives in the room of G. Rosseau, who is alleged, was the sender of the infernal machine found at the Cunard company's headquarters.

The fact has given rise to a theory that Rosseau sailed for Europe Saturday immediately after mailing the warning letter to Police Commissioner G. A. Nease.

The sailing lists found in Rosseau's room were all folded in a way to suggest that Saturday's sailings had been postponed for several days. They were found in the room, and those boards in the house who knew Rosseau best are strongly of the opinion that he is now in mid-ocean, en route for some foreign port. The theory is possible that he sailed on the Umbria.

On cables instructions from the police here such of the steamers which sailed Saturday will be searched on arrival for the dynamite.

Forest Fires in the Adirondacks.

Pittsburg, N. Y., May 14.—Forest fires, which have been burning irregularly for several days, have broken out with renewed vigor around C. L. Pond, near Saranac lake, Paul Smithson on St. Regis lake and Ayers hotel on Lake Umbagog in the Adirondacks. A telegram from Paul Smithson says that the woods for 10 miles in every direction seem to be on fire. The fire has approached within three miles of the hotel and is spreading fast. At Lake Umbagog, Wm. J. Ayers, proprietor of Ayers hotel, who has been fighting the flames with a large force of men for four days, has lost control of the flames and is forced to retreat. A majority of the exiles are utterly destitute.

Killed by Holdups.

Muscatine, Iowa, May 14.—An attempt to hold up Thomas McCarthy's restaurant at West Liberty early this morning resulted in the death of Arthur Meade. Two robbers entered the place and McCarthy and Meade were taken to the rear to be elevated their hands. Meade attempted to come to their assistance and was shot and instantly killed. The robbers then fled.

Haytien Refugees Would Return.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 14.—The Haytien refugees here have petitioned President Nord of Hayti for permission to return to Port au Prince. They promised loyalty, but their request was brusquely refused. A majority of the exiles are utterly destitute.

Pana Miners Strike Settled.

Pana, Ills., May 14.—The miners' strike here has virtually been settled. A thousand miners are affected.

All Grades of Sugar Advanced.

New York, May 14.—All grades of refined sugar were today advanced 5 cents a hundred pounds, making the price of standard granulated \$4.55.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

ALL THE BIGGEST ADVERTISERS Use the Deseret News. It pays them. It will pay you, too.

Zinc Plant Burned at Park.

Origin of the Blaze Unknown—Water Supply Was Wholly Inadequate and the Plant Was Completely Destroyed, Entailing a Loss of \$100,000—Office Also Swept Away—Local People Are Interested.

(Special to the "News.")

Park City, May 14.—At 11:30 p. m. this morning a fire of unknown origin broke out at the Park City zinc plant and in a comparatively short space of time nothing remained but the burnt embers of one of the camp's most prosperous institutions.

The flames were first discovered in the upper part of the building, but they soon spread in every direction and it became evident that the entire structure was doomed to destruction. The fire department responded with alacrity, but the water supply was such that they were wholly unable to cope with the situation and could do practically nothing but stand by and let the flames take their onward course.

The office, located a short distance away, was also destroyed, and the loss is estimated at \$100,000, well covered by insurance. The fire burned itself out and was viewed by hundreds who for a time feared that it would result in a repetition of the conflagration of six or seven years ago. However, the building was somewhat isolated and this accounts for the fire being confined to the one structure. Had it been elsewhere the camp would have been pretty well wiped out.

The Park City zinc plant was founded by Messrs. Mayne and Leonard of this city and was the property of the Utah Metals company, composed principally of eastern capitalists, a number of whom have been here during the week, inspecting it, making numerous changes and preparing for a more extensive system of operations. The plant had a daily capacity of 100 tons and was managed by A. L. Dickerman who, however, was about to be succeeded in this position by H. H. Dyer, an experienced zinc worker of Leadville. About 35 men were employed and these will be thrown out of work until such time as the plant is rebuilt, which it doubtless will be, as it is known to have been making money.

(Special to the "News.")

Boise, Idaho, May 14.—At noon today a lone masked highwayman held up the stage which left Boise this morning for Idaho City, at the mouth of Mutter Gulch, about twenty miles from Boise. The mail sacks were ripped open and their contents appropriated. Three passengers on the stage were held up and robbed, the desperado securing one dollar in money and a rifle. The highwayman disappeared into the hills and is still at large. The sheriff of Boise county and the postoffice inspector are on his trail.

STAGE HOLDUP IN IDAHO.

Lone Masked Highwayman Holds One at Mutter Gulch, Rifles The Mail Sacks, Robs Three Passengers and Makes Good His Escape—Officers in Pursuit.

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UTAH WOMEN IN NEW YORK.

Mesdames Philo T. Farnsworth, Septimus W. Sears and Elias S. Wright Having a Gala Time There Attending Annual Meeting of the Daughters of The Revolution.

(Special to the "News.")

New York, May 14.—Regent Mrs. Philo T. Farnsworth, vice regent Mrs. Septimus W. Sears and Mrs. Elias S. Wright, who compose the Utah delegation to the annual convention here of the Daughters of the Revolution, are being royally entertained and express themselves as having the time of their lives. On Tuesday the Utah women attended the formal reception and dinner at the Waldorf and gave "The East of Paeved" at the Manhattan theater in the evening. On Wednesday they visited points of interest including Grant's tomb, the museums of art and national history, took a drive in Central park, and attended a formal luncheon at the Hotel Savoy, given by the Sons of the Revolution in New York, with speeches by Lieut. Gen. Woodruff, Walter S. Lloyd and others, and today they attend a reception and lunch at the Waldorf, tendered by the New York chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution. They are expected to leave for Boise tomorrow by the late Dr. Parker, en route through points of interest to Lake Madison and the military camp at Peekskill, including lunch and a visit to the city of New York. The meeting will close formally on Friday to meet in Boston next year between April 24 and May 10.

ASSESSORS' NARROW ESCAPE

Compelled to Flee from Sleeping Car in Their Night Clothes.

New Haven, Conn., May 14.—Twenty passengers, including 10 men and four women had to flee in their night clothing early today from a burning sleeping car at the Union station. The car was near the rear end of the New York, New Haven & Hartford train which left New York at 11 o'clock last night for Boston. When the train reached here at 1 o'clock the sleeping car was consumed with a fire which supplies the cars with gas and the gas supply was turned on. Immediately afterwards a slight explosion was heard, flames burst out and the car filled with smoke. The passengers, dazed with sleep and half blinded by the smoke, made a rush for the doors. A woman was knocked down and lay in the aisle for some time. The blaze was finally extinguished and a hunt was made for the passengers. Among those who said they lost money was E. D. Kaplan of New York, who said he left about \$200 in money and securities in the car. After a search the wallet containing the missing securities was found and Mr. Kaplan then said he had recovered everything except some money which was burned up in his clothes. The handbags and clothing of most of the passengers were water-soaked. The women passengers were taken to a hotel and the men were provided with overalls and shoes.

TRAIN JUMPED TRACK.

Fireman Killed and Several Fatally Hurt.

Hot Springs, Ark., May 14.—While waiting at an ordinary stop an eastbound passenger train on the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad jumped the track and in the suburbs shortly after noon, wrecked the train, killing a fireman and several passengers. The train was derailed by a landslide and a fireman was killed and several passengers were injured. The train was derailed by a landslide and a fireman was killed and several passengers were injured. The train was derailed by a landslide and a fireman was killed and several passengers were injured.

REMARKABLE SCENE IN CITY TEMPLE.

London, May 14.—There was a remarkable scene at the City Temple at the midday service today when the pastor, the Rev. R. J. Campbell, the secretary of the late Dr. Parker, announced his adhesion to the passive resistance movement against the new education bill. When the Rev. Mr. Campbell, who may be regarded as the head of the non-conformists in this country, as well as the determination of the non-conformists, said he would tender payment of the portion of the rates, which was not devoted to sectarian purposes, but he added that the collector would have to seize his hall clock and other chattels for the balance. The audience, numbering about 3,000 persons, stood up and cheered lustily for several minutes. The pastor added that he had heard that Colonel Ross, Chamberlain of the House of Commons, had taken part of those who participated in the "passive resistance movement," but he believed that if Mr. Chamberlain improved him his days as a colonial secretary would be numbered, for non-conformity prevented the half religious life of London.

G. N. Trainmen's Troubles.