

## Effectually Snubbed.

The Rev. John P. Newman has met with the rebuke that comes sooner or later to the ambitious prelate who thinks more of the pomp and circumstance of this wicked world than the salvation of his soul in the next. If there is anything more detestable than another it is a vain, self-satisfied priest whose heart is given up to love of office and official power. One day last week in the creation of bishops, Mr. Newman's name was not recognized. It is known that he had his heart set on this promotion. 'Tis said and believed here that he actually had his robes prepared. The good church of which he is an unworthy member properly rebukes his ambitious schemes.

We have had many flings at this politician of the pulpit, and for this we have been arraigned by many well-meaning people as animated by a spirit of hostility to the church. On the contrary, a true regard for the best interests of that church has driven us on. We are not patient with selfish ambition of any sort, but it becomes doubly offensive in a clergyman, who is useful just in proportion as he is unselfish, generous and self-sacrificing. We have seen this man clinging to the soiled skirts of striped politicians, and while openly preaching the gospel of hate has whispered abuse and persecution in the ears of power on the strong side. He had no patience with the erring when such were weak and helpless. He sought to make his religion a means to worldly gain, and trailed the robes of his high office in the foul arena of politics. A pretended follower of the forgiving Jesus, he persecuted the Mormons and preached everlasting damnation to the South; a disciple of faith that teaches humility, he was proud, insolent, and ostentatious; with his saintly eyes fixed on another and a better world his hands were busy gathering up the good things of this. A Chadband and a cherlatan, he has been effectually snubbed, and so we say, Good by, Newman!—*Washington Capital*.

RECENTLY in the United States House of Representatives some business interesting to the Territories was transacted, as will be seen from the following extract from the *Congressional Globe*—

## VACANCIES IN TERRITORIAL OFFICES

Mr. Prindle, also, from the same committee, reported back, with an amendment, in the nature of a substitute, the bill—H. R. No. 1912—to amend section seven of an act entitled "An act to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Montana," approved May 6, 1864.

The Speaker. If there be no objection, the substitute only will be read.

The substitute was read, being a bill—H. R. No. 2632—to provide for filling vacancies in certain offices in the several Territories. It provides that in any of the Territories, whenever a vacancy shall happen during the recess of the Legislative Council in any of the Territories, under the organic act of such Territory, is to be filled by appointment of the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, the Governor shall fill up such vacancies by granting a commission which shall expire at the next session of the said Legislative Council.

Mr. Prindle: The organic acts of the Territories do not authorize the Governors to fill vacancies during the recess of the Legislative Council. This difficulty was experienced in the Territory of Montana, and the bill as originally drawn and referred to the committee had reference to that Territory only. The delegates from the other Territories desired similar legislation for their Territories, and this substitute was drawn, and having been submitted to the delegates of the several Territories, has been agreed to by them. It simply makes the organic act in this respect analogous to the provisions of the constitution of the United States and to the constitutions of the different States, and seems to be necessary and proper.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time; and being engrossed, it was accordingly read the third time, and passed.

## TERRITORIAL CORPORATIONS.

Mr. Chaffee, from the committee on Territories, reported a bill—H. R. No. 2633—amendatory of an act approved March 2, 1867, entitled "An act amendatory of an act to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Montana," approved May 26, 1864; which was read a first and second time.

The bill was read. It provides that the first section of an act approved March 2, 1867, entitled "An act amendatory of an act to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Montana," approved May 26, 1864, so far as relates to incorporations which have been or which may hereafter be created and organized for the business of mining, manufacturing or other industrial pursuits, or the construction or operation of railroads, wagon-roads, irrigating ditches, and the colonization and improvement of lands in connection therewith, or for colleges, seminaries, churches, libraries or any benevolent, charitable, or scientific association, or for all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with the constitution of the United States, shall be construed as having authorized and as authorizing the legislative assemblies of the Territories of the United States, by general incorporation acts, to permit persons to associate together as bodies corporate for purposes above named.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time; and being engrossed, it was accordingly read the third time, and passed.

At the same sitting a bill to set aside certain proceeds (not to exceed \$40,000 in each case) from internal revenue for the erection of capitol buildings in the Territories of Arizona, Dakota, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Washington, and Colorado, was passed, but afterwards recommitted to the committee on public buildings.

THE last of the Mohicans—no, the last of the order of the priests of Gretna Green, say the English papers, is dead—Old Simon Lang, who for many years has been the lone survivor of a long line of self-appointed dignitaries. He died April 23, at Kelling, near Newcastle-on-Tyne, where he was staying for the winter with his son, and was buried in Gretna churchyard. Lang, father and son, held their Gretna "priesthood" fully 80 years. David, the father, was born at Gretna, went into Lancashire as a pedlar, was carried off by a press-gang, was on a ship boarded and taken by Paul Jones, the pirate, the captives being run into a French port. David returned home, and in 1792, commenced his runaway marrying business, which he continued till his death, nearly 40 years. He married Thomas, Lord Erskine, to his mistress, Miss Sarah Buck, of York buildings, Marylebone, for which he received 160 guineas. He also officiated at the marriage of some of the Villiers, Beauclercs, Coventries, and scions of other noble houses. His death resulted from a cold caught while attending the great sensational trial at Lancaster, of Wakefield, for the abduction of Miss Turner, a rich heiress of 15 years of age.

The son Simon, a weaver, assumed the "priestly" office thus left vacant, and a lucrative business it was, though he had many envious and jealous neighbors who helped him nothing, but misdirected matrimonially bent anxious inquirers for him. He saw the decline of the golden days of old Gretna. The reputedly last marriage ceremony he ever performed occurred a twelvemonth ago, when a pair of lovers from Dumfries, who could wait no longer, woke him up at midnight, and he performed the marriage ceremony for them in complete dishabille, having nothing on but his shirt and drawers.

The village of Gretna Green, county of Dumfries, Scotland, is nine miles west of Carlisle. The irregular, or runaway marriages which made it famous, were declared legally invalid, after Dec. 31, 1856, by an act passed the preceding July 29. This irregular marriage ceremony consisted in an admission before witnesses by the parties that they were husband and wife, such admission being sufficient, according to the law of Scotland, to constitute a valid marriage. After the ceremony, the officiating functionary signed a certificate of marriage, also signed by two witnesses, which perfected the union. Sometimes the English marriage service was used. As many as 500 of these marriages have been celebrated in a year at Gretna and neighboring border villages.

Our usually sedate and philosophic namesake, the *New York Post*, is "all tore up" in its mind by the present political situation. It can't support Grant, and it won't support Greeley; and the only business left it, in the event of the latter's endorsement at Baltimore, will be to follow the example of the Kansas hurricane, described

by a discriminating traveler, that "just sat up on its hind legs and howled."—*Chicago Post*.

The hardest thing to copy is simplicity.—*Steele*.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

## SENATE.

Sumner offered a joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution, providing for the election of President directly by the people, and abolishing the vice-presidency.

The House resolution, fixing the adjournment on the 10th of June, was received, and after the discussion and rejection of amendments changing the time to the 20th of June, and to the 15th of June, and the rejection by a large majority of a motion to adjourn so as to compel a final adjournment on Monday and necessitate an extra session, which Chandler said he desired, the House resolution was concurred in by 42 to 13.

## HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—At the evening session to day an investigation into the Indian frauds was ordered to be continued during the vacation.

Dawes announced his intention to move to adjourn from Tuesday next to Thursday or Friday, after which recess was taken till Monday.

## EASTERN DISPATCHES.

BOSTON, 1.—The San Francisco committee authorize the announcement that negotiations here have been concluded to day, and a satisfactory understanding consummated, for joint co-operation in completing the thirty-fifth parallel railroad. It only remains to advise with St. Louis, at which place the San Francisco delegation will meet in June 10th, to complete the business.

James Gordon Bennett died at 7:25 p.m. His son and daughter are expected to arrive home from Europe next Saturday.

PHILADELPHIA, 30.—A Reading special says that Pendleton has written a letter to Mr. Barr, saying that while he recognizes the personal integrity of Greeley, and approving the Cincinnati platform and Greeley's letter of acceptance, he fears the Democrats will not support him; and if a Democrat of undoubted strength is not nominated at Baltimore, he views with apprehension the possibility of the election of President being left to the House of Representatives.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 30.—The county Democratic Convention to-day endorsed the Cincinnati platform and candidates, and instructed the delegates to the State Convention to endeavor to shape the action so that the influence at Baltimore be directed to secure the endorsement of Greeley and Brown.

NEW YORK, 30.—Notwithstanding the inclement weather, the ceremony of decorating the soldiers' graves in the various cemeteries of New York and Brooklyn, was observed to-day in a fitting manner, by a procession of the Grand Army of the Republic marching up Broadway to South ferry, where they divided and proceeded to the different cemeteries, and strewed the graves of their fallen comrades with flowers and evergreens.

The strikes continue and the prospects of a speedy settlement are not so encouraging.

WASHINGTON, 30.—Decoration day was observed here by all classes of citizens. Thousands of persons gathered on Arlington grounds, which were profusely decorated. President Grant, the cabinet officers, and a large number of persons of note were present. General Banks delivered the principal oration. The ceremonies at Greenwood are deferred until to-morrow. Dispatches from all the principal cities and towns east state that the day was generally observed.

It is known from official sources that the treaty of Washington is in peril. Britain requires an unequivocal withdrawal of the indirect claims, and the President and Senate are determined to make no further concessions.

Some Senators say it is impossible for Congress to adjourn on Monday, and propose asking an extension till the tariff bill is disposed of.

CHICAGO, 30.—Decoration day was observed in this city and in Indianapolis, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Cleveland, Toledo, Nashville and all the cities and large towns west, in the usual manner.

For ten days past there have been continuous shocks of earthquake in the

Owens river country, none heavy. Two weeks ago there was a heavy shock, causing great excitement. There is but little suffering. The relief committee acted with promptness and impartiality.

## EUROPEAN.

The *Times* asserts there has never been any genuine agreement between England and America relative to indirect claims. With the correspondence before us, concludes the *Times*, we must consider the failure of arbitration inevitable. We may thank the American Senate for this. Had it accepted the supplemental article without amendment our position would have been awkward.

NEW YORK, 30.—The *World's* special from London to-day, says the British government considers that the negotiations with the American government, in regard to the treaty of Washington, have failed, and the government will inform parliament to withdraw from the arbitration at Geneva.

TORONTO, 30.—John S. McDonald, ex-premier of Ontario, is dangerously ill, with no hopes of his recovery.

LONDON, 30.—An influential meeting at the Mansion House last night, to express sympathy with the Israelites in Roumania, adopted resolutions asking the British government to interfere.

Commander Charles Brand, retired navy officer, died yesterday. He was present at the capture of Washington by the British in 1814.

This morning of Asthma, in this city, Mrs. ELIZABETH THOMPSON McALLISTER, at the residence of her son, John D. T. McAllister, in the 60th year of her age.

The funeral will take place at the 8th Ward Meeting House, on Sunday, June 2nd, at 8.30 a.m. Relatives and friends of the family are particularly invited to attend.

Philadelphia *Ledger* and other papers please copy.

Mother McAllister was born 17 Aug, 1803, in Lewistown, Sussex County, State of Delaware. Her parents' names were James Thompson and Mary Blades Abbott. On the 4th of April, 1822, she was married to William James Frazier McAllister. In the winter of 1828-9 they moved to the city of Philadelphia, where they resided with their family of four children three sons and one daughter. She took great pleasure in relating to them incidents of the war of 1812, in which she took a humble part, for although a child, she frequently visited the camp, and ministered to the comfort of the troops. Her husband died 21 Aug 1857. Her eldest son, Jas. W. T. McAllister, Health Officer of the city of Philadelphia, died 20 April, 1858. On the 1st of January, 1861, she was baptized into the church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, by her son John, while on a mission to the United States, and in company with her son Richard and daughter Mary and their families, gathered with the saints in these valleys the same year. She bore many faithful testimonies to the truth of the gospel, and the doctrines of the church, and about the last words she uttered before she breathed her last were, "I have spent ten happy years in Utah."

J. D. T. McALLISTER.  
S. L. City May 31st, 1872.

In the 14th Ward, of this city, June 3rd, at 1 a. m., Mrs. JANET HARDIE, aged 62 years. Deceased had an abdominal tumor removed from her, some 13 days ago; and up to Sunday morning was doing well, when she very suddenly took a relapse, under which she gradually sank.

The deceased died from exhaustion, superinduced by diarrhoea. The surgical wound was found to have entirely healed, and no bad symptoms occurred until 1 p. m. yesterday.  
*Mill Star*, please copy.

At Kanab, Kane County, May 14th, of inflammation of the bowels, WILLIAM MACDONALD, son of John and Mary M. Rider, aged 2 years and 2 months.  
*Mill Star*, please copy.

At Moroni, Sanpete County, of cancer, May 21, RUTH JACKSON.

Born April 15, 1819, at Brampton, Derbyshire, England. Baptized and confirmed Nov 4, 1841, at Brampton, Derbyshire, England, by Elder Bradbury. Was extensively known and respected in the Sheffield Conference and by the traveling elders as Sister Ruth.

Married second time to George Jackson, Oct 14, 1849; emigrated in ship *Enoch Train* March 22, 1856; in January, 1868, was appointed President of the Moroni Female Relief Society, which office she filled with honor to the day of her death. She died as she had lived, a faithful Latter-day Saint.

*Mill Star*, please copy.

At Nephi, May 20th, after a few days' sickness, of inflammation of the lungs, FREDERICK, son of Richard and Eliza Haynes, aged 3 years, 8 months and 15 days.

At Moroni, Sanpete County, May 6, of lung consumption, sister ANNA ANNAT, wife of Niels Anderson.

Born in Lintopiny, Sweden, Oct. 28th, 1808, baptized Nov. 12 1861, emigrated to Utah in the fall of 1864, and died as she was an affectionate wife and a good and faithful saint. [Com.]

At Nephi, May 17, of consumption, Elder THOMAS QUINN CARTER.

Born at Quatt near Bridgenorth, Shropshire, England, June 4th, 1831. Baptized Feb 4th 1849, by Elder William Probert at Alverby, in said county. Ordained by Elder John Godseel June 8, 1856, and labored in the Hockley branch of the Birmingham conference; emigrated to Utah in 1863, and settled in Nephi, where he has continued to reside until his death. He was a member of the 71st Quorum of Seventies, and was very much respected. He died bearing testimony to the work of God.

The saints of Nephi deeply sympathize with sister Carter in the loss of her husband.—[Com.]