MISTORIAN'S OFFICE. Church of Jeaus Christ of Latter-day Salate. DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Want ads. need not be "next to pure reading matter," for-as a rule-they are, themselves, real reading matter, of the widest human inter-

Reports of More Ashes, Flight of **Convention Meets to Name State** People, Collapse of House, Hun-Ticket Except Gov., Lieut.-Gov. ger and Discouragement. And Supreme Court Reporter. Excursion. OTTAJANO IN COMPLETE RUINS BEVERIDGE SOUNDS WARNING. Situation Generally is Regarded Says Group of Radical Extremists is Appropriating Name of Dem-As Less Alarming Than octratic Party pany Him on Trip. Yesterday Evening. Indianapolis, April 11 .- The Republican state convention assembled today

While it is Impossible to Estimate the Number of Dead.

The Quest of the Useful" is the er-rand of the multitude—made easier, in half its aspects, by the fixed habit of "ad-reading."

Naples, April 11, 9:10 a. m.-The morning opened with the atmosphere oppressive and yellow with ashes from Vesuvius, causing a feeling of apprehension regarding what the future may hold in store for this city and its, vicinity. The volcano was completely hidden in a dense mass of cinder-laden smoke the only other signs of activity being frequent and very severe detonations and deep rumblings.

From all quarters come reports of the accumulation of ashes, the flight of the terror-stricken inhabitants of towns and villages, the collapse of buildings, the insufficiency of the re-lief measures, hunger and discouragement. It is no longer possible to reach the points which have suffered most severely. Even the soldiers detailed to guard the ruins at Ottajano have been called, and the town has been left o its fate. The military forces have arned the gratitude and admiration people by their devotion to duty, only are they credited with many acts of heroism, but they have disayed untiring perseverance in arching for the living and the dead smong tottering walls, assisting fugi-tives to reach places of safety, giving aid to wounded and in burying the dead, and all this while partly suffo-cated by the ash and other cindorladen wind blowing from the volcano No danger has been too great for the pops to encounter, and no fatigue too troops to encounter, and no fatigue too severe for them. In this work the sol-diers and others have been shown a worthy example by the Duke and Duchess of Aosta who are praised on all side

The duke is pronounced to be a worthy descendant of the late King umbert, who in 1884 went to the as-stance of the sufferers from the sistance choiera epidemic, visiting the patients tals and in some



When Mrs. Crosby saw her son hanging by the neck she uttered several piercing screams, and attracted the attention of F. A. Parker, a veterinary surgeon, who rushed to the scene and cut down the body. The news of the suicide quickly spread and in a short time a large crowd of excited persons gathered. The body was removed to an undertaking establishment.

ing by the bedside of the dying until

The situation generally is considered less alarming than yesterday evening The quantity of ashes being emitted in not so great and the rumblings are less frequent, though ashes and cinders are still failing over this city. There are about four inches of ashes in the

According to the Mattino, 50 houses, three churches and the municipal build-ings at Somma have collapsed, the sand and cinders are six feet deep there, and all the inhabitants have sought safety in flight. Houses at Ottaiano are stil collapsing and most of the buildings in the towns and villages in that neighbor-

hood are tottering or in ruins. The employes of a tobacco factory at Naples, thinking the roof was about to fall in this morning, fied in panic from the building and communicated their feats to so many people outside that the police were compelled to interfere and restore order. Many persons were in-fund during the name. fured during the panic

rever it has been possible to do 80, the street car service has been re-sumed. The wheels in their friction with the tracks generate flames, showing the great amount of sulphur in the

Torre del Greco, Sarno and San Gennaro have been evacuated and Portico, Ciricello, Poggio and Morino are practically uninhabitable. situation at Torre Annunziata

somewhat improved as the current of lava has ceased to threaten it. At Torre del Greco the downfall of nes and sand continues. The inhab tants are awaiting ateamers to escape

in the danger zone. San Gennaro is plunged in obscurity, le majority of the houses have fall-Fugitives arriving in Naples confirm the previous reports to the effect that houses at Ottajano continue to fall and the villages in the neighbor hood are in ruins. About Sanguiseppe od are in ruins. e ashes and sand are over four fee

froops are encamped in the public squares here in readiness to move quickly to the assistance of endangered ces and patrols with military is are sending assistance to the fugi-

ERUPTIONS INCREASED.

Naples, April 11 .- The eruptions from the night a coating of ashes and cinders to a depth of four inches covered the ground and the roofs of buildings today.

All railroad service out of the city is interrupted. The engineers have refused to take out their trains because of the derkness caused by the heavy fall of Sches.

RAZING BUILDINGS.

Naples, April 11 .- So widespread is the catastrophe caused by the eruption of Vesuvius that it is estimated it h-guires an organized body of 100,000 men and the expenditure of many millions of dollars to many millions of dollars to raze houses made unsafe for habitation by the accumulation of bakes and cinders on the roofs, erect temporary huts of refuge for the thou-fands who have been obliged to flee from their bare their homes, clear the roofs buildings that may yet be saved, and extricate from the ruins of fallen struc-tures and bury the dead. The papers unite today in urging the government

the government to send here Gon. Baldissera, who saved the situation after the crushing defeat of the Ital-ians at the hands of the Abyssinians at Adowa. Abyssiniala, in the spring of 1336, and instruct him to organize and control the work of relief. and control the work of relief.

PRISONERS IN A PANIC.

Naples, April 11.—The panic here is increasing. The prisoners in the city jail mutinied owing to tright and succeeded in breaking open some of the doors inside the building but were subdued by the guards. The prisoners, however, are in a state of

counsel of violence is heard. group of extremists is already appro-priating the name of the Democratic Against them and their do ne Republican party sets i party. trines the face like fint, and for them and their practises the Republican party has a hand of iron." -

OLD FORT CHITTENDEN.

Senator Smoot Secures Passage of Bill Making Land Laws Applicable to It. (Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., April 11 .- Senator Smoot today secured passage through the senate of a bill which provides that general laws for the disposal of public lands of the United States are hereby extended and made applicable to lands compromised within limits of aban-doned Fort Chlitenden military reser-vation in the State of Utah. The bill has now passed both houses and goes to the president for his signature.

Carrie M. Neal has been appointed postmaster at Marion, Summit county, Utah, vice M. E. Sorenson, resigned.

DRY DOCK DEWEY.

Breaks Loose and Drifts in Storm for Twenty-Three Hours.

Washington, April 11 .- The dry dock Dewey broke its towlines in the Mediterranean off Maka, and drifted about in a storm for about 23 hours, but is now again in control of the yeswhich were towing it.

This information reached the navy department in a dispatch from Ad-miral Sigsbee, date at Messinia, Sicily, yesterday. He stated in the dispatch that the Brooklyn remained with the Dewey when it was floundering about and did not leave it until it was safely in tow. A wireless dispatch received by the Brooklyn after it left the Dewey indicated that the dry dock is proceeding safely and satisfactorily.

WITTE'S RESIGNATION REFUSED.

Petersburg, April 11.-The Strana. a Conservative Liberal newspaper, today says it has learned from high authority that the emperor has ed to accept Premier Witte's resignation.

SHOPS PUT ON HALF TIME.

Meadyille, Pa., April 11.-All depart-ments of the Eric railroad shops were put on half time today on account of the coal strike. The men will work from 7 coal strike. The a, m. to 12 noon.

great excitement requiring double guards.

AT THE OBSERVATORY. Rome, April 11 .- Prof. Mattucci, in

charge of the observatory at Mount Vesuvius, telegraphed from there at 10 o'clock this mornig as follows

"The situation of myself and the carbineers in the observatory was very grave throughout the night. Up to 8 o'clock this morning, the observatory was enveloped in dense showers of was enveloped in dense showers of sand but the volcano is now calmer The seismic instruments show quieter records than yesterday. I shall remain and the entire time consumed in casting "If my words could influence the

population they would be words of encouragement and sympathy, for I am most confident that Vesuvius will on return to its normal conditions. Naples, April 11, 2:15 p. m.—The loss to property by the volcanic out-break is estimated at \$29,000,000 and it is announced that \$0,000 persons have been rendered homeless.

This Fairview 12:10. ********* 12:35. 1:10. Spring City 1:25 Ephraim 2:44...... Manti 6:00

CHILD LABOR LEGISLATION.

New York. April 11.-A general bombardment of the national legisla-ture in the interests of child labor legisation is being planned by the clul men of the country. Sorosis st Sorosis started the campaign last week with a letter to every member of the senate and house of representatives, asking him

to use his vote and influence in favor of the child labor bill for the District of Columbia and the children's bureau till. The women's health protective issociation will follow this week, and bill. after it will come at intervals the ciety for political study, the eclectic, the post parliament and the Woman's Republican club. Others are expected to take similar action as soon as their attention is drawn to the subject so make the movement general throughout the country. make Mr.

the

r, Ralph Trautmann, chairman of Sorosis child labor committee, and Dr. Samuel McC. Lindsay of the na-tional child labor committee, presented the claims of "The 2,000.000 child slaves of the country" to the Woman's Repub-lican club at Delmonico's yesterday and at the conclusion of their address women voted to join in the letter writing campaign,

arlisle Opens for Protestants To row But May Not Close Before Monday

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., April 11 .- The arguments in the Smoot case will begin at 10 o'clock tomorrow, when Mr.

Carlisle will open for the protestants, Mr. Worthington of counsel for Mr. Smoot, deseired a day or two to read Mr. Carlisle's argument before replying thereto, but Mr. Burrows is not disposed to grant more than one day at the utmost. It is not certain therefore that final presentation of the case will be made this week, but Mr. Carlisle will certainly close not later than Monday next.

PROFESSORS' WIDOWS' PENSIONS

New York, April 10.-Announcement that the widows of college professors may be pensioned under the terms of the \$10,000,000 gift of Andrew Carnegie to the Carnegie foundation was made today by the trustees of the foundation. A pension not exceeding one-half the pension of a professor may be paid to his widow, but she must have been the wife of a professor during 10 years of his active service. The pension is to cease on her remarriage. No pension is to be given to a professor who retired from active service before April 16, 1905, the date upon which Mr. Carnegie established the pension fund.

Nocquet left about 60 to 75 pieces of sculpture, and it has been proposed that half a dozen of these, as well as number of his drawings, be pur-ased for the Metropolitan museum of art. It was announced that arrange ments had been completed to hold a public exhibition of Nocquet's work. The exhibition and the propose memorial will be in charge of an ex ecutive committee named last nigh At the request of the Belgian consul Pierre Mali, the Belgian minister wil will be asked to act as chairman of an honorary committee.

JACOB RHS OPERATED ON.

New York, April 11-Jacob Riis, the author and blographer of President Roosevelt, is in St. Luke's hospital, where a slight operation has been per-formed on him. Mr. Rils is in no dan ger and laughed vesterday when asked about the operati

out the operation. 'It was just like going to a hospital to have a sore finger attended to said, "and it is all over now. I e I expect to be out iomorrow and the less said about it the better."

PRESBYTERIAN UNION BASIS.

Pittsburg, April 11.—The committee on union with other denominations of the United Presbyterian church, in session here, has formulated a basis for union with the Associated Reformed church of the south, and will at once submit it to the committee on union of the southern church.

Formal Test of Voting Machines Made Today. Mayor Thompson, County Commissioners, Councilmen and Other Officials Witness Working of Wonderful Device in the Interest of Honest Elections -Claims

As to Accuracy, Rapidity and Economy.

minutes after the polls close, thus doing away with the all night work of the judges in totalling up the votes, all of which is done at a cost of 20 cents per hour for each judge, after the polls pened in the office. It was inspected

It will also do away with election contests, as it is absolutely impossible for a mistake to occur in voting, or in adding up the results. It is absolutely impossible for a person to spoil his ballot or to vote for two candidates for the same office, as when an attempt is made to do such a thing the machine locks and prevents any such voting, of the machine stands

The face of the machine stands up-right and is enclosed by a curtain behind which there is room enough for one voter. On the face of the machine are the names of every candidate to be voted for, each in line from left to right with the emblem of the party to which he belongs. Above each name is a small knob which drops down when you vot-for the candidate. To the left of the face is a larger knob upon which appears the emblem of each party and when this is pulled down all of tha When this is putted down an of the simaller knobs in that line drop down, When the voter is ready to enter the booth, one of the judges raises a knob on the outside of the machine which unlocks it and allows it to be operated. anlocks it and allows it to be operated. As soon as the voter gets inside he pulls an overhead lever to the right, which closes the curtains and leaves him alone so that no one can see how he votes. If he desires to vote a straight ticket he simply pulls the large knob, upon which his party embler, appears, to the right until the bell rings. He then pulls the overhead leave back to the left and it the overhead lever back to the left and it then registers the vote and at the same time opens cost of printing ballots, and would the curtain, thus permitting greatly reduce the wages of election to pass out of the booth. permitting the voter

Should a person desire to vote a scratched ticket he enters the booth as stated above and pulls the knob upon which his party emblem appears to the right until the bell rings. All of the small knobs opposite each name ticket are then down and if h that wants to cut out any candidate on that ticket he simply has to raise the knob up and pull down the small knot above the name of the person on any other ticket for whom he desires to . Thus he can scratch any num-of candidates in the same. He car vele iot vote for tw ocandidates for the same office because only one of knobs can be dropped down at any one time

At the head of the list of candidates are spaces for stating speceial ques-tions to be voted upon at any election and a knob for yes and one for no to each quetsion. Above this space are blank spaces in which appear slips of paper so that a person can cut out any name on any of the tickets and vote for a person for that office whose name does not appear upon any of the tickets.

The back of the machine is under lock and key so that its mecchanism can not be tampered with nor the re-sult of the vote obtained until after the polls close and the machine is un-locked by the custodian of the keys. Ov the side of the machine where the judges are supposed to stay is a regis-ter which registers the total number of votes cast after each voter leaves the booth.

Inasmuch as the state board of ex aminers is required to pass upon any voting machine adopted for use in this state, the machine will be exhibited on Friday to the members of the board which is composed of the governo secretary of state and the attorney general

The platform as agreed upon by lead-ers of the party and by the resolutions committee dwelt at length upon state issues, indorses President Roosevelt's administration, Vice President Fairbanks' conduct of his office, the Indiana senators and represesntatives, and included the following plank:

"We favor the national regulation of railroad rates in such manner as to insure equality of service to all, upor, just and reasonable terms. Such regu-lation must be effected so as to operate justly upon the shippers, the common carriers and the body of the people.

"We adhere to the time honored Re-publican doctrine of protection. The Republican party, the friend of the protective policy through good and evil report, can be trusted to make changes n tariff schedules whenever more good

than evil will result. "We recognize reciprocity as the handmaid of protection and favor such reciprocal arrangements with other nations as will increase our foreign trade without injury to American industry. 'We favor the enactment of all laws enacted to protect the people against the encroachments of combined capital. We realize that capital must combine in a lawful way successfully to conduct our modern industries and commerce. and, we believe in protecting it in its legitimate functions.

We endorse the action of President Roosevelt in rigidly enforcing the anti-trust laws placed on the statute books of the U. S. by the Republican party.

The material, moral and intellectual progress of the people of Porto Rico and the Philippines under American administration is more rapid and sub-stantial than that ever accomplished by any people under similar circum-stances. The work of American school teachers, of which Indiana has fur nished far more than its quota, is already bearing fruit, and the people are also learning modern methods of in-dustry, and for the first time in their history living under an orderly government of equal laws impartially en-forced while their foreign commerce has increased many fold

"We heartily approve the efforts of the Republican party in the construction of the Panama canal. This work world-wide interest will in due time be accomplished through the statesmanship of the Republican party.

"We approve the policy of the Re-publican party in making liberal pro-vision for those who have served their publican country on the battlefield, and for their widows and orphans.

"With all peace-loving people the Republicans of Indiana rejoice in the ending of the war between Russia and Japan; and we take especial pride in the fact that peace was secured by the courage, wisdom, tact and statesmanship of an American president," The endorsement of President Roose-

velt's administration was in the fol-lowing plank:

'We approve and applaud the administration of President Roosevelt. From the very first it has been one of the most notable in American history. Dur-ing his administration and upon his in-Itlative the department of commerce and labor has been established, the la to prevent railroad rebates enacted: legislation of the Panama canal and work on that great enterprise begun, the law for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid west enacted, and other legislation occurred for the lasting ben-efit of the whole people; while Presi-dent Rooseveli's enforcement of the dent hooseven's enforcement of the laws against the trusts has not only lessened law-breaking but the wide-spread movement for law enforcement throughout the whole ration. "President Roosevelt has earned the

unprededented popularity which sulted in his election by the gree the greatest majority ever given an American pres-ident. And the Republicans of Indiana join with the Republicans of the whole nation in the enthusiastic endorsement of his administration two-cent railroad fare law was advocated,

JILTED BY YOUNG WOMAN.

It is said that Crosby's health has not been the best of late, and also that about a month ago he was filted by a young woman with whom he was des-perately in love. At that time Crosby attempted to kill himself in a Salt Lake roominghouse by turning on the gas. His attempt that time was made unsuccessful by the discovery of leak-ing gas. The door was broken down and Crosby was carried out of the room and revived.

A BARBER BY TRADE.

Crosby was kquite well known here as he had lived in Ogden practically all his life. He was quiet in his habits and was well thought of. He was a barber by trade.

No note or letter was left, so far as known at this time, by Crosby, giving the reason for suicide, but some of his friends say that the reasons ascribed above led to the deed.

WESTERN IDAHO SUGAR STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Idaho Sugar company was held at the offices of the company in the Deseret News Annex yesterday afternoon. The old board of directors was reelected, consisting of Joseph F. Smith, Thos. R. Cutler, John R. Winder, W. S. McCornick, John Henry Smith, Heber J. Grant, John C. Cutler, C. W. Nibley and Geo. C. Parkinson, Manager Cutler made an extended re-port of the operations at Nampa, where the new factory is being pushed with rapidity, and stated that it would be reader to correlian by Sent 1. The out.

the new factory is being pushed with ready for operation by Sept. 1. The out-look was most promising, as the farmers of Payetto were under contract to furnish 30,000 tons of beets for the Nampa plant, and this added to the acreage being grown around Nampa, made it in all ways likely that the first year would be a record-breaker. Manager Cutter said that the planting of the seed had begun on April 1, and the steel and fron were arriv-ing daily. Treasurer Whitney's report showed that more than \$435,000 had been paid in for stock and the intention was to continue the calls until approximately \$1,000,000 had been paid in, which would pay for the plant, real estate, etc., and heave an operating capital. The annual meeting of the lisheb Sugar company set for yesterday was postponed till the 20th at 3 p. m., to give the of-ficers further time to prepare their re-ports.

LAND DEAL IS "OFF."

Sait Lake Capitalists Decide Not to Buy California Property.

The Salt Lake capitalists, consisting of Messrs, M. H. Walker, Geo. T. Odell, C. A. Quigley, T. R. Cutler and several others, who were considering the proposition to buy a large tract of land near San Jose. Cal., met yesterday to hear the re-port of the committee they sent to Cali-fornia to inspect the property. This com-mittee constant of Messra George Aus-th and Mosiah Evans. They spent some time in looking over the land and going fully into its merits. While the property is undoubtedly valuable, the committee took the ground that it was not sufficient-ly attractive as a speculative proposition to justify the Sait Lakers going into it and the motion was made and unani-mously carried that the option held to not exercised. The maliet will, there-fore, be allowed to örop unless it is pre-sented in some new form, which at pre-sent does not seem probable. Jose, Cal., met yesterday to hear the reent does not seem probabie.

A test of a U. S. Standard voting mahine is being made today in the files of the county commissioners in mahine is being made today in the office of the county commissioners in the city and county building, and is attracting great interest among the public officers and citizers who hap-

by the county commissioners and

Mayor Thompson and several council-

men with a view to adopting it for

use in the elections in this county.

Samuel C. Hamilton, representing the

U. S. Standard Voting Machine com-

pany, is exhibiting the machine which

is considered by all who saw it a won-

- Judging from circulars, showing cuts

of the machine, one would think that it

is a very complicated affair and would

be difficult to learn how to operate it.

Such, however, is not the case, as it is

wonderfully simple in its operations

and can be handled by the person of

ordinary intelligence after not more

test was made this morning by six per-sons who had only seen the machine in operation about ten minutes. Three of

the persons voted a straight ticket and the other three voted scratched tickets,

the six votes was just 46 seconds. The cost of the machine is \$700, and

it is claimed that by using 35 of them in the city, which would be all that is necessary for use here, there would be

an annual saving in the cost of elec-tions of \$1,890, and at that rate the ma-

chines would soon pay for themselves. The use of the machines would save the cost of printing ballots, and would

than five minutes of instructions.

derful invention.

the