PARK CITY DIVORCE SUIT.

Cruel Treatment is Alleged Against the Husband.

A divorce suit from Park City found a way to the files of the Third District court yesterday afternoon.

The plaintiff is Mrs. Lizzie A. Weber, of the defendant John L. Weber, sheriff of Summit county.

Plaintiff prays for a decree upon the grounds of cruelty and upon the alleged fact of her husband having committed adultery at various times during the past few months. Cruel and inhuman treatment is then set out, and the plaintiff alleges that in March, 1891, the defendant struck her in the mouth and knocked her down. Mrs. Weber then states that she has been in very delicate health for the past six months by reason of the alleged treatment, and that on September 5th, while she was very sick, the defendant refused her any medical treatment, and outside her medical adviser giving her any medicine, thereby causing her great bodily injury and much mental anguish. It is also alleged that defendant has failed to provide the common necessaries of life for plaintiff, so that she has had to rely upon the charity of friends and her own exertions to obtain necessary clothing, thus unfitting her for her business, and leaving her impecuniary, for which reason she sues the defendant as his wife. The parties have four children, the eldest being 13 years of age and the youngest 1, and it is alleged that defendant treats them in a cruel and inconsiderate manner, whipping them and sending them down and then making them get up and come to him, in the manner of a dog trainer. It is charged that the defendant has threatened to take plaintiff out of the house when in present state of affairs expires on December 31st and take her children away, also that he has refused to let plaintiff sleep in her bedroom for the past six weeks.

Mrs. Weber states that her husband is in receipt of a salary of $2,400 per year as sheriff of Summit county; that he owns real estate in Park City worth $800, stock in a mercantile company to the value of $600 and stock in a mining company of the value of $700, and she asks that he be restrained by an order of court from disposing of or incumbering his property pending this action; that he may be ordered to pay a reasonable sum for court fees to enable her to carry on the suit and to defray the expense thereof, to be paid in advance; that $200 be allowed her for temporary alimony pending the action in whatever sum the court may deem just. A home of the mother is then prayed, with alimony in the sum of $100 per month for the custody of the minor children, Judge Rhoades of Park City and Judge Hiles of Salt Lake are Mrs. Weber's attorneys.

The restraining order was issued by Judge Zane yesterday afternoon and the defendant required to show cause on September 30th.

WHAT HE SAYS.

Old Naylor Writes on Mining and Ethnology from Eastern Utah.

The following communication has just been received by the World's Fair commissioners for Utah from Dolores:

Dear Sir: Will just this city interest you in Utah, I write you a short note of information, relative to the work of the department of mining and ethnology.

The coal stone measures of eastern Utah are extremely rich in coal, oil, ochre, iron, etc. Uintah county, where we now are at work, contains coal enough to supply Utah for the next five centuries. The amount of asphaltum is practically unlimited, and as to oil, it may be mentioned we have in the vast region by being down a few hundred feet. The oil measures underlie all the valley from the east side the Duchesne, Uintah and Black Fork rivers, and these measures go back to the base of the main range of mountains, either side of the Duchesne. This belongs to the great Green river system of the carboniferous period, and in the mineral and geological line one of the most interesting districts in the United States.

In the work of collecting, we have had very good work so far, having collected a vast quantity of minerals, gold, asphaltum, bitumen and naphtha. In the ethnological department, among the Utes Indians of Ouray reservations, the photographer obtained photographs of the chief, one of the tribe, and views of Uncle Ute in peculiar dress of the tribe, and of two squaws and of the most attractive features of the country.

We have obtained a considerable quantity of the handiwork of the Indians for the exhibit.

Although Uintah county lies in a great part of eastern Utah, and of communication, it will well repay the World's Fair commissioners to visit it. We have been here for a few days, as after leaving the mining and before work there still remains the ethnological work of examining the remains of the cliff dwellers that exist in Nine Mile canyon.

I will report to you in full the results of our work in that district. The natives of our work there will be transcribing the hieroglyphical writings on the walls and rock, making the sketches and investigating the dwellings along the canyon, and in excavating the mounds that are found there in large places.

Owing to the shortness of time left to the department to complete its labors we have to work from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 o'clock at night, but we have a fine exhibit. More anon.

Yours truly, JOHN NAYLOR,
Chief Department Mining & Ethnology.

THE FEDERATED TRADES.

Last Night's Meeting Was One of a Lively Character.

At a meeting of the Federated Trades last night it was reported that the Cooks' and Waiters' Union No. 6 was duly organized, and the delegates received their credentials and were admitted after taking the usual obligations.

Mr. Sessler reported from the arbitration committee that the strike among the brewers and bakers had been settled.

The special committee having in mind the adjustment of a financial matter with the P. O. S. of A., reported that they were progressing.

A communication with reference to the condition of affairs at the house of the Hungarian Lockout was received and read. It denies the common rumor regarding the high wages received by common laborers before the lockout there was now warranted at Homestead and about average wages from $1.50 to $2.50 per day, the labor receiving contracts such as mining, and some have been evicted. The communication was signed by the officials of the American Federation of Labor and stated that aid is given to the needy. On motion the balance in the treasury was voted for the purpose asked, after proper bills are paid.

Bills for rent ($10.50) and typewriting ($2) were reported and allowed.

A petition and protest from G. M. Wyne was read regarding the Sunday opening law at the World's Fair, and objecting to the closing clause of the bill. It was laid on the table.

Mr. Mischler moved that the council affiliate with the American Federation of Labor and apply for a charter. It was then moved that the matter be referred to a committee of three, but the motion was not and the original one carried.

The chair appointed Brothers Mischler, Sessler and Dowell, delegate from the Barbers' union. McDonald made several charges against members which he was unable to substantiate. A motion for his expulsion was then made and carried. A motion was then made to remunerate chair for not calling McDonald down, but it failed. Mischler, Sessler and Dowell then followed because of the Typographical Union having their celebration at Castle Heights on Labor Day when the Federated Trades went to Garfield Beach.

A motion for adjournment was then made and carried.

Damages Asked For.

The case of John L. Cushing et al. vs. John Beck was taken up in the Third District Court yesterday afternoon and proceeded with by jury trial. The suit is an action for damages in the sum of $35,100, alleged to have been sustained by plaintiffs in view of the action of defendants in violating a contract entered into between the parties with reference to the purchase and delivery at a large amount of nursery stock. According to the allegations plaintiffs entered into a written contract with defendant whereby they agreed to furnish nursery stock to the amount of $21,000, plaintiffs, who were agents, allege that they at once began making arrangements to deliver the said stock as per contract and received from an eastern firm the stock, paying therefor the sum of $9000, which said stock was of the low grade of quality; they also paid out $2500 for traveling expenses and for the purchase of lumber for boxes for said stock, etc., and in addition to the sum of money thus lost, plaintiffs further allege that they lost the sum of $20,000, which would represent their profits had the defendant not repudiated the contract; they further set up $700, the alleged value of certain raspberry bushes shipped to defendant, bringing the total amount for which judgment is asked up to $35,100. The defendant in his answer denies all the material allegations of plaintiffs' complaint. He also admits that he was not satisfied with the prices of nursery stock and that the plaintiffs took advantage of his credulity and charged him a much higher price than they should have done. Powers & Hiles appear for the plaintiffs and Marshall & Royle for the defendant. The case was not concluded at the rising of the court.

HOW TO KEEP BOARDERS.

Those Dollar Meals Be Enthroned at You Will Be Successful.

To begin with, at regular meals, have your bread, cream, butter and coffee of the best quality, and if you have pretties on the mantel, let it be an some of the heavy side dishes and put on any of the simple foods. Do not salt pepper or season in any way the various dishes, as all tastes are not alike, and it is best for every one to suit himself in these matters. Always serve all meals on individual plates, as this allows into season to have their meals warm and serve with the hot dishes.

Vary the menu as much as possible, remembering that though some dish may be very good coated or composed, it loses its charm by being too often repeated. Let each boarder have a particular seat at the table, and make no changes when new ones arrive, but arrange a new seat for them.

The rooms belonging to the boarders should be thoroughly aired daily. Pay particular attention to the dining, especially in summer, and if mosquitoes infested the lamps should be looked after every morning. Go through the rooms every morning and replace soiled towels with clean ones. Have a certain time in the day for sweeping, make the bed rooms, and see that it is attended to regularly.

How to Care for Shoes.

A little linseed or castor oil well rubbed into the leather about once a week pays for the leather cracking. Where ever you have the inclination to wet your feet, don't despair. Fill your shoes with oats, which will help absorb the moisture and prevent the shoes from shrinking. When nearly dry rub with oil, and the next day your shoes will look as well, and maybe better, than before their wetting. The oats may be dried and saved for the next time. Above all things don't neglect the leather. At the first evidence of so called "running over" have them repaired.

How to Feed Windows.

To frost windows prettily make a jelly of gelatine one and boiling water. Put it on warm with a soft brush; then give it a good coaxing when by dabbing it lightly with the ends of a hard, stiff-backed brush.

How to Make Watermelon Cake.

The cake consists of two parts, the white and the dark, the white being the first and the red part which imitates the center of the melon and has raisins in it for seeds. To make the white part, beat two cupfuls sugar and a cup of butter to a cream. Add a cup of milk, the whites of five eggs, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, sweet soda and flavoring of lemon. For the red part, use one cup of jack or red sugar, half a cup of butter, a third of a cup of sweet milk, the yolks of four eggs, two cups of flour, a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, half a teaspoonful of soda and a teaspoonful of raisins. It requires two pans to fill the molds with the cake, one to put in the white part which forms the border and the other to put the red part in the center. A molten mold is the best to bake this cake in, as it is the most ornamental. Let the cake cool in the pan an hour in a moderately hot oven. When it is done let it stand in the mold and invert it on a platter. Ice it thickly on the outside part with a green icing, colored with spinach green.

EXTRACT OF BEEF!

Genuine only bearing name in cobalt blue signature across the label, and the signature of Baron Liebig on the genuine.

Liebig COMPANY'S

Bearing the signature of Baron Liebig in blue across the label, and the signature of J. Carl Liebig in blue across the genuine.

CONWAY CABINET CO'S
—EXCLUSIVELY—
HARDWOOD MANTELS
THE BEST IN THE WORLD
WATSON BROS., Corner South and West Austin Hall, Salt Lake City, Sole Agents for Utah.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
Estate of Samuel Gross, deceased.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned executor of the last will of Samuel Gross, deceased, to the creditors of and all all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of Messrs. Dickson & Dickson, in the City of Salt Lake and Territory of Utah.
Dated September 3rd, 1892.
NICHOLAS T. GROGG,
Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Gross, deceased. 4d

LEGAL NOTICE.
In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.
In the matter of the Estate of Sarah Hardy, deceased.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned administrator of the estate of Sarah Hardy, deceased, has petitioned for and obtained an order of said court, to sell all the interest of said deceased at the time of her death in and to the following real estate, situate in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, and that by virtue of said order, he will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in lawful money of the United States, subject to the approval of said court, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, at the office of the undersigned, in the city and County of Salt Lake, Utah Territory, on the 10th day of October, A.D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, the following described real estate, to wit:
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40,