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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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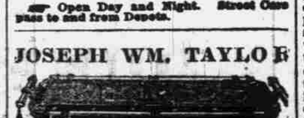
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AMERICAN.

POINTS FROM THE CAPITAL.

A Batch of Gossip and News from Headquarters.

WASHINGTON, 29.-The President has appointed George McNamara postmaster at Port Townsend, Washington Territory, vice Learned suspended.

The President's reception this afternoon was attended by nearly 400 persons, including the Grand General Chapter of Royal Arch Masons now holding a convention in this city. The President shook hands with all and had a pleasant word for each.

Acting-Secretary Fairchild has authorized the reopening of the mint at Carson City, Nevada, as an assay office for the receipt of deposits of bullion. This action was taken on the recommendation of the Director of the mint, and with the full approval of the President. It is intended as an experiment, as it is said at the Department that it is doubtful whether deposits at the mint will warrant even its conduction as an assay office. Its future operation as a coinage mint will depend entirely upon the extent of its deposits.

THE GENERAL GRAND COUNCIL

of Royal and Select Masons finished their second triennial convocation today by the election of the following officers: Geo. G. Pinkard, Louisiana, G. G. M.; Geo. W. Cooley, Minnesota, G. G. P. M.; O. A. B. Senter, Ohio, G. G. P. C. W.; Frank H. Bascom, H. G. G., treasurer; Henry W. Mordhurst, Indiana, G. G., recorder; Rev. J. M. Dadnum, Massachusetts, G. G. chaplain; John Coburn, New York, G. G. C. of G.; Henry S. Orme, California, G. G. C. of C.; Geo. McCahan, Maryland, G. G. marshal; Bradford Nicol, Tennessee, G. C. Steward.

Sproule, the American who was convicted in British Columbia of murder, and whose sentence of death was suspended pending an appeal to the courts of Ottawa, and afterwards to the Privy Court of Great Britain, will probably be executed on the 1st of October, the date to which he was respited.

The State Department has exerted itself on his behalf, but has to-day been informed from London that the representations on Sproule's behalf have not been considered

SUFFICIENTLY WEIGHTY

to overturn the verdict or longer postpone the sentence.

The Grand Chapter Royal Arch Masons held a short session this morning and in the afternoon called in a body, accompanied by their ladies, at the White House and were given a reception by the President. To-night they were given a banquet by the grand Royal Arch Chapter, District of Columbia, at the Masonic Temple. About 350 ladies and gentlemen attended the banquet. Senator Dolph of Oregon responded to the toast "Free Masonry." "Washington, Father of our Country, and Washington, Capital of our country" were responded to by Isaac L. Johnson, and "The Press" by J. Soule Smith of Louisville, Kentucky. At to-morrow's session of the General Grand Chapter the election of officers will take place.

The Commissioner of Agriculture has received the following letter:

THE PLAINS, Va., 29, 1886.—*Hon. Norman J. Colman, Commissioner of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.:*

My Dear Sir:—I see by the newspapers that the Chicago stock yards people are denying the existence of any

DISEASE AMONG THE CATTLE

at their yards. I must beg you to send a veterinarian to this section as soon possible, to look after the diseased cattle that were brought here directly from the Chicago stock yards by Mr. E. T. Holton. I learn that the disease exists, or that the cattle are dying, in three counties—Farquhar, Prince William and Loudon, they being cattle bought in Chicago. In every instance the cattle came from Chicago. I have seen none of them, but hear that many of them out of each car-load so bought have died, and others are sick, some of our farmers say from Texas fever, but all say the cattle have a cough, which I know is not peculiar to Texas fever. This thing should be stopped if possible, but all my efforts with the Virginia legislature last winter (not being a member) to supplement the United States law as to pleuro-pheumonia, were unavailing.

Sincerely yours,
ROBERT BEVERLY.

The Commissioner has sent Dr. Dyer to Virginia to make an investigation.

CIVIL SERVICE.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The Civil Service Commission has been busily engaged for some time past in the revision of the rules and regulations relating to the civil service, and within a short time it is probable that a number of important modifications of the existing rules will be submitted to the President for his formal approval. The Commission has changed the construction heretofore placed on the law and rules relating to the appointment of soldiers to the classified service by the issue of the following order:

"It is directed that upon any requisition being made by an appointing officer for eligibles to fill any vacancy in the classified civil service, the certifying officer shall certify from the eligible register, from which the eligibles are drawn, the names of all persons who have a claim to preference to appointment under Section 1,754, U. S. Revised Statutes: *provided, however*, that if there are upon said register the names of more than four persons who have a claim for preference, only four of them shall be certified in the order of their standing. If, upon the register of a State entitled to appointment, there are no

PREFERENCE-CLAIMING ELIGIBLES

entitled to certification, or if there is upon the register the names of preference-claiming eligibles, the certifying clerk shall complete the making of the certification by taking the names of the preference-claiming eligibles from the registers of other States, taking care to select from such State register in the order of the right of each State to appointment under the apportionment authorized to be made by the Commission. If upon the register of no State entitled to appointment there is the name of a preference-claiming eligible and the name of such an eligible appears upon the State, the quota of which has been filled, the number of the preference-claiming eligible shall be certified."

Mr. Oberly said that it was in contemplation to arrange a definite schedule of dates and places for holding examinations in the various States, thus relieving candidates of the doubt and frequent long delays which have heretofore existed. The Commission, he added, had decided that it was not wise or economical to appoint examining boards from officers now in the civil service to examine and grade applicants in each State and Territory as suggested by the National Civil Service Reform League. Instead of this the board would submit to the President for his approval a plan to reduce the number of department examiners in this from 14 to 6 and assign them entirely to the duty of going over examination papers of applicants from all parts of the country and grading them, thus

INSURING UNIFORM RATING.

The Treasury Department has issued the following circular to customs officers in regard to the rate of drawback on dried refined sugar: "On all refined, loaf, cut loaf, crushed, granulated and powdered sugar, stove dried or dried by other equally effective process, exported on and after November 1st, 1886, a drawback will be allowed at the rate of two and sixty one-hundredths cents per pound, less the equal reduction of one per cent. The above rate is provisionally established in lieu of the existing rate of 2.82 cents per pound pending an inquiry as to what further reduction may be necessary."

The Secretary of the Interior has reversed the decision of Commissioner Black on the claim of Lila May Pavy, widow of Doctor Octave Pavy, late Acting Assistant Surgeon of the United States Army, under contract with the Greely expedition, who died of starvation at Cape Sabine about June 16, 1884. She is granted $17 per month. The Secretary holds that though Dr. Pavy's contract had expired, he was still in the service.

It was decided to-night to offer $25,000 in prizes for the National Military Drill to be held here next May.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Massachusetts, Ohio, Nebraska and Colorado Republicans.

BOSTON, 29.—The following are the essential features of the Republican platform:

On the subject of temperance it says: "Recognizing in temperance

THE DESTROYER OF MANHOOD,

the means of corruption in politics, and the most fruitful source of pauperism and crime, we imperatively affirm that both patriotism and philanthropy demand the most strict enforcement of the laws enacted to suppress this enormous evil. We pledge ourselves to support as a candidate for office no man, who is afraid or unwilling to do his whole duty in enforcing the laws and to favor at all times such further legislation as may be necessary to render those existing more effectual. We favor the submission to the people of an amendment to our Constitution, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquor."

The Civil Service plank is as follows: "We give to the Civil Service acts, passed by the Republican Congress and Republican Legislature of this Commonwealth, our hearty approval and support. We will oppose any covert acts upon them and encourage no action which tends to impair their efficiency.

FITNESS, NOT POLITICAL INFLUENCE,

should determine appointments to office; removals should be made for cause alone, and incumbents should be freed from enforced partisan duty and assessment. We favor the extension of these principles to all business offices in the State and nation."

"The Republican party, true to its instincts and principles, will deal with the interests of both labor and capital in the spirit of equal and exact justice. The gratitude and esteem which the Republican party feels for the soldiers and sailors of the late war has never failed of expression either in word or deed. It shall never fail while we remain a party. No just demand can be made in their behalf which we will not support. Pledges made to them shall be kept. We demand of the national administration prompt, persistent and determined effort in the

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

between this country and Great Britain, to the end that our fishermen may no longer be unjustly harrassed and despoiled of their property and deprived of their occupation. We fully maintain the principle of protection to American labor and American industries. We condemn the recent precipitate and peremptory treatment by our national State Department of our sister republic Mexico, which caused an estrangement of a neighboring power with whom considerations both of friendship and self-interest should have impelled us to cultivate more intimate relations. A sound currency, based on specie, in conformity to the monetary standard of the world, is of the most vital importance to all the interests of the country. The continued coinage of silver dollars at the present rate is a constant menace to the stability of our finances. We demand the repeal of the law which requires the further coinage of this debased money."

SHERMAN SPEAKS.

PORTSMOUTH, O., 29.—Senator Sherman in his remarks last evening briefly traced the history of the two great parties from 1854, characterizing the Republican party as the party of reform and progress and the Democratic as the party of opposition. Coming down to the administration of President Cleveland, whose election he said had been brought about not by the discontent of the masses but by coalition between the States lately in rebellion and the City of New York, the Senator paid attention to its foreign policy. He said the gentle dalliance with Great Britain over the fisheries question was in strong contrast to the blustering demand made upon our neighboring Republic, Mexico, for the possession of a characterless American adventurer who in Mexico violated the laws of Mexico and seems to have been too mildly treated for his offense by the Mexican authorities. The chief charge against the Republicans in the Presidential canvass he said was the hoarding of idle money in the Treasury, but when the Democrats came into power they repudiated the promise to distribute this money and increase the reserve in the Treasury $60,500,000. They suspended for nearly a year the payment of the public debt. Distrust and want of confidence followed the

ELECTION OF MR. CLEVELAND,

instead of higher prices and thriving industries, the promised prices have been steadily falling, and the industries once flourishing are now languishing.

The Senator said the people were promised great economy in public expenditures and largely reduced taxes, "but the only economy we have had is the veto of about sixty pension bills, saving about $12,000." There was not one open, manly word in President Cleveland's message in favor of the protection of American industries.

Senator Sherman charged the President with treating Union soldiers with scant courtesy and respect and with distributing his favors chiefly among those distinguished in the rebel service. "Turn the rascals out" was another war cry of the Democrats. But the Senator said, all the removals made by the administration had been for "offensive partisanship" and the person removed always had been a Republican; but "more jail birds, convicts and defaulters were appointed by Mr. Cleveland in a year than were appointed by his predecessors in twenty years."

Senator Sherman next paid attention to the Morrison tariff bill, and said the protective policy of the republican party increased the manufactures in 20 years and contributed to the wealth and prosperity of the nation. He denied that the democratic party was a friend of the laboring man or had ever framed or adopted a measure of substantial benefit to the laboring man. The Senator then touched upon the growing disparity of the intrinsic value between gold and silver coin, and announced himself in favor of an honest dollar made of either gold or silver and coined at their respective market value.

NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Neb., 29.—The Republican State Convention to-night, nominated John M. Thayer for Governor.

COLORADO.

Denver, 29.—On the third ballot the Republican State Convention to-day nominated Hon. Wm. H. Meyer for Governor; for Lieut.-Governor, Hon. N. H. Medlum; Congressman, Judge G. G. Symes; State Treasurer, P. W. Brien; Secretary of State, Capt. James Rice.

At the night session the convention nominated Hon. D. P. Kinsley, Auditor of State; Judge Alvin Marsh, Attorney General; S. B. Cornell, Supt. of Public Instructions and General W. Hamill, a member of the national committee to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. Jerome B. Chaffee.

The platform adopted was very brief. It reaffirms the principles of the Republican party as adopted by them during the past 24 years; it recognizes the Nation's obligations to soldiers and sailors of the late war, and bitterly denounces the action of the President's wholesale veto of pension bills during the last session of Congress; favors the tariff of 1867 and

ADVOCATES HIGH TARIFF

upon low-priced labor imported in America to injure American citizens; it demands the maintenance of the present tariff on lead; the free coinage of silver on an equality with gold; favors the regulation of inter-State commerce in order to prevent the extortion of common carriers; favors the adoption of some way to dispense with convict labor in our penitentiaries; opposes the importation and immigration of the Chinese to be used as laborers; demands that all public lands shall be held for actual settlers only and not be sold; favors the appointment of a national committee to arbitrate all questions in dispute between laborer and employer, and heartily endorses the action of the National Bimetallic Association in their endeavor to protect the silver interests of the country.

Wiggins' Failure.

NEW ORLEANS, 29.—The weather here is delightful, clear and pleasant. There was no seismic, atmospheric or other disturbance or phenomena today, such as Professor Wiggins predicted.

City of Mexico, 29.—Reports from all over the Republic show that everywhere heavy rains have fallen doing great good in forwarding the crops. In this city the rains have flooded the streets in many places, necessitating the use of fire engines to pump out the stores. The predicted earthquake did not take place, but the volcano of Colima is again in a state of eruption, the huge white cloud overtopping the summit causing great terror among the inhabitants of neighboring villages. This is the third time within a year that the volcano has become active. The eruption is plainly visible from the city of Colima on the Pacific Coast and unusual meteorological disturbances have been noted in that city.

Catholic Union.

ST. LOUIS, 29.—Bohemian Catholic Union No. 1. U. S., met here to-day in tenth annual session. Delegates numbering 100 are here from twenty four States and three Territories, and the Union will hold sessions all the week. The President's report, read to-day, shows that the Unions throughout the country are harmonious and in a prosperous condition. The Secretary's report states that the receipts of the Union for the year were $47,000 and expenditures $45,000.

The Quarantine.

CHICAGO, 29.—Heretofore there have been no cattle quarantined except in distilleries and the Harvey farm. Now the authorities are going to all points near and far in the State where there are suspected cases or where cattle have been exposed. To-day in the vicinity of the Harvey farm, couples and trios of cattle to the number of forty that have been exposed to the pleure-pneumonia were quarantined.

He Retires.

ST. LOUIS, 29.—Robert Law, superintendent of the leased lines of the C., B. & Q. in Iowa, will retire from that position to-morrow, and will be temporarily succeeded by Mr. C. M. Levy, assistant superintendent of the same lines. It is reported that Mr. Law will hereafter occupy an important position on the Milwaukee & St. Paul road.

Desperate Deeds.

RALEIGH, N. C., 29.—Thursday night the store of A. D. Owens, at Creswell, Martin County, was entered by burglars. Owens' dwelling adjoined the store. He heard a noise and stepped to the door. As he did so he saw two burglars; one fired, killing Owens. Since that time the authorities have been on the track of the burglars and murderers. Monday night Sheriff Sprewill arrived at Plymouth with the wife of the murdered man and two negroes. Another negro, James Davenport alias James Ambrose, was shot and killed. One of the negroes made a confession some days ago to the effect that Mrs. Owens had hired them to kill her husband. She wished them to drown him, and prepared water in a barrel for that puspose. She gave him [illegible] and the three negroes actually stood by his bedside ready to commit the crime. Their courage failed them. Finally Ambrose, some nights afterward, entered the store, and when Owens appeared shot him. Ambrose was pursued, and on making a desperate attempt to kill the members of the sheriff's posse, was shot through the heart. Mrs. Owens and the other two negroes are now in jail at Plymouth, awaiting trial.

Chinese Advices.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—The steamer *City of New York* arrived at 10 o'clock this morning, bearing Hong Kong dates to September 2d and Yokohama to Sept. 11th.

A band of discharged Chinese soldiers made a descent on the leading pawnshop in Huckong on August 13th and murdered the proprietor and 45 of his employes. The robbers were all arrested.

THE CHOLERA

is still raging throughout Japan. The proportion of deaths to cases was very heavy between August 28th and September 5th, inclusive. In nine days 13,348 new cases were reported. The deaths during the same period were 8,472. In Tokio alone there were during the nine days 2,302 new cases. An examination of the well in Tokio was made and 740 out of the 1,177 were condemened as unfit for drinking purposes.

At Canton, August 27th, a Chinese woman, aged only 18, underwent a Ling Chi execution, which is that while still living one piece of her body after another is cut away until the body is divided up into exactly 1,000 pieces. The victims, as in this case always die from loss of blood before the horror is completed. The woman was charged with having poisoned her husband and three relatives; and although it was shown on examination that she was innocent of the offense, the people of the district insisted on her execution, which the Viceroy finally ordered.

A Synagogue Splits.

ST. LOUIS, 29.—The trouble which for some time past has existed in the Jewish congregation of Shaare Emeth Temple, the wealthiest and most prominent synagogue in this city, has finally resulted in a disruption to the extent that over one hundred members of the Shaare Emeth have left that society and organized another congregation under the charge of the former Rabbi of the Shaare Emeth, Dr. Sonneschein, and to-night they held their inaugural services in Memorial Hall. A large audience was present and the services were quite impressive. The new organization embraces many of the leading and most progressive minds among the Jews in the city, and it promises to become one of the largest and most influential congregations in the West.

Damaging Experiments.

BOSTON, 29.—Francis R. Brooks, of Chicago, formerly a student of Harvard College, has commenced suit against the college to recover $50,000 damages. Brooks was engaged in performing an experiment in the chemical laboratory, when a retort containing sulphuric acid, which he was using, exploded, and he was terribly burned. One of his eyelids was burned off and his face was otherwise mutilated and torn, the disfigurement being permanent. It is claimed by plaintiff that the experiment was being performed upon the direction of a professor, and that he supposed he was working in safety, and that through the carelessness of the professor in charge the accident occurred.

Pig Iron.

NASHVILLE, 29.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company held here today, the purchase by this company of the Pratt Coal and Iron Company, the Alice Furnace Company, and the Linn Iron Works of Birmingham, Alabama, was consummated and confirmed. This action has brought together under one management probably the largest and most valuable coal and iron property in the world. This combination is the consummation of a scheme that marks a new era in the South and demonstrates the fact that pig iron will from this date be made in Tennessee and Alabama at less than $9 per ton.

Sheridan.

LEAVENWORTH, 29.—General Phil Sheridan arrived at Fort Leavenworth to-day, and will present the medals awarded to the successful contestants in the rifle team to-morrow. He will remain at Fort Leavenworth till Friday.

The Fisheries.

BOSTON, 29.—The members of the United States Senate Committee, appointed to investigate the subject of the fisheries, left Boston for Woods Holl this morning in order to visit the Fish Commission and make a note of the work done there. The quorum of the committee not having arrived in Boston the formal opening hearing is not yet announced.

Religious Notes.

TORONTO, 29.—The Salvation Army festivities in connection with "General" Booth's visit here were continued to-day. A grand street parade was held this afternoon in which 2,580 officers and soldiers took part. This was followed by a banquet in the Temple. "General" Booth in an address said the members of the army adapted their methods to local circumstances.

Centerville, Md., 29.—Rev. J. H. D. Wingfield, missionary bishop of Northern California, was to-day elected bishop of the diocese of Easton, to succeed the late Bishop Lay. Dr. Wingfield is the fifth selection that has been made, others having declined.

FOREIGN.

China Borrowing.

PARIS, 29.—China intends to issue a loan of $50,000,000 for the construction of railways in the Empire.

The New Lord Mayor.

LONDON, 29.—Sir Reginald Hauson has been elected Lord Mayor of London.

Fighting at Belfast.

BELFAST, 29.—There was desperate fighting to-day between the Protestant and Catholic workmen at Barbour's foundry in this city. The police interfered, when the fighters joined forces and stoned and routed the police. The cavalry was summoned and charged upon and dispersed the mob. Scores of rioters and several policemen were injured.

Cholera.

LONDON, 29.—Advices from Vladivostock state that cholera attacked the foreign colony there early in September. That since that time seventy-three cases have been reported in the city, and thirty-nine persons have died of the disease.

The "Suffolk" Safe.

LONDON, 29.—The steamer *Suffolk*, which went ashore on Lizard Point, remains intact. The weather prevents her being docked. Some of the cattle are alive. Three hundred sacks of flour washed ashore.

La Duelle.

BORDEAUX, 29.—M. M. Braulat and Duprat, rival editors of this city, yesterday fought their second duel to satisfy a mutual grudge. The first duel was fought on Monday with swords. In the combat one broke his weapon, and the battle was declared drawn. Yesterday's duel was with pistols, at 20 paces. Each fired two shots without effect, and the second battle was also declared a draw.

PARIS, 29.—A duel was fought to-day at Montpellier between M. Gariel, an editor, and Captain Vallcourt, of the French army. The quarrel arose over an editorial criticism upon certain features of army maneuvers. Captain Vallcourt was wounded four times by the editor. His condition is precarious.

Destructive Missiles.

PARIS, 29.—General Boulanger, desiring to secure from the Government an appropriation of $25,000,000 for the new explosive bombs, recently invited the Budget Committee to witness an experiment he was carrying on in private. Experiments were made with a monster mortar, designed as a type for the destruction of fortifications. The missile thrown explodes with exceedingly destructive effect. It is charged with a new explosive, of which General Boulanger and his associates alone possess the secret. The compound, however, is admitted to have all the powers of gunpowder with none of its defects, and is said in addition to be easily transportable and to be free from liability to spontaneous ignition. It is stated that the Budget Committee were not only highly pleased with the result of the experiments, but promised to fully support General Boulanger's demand for a large special appropriation.

Sufferers from asthma will find ready and permanent relief from Red Star Cough Cure.

A Clear Skin
is only a part of beauty, but it is a part. Every lady may have it; at least, what looks like it. Magnolia Balm both freshens and beautifies.

REMOVAL!
We have removed our Coal Office from H. Dinwoodey's Furniture Store to
No. 40 MAIN STREET,
Nearly opposite Z. C. M. I.
WEBER COAL
From the Wasatch and Crismon Mines, and
PLEASANT VALLEY COAL,
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