

NO RIOTING AT ZIONIST CONGRESS

Rumors that There Was False,
But Considerable Scuffling
Occurred in Hall Ways.

QUESTION OF COLONIZATION.

Number of Conflicting Propositions
Discussed—Palestine Preferred
To Uganda.

Basle, Switzerland, July 28.—The reports that rioting occurred at yesterday's session of the Zionist congress are incorrect. This morning, however, while the delegates were arriving in the hall considerable scuffling occurred in the hallways and stairways of the casino. This caused a scene of angry gestulation. Blows were exchanged, and the police interfered and cleared the stairway.

The congress held a lively session over the special order of the day for the establishment of a Zionist colony in East Africa. Messrs. Warburg and Greenberg reported the details of the results of the expedition for the examination of the land offered for colonization by the British government. Mr. Greenberg proposed a vote of thanks to the British government. Israel Zangwill urged the acceptance of the British proposition provided the unhealthy tract upon the plateau of Gilead, Nigechu, (comprising 5,000 square miles), be replaced or extended to a more favorable location. Sir Francis Montefiore warmly contended for Palestine as a more proper site for colonization.

Owing to the interest aroused in the colonization over a hundred orators have requested to be heard. The organization committee sought to restrict the debate to four orators. Dr. Syrkin, of Paris, offered a resolution providing an unlimited debate, which was defeated by a large majority. Thereupon a small group began a noisy demonstration, compelling President Nordau to close the session amidst a scene of general agitation.

At the afternoon session the discussion on the colonization question was resumed and a number of conflicting propositions were discussed. Mr. Cowan of London, and M. Leon, on behalf of the American delegates urged that Great Britain's offer of a tract in Uganda be declined. They expressed their conviction that Great Britain, having recognized Zionism, would give her aid in securing a tract in Palestine or that vicinity. Other speakers argued strongly in favor of the acceptance of the British offer after a further survey of the Uganda territory.

The congress thereupon resolved to designate four speakers each to be allowed a half hour for explanation of the diverse views held on the question. The vote aroused a further turbulent demonstration on the part of the minority which, however, President Nordau eventually pacified by a promise to extend the speakers' time limit. The discussion will be resumed and, it is believed concluded, with a special session tomorrow morning.

Gen. Gomez' Widow Dead.
Santiago de Cuba, July 28.—The widow of Gen. Antonio Gomez died here today.

Thieves Kill Pawnbroker.
Detroit, Mich., July 28.—Joseph Myer, aged 60, a pawnbroker at 42 Monroe avenue, near police headquarters, was killed tonight by thieves who caught him alone in the office. The thieves got away with about \$600 in money and perhaps \$4,000 worth of diamonds.

Sweden Borrows Millions.
Stockholm, July 28.—In pursuance of the authorization of parliament, the government has concluded an arrangement with the Swedish National bank and a syndicate of foreign banks represented by the Commercial bank of Stockholm for a loan of \$5,000,000. The whole amount is to be placed at the government's disposal within a year from Aug. 1.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.
Again Their Relations Are Rather Strained.

Paris, July 28.—France's relations with Germany are again showing signs of strain, owing to the inability of Premier Rouvier and Ambassador von Radolin to conclude a definite program for the Moroccan conference. The agreement of July 8 contemplated a joint program, but the arrangement of this program is causing renewed difficulty, particularly in connection with France's right to police the territory adjoining Algeria and supervise the maintenance of order throughout the empire. It is the French view that these rights follow from the agreement of July 8, whereas Germany does not wish to define the extent of French police and financial reforms. The indecisive status of the negotiations has caused renewed apprehension on the bourse and the newspapers have renewed their sharp criticism of Germany's course.

HUSBAND EXONERATED.
Shot a Man Who Paid Attention to His Wife.

Victoria, B. C., July 28.—Charles H. Gibbons, a well-known newspaper man, was tried today before a jury and Judge Morrison on the charge of shooting J. K. McDevilly of Vancouver with intent to kill. McDevilly had been paying attention to his wife, although warned to remain away. He had accompanied her home in a hack when the shooting took place. The judge summed up the evidence in favor of the accused and the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

ATTORNEY COLLINS' CASE.
Prosecution in Extradition Proceedings Closes.

Victoria, B. C., July 28.—The case for the proposition was closed this afternoon in the extradition proceedings against Collins. Mr. Whiting, as the district attorney for San Francisco, was further cross-examined by the accused, who questioned his knowledge of the law. G. J. Groom, clerk of the San Francisco court, gave evidence from the minutes of the court that it had decided it had jurisdiction over the case of Charlotte Collins vs. Collins for maintenance, out of which the perjury charge arose.

The demurrer was overruled in the case. Collins had sought to show in cross-examination of Whiting the court had no jurisdiction. Detective Gibson of San Francisco was examined by Judge Lampan this afternoon for having addressed a query to the sten-

ographer, asking if Collins' counsel, H. D. Heincken, had asked the official to alter one of the answers of J. J. Groom in the record. The judge said investigation had shown Mr. Heincken had merely asked the stenographer if the notes confirmed a newspaper report of the evidence, and Gibson was warned not to interfere again with the court officials.

Notary A. J. Henry of San Francisco gave out a statement today regarding the alleged tampering with him by Collins, in which he stated Collins had secured a statement containing a record of his evidence from him on false representation that it was required to be shown to Justice Duff, and Collins' statement to the contrary was false.

Foreman Killed in Saloon.

Portland, July 28.—A special dispatch to the Oregonian from Burns, Or., relates that Fred Andrews, foreman of the Whitehorse ranch, was killed in a saloon at Whitehorse, in Harney county, near the Nevada state line, on Tuesday evening by a former employe known as "Red," who had quit the ranch because of alleged pure food. Andrews was formerly a newspaper man in California.

PEOPLE OF NORWAY Will Vote on Dissolution of Union With Sweden Aug. 11.

Christiania, Norway, July 28.—The special committee of the storting to which was referred the government's proposal for a referendum on the dissolution of the union with Sweden, has unanimously decided to recommend the acceptance of the proposal. The storting, at this evening's session, unanimously adopted the proposal fixing Aug. 11 for the submission of the question to the people.

The special committee of the storting, in its report, says the referendum will enable foreign nations to fully understand the real standpoint of the Norwegian people. The committee recommends that the referendum be considered as an isolated fact, not as a link in the chain of conditions set up by the Swedish committee.

Nishni-Novgorod Fair Opens.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—The annual fair at Nishni-Novgorod opened today with the customary ceremonies, but the town was almost empty. A majority of the shops have been shut, largely owing to the disturbed state of the country.

Rejected Platt Amendment.

Havana, July 28.—By a majority of 100 the house today refused to include the Platt amendment as an appendix in the copies of the constitution, which was directed to be printed for public distribution.

Ticket Scalpers Scored.

Portland, July 28.—Presiding Judge Frazer denounced the business of ticket-scalping from the bench of the state circuit court today in no uncertain language. He declared that it is occupation given to lying and deceit and to encouraging others to the commission of the same practice.

Lawyer Sentenced to Prison.

Washington, July 2.—In the criminal court today the motion for a new trial in the case of Thomas M. Fields, a member of the local bar, convicted of



Theodore H. Price

THEODORE H. PRICE.

Theodore H. Price is playing one of the most important parts in the Cotton investigation. It is expected that he will sue Secretary Wilson for \$100,000 or a much larger sum for libel and demand a retrial. As a result of the friction caused by the leak in the cotton report it is considered almost certain that Secy. Wilson of the department of agriculture, will retire from the cabinet. It is said President Roosevelt is dissatisfied with the investigation made by Secy. Wilson.

session of the legislature. The case was continued until Monday for further hearing.

This opinion by the court of ticket-scalping and ticket scalpers was delivered at the presentation of an agreement on application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Charles J. Murray, charged with violation of the anti-scalping law, passed at the last

embodiment nearly \$10,000 from the Washington Beneficial Endowment association, was overruled and Fields was sentenced to serve five years in the state penitentiary at Moundville, W. Va. Pending an appeal to the court of appeals, Fields was released in \$5,000 bail.

TWO OF WEAVER'S CHIEFS Failed to Pass Examinations and So Resigned.

Philadelphia, July 28.—George Thomas, acting chief of the bureau of city property, and William Maher, acting chief of the bureau of highways, who were recently appointed, resigned their positions today. Both were required to take a civil service examination, and, to the surprise of Mayor Weaver, they failed to pass. In consequence of this they tendered their resignations.

ANTI-AMERICAN BOYCOTT. Guilds in China Continue to Hold Mass Meetings.

Victoria, B. C., July 28.—Advices from Hongkong by the steamer Tartar state that mass meetings of guilds continue to be held at Canton and Hongkong at which arrangements are making to further the boycott against the United States. Delegates have been appointed to visit different guilds in China and a board has been arranged to gather data from the Chinese in America regarding their disabilities. The information to be published in pamphlet form for distribution through China, and circular letters will be sent to Chinese in America urging them not to be disheartened but to stand staunchly by the movement. Chinese vernacular papers are printing columns of bitter attacks recounting stories of alleged degradations and outrages practised upon Chinese in America, which aid in inflaming the people of south China.

Health Officer in Trouble.

Panama, July 2.—Dr. Graves, United States health officer at Guayaquil, has had friction with the port authorities there. They refuse to permit him to board steamers that have been quarantined and he in return refused to issue a bill of clearance of steamers for Panama, even after they have been fumigated. The steamship agents have filed a complaint to Col. Gorgas, chief sanitary officer of the Panama canal zone.

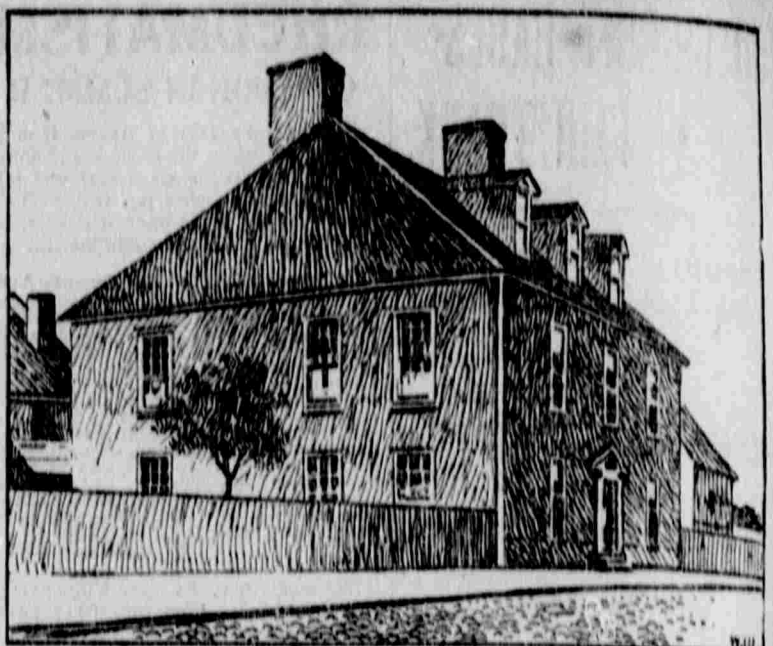
A Creeping Death.

Blood poison creeps up toward the heart, causing death. J. E. Stearns, Belle Plaine, Mich., writes that a friend dreadfully injured his hand, which swelled up like the blood poisoning. Bucklen's Arnica Balm drew out the poison, healed the wound, and saved his life. Best in the world for burns and sores. See at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Dr. Carver, fancy shooting. Saltair every day.

Harmony Male Quartette sings Sunday at Lakoon.

BIRTHPLACE OF WASHINGTON'S SECRETARY.



The ancient hip roofed dwelling shown in the cut is still standing, although it is the birthplace of a man who was Washington's private secretary. It is in Portsmouth, N. H., and in 1789 Tobias Lear, who later became the amanuensis of the Father of His Country and the tutor of his two adopted children, was born in it. Tobias was liberally educated and was graduated from Harvard in 1783. He was so highly esteemed by the Washingtons that he remained with them for sixteen years, until the general died.

A COTTON FACTORY IN A CEMETERY.



One of the most unique mortuary constructions in the world is that depicted in the cut. It is in Oak Grove cemetery, at Fall River, Mass., and was erected to the memory of Foster H. Stafford, millinaire cotton manufacturer, from a design made by himself. It is a solid granite block seven feet in height, out of which has been carved a miniature structure representing the type of cotton mill found at Fall River. It bears no inscription save the name "Foster H. Stafford" in raised letters on the front gable. It seems that Mr. Stafford was greatly pleased with the memorial which he had originated, and when it was completed and set up in the family plot he took an old friend over to the cemetery to have a look at it. The friend, it appears, was a wag, and he shook his head doubtfully. "You've omitted one very necessary thing, Stafford," he said. "There's no fire escape, and you may need it."



Traveling Men's Sample Line of Women's Fine Hosiery.

QA New York wholesale house had an opportunity for our buyer beyond his most earnest hopes. QThis alone richly repaid him for his mid-summer trip to the market. QTraveling men's samples are difficult to get, that is if a house really can buy the original samples. All the big houses are after them. QVery likely these samples are disposed of by favor—hundreds of houses would jump at the chance. At any rate our buyer landed them.

A week ago we had a sale of Men's Sample Hose—bought at the same time. It was a great success. But greatest of all were the qualities. And after all, wearing qualities count.

These Hose Are Worth 65c, 75c, 85c and 95c a Pair.
Three Pair, \$1; One Pair, 35c

Plain gauze lisle, black lace, drop stitch, black with stripes around, black silk embroidery, champagne, brown, laces, and double heels and toes; all fast colors; all full fashioned; all first class.

A beautiful stock. Every conceivable design. Those very things you expect to find in fine hose you will find in these. It is a Hose event of magnitude. Unmatched, low-selling prices. We can simply tell you of the unusual bargain; inspection will arouse your enthusiasm; inspection will prove an argument stronger than words. It is one of the rare things, one of the big things a big store sometimes offers.

IMPORTANT SALE of OXFORDS



We have too many Oxfords. A short sentence, but one that is full of meaning.

It means that the stock is the largest in the city; that the showing includes over 100 styles; Tans, Calf, Patent, Kids and dull finish. The sentence means that the public can buy Oxfords just about as cheap as we bought them. Cheaper than Oxfords can be sold elsewhere. ANY OXFORD IN THE HOUSE FOR VALUES: \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00

\$2.45

KEITH-O'BRIEN COMPANY.

Boys' Oxfords.

Values: \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. **\$1.75**

Any style in the store at

If your boys need footwear to finish out the season—buy Oxfords. They are far cooler, more summerish, and swifter. Our entire stock is at your disposal.

Misses' and Children's Slippers and Oxfords.

Values: \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50. Any **\$1.35**

in the house at

Dainty, pretty, all styles, all leather. It is doubtful if oxfords have ever been sold in Salt Lake at correspondingly low prices. It doesn't pay to carry over stock—and you profit by the stock being heavy.



KEITH-O'BRIEN COMPANY.