

## DESERET EVENING NEWS

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

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SALT LAKE CITY, AUGUST 14, 1903.

VALUABLE PRIZES OFFERED.

Prizes are offered for exhibits of fruit, brewing hops and brewing barley at the National Irrigation Congress, to be held in Ogden, Sept. 15-18, 1903. Displays must be the property of exhibitors and grown under irrigation. They must be entered before Sept. 15 and the variety be correctly named. There are in addition to cash prizes offered, gold medals, valuable silver "loving cups," etc. to be competed for.

Consignments may be made to the National Irrigation Congress, Ogden, Utah, and will be received and cared for without expressage cost to the sender, if properly forwarded and of not more than 300 pounds weight, from Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

For full particulars send to the headquarters of the Congress at Ogden and a folder containing them will be sent to enquirers. A general invitation is extended to all competitors to attend the Congress, the railroads offering the round trip at a single fare. This will be a very important event and it will well repay the trouble and expense attending the visit to Ogden.

SUGAR IN IDAHO.

Idaho is following in the footsteps of Utah in the production of sugar. The inauguration of the industry in the Snake river country which was duly celebrated at Rexburg on Monday, is a very important event. The Fremont County Sugar company starts out under most favorable auspices. The necessary acreage to supply sufficient beet for the factory has been secured, stock has been subscribed to assure the monetary needs of the company; eastern support for the venture has been obtained; the organization of the company is complete, and the names of its officers are a guaranty of its reliability and success.

This is the second sugar enterprise in Idaho and will prove a source of wealth and development that will add greatly to the property of our neighbor on the north, and especially to the growing and thrifty communities in the Snake river valley. The soil there is admirably adapted to the growing of sugar beets, the site for the factory is all that could be desired for the purpose, arrangements have been made for the purchase of the requisite machinery, the men who have had experience in promoting the sugar interests of Utah are in the association and everything connected with it points to permanent success.

We congratulate the people of that region on the bright prospects that this enterprise opens before them, and also the fortunate subscribers to the capital stock of an enterprise that will bring them profit and satisfaction. Hurrah for the Fremont County Sugar company!

TYPHOID AND THE LAW.

We have published some of the rules and regulations issued by the Board of Health under authority of State laws. Those that relate to typhoid fever are of special importance just now, when that disease is somewhat prevalent. In addition to care as to the use of water for drinking purposes, which will be safer if boiled, the disinfection of places where the disorder exists is vitally important. The manner of disposing of the excretions from patients has been pointed out, and we now emphasize the instructions by citing the statute of 1903 making them obligatory; it is as follows:

"It shall be the duty of any person having charge of a person affected with typhoid fever to disinfect all excreta excreted by the said person during the course of the disease. In accordance with the rules of the State Board of Health, and upon failure to do so shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor."

"It shall be the duty of the physician in attendance upon all persons affected with typhoid fever to personally instruct those having charge of same to perform the disinfection described in this act, and to satisfy himself that the same is properly carried out, and for failure to do so he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor."—Chap. 81.

If due care is taken as to the water used for drinking and culinary purposes and as to the disinfection required by law, typhoid fever will be checked in its ravages and our city will soon have a clean bill of health.

SOUND JUDICIAL DECISIONS.

The decisions of the Supreme Court of Utah, which appear to have settled two long pending—Haworth and Mortenson—murder cases in the interest of law and justice, give great satisfaction to the public with scarcely any exceptions. The evidence against both convicts is so complete and convincing, that there are no doubts in the popular mind as to the guilt of the accused, and the assurance is so strong that there has been much irritability over the delays that have been repeated in the execution of the law.

Everything that could be done by

the attorneys, in both cases, has been faithfully attended to, and they have even come under some censure for their diligent devotion to the cause of their clients. Justice will now claim its own. We do not see how there can be any further appeals on technical or other grounds. The objections urged by counsel against the proceedings and findings in the lower court have been squarely and fully met by the Supreme Court, and the sooner the matter comes to an end the better it will be for all parties concerned.

Capital punishment for capital crime is necessary under present conditions of society, and while mercy ought to be extended when there are sufficient reasons for its exercise, cases like those under consideration offer no solid grounds for the defeat or limitation of stern justice. The wilful, planned taking of human life can find no other expiation than the forfeiture of life. Divine and human law agree on this point, and they should now be fully vindicated.

PRESERVATION OF PEACE.

The prevailing opinion concerning the Balkan situation is that peace will prevail, notwithstanding the provocations to war. Russia, it is pointed out, will not go to war with Turkey, for the simple reason that her attention is now riveted on Manchuria, and that she must fear an attack by Japan, were she to engage in a conflict with Turkey. This is unquestionably true. Russia's interests now require peace, and so much is this needed that the murder of a consul or two by Turks will result in a declaration of war. The territory which Russia is slowly but surely appropriating in Asia is much larger than either Germany or France. It has perhaps 20,000,000 inhabitants and unlimited resources of wealth. Russia is adding an empire to her empire, and she cannot take chances of losing this, for the sake of interfering in the Macedonian trouble.

But, though this is true, the question remains whether Russia will be able to postpone the struggle which is sure to come sooner or later, until it suits her own convenience. Her diplomacy is admittedly the ablest in Europe. But diplomacy does not always accomplish what it aims at. Sometimes irresistible forces carry events along until they are beyond human control. And that is the danger in the Balkan states. No one can tell what turn the events there may take any day. It is absolutely useless to bring pressure up on the Porte for reforms. That results only in promises. If the insurgents are on the warpath in earnest, intervention may become unavoidable. It is quite certain that public opinion in Europe will not tolerate for any length of time the atrocities that are likely to occur if rebels and Turks are given free hand in a war of extermination. The government may be compelled to act, whether it suits or not.

NATIONAL VANITY.

A writer in the Berlin Kreuz Zeitung has a few rather uncompromising remarks about President Roosevelt, and the Americans generally. He finds that we are great boasters over here, and that Great Britain is taking advantage of our national vanity, to inspire enmity toward Germany. This is rather unkind, and it is not true. This country has no enmity to any country. We have no hereditary animosities, as some countries have. We are at peace with all, and desire only peace with all, in order that trade and commerce may flourish. There was a little excitement, at the time the German and British ships came over to Venezuela, as was supposed in many quarters merely to test the Monroe doctrine. But the incident was closed, with American diplomacy prevailing, and it left no cause for enmity.

The writer in the Berlin paper rather ridicules the idea, that this country has an important mission among the nations of the earth. He says:

"Ever since the Yankees have been coated with the thickly laid flatteries of the British, they have shown a disposition to swallow the British bait, for if the Yankees are touched in their vanity they can be led around like children. Flatteries can be carried to the length of absurdity, and they never see that they are intended. Consequently the British have the Yankees most in hand in order to shape them in due time to the plans of Great Britain, and in their puffed-up state the Yankees do not see it. And what is ever the purport and upshot of British teaching? That the United States must play a part in world history in comparison with which the greatest achievements in human annals can be regarded only as the play of schoolboys, provided the defeat of Germany and Russia be aimed at."

That the United States has a mission in the world's history, should be self-evident by this time. One of them is to furnish the stone that will smite the image of militarism on its feet and make it fall and be broken to pieces. Another is the furtherance of the cause of true liberty in all the world. There is no undue boast in this. There is a Supreme Ruler of nations, and He chooses His own instruments for the accomplishment of His purposes, according to their fitness for the work to be done. There need be no rivalry between nations, except in the pursuit of that which is for the benefit of all mankind.

THE FLYING MACHINE.

The reports of Prof. Langley's experiments in flying stated that the inventor was making elaborate preparations for his first flight. His flying machine consists of a series of aeroplanes supplied with motive power to slide them up on an aerial incline. He had built a huge platform and turntable on the top of a houseboat, from which the machine was to make its flight. The machine rested on rails along which it was shot by a spring catapult, to get the momentum necessary for flight when it reached the end of the track. The professor was so confident that his machine would fly that he was picking out landing places.

The test was made, but was a failure. The machine when released on the experimental trip rose gallantly and swiftly in the air. For as much as three minutes the experiment was a success. Then the spectators saw the roaring machine suddenly turn her tail up and her nose down and make a plunge for

the river. Driven by her powerful engines she struck the water with force, buried itself, finally, in the mud at the bottom of the river.

This result was certainly disappointing to those who had indulged in great expectations on account of the promises made. But one mishap does not necessarily mean absolute failure. Professor Langley seems to be on the right track in the matter of flying machines. Only the balloon and the aeroplane will have to be combined as they are in birds, before perfect success can be achieved.

Patti expects to fare well on her farewell tour.

Physicians now speak of their August patients.

Sagamore Hill is becoming as famous, pro tem, as Bunker Hill.

There are far more philippics than Phillips in Macedonia today.

Like the worm, the stock market seems to have turned at last.

Crack trotters sometimes have sand crabs which let out their greatness.

Love not only laughs at locks and bars but it giggles at many silly things.

Now that he can say what he pleases General Miles refuses to talk.

The day will come when the beef trust will go the way of all flesh.

Tomorrow exit Lieutenant-General S. M. B. Young as general commanding the army.

Fort Scott has a curfew ordinance against piano playing. Great Fort Scott!

Bulgarians massacring Turks are quite as bad as Turks massacring Armenians.

Half a million laborers on strike in Russia. Splendid augury for freedom in the Czar's dominion.

Clark University is to have a thirty-thousand dollar fence. This will put Harvard on the de-fence-ive.

Bluff won the baseball game for Dutton. But then there is very little difference between a bluff and a butte.

Mr. Carnegie has offered a library to Dublin. The cities that have not now a Carnegie library are few and far between.

That Kansas man who killed the bandmaster and turned his gun on the crowd may have been driven insane by rag-time music.

The extra session of Congress will be stretched out till the regular one begins so that the country may have an elastic currency.

Hetty Green is said to have a very poor opinion of Ambassador Choate. Being very rich, she can afford to have poor opinions of prominent people.

A Socialist orator was arrested and fined in Kansas City the other day for talking too loud on a streetcar. A good sign so that the country may have an elastic currency.

They will soon have to begin excavating in Wall street if things are to keep on going lower.—Record-Herald.

The very reverse. They will have to begin filling up.

Judge Grosscup is of opinion that supervision of monopolies by the government is the only certain way of perpetuating the American nation. This is obiter dictum and not res adjudicata.

The Utah delegates are off to Seattle, to attend the Trans-Mississippi Congress at that place. We wish them a pleasant journey and safe return. We are pleased that this state will be so well represented at that notable gathering of influential people from various parts of the Union.

The new lightning box perfecting press, on which the Deseret News is now printed, may be seen by the public in operation every afternoon except on Sundays, and a general invitation is given by the management to view it from the sidewalk on the north side of the new Deseret News building. It is a great and wonderful printing machine.

AGAIN THE MACEDONIANS.

New York Mail and Express.

The only circumstances that suggest a wide outbreak are the circular letter dispatched by the Porte to its representatives abroad, describing the situation as very disquieting, and the decision to reinforce the Turkish troops in Macedonia. Turkey knows what is going on in the rebellious vilayet, and if it intends to turn the Albanians loose upon the centers of disaffection, the letter is a notification that there is going to be a slaughter-house campaign in Miniature in the passes of the Balkans, which will settle nothing, between forces with neither of which the world can sympathize.

New York Evening Post.

The most serious aspect of the news about an outbreak of revolution in Macedonia at last is that Turkey takes it seriously. She has ineffectively dropped the "reform" program, forced upon her by Austria and Russia, and far from withdrawing troops from Macedonia, is straining every nerve to throw in more. Her circular notifying the Powers is as ominous as the more or less authentic announcement of the Macedonian committee that the long-threatened revolution is finally let loose. The whole thing may prove, of course, but another dash in the pan; but, in any case, eloquent testimony to the impossibility of continuing the present regime.

Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Turkey knows as well as Bulgaria that she will never be allowed to exterminate the Christian population of the peninsula, and so long as she confines herself to restoring order, even at the cost of much bloodshed, in territories that is admittedly her own Europe will look on and do nothing. If the Sultan's forces shall proceed in the same workmanlike style which they showed in the war with Greece there will be given a free hand. The revolution would become serious at once if, for example, the fugitive troops and people should be poured into Bulgarian territory. That would surely mean war between Turkey and the Balkan states, would probably mean European intervention sooner or later and possibly a general European

war, the dread of which is responsible for all the atrocities which the Turk has been allowed to commit with comparative impunity.

Portland Oregonian.

The murder of the Russian consul by a Turkish soldier in Macedonia will not drag Russia into war with the Sultan. Turkey will make ample reparation and Russia will treat the whole affair as a most irritating incident, but she will not make it the pretext for war for the reason that the eyes of Russia are no longer fixed on Constantinople, but on Manchuria. Russia wants peace to pursue her designs in North China, and she will not be diverted from her purpose by such a trifling incident as the shooting of an insolent consul by an enraged Turkish soldier.

San Francisco Chronicle.

One of the chief factors at present operating in the interest of Europe's peace is that the great powers have no serious quarrels to settle among themselves. Rarely have they been so harmonious as they are today. France and England have recently settled their differences amicably. The most cordial relations exist between the two governments today as the result of the recent interchange of visits and courtesies of their respective rulers. The British Prime Minister has also announced in Parliament that a perfect understanding exists between Britain and Russia. Austria, Germany and Italy are in perfect amity with one another and the other powers. It is to the interest of each and all of them that the peace of the continent shall be preserved.

GRAND THEATRE  
JONES & HAMMER, Mgrs.  
Prices 25c and 50c.

TONIGHT!

JEFFRIES VS CORBETT FIGHT

Will be flashed on canvas by rounds. Between flashes the following entertainment will be given:

Charles Ross and J. A. Jackson.

Three-fall wrestling exhibition between Charles Habecore of St. Louis and H. Leinback of Salt Lake.

JERRY MCCARTHY

In an exhibition of rope skipping, to lower the record of 25 single jumps. Between contests Tougher, the Newsboy, will entertain the audience by his whistling, songs and sentimental solos.

Next attraction, week of Aug. 17, Wiedemann's Big Show.

In a repertoire of three comedies. Seats on sale today.

SALT LAKE THEATRE, JONES & HAMMER, Mgrs.  
COOLER THAN OUT-DOORS.

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JOSE

And His Excellent

MINSTRELS

TONIGHT, TOMORROW NIGHT AND TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Read what the Salt Lake Papers Said of Us.

Matinee—Children, 25c; Adults, 50c.

20 Round Boxing 20

Contest.

for a decision (there must be a winner) at

OPERA HOUSE, OGDEN, UTAH,

Monday Evening, Aug. 17th.

PERRY QUEENAN of Seattle, Wash.,

vs.

JACK CLIFFORD of California.

Special train leaves O. S. L. depot at 8 p. m., returning immediately after contest.

Round trip tickets \$1.00. General admission, \$1.00; reserved seats, \$2.00; stage seats \$2.50. Tickets now on sale at Sam Levy's Cigar Store.

Salt Palace.

THREE-CORNERED

MOTOR PACED

MATCH RACE,

Samuelson, Downing and Stevens

OTHER BIG EVENTS.

= VAUDEVILLE, =

8:30 and 10 p. m.

Palace of Illusions,

TEN CENTS.

SALT LAKE BEACH

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GRANITE AND JORDAN

STAKES.

And Tomorrow Visit With Your Friends From Tooele County.

Most Delightful Bathing in the World.

TIME CARD.

Leave Salt Lake: No. 2 10:30 a. m. No. 3 1:30 p. m. No. 4 2:30 p. m. No. 5 4:30 p. m. No. 6 6:30 p. m. No. 7 8:30 p. m. No. 8 10:30 p. m. No. 9 11:30 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake: No. 1 1:30 p. m. No. 2 3:30 p. m. No. 3 5:30 p. m. No. 4 7:30 p. m. No. 5 9:30 p. m. No. 6 11:30 p. m.

Sunday's last train leaves Salt Lake at 9 p. m.

Trains from Salt Lake to Salt Lake City and West Street.

ROUND TRIP, 25 cts.

J. E. LANGFORD, Mgr.

## "A Grand Success"

But faintly conveys an idea of what our Employee's Excursion to Saltair was yestersay.



The size of the crowds ranked with some of the largest ever seen at the famous old resort (no one even dared to risk a guess at the numbers.) The weather and bathing were perfect, the games and exhibition events pulled off as advertised and our Annual Excursion was satisfactory in every respect.

If you desire to enjoy yourselves to-day and to-morrow, call at our Carpet Department, where you will be brought face to face with Beauty. The newest and prettiest effects,—the results of many years of carpet thought. Wearing colors, pleasing figures, attractive prices—you'll appreciate the combination.

### Z.C.M.I.

UTAH'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE.

New Lucern and Timothy are in the market. We carry the best to be had and charge you no more than others do.

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The Man on Meighn Street.

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WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH YOUR WATCH?

If you think there is anything the matter with it, let us take a look at it. Don't let it go on ticking itself to destruction; a few particles of dust will, in a week, do more damage than the ordinary wear and tear of a whole year of keeping it. Any watch is well worth taking care of; the more you watch it, the better it will take care of itself.

143 Main Street. Tel. 150-2.

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ESTABLISHED 1864

## Auerbach & Bro.

ONE PRICE TO ALL. NEVER UNDERSOLD.

## SATURDAY NIGHT!

Will Be a Lucky Night for the Fortunate Ones Who Are Within Shopping Distance of the Auerbach Store.

### SPECIALS TO BE SNAPPED UP!

### In Our Cloak Dept.

Saturday Night from 7 to 9 o'clock.

10 dozen only Ladies' Shirt Waists in white and tinted grounds, made of good quality percale and corded lawn; sizes 32 to 34. Regular price 75c and \$1.00, for two hours (each).....

## 25c

### IN OUR WHITE GOODS DEPT.

In our White Goods Department 100 11-4 size white pearl hemmed BED SPREADS, a superfine quality, will give splendid service and will launder easily. Choice Marcellus patterns measure 88x90 inches. Value \$2.50, Saturday night from 7 to 9 o'clock. Limit 2 to a customer, at (each).....

## \$1.39

### IN GENTS' FURNISHING DEPT.

Saturday Night, 7 to 9 o'clock.

Mothers' Friend Waists and Blouses—a repetition of our sale of two weeks ago, best shades and patterns good 50c values, for two hours only (each).....

## 35c

### A FAN SALE.

Saturday Night, 7 to 9 o'clock.

Japanese Folding Fans, large variety of patterns, regular 10c, 15c, and 50c sellers, on sale for two hours at.....

## 5c

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