

Washington. — Among the nominations sent to the Senate to-day, was that of Lieut.-Gen. Sherman to be General by brevet. At the meeting of the reconstruction committee to-day, Stevens submitted a resolution declaring that it appeared from the late correspondence between the President and Grant, that the President had violated, or sought to violate the provisions of the tenure of office act, and was consequently guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors and ought to be impeached. The resolution was discussed with much spirit and was finally tabled with the following vote: Yeas, Bingham, Beaman, Payne, a hundred Republicans, and Brooks and Beck, Democrats; nays, Stevens, Farnsworth, and Boutwell. After adjournment, Stevens invited Farnsworth and Boutwell to meet him to take other steps on the subject. The President has signed the bill allowing the States to tax the shares of the National Banks.

Philadelphia. — Admiral Eugle died last night, aged 69.

Washington. — The United States' bonds, at forty-seven, which matured at the end of December, will be paid on presentation at the Treasury. A dispatch from Montgomery says, the constitution has been defeated by over 15,000 majority.

A letter from Bevin, Syria, says John C. Breckenridge is here, making inquiries about traveling through Syria. He appeared much affected while conversing about the affairs of this country. When asked if he intended to return, he said he had no wish to become a maysary and he should not return until assured of personal safety, but that no other country could ever become his home. The same letter says that Jacob Thompson and other rebels are wandering about in Turkey.

Washington, 13. — The Diplomatic appropriation bill now pending, differs from the one originally introduced. It restores the appropriation to the minister to Portugal, but contains no appropriation to the ministers to Greece and Rome. It provides commissioners and a consul-general for Hayti and Liberia instead of ministers. It has reduced the contingent fund of the State Department over one half, and omits the salary of the second Assistant Secretary of State. The bill provides that no consuls or consular or commercial agents shall be paid, except those specified in the act, and that all laws providing for the payment of consular officers, not herein specified, shall be repealed, and that all moneys received for fees in a vice-consulate, or consular agency of the United States beyond the sum of \$1000 in any year, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury in the same manner as any other moneys received for the United States. The number specified in the act is about 160, leaving upwards of 400 consuls and commercial agents to be no longer paid. — The total amount appropriated is \$1,268,934. The deficiency bill became law without the President's signature.

It is officially stated that the Portuguese government has authorized Edward Medlicott, banker of Lisbon, and Thomas Rumell, engineer of London, to lay a new telegraphic cable across the Atlantic; the line to be run from Falmouth, England, to the Azores, and from these islands to some point on the coast of the United States. The new cable will be submerged on the Allen principle. It is estimated that the expense of the enterprise will not exceed six hundred thousand pounds.

Cork. — Riotous disturbances were renewed yesterday, several assaults were made upon the police in different parts of the city.

Little Rock. — A letter from General Gillem, was read to the convention, asking a change of time for holding the election of State officers. The ratification of the Constitution has been adopted, and a resolution, increasing the pay of the members to ten dollars per day, and appointing two assistant secretaries.

Tallahassee. — The convention in secret session passed a resolution for the trial of the colored delegate who made the incendiary speech on the 8th inst.

Havana. — The last advices say that Cacos is marching on Cape Haytien. When within twenty miles of the city, he had captured three hundred followers of Salnave, who will be overthrown. A British man-of-war has gone to Sanoma to watch the proceedings of the United States. A submarine cable is projected between Bassetre and Point Peter.

Galveston. — The steamer from Brownsville brings Mexican news to the 8th. The revolution is being organized in the Puebla interest. In Ortega, robberies and kidnapping are frequent. The

building of the telegraph has commenced from Matamoras to San Luis.

Berlin. — Bismarck promises measures to prevent the repetition of cholera like that aboard the ship Leibnitz.

Berlin. — Farragut is suffering from Ophthalmia. The Italian press say he is charged with an important mission to Rome and Crete.

London, midnight. — Parliament re-assembled this afternoon. Lord Derby was not present, being ill with gout. The House of Lords adjourned without transacting any business. In the House of Commons, Lefevre gave notice of his intention of calling up the question of the Alabama claims on the fourth of March. Stanley said no dispatches had been sent to Washington on that subject since the one last published. Disraeli introduced a bill to prevent bribery and corruption at elections. It provides for a committee of inquiry, composed of eminent lawyers, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, to visit the place of election, and investigate alleged bribery. After considerable discussion it was read the first time, and the House adjourned.

It is reported that a great Pan-Slavic conspiracy against the Austrian Empire has been discovered in Hungary.

Havana. — Advices from St. Thomas state that the cholera is unabated, and a penalty is inflicted upon the inhabitants for failure to report any cases that might occur. Terran, one of Maximilian's ministers, died of vomits.

The New York World's special says Gen. Meade telegraphs that he is not certain whether the new constitution for Alabama has been accepted or rejected. He says it is reported that no election was held in some of the counties. He is investigating the matter and, if it is true, he will order a special election in those counties. The Tribune's special says, when the vote of the reconstruction committee was declared against impeachment, Stevens said: "Sir, the Republican party has been killed to-day by the action of this committee at the instance of General Grant and his friends. I have found that, for the last two or three days, men who shout loudest and throw their votes highest for U. S. Grant, have been urging every exertion to demoralize Mr. Bingham, and other members of this committee who were supposed to favor impeachment; that Grant has been using his influence everywhere to defeat the scheme; and that Andrew Johnson has to thank him that he remains undisturbed in the White House. I have been in public life forty years, and though I do not pretend to have any gift of prophesying, I have seldom been mistaken in my predictions. I tell you, sir, to-day's cowardly action will cost us New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and probably three or four more northern States."

LOCAL ITEMS.

THEATRICAL. — The performance last night, for Miss Alexander's Benefit, was quite successful; the great spectacular romance of "Aladdin" being the chief attraction.

To-morrow night the interesting drama of "Woman's Love" will be presented; and will be followed by "Aladdin." The drama is a neat and very attractive one; and everybody who wishes to enjoy a gorgeous spectacle should see "Aladdin" once more.

WEST WEBER. — By letter from Elder A. McFarland, we learn that the people at West Weber are busy collecting means to aid their friends in Europe to emigrate the coming season. We regret to hear that there is considerable sickness, especially among the children, in that district of country.

PUTNAM'S. — We have received the February number of this excellent monthly, published in New York and San Francisco, Bancroft & Co. being the publishers on the Pacific Coast. Among its contributors are numbered some of the brightest literary names of the age in the western hemisphere. Its matter fully sustains the high reputation which was won by the old series; and there is no risk in predicting a great success and a front position in serial literature to the new series. The present number contains a fine engraving of Fitz Green Halleck, the poet. Its contents are: Too True; a Novel; Broadway; Dante and his latest Translations; Diary of James Fenimore Cooper. A talk with our next President; The mystery of the Gilded Cages; Illum fruit; The coming Revolution in England; Making the Most of Oneself; Life in Great Cities; Rome; Republic of Elsewhere; A Sea View; The Views of Milo; Fitz Green Halleck, with portrait; The Outcast; Monthly Chronicle.

SKATING. — Every advantage is taken of this frosty weather, by those who like to enjoy the pleasant and healthful exercise of skating. The Hot Spring Lake has been the scene of unwonted activity on more than one day this week.

VALENTINE'S HAT. — Numbers of the special missives which are usually sent on this annual occasion, passed through the post office to-day, to the augmenting in some degree, of the revenue of that institution, and carrying pleasure to many of those who received them.

Omaha puts in a claim as a candidate for the Federal Capital, now that there is considerable talk of moving it from Washington.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!

LAUGHING GAS!

FOR the Million! I take pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the Public, that I have been to great expense and trouble in buying the Patent Right for Salt Lake City for the best Nitrous Oxide Gas Apparatus that is in existence, as is proved by its being used by the Royal Families of England, France, and Belgium, also by Dr. Colton, in the Dental Institute, New York.

The Gas made by this Apparatus only is absolutely pure, and no unpleasant choking or strangling sensation is experienced, or any disgusting bag used in taking it, but you can breathe perfectly natural every way, and you would not suspect that you were breathing anything but the purest air. It is, in fact, the purest of all methods for the painless extraction of Teeth.

I have a large supply of the same Teeth which took the First Premium in Paris last summer. Also five different kinds of Rubber for Inserting Teeth, including the kinds used in England and France.

Particular attention given to preserving the natural Teeth. Terms moderate. Call and see.

Dr. Wm. H. GROVES, 2d South St., Snow's corner.

d66w1-1m

TO THE MUSICALLY INCLINED,

And to those desirous of Learning Music!

Mrs. WHITE, of Rochester,

TEACHES Robbins' American Method for the Piano-forte, which is so far superior to the old method of teaching the Piano-forte, Melodeon or Organ that its full importance can scarcely be estimated. It is a century ahead of all other methods for the Piano-Pupils acquiring a knowledge of Music in an almost incredibly short time.

References to and letters of recommendations from the most eminent Professors of Music in the East.

Mrs. WHITE is stopping at the TOWNSEND HOUSE for a limited time, where she can be found, and full particulars learned. Private tuition given.

d25-tf

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the proprietors of the Five Acre Lots and City Blocks lying north of the Church Pasture, the subject of levying on the banks of the Jordan, and conducting the waters of Canyon and Emigration Creeks direct to the Jordan River, was taken up and considered, and a Committee, consisting of the following persons, was elected: Bryant Stringam, R. T. Burton, R. J. Goding, J. W. Fox, Isaac Grod, Royal Barney and Moses Thurston, to make an examination of the work required to accomplish this object, and estimate the cost to complete the same, and report at a meeting to be held at the 14th Ward School Room, on Saturday, February 15th, at 7 o'clock, P.M. All persons interested are requested to be present.

ABRAHAM HOAGLAND, Chairman of said meeting.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 7, 1868. d68-tf

MARSHAL'S SALE.

WHEREAS, judgment was rendered in the District Court of the 3d Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, on the 18th day of January, 1868, in favor of Nounnan, Orr & Co., and against William Dailin, A. G. Sutherland, and E. R. Young and Wm. H. Miles for the sum of \$1,000, I have levied upon the following goods, as the property of Wm. H. Miles, and will offer the same for sale at the Store of McAllister Brothers, on the State Road, above the Public Square, on Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of February, 1868, at 10 A.M., to-wit:

Sewing Machines, Patent Enamelled Goods, Glassware, consisting of Lamps—both stand and swing, Glass Jars, assorted sizes, Lamp Wick, Lamp Burners, Brick Dies and Brick Moulds, and sundry notions too numerous to mention. Also,

At 11 A.M., on the 14th day of March, 1868, the half, undivided interest of Wm. H. Miles in the Lime Kiln, situated a little north of Hot Springs, Salt Lake City.

J. D. T. McALLISTER, Territorial Marshal.

d70-30

COMMISSION PURCHASING 1868

GEO. CRONYN & Co.

ANNOUNCE to the Public that Mr. FRED T. PERREIS, of the firm, will again start East, early this Spring, to renew our Stock of Goods and Purchase on Commission

Machinery of every description,

WAGONS,

Agricultural Implements, Stoves, and General Family Supplies.

Information and Circulars given on application or mailed to any address.

Special attention given to procuring Labor Saving Machinery adapted to the uses of the people.

Sole Agents in Utah Territory for

Blandy's Steam Saw Mills and Engines, John T. Noyes' Improved Turbine Wheels, Portable Grain Mills, French Burs, Wood's Prize Medal Mowers and Reapers, Fay & Co's Wood Working Machinery, Mendenhall Looms, Blackwood & Wilson's Hand Spinning Machine, patented September 24, 1867, spins ordinary Bolls six times faster than the common Wheel, etc., etc.

Our present Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., will be closed out for Cash and Profit on an ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS AS ANY ADVERTISED. Call and enquire.

GEO. CRONYN & Co.

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For Sale.

ELDREDGE & CLAWSON

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

20,000 Pounds NAILS,

20,000 Pounds SUGAR,

30,000 Yards DOMESTICS,

40,000 Yards PRINTS,

Besides a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of

General Merchandise!

CALL AND SEE US.

WE WANT TO SELL,

And will make it ADVANTAGEOUS to

CASH BUYERS.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

YEAR 1868.

CASH!

We return our sincere thanks to this People for the liberal Patronage we have received, and in view of the great scarcity of money and the decline in the value of some kinds of Goods east, we have determined to offer our Stock at a heavy Discount for

CASH!

We will allow a Discount of TEN PER CENT. on all Groceries, except Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Candles and Soap.

A Discount of TEN PER CENT. on all Dry Goods, Clothing and Hardware, except Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes.

A Discount of TWENTY PER CENT. on Hoods, Nubias, and all Goods of this description, including Hats and Caps.

A Discount of from TEN to TWENTY PER CENT. on all kinds of Dishes, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Glassware, Castors, &c., &c.

ARGUMENT:

THIS we think better for the Customer than Enterprises on the Lottery Plan, these having been tried elsewhere and not found profitable to the investors.

The People know quite well already who sells the Cheapest and Best Goods, and when they get them, knowing them to be cheap, and then get a Discount of from Ten to Twenty per Cent., we think they will come to the conclusion that it is better to have the full benefit of what they spend at once and on the spot, than take ONE Chance in FIFTY of drawing something, some time in the future.

You are not required to purchase "Ten Dollars" worth to entitle you to the Discount, but we will allow it in all cases, whether the purchase be large or small.

This is to give the poor man or poor woman, who cannot get held of "Ten Dollars," a chance to buy Goods Cheap.

ESU COME AND TRY IT.

WHY DO WE OFFER THESE TERMS?

Because we are like most of our neighbors, wanting money badly.

Ross & Barratt.

d55w48-tf