The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 124. FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

MOST FOUL MURDER

The Supposed Perpetrator of the Crime Arrested.

HE ELUDED THE POLICE FOR YEARS

A Woman His Victim—Details of the Assassination—Is Alsop Austin?

TACOMA, Wash., April 17.—James E. Alsop, who was arrested at Seattle yesterday on a charge of having murdered Lena Olsen at Duluth, Minn., in 1884, came here in 1888 from Kansas, where he had been a deputy sheriff. He engaged in real estate business and several years later was supposed to be worth $50,000. He was made superintendent of the Lake Park Land, Railway and Improvement company which built a suburban railway, but was removed by the directors. He left Tacoma for Duluth, where he engaged in the real estate business and is reported to have got into trouble there by the alleged forging of a deed. November 24, 1890, Alsop drove his wife behind a spirited horse to the top of a hill to look at a house. At the top of the hill he got out for the apparent purpose of fixing the harness. The horse ran away, threw Mrs. Alsop out and she was killed. The body was buried, it is said, without her relatives in the East being notified. Later her brother came out and wanted the body exhumed, alleging foul play. Through the efforts of friends the matter was hushed up. The next July he married Mrs. Julia Miuthorn, who had just secured a divorce on the ground of nonsupport for which divorce Alsop is alleged to have paid. The couple lived together very happily for a year. She still resides here as do also Alsop's son, a young man, and his daughter Kate, aged 19. Mrs. Alsop did not wish to make a statement today, but admitted they did not live happily together.

THE DETAILS.

DULUTH, Minn., April 17.—On August 22, 1884, the body of a woman was found on the lake shore of Minnesota Point. When the sage which covered the head was removed, blood oozed from the nose and from a wound in the back of the head. The skull had been fractured with an oak stick which was lying near. About three feet away was found a switch of false hair and a comb. A Minneapolis lady identified the comb and other things belonging to Lena Olsen of that city. The murder was traced to one A. A. Austin, for whom the police has since been searching. It is supposed that Alsop, arrested at Seattle, Washington, yesterday, is Austin.

Mohammedan Rising Spreading.

TRIPOLI, April 17.—Advices from Tebu say 5,000 Dervishes armed with Martini-Henry rifles are advancing against Rabah, the sultan of Bornu, who has been opposing the Mohammedans.

Looking for a Lost Man.

CHICAGO, April 17.—The ticket agent of the Santa Fe depot described to the police that a man who answers the description of S. H. Hubbell of Los Angeles, who disappeared last night, came to the depot last evening, acted strangely and procured a second class ticket for Pasadena, Cal. A telegram was sent to the conductor of the train.

Populists for Union.

BALTIMORE, April 17.—The Populist state convention of Maryland instructed the delegates to the national convention "to use all honorable means to effect a union of all opposed to the rule of the money bags, if not under the same name, at least under the same leaders."

Smothered to Death.

TURNER'S FALLS, Mass., April 17.—Five children were smothered to death by fire in a four-story tenement block today.

More Dervishes Killed.

SUAKIM, April 17.—In a second encounter between Dervishes and Egyptian cavalry, thirty Dervishes and eighteen Egyptians were killed.

Encountered Osman Digna.

LONDON, April 17.—A dispatch to the Times from Suakim says: Yesterday (Wednesday) a force from Tokar with a number of friendly Arabs encountered Osman Digna's force of Dervishes, and killed thirty-five of the enemy's cavalry and fifty of his infantry. The Egyptians lost seven killed.

The Pope as a Mediator.

LONDON, April 17.—A dispatch from Rome to the Pall Mall Gazette says the papal nuncio at Madrid has been instructed to propose the mediation of the pope to bring about a settlement of the troubles of Cuba or urge upon Spain the acceptance of President Cleveland's reported letter of mediation. The Globe says that either Cuba must be allowed to follow the example of the South American republics, or the motherland must grant a generous measure of autonomy.

Death's Harvest.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Edward Partridge, one of the well known operators on the board of trade died of Bright's disease today after several weeks' illness.

Maffett Resigns.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Maffett has resigned as chairman of the Democratic state committee, but will still remain a member. Maffett has also decided to go before the national convention and contest the action of the Sedalia convention, relating to ratify his nomination as a district delegate.

The Dunlap Diamonds.

LONDON, April 17.—William Dunlap, described as a valet, and William Turner, said to be a footman, have been arrested here. They stated that they left the employ of a gentleman in New York recently. In Dunlap's possession pawn tickets were found valued at $15,000 believed to have been stolen, and a search of the room occupied by the couple revealed a bracelet, rings, diamonds and other jewelry estimated to be worth $75,000.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Turner and Dunlap, arrested in London, were formerly servants in the employ of J. Townsend Burden who, on December 28th was robbed of jewelry valued at $60,000, the chief part being a diamond necklace worth about $20,000.

ALBERTO DIAZ'S ARREST.

The Government Notified of the Trouble of the Cuban Missionary.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The State department has received a brief cable message from Consul General Williams at Havana, announcing the arrest of the Protestant bishop, Alberto Jose Diaz, well known to many church people in all parts of the United States. Diaz is a naturalized American citizen of strong Cuban sympathies, but his friends insist that his work in Cuba has been confined to proselyting for the church and not participating in the rebellion. The consul general will insist on a civil trial, should the matter go to the length of a trial.

Killed in an Explosion.

PEORIA, Ill., April 17.—By an explosion of the converter at the works of the American Glucose company this morning, John Hoey and a man named Burns were instantly killed. John Wilson, Mat Connelly and John Dooley were badly injured.

Affairs in South Africa.

LONDON, April 17.—A dispatch to the Times from Johannesburg points out the threatening condition of affairs in the South African republic. It says that while President Cruger's policy is to dissuade England from displaying force in South Africa on the plea that it might excite the burghers, the Transvaal is arming to the teeth.

The Standard also dwells upon the anxiety concerning affairs in Matabeleland, and says the Marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, Field Marshal Wolseley, the commander-in-chief of the army, and Mr. Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, conferred last evening with reference to sending reinforcements to South Africa. It is understood some of the troops which are coming home from India will be ordered to land at Capetown.

Turkish Honor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.—The foreign ambassadors have protested against the appointment of a Mussulman as governor of Zeitoun, contrary to the agreement between the Porte and the powers, as a result of which the surrender of the insurgents of Zeitoun was brought about.

The Turkish government has promised to instruct the Valis of Bitlis and Kharput to permit the distribution of funds to the Armenians, in accordance with the arrangement previously concluded between the Porte and the United States' charge d' affairs and the British ambassador.

CUBAN MISSIONARY ARRESTED.

He is said to Have Talked Rebellion Openly.

NEW YORK, April 17.—A special from Havana to the World gives the following additional details about the arrest of Rev. Mr. Diaz:

Alberto J. Diaz, a missionary of the Southern Baptist church of the United States, has been arrested and taken to the police headquarters. His residence was searched. Consul General Williams promptly made inquiries. Diaz is a native Cuban. He has been acting as a missionary for a number of years, in charge of the Gethsemane church, and has been frequently in trouble. He called on the consul general of the United States on February 12, 1887, and requested him to write a letter to the captain general and inform him that he (Diaz) was supervising bishop of the Baptist church in Cuba. He had a controversy with the Roman Catholic bishop of Havana, because the latter prevented Diaz from using property belonging to the diocese. Diaz has also engaged in the undertaking business. He is a naturalized citizen of the United States and has been a pronounced opponent of the government, talking rebellion openly.

ITALY'S POSITION.

No Material Change Since the Meeting at Venice.

NEW YORK, April 17.—A special to the Herald from Rome says:

Signor Crispi says that the political situation has been in no way altered by the meeting at Venice between the emperor of Germany and the king of Italy.

Asked if it were true that the Marquis di Rudini originally intended to evacuate Kassala, Signor Crispi said: "Yes, he had that intention. He relied upon General Baldissera's taking the initiative to bring this result about. When Col. Stevani brilliantly routed the Dervishes in consequence of the irritation of the people at the projected withdrawal, the idea of evacuation was abandoned."

Although the semi-official press continues to harp on the unsanitary nature of the place as if in order to prepare public opinion on the subject, to evacuate Kassala now would have been a serious error and an act of treason to England and to civilization, whose interests are at stake in the conflict with the Mahdi's hordes. Italy must never forget that British friendship is of the greatest value to her.

Damaged by an Ice Jam.

KNIGHTSVILLE, Cal., April 17.—An ice jam in the Bonsaw river has backed up the waters for miles and the farm land is deeply submerged. It is feared much live stock has been lost.

Battle of Flowers.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., April 17.—The largest crowd that ever gathered in Santa Barbara thronged the thoroughfares yesterday to witness the battle of flowers, the famous and novel feature of the great flower festival. The procession was headed by 200 Mexicans from the Rancho Paredales and by the marine band. The ladies in the carriages were decorated with wreaths and bouquets and the tramway took an active part in the battle with roses.

The procession passed along the avenues on each side with flying bunting, flags and flowers and special designs of floral designs. Of the floats entered, that of the native sons of the golden west took first prize. The float was designed as the seal of the state of California, being a solid mass of marigolds and yellow marguerites against a background of green.

AN ENGLISH SQUADRON.

Concentrating at Port Arthur and Port Hamilton.

NEW YORK, April 17.—A Herald special from St. Petersburg says: Just at the moment when the English are thought to be occupied in other parts of the world a telegram to Novoe Vremya from Chemulpo announces that the British Pacific squadron has taken up a position of observation off the coast of the Corea peninsula and is being concentrated at Port Arthur and also at Port Hamilton. Far from being quiet, the Japanese are exciting the Coreans in the Isles in order to show the futility of Russia's attempts to keep order.

River on the Rampage.

DULUTH, Minn., April 17.—The St. Louis river is on the rampage caused by heavy rains and melting snows. Families have had to flee from the lowlands near Fon Du Lac, a suburb of Duluth, and a number of buildings were floated away. Oscar Roseliey, who lives on an island in the river had a perilous time. The house floated from its foundation and he and his family had to seek refuge in trees. They spent the night in the trees and were rescued in the morning.

Dervishes Defeated.

NEW YORK, April 17.—A Herald special from Cairo, Egypt, says:

A telegram to the war office states that Colonel Lloyd defeated the Dervishes near Suakim.

The Khedive went to the railway station to witness the departure for the front of 150 men of horse artillery with six guns, and seventy cavalry remounts. The Egyptian troops also played unusual enthusiasm.

The sirdar's brother, Major Kitchener, has been here for two days awaiting an appointment. Lieutenant Faragout, of the Royal artillery, is thought to be dying from injuries received from a fall at Polo.

Mexican Troops.

EL PASO, Texas, April 17.—Information was received in Juarez, Mexico, yesterday to the effect that Brigadier General Hernandez, commanding the northern military zone of Mexico, with headquarters at Chihuahua, on the first of May, will move his headquarters to Juarez, bringing with him to the new post 1,000 men. He will make Juarez his headquarters for the 19th infantry and 11th cavalry, which will station in Juarez two of the most famous of Mexico's line military bands. General Hernandez and staff will be in Juarez Saturday.

SOUTH AFRICAN SITUATION.

Buluwayo Said to be in the Hands of the Matabeles.

LONDON, April 17.—The Exchange Telegraph company says it is rumored that Buluwayo has been captured by the Matabeles. A dispatch from Aldershot says the Middlesex regiment has been ordered to start immediately for South Africa.

Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the South African situation and the government is openly blamed for inaction.

The Fight Against McKinley.

PORTLAND, Or., April 17.—The junior order of American Mechanics and the A. P. A. are not in harmony over the parent organization's fight on McKinley. The local organ of the A. P. A. recently published an attack on McKinley and said he was an honorary member of the Young Men's Institute, the well known Catholic order. H. L. Wenner, state counselor of the junior order of Ohio, was asked about the matter and has forwarded the following letter from McKinley:

Dr. H. L. Wenner Jr., O. U. A. M.:

My Dear Sir—I have yours of the 21st ult., inclosing letter and newspaper clipping from your friend, Mr. W. E. Harris at Portland, Ore. I have had my attention drawn to the article attached to Mr. Harris's letter in another letter from the state of Oregon. I authorize you to inform your friend that the statement that I am an honorary member of the Y. M. I. is false; that I do not even know the nature or objects of that organization.

I am yours, sincerely,

WM. MCKINLEY."

Chile Refuses to Pay.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 17.—After five years the claims of Patrick Shields and Andrew McKinsley against the Chilean government for injuries received from assaults of a Chilean mob at Santiago, have finally been thrown out of all the courts and commissions.

Shields and McKinsley were sailors on the Keewenah that entered Santiago harbor a week after the Baltimore sailors were so roughly handled by the mob in that city in 1891. The men made claim against the government of Chile, Shields for $100,000 and McKinsley for $20,000.

President Harrison made these two claims a very important part of one of his messages to Congress in 1892. In this he said that though the men were foreign subjects, they were sailing under the protection of the American flag and that they should receive the same protection as American citizens.

F. Alleyne Orr of this city, attorney for Shields and McKinsley, brought the matter before the British Parliament and it was finally referred to a British claims commission composed of Frederick Kerr as the representative of Great Britain and a representative from Chile and Germany. As a result of the investigation of this commission Mr. Orr has received a letter from Mr. Kerr informing him that the Chilean government has refused to pay the claims.

Swift's Comet.

MOUNT HAMILTON, Cal., April 17.—Swift's comet was observed at Lick observatory last evening. Its position as observed by Prof. Hussey was right ascension 2 hours, 34 minutes and 20.5 seconds, declination 19 degrees, 19 minutes, 32 seconds north on April 16, 0.6866 Greenwich mean time. The comet is moving north at the rate of 1½ degrees per day and very slowly westward. It is about as bright as a seventh mag[n]itude star, and has a decided condensation in its head and a short tail.

NICARAGUAN CANAL.

Report to the House Committee on Interstate Commerce.

FURTHER INVESTIGATION NEEDED

In the Case of War With England, the Canal would be Useless—Estimated Cost.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The Nicaraguan canal commission which visited the isthmus last summer, presented some features of the Nicaraguan canal question before the House committee on interstate and foreign commerce today. Engineer Endicott presented the statements of Warner Miller and Engineer Menocal of the canal company, that the investigations by the commission had been of a cursory nature. The board was in Nicaragua 42 days and spent 31 days in actual field work. Except in a few details, the plan of Engineer Menocal seemed to Endicott feasible. While the company's plan contemplated a canal 28 feet deep, the commission was convinced that at certain seasons the water would fall to 24 feet unless dams were built to a greater height.

Replying to a question, Endicott said in the event of war with a nation like Great Britain, the government would be obliged to abandon the canal that might solve the problem by blowing up the locks. From a military point of view the canal was desirable. The present value of all work done by the company, Endicott estimated at half a million. Its harbor works at Greytown were in a bad condition, with little of value remaining. Fortunately the work would have to be renewed. The company's five dredges were sunk in the harbor and were useless. His estimate of the value of the company's property when in good condition was $1,250,000. He did not believe the canal could be built for $70,000,000 (the company's estimate) without exceeding Menocal's plans to be feasible. Asked whether, if the government was willing to pay $133,000,000 for the canal, it would be advisable to begin work at once, the engineer replied the government should make more satisfactory surveys and estimates before going forward. It was most important that sufficient hydraulic data be secured and also possible that a further investigation would increase the estimates of cost.

Derby Spring Meeting.

DERBY, April 17.—The Derby spring meeting opened today. Thirteen horses started in the Doveridge handicap stakes of 1,000 sovereigns for three-year-olds and upwards; the course straight mile. Lord Rendlesham's Court Ball won; Sardis second; Medicis third.

The Welbeck handicap stakes were won by Walter Johnson's Remember Me. Twelve horses started over the course, five furlongs.

Richard Croker's colt Montauk started in the Diskelow stakes for three-year-olds, in Bald seven, but was not placed. J. G. Menzie's King of Pearls won.

Reciprocity Laid by.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—No action toward the revival of the reciprocity scheme will be taken by this House according to the decision made today by the Republican members of the ways and means committee, who held a caucus and agreed to report to the House the testimony on the reciprocity policy, taken by the committee, but not recommend any legislation by this Congress.

The Percy Gray Racing Law.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The judges of the appellate division today handed down decisions in three cases brought to test the Percy Gray racing law. The order of Justice Ingraham, upholding the constitutionality of the law, was affirmed.

Goes to the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The district court of appeals today allowed a writ of error to the U. S. Supreme Court asked for by counsel for Elverton R. Chapman, the New York stock broker convicted for having refused to answer questions propounded by the Senate sugar trust investigation committee. The case probably will be heard by the Supreme Court next term.

John Stetson Dying.

BOSTON, April 17.—John Stetson, the famous theatrical manager, is dying. He has been ill from pneumonia at his home in Commonwealth avenue three days, and his physicians report that there is no hope of his recovery.

Frost in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—Severe frosts during the last two nights have caused much damage to fruit in the orchards in the center of the state. A dispatch from Fresno says that serious damage was done to vineyards there, and that the frosts will cause a short raisin crop.

Two-thirds of the grape crop in the vicinity of Calistoga were destroyed, and fruits of all kinds suffered to some extent.

Cherries, apricots and prunes suffered from the frost in the vicinity of San Jose, and ranchers are discouraged over the prospect of the season's crop.

The frost had a killing effect on grape vines in the vicinity of Stockton, and the vineyardists declare there will not be half a crop of grapes from the neighboring counties.

SAW THE SKELETONS.

Tesla Throws the X Rays Through His Assistants.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Nicola Tesla has, by means of the x-rays, seen through the bodies of three of his assistants, placed in line.

Edison believed he had solved this problem when he discovered the fluorescent screen. In this he used tungstate of calcium, which he believed to be six times more fluorescent than the platino-barium-cyanide which Roentgen and most of his successors had used. Tesla, on the contrary, has preferred the platino-barium-cyanide for his fluorescent screen, after testing almost every known substance and some few that were not even used previously. Where other experimenters have used voltage reckoned in thousands of even hundreds of thousands, Tesla has used millions. His great object was to secure vast power in the vacuum tubes, and at last he has succeeded.

The skeleton of one of the assistants was shown at a distance of five or six feet from the tube, which was giving X rays, was seen plainly. But that was not all. Tesla has finally perfected the X-ray tube to such an extent that he saw completely through skeleton as well as flesh. One of his assistants held a brass plate in front of his chest, moving it up and down. The X-ray penetrated the body, and through the fluorescent screen Tesla could distinctly see the brass plate as it moved.

A Very Bad Indian.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., April 17.—Handsome Elk, a Lower Brule Indian who shot two Indian policemen, one of them fatally, has taken refuge in a house which has been transformed into a temporary fortress. He is heavily armed and will resist arrest. He is a very bad Indian and the Indian police force may be required to assist the deputy marshal to make the arrest.

Arrested for Having a Still.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—The United States secret officers yesterday arrested W. A. Westermeyer, a well known resident of Newport, Ky., for having on his premises an illicit still, with a capacity of twenty gallons. Westermeyer had fallen behind in his rent and had been sued and when a constable entered the house he discovered a strong odor of whiskey. This led to an investigation.

Old Chief Blackhawk Dying.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., April 17.—News is received in this city that old Chief Blackhawk, now 100 years old, is dying in his wigwam, nine miles south of Fairchild. He is the last of his race, being a direct descendant from Blackhawk, the noted chief of the wars of 1832. The dying warrior has ruled the remnant of the once powerful Winnebago tribe for the last half century.

METHODISTS AND WOMEN.

Lady Delegates Excluded from the Coming General Conference.

CHICAGO, April 17.—A special to the Times-Herald from New York says: Women as lay delegates cannot enter the coming general conference of the Methodist church in Cleveland. By direct vote of the ministers of the country on a plain issue the women are beaten.

The big Troy conference in session at Gloversville, N. Y., has settled the question by voting down the Baltimore amendment 113 to 76. This does not absolutely decide the woman question in its bearing on the coming conference, but it does destroy the chief reliance of the women.

This question, the most important and the most far-reaching in possibilities, the Methodists have ever been called on to face, is now left in a state of more hopeless confusion than ever. The women may yet win in the coming conference, but they can win only by resort to some parliamentary expediency, in the conference. Up to date with three annual conferences to hear from, the women lacked 50 votes of having the necessary three-fourths of all votes cast on the Baltimore amendment. The Troy conference having given the women only 76 votes and having thrown 113 votes against them, their last hope of winning on the Baltimore amendment is gone. After the action of the Troy conference there is a majority of 154 against the Baltimore amendment. Inasmuch as the woman side of the question must have three votes for every one opposed, 462 votes would now be required to put it on an equal footing with the opposition. Whatever action the East Maine and North Dakota conferences may take with only 178 votes between them it cannot affect the result. These figures speak for themselves—total vote cast, 10,122; total for Baltimore amendment, 7,711; total against Baltimore amendment, 2,000. Requires three-fourths to carry amendment, 154. But the Hamilton amendment, which has since been before the annual conference for consideration, provides that lay delegates must be men. It is also defeated. By its defeat the interpretative declaration of the church is that eligibility to a lay delegateship shall not be confined to men, but shall be understood as being extended to women. The women are debarred from the general conference by defeat of the Baltimore amendment. The general conference must wrestle with the paradox.

Will Not Be Taken Alive.

WINTERSET, Iowa, April 17.—The sheriff and other officers while in ambush last night succeeded in surrounding Davies, the East Peru bank wrecker, and El Streeter, the thief, who broke jail Wednesday morning. The officers opened fire and the two men returned their shots, one ball going through the sheriff's grip which he was carrying. They succeeded in escaping but Streeter was captured while eating lunch at a farm house. Davies is still at large, though three hundred men are hunting for him. He says he will not be taken alive.

WAITED FOR THE BRIDEGROOM.

But as He Did Not Come a $25,000 Damage Suit Resulted.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Pretty Elia Donaldson, tall and fair, clad in the whitest of satin, with orange blossoms in her hair, and the blushes on her face softened through the mist of a filmy veil, stood in the parlor of her Lockport home Wednesday afternoon and waited. The supreme moment of her life had arrived—the time when her girlhood's name was to be crowned with that of another—the nearest and dearest to her even than her own. It wanted but five minutes when it would be time for the solemn words to be spoken which were to make her a wife. The feast was set, the guests were met, and the merry din that comes from a gay marriage feast was over into the street. Just at this critical period a messenger entered with a letter. The missive changed the whole complexion of the girl's life. It was from Lemuel Smith, her fiance, one of the best known contractors doing business in Chicago, and announced that the ceremony would have to be indefinitely postponed.

Briefly, as told, the story of an old-time courtship, terminated at the instance of the groom's relatives, a broken heart, and just evening the filing of a suit for $25,000 damages.

Smith is 50 years old and is reputed worth $100,000. He is a contractor and is interested in two large firms, one in Chicago and the other at Lockport, Ill., president of a bank at Marion, Mo., who at present is doing a contract on section 15 of the drainage canal. He was one of the World's Fair contractors, and has several large government contracts. Recently he and Frank Jones secured the contract for the material for the Chicago post office building. He was prominent in Washington, D. C., some fifteen years ago and formerly resided in Chicago, where he married Miss Mary Gridley, his first wife, who died about two years ago.

Killing Prisoners of War.

HAVANA, April 17.—Three prisoners of war, Gregorio Borges, Lazaro Hernandez and Jose Sanchez, were executed this morning at Cabana fortress. They belonged to the insurgent band commanded by Dr. Bruno Zayas and were captured by the soldiers of the Alcaina battalion during an attack on Managua.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—To avoid struggle for precedence, the Senate, on motion of Cannon (Utah), took up the resolution directing the secretary of the interior to open the Uncompahgre reservation without further delay, the understanding being that the bond investigating resolution should come up at 2 o'clock as unfinished business.

Arnot Brown (Utah) had spoken for the resolution. He sought to secure a vote.

Gorman asked that action be deferred owing to the absence of Vilas, who desired to be heard.

Allison (R. I.) said it must be clear that there was "something going on." These efforts at delay and this postponement in putting off the vote.

Gorman responded that it was the first intimation coming from the investigation's senator on the other side of the chamber that delays on public business were occurring.

Senator Gear today reported to the Senate the Pacific railroad funding bill agreed upon by the subcommittees of the Senate and House.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—This being Friday, the day under the rules was devoted to the consideration of private bills. Some pension bills favorably acted upon at last Friday night's session were first passed.

Vetoed By the Governor.

Governor Wells has vetoed Senate bill 122, relating to the payment of interest on State warrants. The executive gives the reason for his action in the the following communication sent to secretary of state Hammond:

I have the honor to file herewith Senate bill No. 122, entitled, "An Act providing for the payment of interest on warrants not paid on presentation." In view of the present and prospective financial condition of the State, I consider this measure both unwise and unnecessary.

Respectfully,

HEBER M. WELLS, Governor.

THESE TWO APPROVED.

There were two other bills referred to the Governor for his consideration. These were Senate bill 110, on drainage districts, and the sanitary bill, both of which received executive approval.

From St. John, Kansas.

We have received from P. D. Lamoreux of St. John, Kansas, letters relating to the recent giving there and at Pratt, Kansas, of the opera H. M. S. Pinafore, and warmly praising its production. Several residents of Utah took part, and also Mormon and non-Mormon residents of the locality. Mr. Lamoreux displays a fair and friendly feeling towards those who took part in the opera, and has many kind words to say of them. His commendation of their efforts, however, shows discrimination, in that he approves where merit calls it forth, and not merely for the sake of saying good words. We thank the gentleman for his communications, but as the performance referred to already has had notice in our columns we regard it as unnecessary to publish his description thereof in full.

Who Frank Carpenter Is.

In answer to the question who Frank G. Carpenter, who is to lecture at the Salt Lake Theater on Wednesday night next, is, the gentleman's advance agent says:

"He is one of the best known newspaper correspondents in the United States. He has traveled 200,000 miles in the past ten years, and has put a newspaper girdle around the globe. He has interviewed Prince Bismarck, President Diaz, the Khedive of Egypt, the king of Greece, and Li Hung Chang, as well as most of the famous men of the United States and Europe. He is a successful lecturer as well as a good writer. He thinks that news should be the element of a lecture as well as of a newspaper, and he talks because he has a wonderful story to tell. He is a red-haired Ohio man, thirty-nine years old, and is said to look like Artemus Ward and Joel Chandler Harris, but is lighter than either."

Before Judge Street.

The following orders were made by Judge Street today.

Deseret National Bank vs W. S. Burton et al; argued and taken under advisement.

Lizzie C. Lawton et al vs E. Cousins; [illegible] dismissed against J. W. Houston and judgment taken against defendant for $433.80 and costs, $24.35.

W. D. Wells & Co. vs Mount Pleasant Co-op; demurrer withdrawn and ten days to answer.

Utah Stove & Hardware Co. vs B. T. Pyper et al; foreclosure of mortgage; judgment by default, $32.45 and $25 attorney's fee.

A. J. Davis vs W. A. Chapman; judgment by default for $1,000.

THE MINING MARKET

Business Not Very Brisk on the Stock Exchange Today.

BUT ONE LISTED STOCK FAVORED.

Mammoth Relieved of Two Hundred Shares—Pollock's Weekly Review—Dips and Spurts.

The stock brokers were not in trading humor today and consequently little business was done on 'change. Mammoth was the only listed stock dealt in and but two hundred shares of that changed hands. Centennial-Eureka got a bid of $74.25 for ten shares but none of the stock could be secured under $75. Daly is soaring skyward and the higher the bid goes the higher goes the seller's quotation, so that the bull and bear manage to keep far enough away from each other to prevent sales being made. East Golden Gate was slighted entirely today, not even receiving the recognition of quotations. Mercur held its own, but demand for it seems to be on the wane. Sunshine remained about stationary.

The call of unlisted stocks commenced with Little Pittsburg, which showed a slight downward tendency, but received no transfers. Dalton held its figures, but was down quite a little at the call, having the best bid. Natural gas met with the favor of sale of 100 shares at 4 cents, while Morgan (Park City) added a similar number of shares to the transfers of the day.

The closing figures were as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

NAME.	Bid.	Asked.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

UNLISTED STOCKS.

NAME.	Bid.	Asked.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

TRANSFERS OF STOCKS.

One hundred shares of Mammoth at $2.90 and 100 at $2.95; 100 Natural Gas at 4 cents; 100 Morgan (Park City) at 45 cents. Total shares sold, 400.

POLLOCK'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

The Week An Extremely Active One, Especially So in Higher Priced Stocks.

James A. Pollock says in his Weekly Mining Share market letter under date of today:

The past week in the local stock market has been an extremely active one and the tendency was upward all along the line, this being especially the case in Mercur, Mammoth, Sunshine, Ontario, Silver King, Daly West and Dalton. Outside orders were numerous and some of them very heavy. It looks like the spring boom had opened in very earnest and should such prove to be the case investors may expect to see some important advances other than those which have taken place.

Ajax was stronger, with increased inquiry. Everything at the property is reported to be in splendid shape. Anchor was held very firmly, but the volume of business done in the stock was not very great. The report of the paying out of the natural gas well had a depressing effect upon the stock, but the story is denied by officers of the company. The whole trouble is probably due to the desire to make a change in the contracts. Alliance was quiet. Some work is being done at the property.

Bullion Beck has not as yet declared its April dividend, and as the company is desirous of building up a surplus, something it has not been maintaining of late, it now looks as though the payment would be deferred until about the first of the coming month. The officers are not yet ready to make an official statement, however, as to just when the dividend will be paid. The properties are looking well and shipments are being somewhat increased. Bogan is quiet. Centennial-Eureka will pay its mid-month dividend of $1 per share on the 20th, by which date Secretary Chisholm will have returned from California. The company will hereby pay more than $1 per share monthly in dividends during the life of the option on its copper ore, which runs until early in July. The stock was held very firmly, sales being made at odd blocks at $75 with very light offerings. Dalton and Lark paid its second dividend of ½ per cent share