

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT.

Thomas E. Watson Duly Notified Of His Nomination by The Populists.

VERY SEVERE ON DEMOCRATS.

Pays High Tribute to Judge Parker's Character and Has No Abuse for President Roosevelt.

New York, Aug. 18.—Thomas E. Watson of Georgia, the People's party candidate for president, and Thomas H. Tibbles of Nebraska, vice presidential candidate, were formally notified of their nomination here tonight at Cooper Union. The big hall was crowded when the two candidates, accompanied by Alfred G. Boulton of Brooklyn, chairman of the meeting, appeared on the platform. There were much cheering. Chairman Boulton at once introduced Judge Samuel W. Williams of Indianapolis, who made the speech officially notifying the candidates of their selection.

MR. WATSON NOTIFIED.

In addressing Mr. Watson, Mr. Williams said the convention that nominated him was made up of unselfish, self-sacrificing patriots who attended and participated in its deliberations solely through a high sense of duty.

"The purpose of the convention," he continued, "was to take one more step in the evolution of progress which is to finally bring us to an ideal condition of society where the laborer shall receive the full fruits of his labor, and an injury to one shall be the concern of all."

"The work of the hour was not to trim a sail of expediency to catch a passing breeze of popular, though transient approval, but rather to proclaim and again declare in plain and concise language the principles and promises of the People's party as first laid down at Omaha in 1892, and subsequently reaffirmed in 1896 and 1900. It was understood that our nominee must be a man with whom 'politics' was a matter of conscience, and who believed truly and fully in the tenets of populism, who subscribed to the doctrine of the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of Almighty God; who stood ready, able and willing to defend against any and all comers, each and every plank in our platform and who, if elected president of the United States, would have the broadness of mind, the goodness of heart, the firmness of character, the knowledge of men and affairs to so administer the duties of that high office as to bring the best possible degree of peace, harmony and happiness to the whole people."

"We confidently invite the country to say whether or not the convention fulfilled these requirements and to elect the man who stands for the best possible degree of peace, harmony and happiness to the whole people."

"We realize with pride that you stand with Jefferson and Lincoln, with Peter Cooper and Henry George, with Polk and with Donnelly, in placing the man above the dollar."

When Mr. Watson arose to speak the cheering continued nearly four minutes. Chairman Boulton introduced him to half a dozen words, simply referring to him as the candidate of the People's party.

WATSON'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Watson gave up a great portion of his address to a discussion of the Democratic and Republican platforms and the candidacy of Judge Parker. He referred to the Democratic candidate's gold telegram as follows:

"Surrounded by the Wall street magnates who had financed his campaign for two years, Judge Parker bled his time until the perils of the two-thirds rule were passed and when it was too late for the convention to retrace its steps—for even the Democratic bosses require more than 15 minutes to turn completely around—he cracks the Wall street whip over the heads of his leaders and with prompt obedience the great Democratic legions were made to turn their backs and reverse their line of march."

At another point the speaker said he would not venture to say a word against Judge Parker's character, "for I believe him to be an eminently worthy man."

Of President Roosevelt, Mr. Watson said: "I have no words of abuse for Theodore Roosevelt. I believe him to be a brave, honest, conscientious man. I give him full credit for having a splendid courage of conviction, but inasmuch as he stands for those government principles which, in my judgment, are hurrying this republic into a sordid despotism of wealth, I will combat him and his principles as long as there is breath in my body."

GOES FOR THE DEMOCRATS.

Answering a self-asked question as to why he consumed more time discussing the Democrats than in speaking of the Republicans, the Populist leader made reply:

"It is an easier and quicker job to strike an open enemy right between the eyes than it is to tear off the mask from the face of a pretended friend and show him to be the hypocrite that he is."

"The speaker said that there was never a time when it was so clear to the people as now that the conditions which prevail in this republic, 'Deep down in their hearts,' he said,

TREE TEA:

That's the Tea all Appreciative Tea Drinkers Drink. They Know a Good Tea.



Cheap Doctors

They never pay. Don't employ them. Get the best and pay the price. Cheap doctors don't recommend Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. The best doctors do. They prescribe it for fresh colds, old colds, easy coughs, hard coughs, weak lungs, bronchitis, even for consumption.

"Your Cherry Pectoral has been a great blessing to me in curing my severe bronchial trouble."—W. M. Grimes, Newburg, V. Va.

25c. Doz. \$1.25. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

"The masses of the people feel that the value of power is slipping out of their hands. In spite of all that can be done by a partisan press, the fact can not be concealed from the eyes of the average citizen that the vast preponderance of all the wealth produced in this land is transferred by legalized robbery in the hands of a few; that the courts are run in the interests of the few; that the law-making power is manipulated by the few; and that while both the political parties pretend to devote themselves to the interests of the common people they are both financed by Wall street, both dominated by Wall street, both the willing and servile tools of Wall street."

"Do you need proof that the masses are ready to rush to the support of any leader who is brave enough to challenge the right of the corporations to rule the land? Why did they rally to W. R. Hearst? Because he had taken sides with the masses, because he was denouncing oppression and pleading for the rights of the common man. There was no man in the United States in his favor who stood out the professional politicians and strained all the resources of political strategy to defeat that noble-hearted champion of the Jeffersonian Democracy."

FIGHTING FOR BRYANITES.

Continuing, Mr. Watson said: "I do not believe that 6,000,000 men who followed Bryan can now be delivered like cattle to the Clevelandites who knifed the ticket or bolted in 1896. I believe that the great majority of the men who voted for Bryan are men of convictions; I can not but hope they will realize that I am fighting their battle now."

"The men whose cause I would plead before the bar of American public opinion are chiefly those who toil in the hundred different fields of industry and who have never lifted their voices to ask anything of this government except just laws and honest administration. They are the men of the mine, the mill, the shop and the field. I am proud to speak of these men and proud to proclaim their creed."

CURRENCY QUESTION.

Mr. Watson declared for the public ownership of railroads, asserting that the trusts got their greatest support from the railroads. He spoke in favor of an income tax and on the currency question said:

"The discoveries of new methods in treating gold ore, the opening of vast deposits of precious metal in so many different parts of the world illustrated and vindicated the People's party contention on the subject of currency, rather than discredited it. But no man can tell when these veins will be exhausted and when vast increases in our currency will be discontinued. And I warn you now that when that day of river contraction and the frightful results which have always flowed from contraction will be upon you."

TYRANNY OF CORPORATIONS.

In conclusion, Mr. Watson said: "For myself, I do not believe that the present tyranny of the corporations, the monopoly and the autocracy of wealth, can endure forever. Some day, the American people will rise in their restless majesty and drive the usurpers from the places they have seized. Some day, some popular sovereignty will come again and put its foot to rest as it did in the time of Jefferson, as it did in the time of Jackson."

MR. TIBBLES NOTIFIED.

When Mr. Watson concluded he was loudly cheered. Then Jay W. Forrest of Albany notified Mr. Tibbles. Mr. Tibbles, who was seated next to Mr. Watson, said: "There is only little to choose and little if any difference. All represent the plutocracy of the few."

Mr. Tibbles was greeted with cheers when he arose to respond. "It is an honor," he said, "to be tendered a nomination by a party that feels you will come forward and accept it, prompted only by honest motives of principle."

"Peter Cooper told me many years ago," continued the candidate, "that you would raise great crops in the west, build great manufacturing and yet all be poor."

"How is that," I asked Mr. Cooper. "Because," said he, "John Sherman is putting up a scheme of finance which if adopted by Congress will put all the wealth of this country in the hands of a few men and leave all the rest of us poor."

"I have lived to see his prophecy come true."

A public reception followed. Mr. Watson and Mr. Tibbles greeted hundreds.

MAINE AND VERMONT.

Both National Committees Give Them Attention.

New York, Aug. 18.—Both national committees continue to give attention to the states of Vermont and Maine. Speakers are being engaged and sent to the states as fast as arrangements can be made with them.

Senator Proctor of Vermont was at the Republican headquarters today and expressed confidence of a full Republican vote, which would be about 25,000 majority. He told members of the national committee that the gold Democrats generally would return to their party this year, and it is estimated that about 8,000 Democrats voted with the Republicans eight years ago. Senator Proctor says there has not been an election since 1858 in which party conditions in the states were so normal and regular.

Taxation of Good Will.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 18.—An Olympia special to the Spokesman Review says that Atty. Gen. Stratton today filed an opinion which holds that the revenue laws of this state will cover the assessment for taxation of the good will of business concerns and industries. Assessor Stewart of Spokane county had assessed the good will of the Spokesman Review, and the Evening Chronicle as represented by their subscriptions. Prosecuting Attorney Kimball advised the board of equalization that this could not be done under the law. Assessor Stewart then took the matter to the attorney-general, who holds that the good will of any business or industry is property, and may be taxed as any other property. If this method should prevail, the good will of merchants, manufacturers, lawyers, doctors, etc., will hereafter be taxed in addition to their usual tax on real estate and tangible personal property.

A BATTLE OF HUGE PROPORTIONS

Japanese Sacrificed Twenty Thousand Men, Gaining Important Advantages.

DIRECTED AGAINST LEFT WING.

Shells Dropping in Port Arthur Fall Mostly in the Old Town.

Chefoo, Aug. 18.—A battle of huge proportions raged around Port Arthur Aug. 14 and 15, and it was resumed Aug. 17. The Japanese, it is reported, sacrificed 20,000 more men, but gained important advantages in the matter of position. The above news was brought here on junk, one of which, having on board three Russians, concealed in the baggage of Chinese to escape the Japanese, left Port Arthur last night, and was blown rapidly to Chefoo by a gale.

The main force of the attack was directed against the left wing and resulted in the capture of Pigeon bay positions and some of the forts at Liao Tieshan. At Palunshang the Japanese hastily mounted guns which did excellent service in aiding the storming of the right wing. The Japanese are said to have captured two forts of minor value, mounting eight 4-inch guns, two siege guns and six quick-firing guns.

The position of the Japanese occupy on Liao Tieshan peninsula is not clear, but numerous Chinese sources aver that the Japanese have been seen in force in that section. Apparently a cruising attack originating in Lousha bay swept through the Pigeon bay positions into the peninsula, in the doing of which a majority of the lives of the expedition were sacrificed.

On the night of the 15th the battle lulled somewhat when the Japanese sent the terms of surrender to Lieut. Gen. Stoessel. The terms provided that the Russian should march out with the honors of war and join Gen. Kuropatkin; that all civilians be brought to a place designated by the Japanese admiral; that the Russian warships in the harbor, numbering seven, namely, the battleships Retvizan, Sevastopol, Pobieda, Peresviet, Potliva and the armored cruiser Bayan, the protected torpedo boat Pallada and 10 or more torpedo boats, and four gunboats be surrendered to the Japanese.

Lieut. Gen. Stoessel is alleged to have received the terms with a burst of woeful delirium. His habitual taciturnity deserting him, he strode through the floor until he became calmer and then remarked that if the Japanese proposition was a joke it was in bad taste.

UNDER FLAG OF TRUCE.

Tokio, Aug. 18.—Maj. Yamaoka, representing the Japanese forces besieging Port Arthur, has been ordered to send a garrison staff about 600 yards north of Shoshiyung at 10:30 a. m. Aug. 16, under a flag of truce, and delivered to him the Japanese offer to remove non-combatants to a place of safety. The staff included women and children under 16 years of age, priests, diplomats and officers of neutral powers.

The conditions of the answer required that at 10 o'clock Aug. 16 the non-combatants should advance under a flag of truce. At 2 o'clock Aug. 17 a detachment of Japanese infantry would accept their delivery at the conference point and convey them to the Japanese camp with a limited amount of baggage, the examination of which was to be optional. Non-combatants were forbidden to bring books, writings, documents and articles relating to the war. The Russians were required to answer yes or no and they were not allowed to alter the Japanese conditions.

The emperor of Germany has cabled a request that the Japanese direct Commander Hopman and Lieut. Gilgenheim the German attaches at Port Arthur to withdraw in accordance with the Japanese offer. Lieut. Marshal Yamagata advised the commander of the besieging force, and the emperor of Germany's order was delivered to the Russian chief of staff at a conference held yesterday.

Gen. Stoessel's treatment of the Japanese major was courteous, but his reply was prompt and characteristic. The Japanese major then asked for a three day's truce in which to bury the dead. This was refused. The battle was renewed at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 17th, and as the junk left it was being rained heavily on all sides.

The Russian refugees express confidence that the fortress will hold out. They state that reinforcements from Gen. Kuropatkin are expected within a fortnight.

A frightful incident of the recent fighting, the refugees state, occurred in the storming of forts three and four on the right wing, when the land mines were exploded. It is alleged that Japanese infantry regiments, two squadrons of cavalry and one artillery company were destroyed.

The refugees further say that the warships now at Port Arthur are still in fighting trim. This statement seems hardly credible in the light of recent developments.

It is stated that Admiral Witheoff's last signal during the battle of Aug. 10 was to remember that the emperor's orders were not to return to Port Arthur. It is presumed that superficial repairs have deceived spectators viewing the ships under the distant cannon occasioned by the order that no one be allowed to inspect them.

The Japanese loss at the taking of Takushan is estimated at 5,000. Shells falling in Port Arthur fall mostly in the old town.

THE RYSHITELNI.

The Japanese May Ultimately Return the Vessel.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19, (3:20 a. m.)—The Chinese minister came to St. Petersburg from his seaside villa and conferred with several ambassadors regarding developments in the Ryshitelni incident. The general impression in diplomatic circles here is that Japan may yet change her mind and surrender the Ryshitelni to the care of some neutral power, reserving all rights. Such a course, it is pointed out, would strengthen Japan's position and at the same time avoid the possibility of a war.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.



A prominent club woman, Mrs. Danforth, of St. Joseph, Mich., tells how she was cured of falling of the womb and its accompanying pains and misery by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Life looks dark indeed when a woman feels that her strength is fading away and she has no hopes of ever being restored. Such was my feeling a few months ago when I was advised that my poor health was threatened by prolapsus or falling of the womb. The words sounded like a knell to me. I felt that my sun had set; but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound came to me as an elixir of life; it restored the lost forces and built me up until my good health returned to me. For four months I took the medicine daily, and each dose brought me health and strength. I am so thankful for the help I obtained through its use."—Mrs. FLORENCE DARTMOUTH, 1007 Miles Ave., St. Joseph, Mich.

—\$5000 Forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

"FREE MEDICAL ADVICE" Women would save time and much sickness if they would write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice as soon as any distressing symptoms appear. It is free, and has put thousands of women on the right road to recovery.

Illness of complications affecting China's neutrality and the limitation of the area of hostilities which was prompted by Secy. Hay's note.

The question of the disarmament of the Russian ships at Shanghai is, it is understood, being settled on the spot by the treaty and consular officers of Russia. This matter is not expected here to lead to the extreme measures threatened at Tokio in view of an authorized statement made to the Associated Press that Russia was reconciled to the disarmament of the cruiser Askold and the destroyer Grozovoi.

The admiralty has not yet been informed of the whereabouts of Lieut. Newton A. McCauley or Lieut. Decatur, respectively of the American and French navies, the only two naval attaches who were at Port Arthur and who recently left the port. The authorities believe they were on the flagship Retvizan, since they were aboard neither the battleship Czarvitch nor the cruiser Askold, and consequently they have been left behind.

The admiral considers it most probable that five of the battleships have returned to Port Arthur, arguing that if the ships escaped they must either have been sighted or reported. This view is strengthened also by the report that the Chinese fleet of seven vessels are now in the harbor at Port Arthur.

WILL SEIZE THE ASKOLD.

Japanese Consul-General So Notifies the Taotai of Shanghai.

Shanghai, Aug. 18.—M. Odagiri, the Japanese consul-general, has notified the taotai of Shanghai that a Japanese fleet is coming in to seize the Russian cruiser Askold and the Russian torpedo boat destroyer Grozovoi.

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BATTLE WITH STRIKERS.

Result is Two Wounded Guards Are Now in the Hospital.

Zeigler, Ill., Aug. 18.—Two wounded guards lying in the hospital here, one shot in the neck with both wrist and hand torn with buckshot; the other, hit in the side by a mixed load from a shotgun and a rifle, are the only survivors of the second battle with the strikers which occurred today half a mile south of Christopher.

The appearance of an Illinois Central special carrying 25 miners and nine guards was awaited by the strikers concealed in a cornfield behind logs and stumps just south of the switch on the Zeigler branch. Fire was opened on the approaching special in a scattering volley and continued for about five minutes in a desultory way. Especial efforts seemed to be made to hit the engineer, as many shots missed him only a few inches.

Bullets plowed into the hard wood covering of the coach and caboose at all angles, showing a heavy fire both on the approach and retirement of the train. Shots were plainly heard in Zeigler.

The trainmen returned under escort of United States deputies and Zeigler guards, which escort will remain with the train until it returns with another importation of laborers.

KIDNAPPED BOY BACK.

Antonio Mannino Found on Street Near His Home.

New York, Aug. 18.—Antonio Mannino, the 10-year-old Brooklyn boy, who was kidnapped by members of the Italian Black Hand society, was found at midnight tonight in Columbia street, three blocks from his home.

When closely questioned, he said that ever since he had been taken away he had lived in a large house, the location of which he did not know. The rest of the boy's story was not clear, and in several particulars he contradicted himself.

Poisoned With Ice Cream.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 18.—It is reported from Lynchburg that at Pleasant View, Amherst county, last night 25 persons attending the meeting of the Piedmont Baptist association were poisoned—several fatally—by eating ice cream. Pleasant View is remote and the rumor is not fully confirmed.

Miners Out on Bail.

Cripple Creek, Aug. 18.—Charles G. Kennison, president of the Cripple Creek miners' union, charged with inciting the Victor riot of June 6, was released from jail today on a \$2,500 bond furnished by a guarantee association, which is secured by the West-

ern Federation of Miners. Mr. Kennison's health has been broken by long confinement.

George S. Swelton, better known as Pearl Skelton, a member of the Altman Miners' union, charged with complicity in the Independence depot explosion, was released on a \$1,500 bond furnished by relatives.

Of 48 unionists who were held on criminal charges after the deportations from the district, 23 still remain in the county jail, the others having been released on bail.

Wife Murderer Electrocutated.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 19.—Alfred A. Knapp, convicted of the murder of his wife, Hannah Goddard Knapp, and who confessed to five murders, was electrocuted in the annex at the Ohio penitentiary a few minutes after midnight.

Knapp, who weakened when he found his last hope for life had gone and expressed a fear that he would have to be carried to the death chair, regained his nerve and met his fate with little show of fear or emotion. The first shock was applied at 12:02, the second a minute later, and at 12:09 he was pronounced dead.

A ZEALOUS JAPANESE BUDDHIST

The Countess Otani, who is a very wealthy and influential member of Tokyo's most exclusive circles, is a zealous disciple of Buddhism. She is not only an ardent devotee of the mystic teachings of "the enlightened one," but she contributes all her energies and a good deal of her wealth to the dissemination of the cult. So active and withal so earnest has the countess been in her propaganda that she has made many enthusiasts among the upper class Japanese. The modern cult-



ture native of the island empire is rather inclined to skepticism, but the countess has succeeded in inspiring some of Tokyo's leading scholars with her admiration for the lofty teachings of the deified Gautama.

TEA

Fine tea brings-out conversation if anything will; it compels to a little leisure.

PROVO CANYON AND RETURN, \$1.25.

Via D. & R. G., Sunday, Aug. 21st.

Special train leaves Salt Lake 9:30 a. m. Returning leave Upper Falls 7:00 p. m. Trout and chicken dinner at Upper Falls Resort. We land you right at the dinner table. Prettiest mountain scenery in Utah. Returning arrive at Salt Lake 6:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m. and 11:45 p. m.

PARK CITY AND RETURN, \$1.50

Via D. & R. G. Sunday Aug. 21st.

Leave Salt Lake 8:15 a. m. and 10:05 a. m. Returning leave Park City 7:00 p. m.

EXCURSION RATES

Via Oregon Short Line.

St. Louis and return\$42.50
Chicago and return\$47.50
Chicago and return via St. Louis\$47.50
St. Louis and return via Chicago\$47.50
Through Pullman sleeper every day via the Union Pacific and Wabash lines.

Limit 60 days. Transit limit ten days in each direction.

Tickets on sale Tuesdays and Fridays each week. Stop overs allowed.

THE KOLITZ SPECIAL

To Provo Canyon, Aug. 21st.

Leave Salt Lake 9:30 a. m. Three days returning. Cool Canyon breezes. Gushing springs of cold water. Magnificent scenery. Trout and chicken dinners at Upper Falls. Everybody invited. Regular train leaves Salt Lake 8:00 a. m.

REAL ESTATE MEN wanting deeds, contracts, agreements or other legal blanks will find the latest forms at the Desert News Book store.

Leyson's Optical Department

is like the rest of their establishment—perfect and reliable.

All eye tests made by graduate optician without charge.

Phone 65 for the correct time.



Is the worst disease on earth, yet we failed to cure it until we knew what to do. Many have tried, but failed. BROWN'S BLOOD PURIFIER, 25c per bottle; last one month. Sold at Salt Lake only by F. C. Schramm, First South and Main Sts.

BLOOD POISON

Cripple Creek, Aug. 18.—Charles G. Kennison, president of the Cripple Creek miners' union, charged with inciting the Victor riot of June 6, was released from jail today on a \$2,500 bond furnished by a guarantee association, which is secured by the West-

THE GUNNERS' CHOICE

Of our stock is the choice of all the most famous makes.

Here's our list of leaders:

Parker, L. C. Smith, Browning Winchester, Ithaca, Marlin, Stevens and Remington Guns. Colts, Marlin, Savage, Stevens Winchester and Remington Rifles. All in the latest improved models.

The Salt Lake Hardware Co.
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE • 42 44 46 W. 2nd St. S.O. ST.

ESTABLISHED 1864

F. Auerbach & Bro.
ONE PRICE TO ALL • NEVER UNDER SOLD

A FEW SAMPLES OF THE

Specials We Offer For Saturday!

Don't judge only by quotations—a visit would disclose attractions that would require more than these columns to enumerate.

Saturday All Day Special!

Cloak Dept Challies. OUR SHOE DEPT.

An Immense Fall Stock of Skirts will soon be here, and we need the room.

We will make a clean sweep of all Ladies' Brilliant Mohair, Serges and homespun Walking Skirts, all lengths, values up to \$7.50, Saturday all day, at each—

\$3.85 42c 50c

Saturday Night Special!

Shirt Waist Silk Shirt Boys' Clothing

Sets. Waist Sale. Sets. Clothing Dept.

A Most Elegant Line to be Placed on Sale.

A magnificent line of elegant 14 plated shirt waist Pin Sets, consisting of 3 and 4 pins to the set, values ranging up to 75c a set, on sale for 2 hours at—

19c \$2.98 19c

A GOOD TIME TO GET

A Fine White Marseilles Bed Spread.

Just 50 Finest Marseilles Bed Spreads, extra size, measure 81x90,