

World. (Tammany democrat)—"Trading. Cleveland being knifed in some districts. Harrison boldly supported by Cavanaugh's people. Tammany, as well as the counties, accused. The national ticket sacrificed for local offices."

Telegram (Tammany democrat)—"Rasping to the rescue. This morning's treachery at the polls was after checked. Tramping out the traders. Deals of the country democracy shadowed and quashed."

Commercial Advertiser (Hewitt)—"Voters flocking to the polls all over the city. Indications of a great plurality for Cleveland. Hewitt doing well in spite of the trading."

Mail and Express (Republican)—"On the run. The democrats badly scared. News from New York State—it looks like Harrison. A hot fight for the governorship between Miller and Hill. The prohibition vote lighter than in 1884. The city vote larger, part of it cast early this morning. The republicans out in force and holding their own. Harrison and Morton running slightly ahead of Warner Miller, because of the liquor dealers' desperate work. Galus of assemblymen and aldermen, and even congressmen."

STILL GAINING.
CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Another dispatch from Calvin S. Brice to the *Daily News*: "A dispatch from Wm. E. Farcy, secretary of the democratic committee of Kings County, just received at national democratic headquarters, says the voting in Brooklyn City is going on very rapidly and quietly. The democratic wards are polling a heavy vote, evidently taking more interest at an early hour than republican wards. Kings County is safe for 23,000 for Cleveland and Thurman. The democrats claim from present indications that Richmond County will go for Cleveland by 2,500, a gain of 500 over 1884. The republican estimates concede 2,000."

New York, Nov. 6.—The extra edition of the *Mail and Express* (republican) sums up the situation as follows: Dispatches from all parts of New York State indicate a full vote being cast, despite the threatening weather and rain, and that the republicans are gaining ground at almost every point. The prohibition vote is lighter than in '84 and there is excellent reason for believing that prohibitionists and in parts of the state many democrats are voting for Warner Miller. Where the liquor dealers are strongest Governor Hill is running ahead of Cleveland and at most points the democrats losing, by reason of the tariff agitation. At Elmira, Hill's friends refused a republican proposition that both sides refrain from any attempt at bribery at the polls. The vote is getting out early and all indications are cheering to the republicans. There seems little doubt of marked republican gains in the legislature and that the republican delegation in Congress may be strengthened. In strong republican counties the interest was intense and the increase of the republican vote was very marked.

New York, Nov. 6.—Five hundred and sixty out of 856 election districts in New York city give Harrison 63,391, Cleveland 102,140, Flisk 791.

QUAY CLAIMS THE ELECTION.
CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—A special from New York at 5:15 p.m., says Chairman Quay has just telegraphed Gen. Harrison as follows: "We have carried New York and Connecticut and your election is assured. MATTHEW S. QUAY."

New York, Nov. 6.—Thirty-eight election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Cleveland 3,917, Harrison 5,734, Flisk 244. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 5,093, Blaine 5,953, St. John 324.

CLEVELAND GAINING.
Six hundred and thirty of 856 electoral districts in New York City give Harrison 78,397, Cleveland 119,265, Flisk 843.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6, 10 p.m.—There is the utmost enthusiasm around both committees' headquarters. Both still claim the state, but the republicans claim their gain, as far as reported, is as much as render their prospects brilliant.

At 10:30 o'clock around the democratic headquarters they are going wild over the New York *World's* bulletin estimating 17,000 plurality for Cleveland in New York state. Ex-Senator McDonald is very sanguine of success. A telegram just received from Senator Gorman gave a great impetus to the confident feeling. It said: "We will have 75,000 below the bridge. It is not possible for them to overcome it. Connecticut and New Jersey are safe."

The excitement after this was at fever heat, and betting was freely indulged in.

New York, Nov. 6.—A *Herald* bulletin says: There is every indication that Indiana has gone democratic.

1:10 a.m.—One hundred precincts in Indiana give Harrison 11,561, Cleveland 9,968. The same precincts in 1884 gave Blaine 11,261, Cleveland 9,553.

Reports received by Chairman Huston show republican gains in the following counties: Madison 261; Harrison 164; Hamilton (one town) 100; Morgan 132; Dearborn 200; Shelby 50; Vigo 2.

The democratic committee also claim to have advices of gains for their ticket, but they are not prepared to give figures.

One hundred and forty precincts in Indiana give Harrison 17,451, Cleveland 14,312. The same precincts in 1884 gave Blaine 10,340, Cleveland 13,754.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, Nov. 6.—Twenty towns show a republican gain of 463 on the Presidential vote of 1884.

NEW JERSEY DEMOCRATIC.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The *Sun* has just posted a bulletin, stating that New Jersey is democratic by from 4,000 to 8,000.

CLEVELAND HOLDS HIS OWN.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 6.—The weather is damp, but a big vote will be polled. Cleveland seems to be polling the usual democratic majority. Morris, (democrat) for governor, will run ahead of his ticket by 1,000 votes.

HARTFORD, Nov. 6.—Indications are that Harrison has carried the state by 450 majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The *Herald* says Connecticut is for Cleveland by about 1000 plurality.

HARTFORD, Nov. 6.—One hundred and fifty towns show 892 republican gains. Returns received up to midnight by the *Evening Post* from 114 towns, show a republican gain of 1324, over the vote of 1884. The same ratio of gain in the remaining towns will give the state to Harrison. The republicans elect three Congressmen, and probably four. The legislature is republican by a large majority, and will elect republican state officers.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Fifty-eight precincts give Harrison 10,033, Cleveland 11,489, Flisk 9,713, Palmer 11,615.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—The present delegation in Congress from Pennsylvania is composed of 20 republicans and eight democrats. Under the new apportionment of the last legislature the districts were almost entirely changed, and the election for Congressmen today was the first under this new apportionment.

The returns thus far received show the election of the following Congressmen: Those marked with a * are members of the present Congress: *First district, Henry H. Blodham, rep.; *second district, Chas. O'Neill, rep.; *third district, Samuel J. Randall, dem.; *fourth district, Wm. L. Kelly, rep.; *fifth district, A. C. Harmer, rep.; *sixth district, Smedley Darlington, rep.; *eighth district, Wm. Munchler, dem.; *ninth district, J. B. Brunner, dem.; *tenth district, M. Mariot Brasins, rep.; *fourteenth district, J. W. Rife, rep.; *fifteenth district, M. B. Wright, rep.; *seventeenth district, Chas. R. Bucknell, rep.; *nineteenth district, Levi Marsh, dem.; *twenty-third district, Chas. M. Bayne, rep.

The indications are that Pennsylvania has gone for Harrison by 50,000 majority.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 6.—Sixty precincts in Cincinnati give Harrison 11,817, Cleveland 9435. The city having been redistricted there can be no comparison. There are 168 precincts in the city.

Over 96 per cent of the registered vote in Cincinnati was polled today. Comparison in Ohio is made with the governor's vote in 1887, when Foraker's plurality was 23,334. There are 2304 wards and precincts in the state. The democrats concede Hamilton County with the possible exception of one candidate.

Three hundred and fifty-five precincts show a net democratic gain of 1720. Total vote 127,025.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 7, 1:30 a.m.—Allen W. Thurman, who was looking after the returns for his father, went home soon after midnight after conceding New York, Connecticut and victory to Harrison and Morton.

Judge Thurman heard only incomplete returns before he retired for the night, but he then was inclined to give up the fight.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 6.—Up to 12:30 this afternoon 19,000 votes were polled in this city. This surpasses the heaviest previous record at the same hour by 4,000 votes. Hoard, republican candidate for governor, is running ahead of his ticket throughout the state. The Harrison electors are receiving the full republican vote.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Thirty election districts in Albany County give Cleveland 9092, Harrison 6696. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 7928, Blaine 6571.

In a 4:30 a. m. postscript, the *Herald* has a special from D. E. English, of San Francisco, claiming a majority of 500 to 600 for Cleveland in that state.

It also has a special from John C. Campbell, at Chicago, claiming the state for Palmer, and stating that the electoral ticket is in doubt.

THE HONEST OLD MAN.

The *Herald* has a special from Columbus, in which Judge Thurman is credited with these utterances:

"I see that Brice has sent out a dispatch saying that New York has gone democratic by 10,000. The returns do not bear him out in this, and I cannot see the object of sending out such news. From the figures we have here, after corrections, I estimate that the republicans have certainly carried New York by at least 10,000. In fact it looks as if the people of the United States have decided that the tariff is not a tax and they are the arbiters in this case. If they have de-

cided so, nobody will acquiesce in their decision more quickly than I."

"What is your estimate as to Ohio?"

"We have received full returns from about 150 precincts, which show an average democratic gain of 94 to the precinct. If we should raise the average to 104 to the precinct we should carry the state. The precincts heard from are largely city and town voting places, and we expected to make our greatest gains in the country; so there is no telling what will happen yet. At best the republican plurality will not be 10,000, and I believe it will not be 500. I tell you if the national committee had listened to us and had done as Brice and Townsend and I wished them to do, we should have carried this state, but they not only gave us no money but they took from us money that we had collected. It is a great mistake and has lost us the election."

"You give up the entire election, then?" I asked.

"I do, we are defeated."

BROOKLYN, Nov. 7.—The result of the election in King's County was a surprise to the democratic traders, who had expected 23,000 plurality for Cleveland. The shrinkage of the democratic vote into a little more than one-half of that figure is not accounted for.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Eight hundred and twenty-eight election districts in New York state outside of New York and King's counties, gives Cleveland 130,993, Harrison 202,814, Flisk 9,635. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 140,234, Blaine 181,620, St. John 8,820.

CONGRESSMEN ELECTED.

The Congressmen elected in this city are—Sixth district, Fitzerald, democrat; tenth district, Spinola, democrat; fourteenth district, Stahlnecker, democrat; seventh district, Dugan, democrat; eighth district, McCarthy over Campbell, democrat; ninth district, Cox, democrat; eleventh district, Quinn, democrat; twelfth district, Fitch, democrat.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 7.—The Congressmen elected in this city are—second district, Campbell; third district, Combs; fourth district, Clancey; fifth district, Wagner.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The opinion formed last night which gave the state of New York to Harrison, republican, for President, and to Hill, democrat, for governor, is confirmed by later scattering returns. The districts yet to be heard from cast in 1884 a total of 364,520 votes. Reports by counties indicate a further gain of 5000 for Harrison. If the scattering precincts not heard from keep up the drift shown in the adjoining precincts heard from, Harrison's plurality will be 3000 to 10,000, Hill's about 10,000.

Sunset Cox is re-elected.

THE NEXT HOUSE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The *Tribune* says: The House of Representatives in the Fifty-first Congress will be republican by 20 to 25 majority. Indications are that this may be slightly increased. The New York delegation will stand 18 republicans, 16 democrats. In Connecticut the republicans gain two Congressmen, in New Jersey they lose one. Some notable gains are recorded in the south, in Louisiana and Arkansas and in the west in Missouri.

The *Times* says the democrats will have a majority in the Fifty-first Congress somewhat larger than in the fiftieth.

A FORLORN HOPE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Following are the headlines of an extra to the *Evening World*: "Forlorn hope. It looked as if Illinois might elect Cleveland, but later returns are more and more republican. You may as well call it 'President Harrison.'"

A BIG DIFFERENCE.

The *Evening Telegram* publishes that Harrison's plurality will be 10,000, Hill's 17,000.

HARRISON SEEMS CERTAIN.

ALBANY, Nov. 7.—The *Evening Journal* estimates a plurality of 12,000 for Harrison and 17,000 for Hill in New York state. The republicans gain nine assemblymen. The congressional delegation is unchanged in political proportions.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The *Telegram* says: "So far, the election of Harrison stands recorded as next to certain. New York has shifted to the republican column and made his victory certain, if other states remain, as they were in 1884."

The *Evening Sun* says: "Latest dispatches indicate that the election of Harrison is assured beyond question." Corrected returns received from counties in the States so far increase Harrison's plurality to 10,000.

Vague dispatches have been received from Indiana and so far as they indicate anything, they point to republican gains.

Whatever doubt was raised by reports that Illinois had gone democratic was dissipated by the latest dispatches from Chicago which say that the republican electoral ticket has a plurality of not less than 20,000.

A dispatch received from Fayette County, the home of Chairman Huston, of the republican committee, says: "Fourteen out of fifteen precincts give a democratic gain of 25 to 40 in the county."

Salisbury, Gladstone and Balfour had made arrangements to obtain at the earliest moment bulletins of the result of the elections. Phelps hopes that the returns from Michigan and Ohio will turn the tide.

The *World* says: "Chairman Brice refuses to concede Harrison's election. He has not yet conceded New York State."

In Connecticut the vote is so close that the official count may be necessary to decide the contest, as has been the case in that state several times before. The unofficial returns received from all but four small towns give Cleveland a plurality of 450. It is probable that he had carried the state by less than 500 votes.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 7.—The *Globe* says Wilson, democrat, is elected governor and Harrison and Morton carry the state by 12,000.

The *Pioneer Press* gives Merriam, republican, for governor a plurality.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—The republican state committee claim a plurality of 25,000 for Harrison and Morton, 10,000 for Merriam, republican candidate for governor, 20,000 for the balance of the state ticket, and the election of five republican congressmen.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 7.—Returns from seven precincts outside the city give Harrison 616, Cleveland 455.

Returns from thirty-four of the counties of the state out of forty-three give Harrison nearly 12,000 majority, and Cooper, republican, for governor between 8000 and 10,000. Partial returns from seven precincts of Arapahoe County and Denver, indicate a republican majority on the entire ticket of 2000 to 3000.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 7.—Cleveland's majority in the state is estimated at 30,000.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—The proportion of gains shown by the first ten precincts in Indiana, if uniform all over the state, would just about wipe out Cleveland's plurality of 6331 in 1884, indicating a degree of closeness that is very uncomfortable to the politician. Chairman Huston again asserts that Indiana is reliably republican, and the democrats are equally confident.

VERY DOUBTFUL.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7, 11 a.m.—The feeling at this writing is one of uncertainty. The returns are very slow coming in. Democratic gains are shown in the returns from Marion County, but some of the strongest republican wards and precincts are yet to be heard from. Both sides claim the state, but each admits that it may go either way. The latest reports show that in 440 out of 1806 precincts in the state Harrison has a net gain of 2800. Important reports are expected every minute, and the excitement on the streets is intense. The republicans are inclined to be jubilant over the indications showing Harrison's election, but feel, as one gentleman expressed it, that "the sauce is spoiled by the seasoning if Indiana goes democratic," so there are no marked demonstrations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—Three hundred precincts in Indiana show a net republican gain of 1935.

The returns from sixty-seven of ninety-one precincts in this (Marion) county show a plurality of 500 to 800 for the democratic ticket. Large gains were made in the rural districts. Labor districts in this city also show democratic gains. Four hundred precincts of Indiana show a net republican gain of 2576.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7, 11:30 a.m.—Five hundred and ten out of 1806 precincts in the state give Harrison 56,378, Cleveland 68,178. In 1884 Blaine received 70,272, Cleveland 65,330, a net republican gain of 3362.

THE DEMOCRATS CLAIM IT.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7, 12:30 p.m.—The democratic managers are assembled at their headquarters receiving and tabulating returns independently of the Western Union.

Chairman Jewett, in answer to an interrogation, said: "Our reports show that we have carried the state by from 3,000 to 5,000, unless the returns are tampered with."

Governor Gray thought the state was safely democratic. Col. Matson, candidate for governor, said the result is very doubtful. Hon. S. P. Sizer, secretary of the democratic national committee, said: "I can only repeat what I said last night. We have surely carried Indiana and I have no doubt of it. By what plurality of course I cannot estimate, as I believe it will be very close. Our official returns from 237 precincts in the state show a net democratic loss of only 643."

REPUBLICANS GAINING.

3:10 p.m.—Six hundred and forty-five precincts in Indiana give Harrison 90,250, Cleveland 90,368. The same precincts in 1884 gave Blaine 91,054, Cleveland 86,615.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—The republicans claim a plurality for Harrison in this state of 35,000. The *Globe* places the majority for Harrison at 20,000 to 32,000, and concedes the election of ten republican Congressmen out of twelve.

The latest figures show the republican plurality to be 27,077.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Nov. 7.—The election of Wheeler, republican, in the tenth dis-

trict over Fisher, the present incumbent, is conceded. This leaves but one district, the seventh, in doubt and is a republican gain of three. Should Whiting, democrat, be elected in the seventh, which now seems probable, the delegation will stand nine republicans and two democrats. Additional returns received up to noon do not materially change the vote for governor. Luce's plurality will exceed ten thousand.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 7.—The *Courant* figures that with two small towns to be heard from, which cannot change the result, Cleveland has 450 plurality.

THE FIGURES REVISED.

HARTFORD, Nov. 7.—Connecticut gives Cleveland for President a plurality of 423 with two towns to hear from, which will reduce it to about 230. Morris, democrat, beat Bulkeley, republican, for governor 1500, with three towns to hear from. Bulkeley will be elected by the republican legislature. The Congressional delegation stands three republicans and one democrat. The general assembly is about the same as last year.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.—Niedringhaus and Frank, republicans, have defeated the democratic candidates for Congress in the eighth and ninth districts by 1500 majority. Kimball, republican candidate for governor, carries this city by 9000 majority. The majority for the republican presidential candidate is about 400 less.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 7.—The state has gone democratic on the national ticket, but the legislature is probably republican.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—The vote in several congressional districts is very close.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATIC.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 7.—W. W. Scott, the secretary of the democratic state committee, claims the state for Cleveland by a reduced majority, probably between four and five thousand.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Great excitement prevails here today, in striking contrast with the quiet situation of yesterday. Cleveland has carried the state by a reduced majority. The democrats elect six Congressmen, the republicans one, and three are doubtful.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 7.—Harrison's plurality in Iowa will probably exceed 30,000. Weaver in the sixth district and Anderson in the eighth, are both beaten, giving the republicans every Congressman in the state but one.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Harrison's victory has caused no excitement in diplomatic circles as it was expected. The public show no interest in the election.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—A terrible collision occurred yesterday on a railway in southern Russia, near Kouel. Many were killed.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 7.—A ferry steamer sank in a collision and sixty were drowned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The *Post* tomorrow will say:

The President takes the result calmly and philosophically. He talked quite freely about the returns and the increased republican vote, but expressed not the slightest regret at any action he had taken during his administration. He is willing to admit that his position on the tariff, and the decision that he took in favor of revenue reform may have lost him many votes, but still maintains if it were to do it over again he would follow the dictates of his convictions. The President received no telegrams from the national democratic committee until late tonight. From what he has heard, however, he concedes he is defeated. He says the blame to no one particularly and says that Hill and Tammany Hall treated him with perfect fairness, and he has no fault to find at all.

A VIRGINIA FIGHT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—A special to the *Post* from Norfolk, Va., says: A riot occurred in Portsmouth about 8 o'clock tonight between whites and blacks. Four hundred negroes marched down Eighth Street, the principal thoroughfare in the city, singing, "Hang Grover Cleveland on a sour apple tree." At the corner of Dinwoody Street a large party of white men were congregated, and a white boy and a negro had a scuffle. The negroes came to the rescue of their comrade, and were charged by the whites. Hardly had the fight commenced before shots were fired by the negroes. Then the wildest excitement prevailed, and after about forty shots had been fired the negroes retreated. The whites then discovered that three of their men had been wounded. Samuel Onst was shot in the leg, James Mahoney in the abdomen, and John Reiger in the eye. The two latter are probably fatally wounded. Immediately after the riot, and after the negroes had retreated, the whites began arming themselves. Everybody is now armed. Mayor Baird has called out the Old Dominion Guard, and 150 special policemen have been sworn in. The excitement is intense, and the negroes are reported forming just outside the city. Another outbreak is feared. A detachment of guards will be sent to disperse the mob of negroes.