

Couldn't Say Whether Postoffice Report Implicates Any of the Present Members.

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# HE WANTED BEAVERS' SCALP

A Number of Years Ago He First Suspected He Was Not Just The Thing.

Washington, March 21 .-- The McCall committee today continued consideration of the report from the postoffice department concerning members of Congress, Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow continuing his testimony. Mr. Burton asked Mr. Bristow if the clerk hire allowances were not made according to secret regulations in the postoffice department.

"There is a schedule, I understand," replied Mr. Bristow, "in the first assistant's office that is confidential, upon which these allowances are based. I would not want to say that Mr. Beavers in the administration of that office made these allowances in accordance to those regulations. I think he made them according to his own pleasure." Mr. McCall asked if any congress-men knew what the secret rule was.

#### NOT IN BRISTOW'S BUREAU.

"I don't know anything about that," was Mr. Bristow's response. 'It is not in my own bureau and I could not say. I was informed by the first assistant postmaster general Friday that it was accessible to members of Con-

gress." Mr. Bristow did not know whether the members of Congress ever had been informed about this secret test. He suggested that the first assistant would be able to give a more satisfactory answer.

Rent of fourth-class offices, it was explained Mr. Bristow, was limited by law to a maximum of \$400 a year and an allowance of \$60 for fuel and light.

Mr. Bartlett then read to Mr. Bristow a number of questions to ascer-tain the identity of the persons who prepared the report, first asking had with reference to that part of the re-port referring to clerk hire. Mr. Bris-tow said he had no information except what he had been told. He suggested that First Assistant Postmaster-General Wynne could answer that question. As to the lease section of the report said he would furnish the committee with a list of the inspectors who made up the report.

"Do you say," said Mr. Burton, "that in this report to the postoffice commit-tee concerning members of Congress, there is no proof of improper conduct on the part of any members of the present Congress? First, I will ask with reference to clerk hire?"

COLDS For obstinate colds, lingering coughs and persistent bronchitis Scott's Emulsion is a standard remedy and a reliable cure.' You can feel the good

# effects of even a small Easy to take. bottle. "of any case in this report of improper conduct with reference to the making of leases on the part of the congress-

men?" "I don't know of any, but I am not

familiar with that report, so I don't see that I can satisfactorily express myself with reference to it." "Then you make the same answer with regard to clerk hire as to leases?"

asked Mr. McCall. "Yes. sir."

#### CONGRESSMEN INCONSISTENT.

Mr. Bartlett called Mr. Bristow's attention to this language in his own re port: "Congressmen frequently ask to do things which they themselves would refuse to do if the responsibility of de-cision was upon them. The traditions of American politics afford many instances of this kind."

"I take it that was merely a rhetor-cal flourish," commented Mr. Burton, "I think that members of Congress freical quently recommend things or ask things which, if the responsibility was on them to decide they would refuse what they have recommended. I think have declined many things members of Congress have asked and that, if they had been in my position, and had taken it up from the standpoint of the ex-ecutive they would have made the same decision that I did. I have found them fair men to do business with." Mr. Bartleti called Mr. Bristow's at-

"The foregoing cases refer to clerk hire in third and fourth class offices. A hundred similar cases could be cited. The millions that have been appropri-ated for that purpose during the last four years have been used by Beavers largely as an official per quisite for the benefit of his personal and political friends. "Does the '100 other cases' refer to

"There may have been Congressmen in that large number o cases I had in mind," answered Mr. Bristow.

Mr. Bristow was asked to submit the

100 other cases. Mr. McDermott concluded the inves-tigation of Mr. Bristow by asking a number of questions regarding the offi-cial duties of the fourth assistant post-master-general. He brought out that there are 200 inspectors under the jurisdistion of the fouth assistant for which 600,000 is appropriated. These inspectorstors are under general and not specific directions. WHEN BEAVERS WAS SUSPECTED "When did you first suspect Mr. Bea-vers of maladministration?" demand-ed Mr. McDermott. "Well, a number of years ago I thought Mr. Beavers was not just the kind of an officer I would want for a subordinate, but I had no specific information regarding his conduct." "Did you have any suspicion about Mr. Heath?" asked Mr. McDermott. "I don't think I could say that I suspected Mr. Heathe's integrity," and-swered Mr. Bristow.

IN PHILIPPINES.

Secy. Taft Says Government Had To Shut One Eye to Some Irregularities.



Trade of Archipelago Would Have Disappeared.

Washington, March 21 .- Secy. Taft was heard by the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries today on pending bills affecting commerce between the Philippine islands and the United States. The committee has before it a bill patting in force the United States coastwike trade laws after July 1, 1904; also a bill passed by the senate fixing the date # year later. The secretary said there was not much dependent on these measures as long as there was not free trade between this country and the Philippings.

The hemp interest was taken care of now and there was little of tobacco or sugar imported under the present tariff rates. Speaking in favor of allowing freedom of inter-island traffic in the Philippines, he said: "Had not the civil government of the Philippines winked at the assimilation of native and foreign vessels, that is, of foreign computing their their

foreign corpotations transferring their vessels to American r Filipino compa-nies, the inter-island trade of the Phil-

These inter-island trade of the Phil-ippines could hat have been carried on." The secretary explained that the gov-ernment had been compelled to close one eve to such transfers in order that the commerce of the islands should not come to ruin. He was asked what the effect of such transfers would be after the constrained to the complete to the the coastwise laws are applied to the

the coastwise laws are applied to the islands, and said: "The situation is that of feeding a starving man. The interchange of com-modities of the different islands is a ne-cessity. It is likely that a system of small fines would prevail and the same ships that are now engaged in the traffic would continue to handle it in violation of the coastwise laws. If the vessels that have bedy mermitted in this fashion that have been permitted in this fashion to carry freight were shut out I don't know what would happen. The people could not get along." Secy. Taft said that he had never

Secy. Taft said that he had never investigated the situation in the islands to learn whether the reported scarcity of vessels was colored, because he was satisfied in regard to the situation. He had avoided purposely becoming pos-sessed of information which would be-come embarfassing. He gave it as his opinion that the treaty of Paris limits the special privilege of Spanish vessels to trade between Spain and the Philip-pines, and does not authorize them to pines, and does not authorize them to engage in the inter-island trade. There are enough vessels in the trade now to take care of present demands, said the

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which it admits having received mon-ey, and at Mr. Damato's request Man-ager McGregor gave a bond for \$1,000. St. Louis, March 21.—When shown a dispatch from New York today to the effect that a concern managed by J. D. McGregor proposed to furnish a large number of non-union persons to fill em-ployment contracts with the world's fair, Walter B. Stevens, secretary of the exposition company, said:

company has no "The exposition knowledge of McGregor and his plans. There is no agreement between con-cessionaries and the world's fair as to the employment of labor, union otherwise."

# RIDRES ON PASSES.

## Cannot Claim Damages for Injuries Sustained.

Washington, March 21. The United States supreme court today decided that persons traveling on railroads may not secure damages in case of accident when they ride on passes, and the decision went to the extent of applying the principle to such passengers as were not familiar with the contract usually printed on the backs of passes. The case decided was that of John D. Boering and his wife, Merlin Boering, vs the Chesapeake Beach Railroad com-pany. Mrs. Boering was injured in an accident on the road while traveling on a pass issued to barself and husband a pass issued to herself and husband, containing the usual stipulation of exemption from damage. It was urged that she had not been made aware of the stipulation, and that even if not liable on general principles, the com-pany must be so on account of her ig-norance. The court did hot accept this view.

## Hooping it Up for Hearst.

Boston, March 21.-Congressman Van Dusen of Nevada and George Fred Williams, former member of Congress from Massachusetts, were the principal speakers at a mass meeting held in Faneuil hall tonight under the aus-pices of the Hearst Labor league of Massachusetts. The speakers endorsed



rton, Byron Groo, ston, Heber M. Wells, A. W. Carlson,

# The Clothlers, 45-47 Main BARTON & CO.,

Well, I could not say. I have not been able to go over it and examine

The lease section of the report was to and the same question referred asked with reference to criticism of members of Congress. Mr. Bristow said he had not in mind any cases outside the three cases he had prepared. Continuing, Mr. Bristow said:

### WAS AFTER BEAVERS.

"What I was endeavoring to investigate was Mr. Beavers. That report re-fers to the methods of his administra-tion and in discussing that it necessitated bringing in instances where members of Congress had made recommen-dations that he had allowed where I considered such allowances improper.

"I did not consider it incumbent on ma to state whether a member of Congress had done anything improper or not. I simply set forth the facts and drew my conclusion with reference to Mr. Beavers' administration. I think I cer-tainly said that on page 145 of my re-

Here Mr. Bristow related how congressmen as a rule "want their constitu-ents to have what they are justly entitled to no more."

Continuing his testimony, Mr. Bris-tow remarked:

"The responsibility of these allow-ances I placed entirely on the depart-ment. If a member of Congress purposely or inadvertently makes a recommendation, the responsibility is in the department."

"There seems to be a misapprehen-sion that I have made an assault on members of Congress," continued Mr. Bristow.

"That includes both houses?" inter-jected Mr. McCall.

Well, I certainly never have," concluded Mr. Bristow, "used any language that could be construed that way." "Do you know," asked Mr. Burton

**Every Throb** Of My Heart Was Plainly Felt, and Sometimes Very Painful.

If your pulse is too strong, and your heart throbs so that you can feel the force of the heart-beat against your chest, your heart is weak and needs attention.

This is usually caused by long continued palpitation, over-work, excessive exercise, heart strain, and the condition indicates serious heart trouble. You should act at once.

The very best thing to do is to take Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, a remedy that will strengthen the nerves and muscles of the heart, and restore them to their normal condition.

If you neglect to do this, disastrous consequences will surely follow. You will have smothering spells, pain in the heart, faintness, the valves of the heart will become leaky, and the heart left in a death struggle.

a death struggle. "My heart bothered me so that I could feel every pulsation. Could only sleep on my loft side. Doctors told me that I had one-fifth enlargement of the heart. I had all the usual symptoms of heart trouble. I took about 15 or 20 bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and am completely cured. I have had no symp-tom of heart disease for two years, and am attending to my business affairs, which I could not do before."--E. C. GATLIN, Manufacturer, Blue Mound, Kan. If first bottle does not benefit, your

If first bottle does not benefit, your

money back.

TREE Write to us for Free Trial Pain Pilis, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Elank. Our Specialist will diagnose your case, tell you what is wrong, and how to right it, Free. DR. MILES MEDICAL. CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND,

"You did suspect Mr. Beavers?" "Well, I do not know that I suspect-

ed his integrity. After the investiga tion began I became very clearly con-vinced that he was dishonest."

After some further questioning Mr. McDermott commented as follows: "My judgment is that your whole postal system is rotten, and I think there are instances in your depart-

department Mr. McDermott then said: "If you

were suspicious why did you not in vestigate Beavers?"

"Because I would have been prompt-ly told that I had no business to inves-tigate into another man's department. I could do that only if instructed to do so, I had no authority to investigate Mr. Beavers."

Mr. McDermoit asked Mr. Bristow about clerk hire allowances in his home office in Kansas City, to which refernce is made in the report. Mr. Bristow had no knowledge on the

subject. The committee then went into executive session, requesting First Assistant Wynne, Chief Waters of the salary and allowance division and Mr. Gran-

field, his clerk, to remain. The committee adjourned for the day after discussing for two hours behind closed doors that part of the report related to clerk hire with First Assistant Wynne, Supt. Waters and Clerk Granfield. These officials will go on the stand in open session tomorrow. Chairman McCall stated that there was nothing brought out in the execu-tive session that will not be made pub-lie at the hearing tomorrow.

## Chinese Merchants Will Stay.

Washington, March 21,--In an opinion by Justice Day the supreme court of the United States today reversed the decision of the disrtict court for the Eastern district of New York in the cases of three Chinese laundrymen of Brooklyn for deportation under the Chinese exclusion laws. The Chinamen have been in the United States for from 10 to 30 years. They were apprehended on warrants charging them with failure to produce certificates in accordance with the exclusion law of 1892 as amended in 1893. They made reference that they were merchants, and while the government asked to have the effect of the amendment of 1993 construed, the court declined to do so, saying that owing to the condi-tion of the record in the case, the court had consulted the testimony. All the witnesses had stated that the men were engaged in mercantile pursuits, and that, therefore, they were not subject to deportation. The court issued an order to the lower court directing the discharge of the men.

#### Employes' Wages Reduced.

Lawrence, Mass., March 21 .- Two housand operatives employed in the Arlington cotton mills in this city were notified today that a reduction varying from 5 to 10 per cent in wages would go into effect on March 28,

## Fortune Left to Kruger.

Parls, March 21 .- Paul Kruger, former president of the Transvaal, who is residing at Mentone, has inherited a small fortune left to him by Charles Chabossean, a school teacher of St. Bazeille, and an ardent admirer of the secretary, but not enough to take care of a normal percase in the commerce of the islands. He thought the building of ships might keep pace with the increase of trade, but regretted that Congress had rejected the request of the Philip

pine commission that Chinamen skilled in ship building be permitted to come into the islands for a period of Sve

Taking up the subject of the hem industry in the Philippines, Secy. Taft said that the islands have a monopoly in the finest fibre that is raised in the world, and which cannot be raised anywhere else.

Referring to the Philippines generally

Referring to the Philippines generally, Secy. Taft said that his great object is to reduce the tariff to at least 25 per cent of the bingley rate, though person-ally he favored free trade. Secy. Tart said he did not think trade in Philippine sugar would destroy the sugar industry of the United States. He said the adoption of the pending bill would practically destroy all the trade there was between the United States and the Philippines except the hemp trade, which would have the benefit of \$7.50 rebate. That trade, he said, amounted to between \$4,000,000 and \$5,-000,000. 000,000

# LOOKS LIKE A FRAUD.

New York Concern Gets Money Out of Man by Promising Places New York, March 21 .- To make the St. Louis exposition a strictly nonunion affAir and after it is over to throw the sage of battle down to the unions in that city itself is the declared purpose of a concern that has contracted to furnish employment at the

exposition to more than 1,000 persons from this city. The intention of the company was disclosed today when J. N. McGreker, the manager, was sum-moned before Gaetano Damato, who is in charge of Mayor McClellan's bureau of licenses, Mr. Damato had received more then a thousand complaints more then a thousand complaints against the concern from persons who had paid \$1 each for positions which they had been promised on April 25, and who became suspicious and demanded that their money be returned. The demands were not complied with, concern maintaining that it will find employment for thousands, from

Makes Work Easier Salt Lake City People Are Pleased

# To Learn How It Is Done.

It's profity hard to attend to duties With a constantly aching back: With a having urinary disorders. Doan's Kidney Pills make work eas-

They dure backache. They dure every kidney ill.

E. Madsen, plumber, employed at the Salt Lake Mardware Co., residence 964 West Fourth South St., says: "Twentyone years ago I was run over by a team and since then my back has been weak and my klaneys caused me no end of annoyance. In following my occupa-tion, fitfing furnaces, heaters, etc., i have to group a great deal and most of

the work necessitates strain on the muscles of the back. This, of course, aggravates the cause and when in the acute stage I frequently suffer. Knowing from the irregular action of the kidney woretions that the kidneys were responsible for the annoyances led me to try remedies when the at-tacks wire very pronounced. None of tacks where very pronounced. None of them ever brought such lasting relief as Doan a leidney Pills, procured at the F. J. Hill Drug Co.'s store. Satisfied that one box did its work thoroughly and well I purchased a second and when I had completed it the last attack stopped." stopped/

For said by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name-Doan's-and take nd substitute.

the candidacy of W. R. Hearst for nomination for president by the Democratic party.

## Danger of Combination.

New York, March 22 .- In an address before students of the College of the City of New York, W. H. Truesdale, president of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company, has described great combinations of labor and of capital as socialistic, declaring that their tendency is to shackle, it not to destroy, American individuality, to which the country owes so much. But he deemed himself fortunate he said to have lived in a period during which gigantic strides had been made in traffic problems, After describing the development of

the great industries of the United States, greatest of which, he declared, is the railroad business, Mr. Truesdale expressed the opinion that the gain from year to year is due to the spirit of American freedom. He does not expect the same proportionate mileage to be constructed hereafter, as the cost of terminals-where there is not actual. ly a prohibition--will interfere, but the improvements will continue as rapidly

as ever. He said that the great combinations of capital are impossible elsewhere, and it is a question if they do not stifle individuality. Labor organiza-tions may be beneficial in a way; they have done good in some cases, and they have done injury in others. When they stifle ambition, however, they do harm. Both sorts of combinations, he con cluded, are socialistic in their tenden-CY.

## Cargoes for Guam.

San Francisco, March 22.-Commission-er of Navigation Chamberlain has writ-ten to Collector Stratton inclosing a copy of an opinion rendered by Afty.-Gen, Knox, in which it is held that foreign vessels may carry cargo from a port of the United States to Guam without in-curring a penality. It is decided that until Congress legislates in the matter the soast-wise laws requiring domestic trade to be carried on in vessels of the United States do not apply. By the same reasoning it would seem that foreign vessels may en-gage in trade with Pago Pago, Tutuila.

#### Labor in Nitrate Fields.

New York. March 22.-A message from Iquique, states that a warm welcome has been given to two democratic deputies who have gone there on their own ac-count to quietly investigate the conditions of labor in the nitrate fields, cables the Herald's correspondent at Valparaiso, Chuil

hili. This welcome stands in marked contrais to the reception given to Errazuriz Urmineta, minister of the interior, who, as a millionaire, was regarded by the workers as ignorant of the inner life of the poorer classes and as being preju-diced.

#### Mandehur's Captain an American

Manuchur's Capitain an American San Francisco, March 22.—Officers of the steamer Copile, just arrived, saw the Russian gunboat Mandehur lying in the river at Shanghia, and report that her commander is a Capit. Carter, born in the United States, but a Russian by naturalization. When ordered to leave Chinese waters Capit. Carter emphaticat-by refused and invited somebody to make him move. At last accounts he was still at Shanghal with his gunboat. A Japan-ese battleship and a criuser flying the same flag passed out of the river while te Copile was at Shanghal.

#### John Enos, Inventor, Dead.

New York, March 22 .- John Enos, an inventor of several patented contri-vances, is dead at Bellevue from pneumonia. He was taken to the hospital from a cheap lodginghouse in the Bowery, where he had made his home for a long period. Enos is said to have enjoyed a large income and to have been connected with a wealthy Massachu. setts family.

# Mayor McClellan Has Grip.

New York, March 22 .- Mayor McClellan is confined to his home by a severe attack of grip. His physicians expect, however, that he will be able to trans-act business as usual in a few days.



