

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 27.—The *World's* Indianapolis special says: The reporter of the *World* sought an interview with Hendricks, last evening, on the subject of the confessions of McLin and Dennis, of Florida, concerning the election frauds. Though persistently questioned, Hendricks steadily declined to submit to a formal interview. However, in an informal way, during the course of conversation, he said the confessions were in no manner a surprise to him. He intimated that legal proceedings, based upon them, would be instituted, but not immediately, although he could not state what precise form would be adopted. In regard to his views on the presidential question, he quoted from his speech to the Democratic State Convention of February 20, saying, while it is perfectly true that the title of Hayes to the office of President was settled under forms of law, it is still none the less true that imperative duty demands of us that a fitting punishment be visited upon the public criminals through whose flagitious crimes that judgment was obtained. Hendricks declined to talk more fully upon the matter, partly because it had not received much recent consideration from him, but more especially because he had of late abandoned the discussion of politics.

The steamer for Europe, to-day, takes 220,000 Mexican silver dollars.

The run on the Dry Dock and German Saving's Banks were diminished to-day. The German continues to pay all deposits on demand. Its liabilities are \$10,000, and the surplus in January was \$600,000.

The *World's* Washington special says: That Tilden, Conkling and Butler all encouraged these Florida men to turn States evidence against themselves, is well known here. All of them want to "sink Hayes" as Conkling said. Butler and Conkling aim to isolate Hayes wholly from the party, and make his position intolerable to him. Some people begin to think they may succeed in this, but the majority think Hayes cannot be got out of the White House before March, 1881, except by death or by a squad of soldiers.

BOSTON, 27.—The creditors of Nathan Matthews who, in 1870, was worth about \$7,000,000, have petitioned him into bankruptcy. Matthews was an extensive operator in real estate.

PHILADELPHIA, 27.—A gentleman just returned from Brazil, reports dissatisfaction among the laborers who sailed from here. The Italians, as soon as they arrived on the Marmora River, begun to strike for wages. The demonstration was suppressed by the older laborers and the refractory ones imprisoned.

MAHONEY CITY, Pa., 27.—C. E. Shuburg, receiving teller of the First National Bank, who resigned in February, has been arrested on two charges of embezzlement and falsifying the books and papers of the bank.

WASHINGTON, 27.—The Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes Temperance Society, last night, dropped the name of the organization on the ground that although Mrs. Hayes discountenanced wine at the Duke Alexia and other dinners at the Executive Mansion, she countenanced the use of claret punch at the dinner on the excursion steamer on the Delaware Bay, during the recent presidential trip.

The amount of United States notes retired the present month in consequence of the issue of national bank notes will be about \$1,200,000. The Secretary of the Treasury orders this amount to be replaced by silver dollars, to be paid out in the course of business. This sum will be distributed among various sub-treasuries and public depositories, so that this extent of the silver dollar be paid out for currency obligations. This payment of silver dollars will not interfere with procuring silver dollars in exchange at par for gold coin, at any time.

PHILADELPHIA, 27.—President Hayes and party started this morning, for a tour of the coal and iron regions of Lehigh and Schuylkill valleys. The most prominent industrial establishments on the route will be inspected. They will return to the city this evening.

SALEM, Ind., 27.—James Baine, cashier of the Salem National Bank, is missing. A note found

in the bank, addressed to his father-in-law, says: "I am financially disgraced and ruined. Wall Street did it." It is not known that any money belonging to the bank has been used.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., 27.—August and Hannah Grisler, an aged couple, who lived near Youngsville, have been found horribly mutilated and dead in the house of the latter. It is thought August killed his wife and then himself.

WHEELING, 27.—The Supreme Court of Appeals has confirmed the decision of the lower courts awarding \$8,000 to J. W. Sweeny, damages against the *Register* for libellous articles published in that paper during the political campaign four years ago.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 27.—On Thursday night, the raft that is used for transferring passengers across the Cheyenne river on the Cheyenne route, capsized when in the middle of the stream. All the mail and baggage was lost and the passengers narrowly escaped drowning.

The warm weather of the past few days has caused the rapid melting of the snow in the mountains, which has swollen the already dangerously high creeks that run through Deadwood.

This evening a rain storm set in, and great fear is entertained that a portion of the business centre of the city will be seriously damaged by floods.

The district court was adjourned to-day on account of the water flowing into the court room. All deeds and papers are being removed from the recorder's office, which is in the path of the raging waters, to a place of safety. A large gang of men are at work tearing down the bridges and small buildings that obstruct the free passage of the water.

BOSTON, 27.—There is no material change in the wool market. Fine fleeces are a shade lower, but prices have not settled down to a point where buyers are disposed to operate more freely, and desirable fleeces are likely to disappear quite rapidly. Some 309,000 lbs. of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia having been taken during the past week. A fair quotation for Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces is 37½ @ 40, including No. 1, XXX and above; and, it is understood, that most of the sales this week were at 37½ @ 38, although reports are current that a lower price was accepted. Sales of Michigan and Wisconsin fleeces at 35 @ 37½ for No. 1 and X, but it would now be difficult to place any Michigan at over 36. Delaine and combing sold at 40 @ 48. The transactions in California during the past week comprise 311,000 lbs. at 12½ @ 19 for fall, and 18 @ 28½ for spring, the latter for a lot of Humboldt County; pulled wools are in moderate demand.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—Eureka, Cal., dispatch says: Dolbeer & Carson's saw mill was burned last night. Loss \$50,000 to \$75,000; supposed incendiary. The amount of insurance is unknown.

It is reported this evening, by parties who claim to be in the plot, that in the anticipation of the breaking out of hostilities between England and Russia, a movement is about to fit out a privateer in this port to prey on British commerce. Letters of marque from the Russian government are already here in blank, waiting for the declaration of war, to be filled out. Negotiations are under way for the purchase of one of a number of steamers now laid up in Alameda creek on the opposite side of the bay. The commissions of officers are also here and funds to carry out the project. Over 200 men have signed articles, binding themselves to engage in the enterprise. The recruits are drawn mostly from the idle classes who are ready for anything. Captain Waddell, late of the wrecked Pacific Mail steamer *City of San Francisco*, formerly in command of the rebel privateer *Shenandoah*, is mentioned as the probable commander, and Captain Lapidge, late of the Pacific Mail service, is named as one of the officers. An attempt will be made to procure a number of boys from the training ship *Jamestown* for service as midshipmen. The parties profess to mean business, and will be prepared to move on the instant war is declared.

From other sources, we learn that the Russian corvette *Craysser*, now lying in position, is ready for instant action, and the object of her long delay here is to obtain the earliest possible news of the outbreak of hostilities and at once go

to sea, to lie in wait for British vessels bound to this port. It is understood that with the exception of the corvette *Opal* and the small gunboat *Rocket* at Victoria, and a frigate ship which is supposed to be somewhere in the neighborhood of Panama, there is not a single British war vessel in the North Pacific to interfere with the designs of the Russian cruiser, and it is probable the vessels at Victoria would be retained there for defensive purposes.

WASHINGTON, 28.—The Secretary of the Interior has just rendered an important decision in the case of Sullivan *et al.* vs. Walther, Omara *et al.*, involving the title to certain lands formerly within the limits of the Stockton and Copperopolis railroad grant and establishing a precedent which substantially decides 40 or 50 similar cases now before the department, on appeal, from various parts of California. This railroad grant was declared forfeited by Congress in June, 1874, and the lands were restored to pre-emption and homestead entry on September 4th, under instructions of the Interior department, based on an executive order issued by President Grant on July 9th. Prior to September 4th, however, Sullivan and various other parties executed declaratory statements, dated ahead, and alleging settlement as on September 4th, and left these papers with the register of the land office to be filed on that day. They then procured lumber and teams, and started for the lands, arriving there at sunrise, and commenced to build houses before 12 o'clock, noon. The general land office, in successive decisions of March, 1876 and June, 1877, held that these filings were valid. Secretary Schurz, in an elaborate opinion, now reverses both of these decisions. He holds that the declaratory statements were executed before settlement, and at a time when the land was in a state of reservation. That the executive order of restoration prohibited the local office from allowing any filings on entries prior to the day of restoration, and that its action in receiving the declaratory statements prior to that time and afterwards placing them on record, was contrary not only to the spirit and intent of instructions but to a just and proper administration of the law of Congress. Secretary Schurz emphasizes his opinion by the following emphatic language, applicable to all registers and receivers: "These officers have no authority to receive applications to file or enter lands which are in a state of reservation, and to hold such filings until the reservation is removed and then place them on record, in order to advance the interests of any individual. Such an act of favoritism is contrary to the proper administration of the public land system and cannot receive the sanction of this department. These filings must, therefore, be cancelled." The Secretary then proceeds to discuss the conflicting claims of various other claimants, and finally awards all the land in contest in this case to Walther & Omara, represented before the department by Joseph Tyssawski, of Washington.

BLOOMSBURY, Texas, 28.—Last night a party of eight or ten adherents of Laredo left there for Banco Ranch, where, it is reported, there is a force of 200 men waiting for an opportunity to cross into Mexico.

BOSTON, 28.—The Matapan paper mills, at Hyde Park, the oldest in New England, have shut down, owing to dull times and lack of orders, the first time for a hundred years.

NEW LONDON, Ct., 28.—The propeller *City of New Bedford*, of the New Bedford and New York Steamship Co., with freight and passengers for New York, went ashore on the south end of Fisher's Island, Long Island Sound, in a dense fog, on Saturday night. Tugs and schooners have gone to her. The passengers were landed here. All attempts to float her have been unsuccessful, and at last accounts was filling rapidly. All hands left her at 4 o'clock this afternoon. About one-third of the cargo is removed. Further efforts will be made to save her to-morrow.

DEADWOOD, 28.—This afternoon Ed. Durham shot and killed Chris. Hoffman in the latter's place of business. The shooting arose from a dispute regarding the settlement of business transactions. Durham is in jail. There is a strong feeling against Durham, and lynching is talked of.

TOPEKA, Kansas, 28.—Specials from Canon City say: The latest aspect of the conflict between the Santa Fe road and the D. and Rio Grande, is that the Santa Fe road holds all points along the proposed line from Canon City to Leadville. Late on Thursday night, the D. and R. G. officials procured an injunction from the United States District Judge of Pueblo, restraining the Santa Fe from interfering with the D. and R. G. engineers or laborers under the direction of the general manager; the mandates of the court were obeyed. At eleven o'clock, last night, Major Anderson, of the Santa Fe road, arrived with an order from Judge Henry, which restrained the D. and R. G. officers and men from work. The vigorous movements of the Santa Fe in procuring so prompt a dissolution of the injunction greatly elated the people of this section.

NEW YORK, 28.—The *Times'* Cincinnati special says: Ex-Congressman Vance arrived in this city, to-day, from San Francisco in company with Captain L. A. McKnight. He was met at the depot by his wife and Joseph Olthire, and started on this evening's boat for his home at Gallipolis. Vance is undoubtedly insane. His friends are of opinion that his brain has been affected by two causes: one, the death of his little daughter, and the other the fear of his own early demise. He labors under the impression that he is very ill, and is in constant apprehension of death. He is unable to tell anything about his trip to San Francisco. It appears, however, that while going westward on the Pacific Railroad, he fell in with a man named Lang, whom he had previously known. Lang suspected from his manner that something was wrong, and upon arriving at the Lick House, in San Francisco, he telegraphed to Vance's family, and concluded arrangements for sending him home. Vance will be taken to Gallipolis and properly cared for at his home. The wife of the music teacher who disappeared simultaneously with him has been heard from in Washington. It is definitely known that she did not accompany him in his flight.

NEW YORK, 29.—The *Tribune's* London special says: It is reported that the English government has chartered 100 fast cruisers, whose commanders are ordered to treat all Russian privateers as pirates.

The *Herald's* London correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs that Prince Gortschakoff is feigning illness for the purpose of avoiding a formal meeting with the English ambassador, Lord Loftes, to the end that he may not commit his country to any disadvantageous concession. It is also regarded as possible that the Russians will occupy Bucharest under pretext of a necessary act of precaution to maintain order.

BOSTON, 29.—The Southern Congressmen here will be given a dinner, this evening, at the Revere House, and to-morrow will visit Lawrence and Lynn, leaving in the evening for Washington.

The estate of the late Wm. Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is reported worth about \$150,000. He had policies on his life for \$62,000, \$5,000 in favor of each of his children, the remaining \$22,000 being payable to his widow.

CHICAGO, 29.—The *Times'* London special says: There was exciting rumors in London, last night, that a collision had taken place between the Russian and English troops before Constantinople, owing to the Grand Duke Nicholas insisting on celebrating the Russian Easter in the capital. The present uncertainty is so unbearable that the report was received at first as a relief. England has come to be indifferent, but something definite is wanted. The government regard a sudden outbreak of hostilities as possible, all the preparations now being in view of an emergency. The fitting out of a fleet for the Baltic is the English answer to the Russian subscriptions for cruisers, and the tremendous efforts of Russia to get together a powerful fleet. Russia takes every opportunity to introduce America into her menaces. They say they are purchasing war ships and having steamers constructed for war purposes in American ports. A Russian-American expedition, to examine the Suez Canal, is put forward by the Russian diplomats to annoy England, but the day for small manoeuvres is over.

Louis Samault, an Italian rag picker, this morning, shot Nicholas

McCue, aged 18, killing him instantly. The Italian had stolen some paper boxes from the Novelty Manufacturing Works, and was walking off with them when McCue, an employee of the firm, gave chase, and succeeded in capturing the thief, who thereupon drew from his coat a pocket revolver and shot him.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the destruction of \$1,167,696 legal tender notes; 80 per cent. of the amount is additional national bank circulation issued during the month, and the same amount will be disbursed in silver dollars for currency obligations.

The subscriptions to the 4 per cent. loan, to-day, are \$625,000.

No official information has been received of the preliminary arrangements for fitting out cruisers by the Russian government in San Francisco or elsewhere, against England, in anticipation of war. The United States and Great Britain, by a treaty of Washington, are obliged to use due diligence to prevent the fitting out, arming, or equipping any vessel which it has reasonable ground to believe is intended to carry on war against a power with which it is at peace, but until war shall exist between any two nations there can be no breach of neutrality in permitting either Russia or Great Britain from fitting out vessels in this country for any purpose.

NATICK, Mass., 29.—C. B. Travis' shoe factory and dwelling were burned, to-day, loss \$50,000, mostly insured.

ELLSWORTH, Me., 29.—A German steamer, with 600 passengers, put in at southwest harbor on Sunday, awaiting orders from Russia.

SARATOGA, John Morrissey is rapidly sinking. He was stricken with paralysis yesterday, and has not spoken since.

DETROIT, 29.—Early this morning the gas main leading into the Detroit *Free Press* office exploded. The gas ignited and instantly fired the whole building. The presses were stopped and the forms of the paper saved. The firemen were promptly on the ground, but the building could not be saved. Twelve presses and the machinery were more or less damaged. About \$40,000 worth of material in the job room was entirely destroyed. The rooms above the job rooms were used as a stereotype foundry and mailing clerks room. In the office of the latter every paper was saved intact. The rooms next above were located the composing rooms and editorial rooms. The composing room, with its equipments, was burned, and fell through, destroying the material. A similar fate befell the editorial room. The *Free Press* Company had arranged to set up, the present week, a new Bullock Perfective Press with combination folder and paster, and the foundation for the press was all in readiness in anticipation of the new press. Several thousand dollars worth of new type had been purchased and was stored in the building, most of which is lost including the dress of type now in use.

The *Post* and *Tribune*, *Evening News*, *Volkshblatt*, daily papers of this city, and job printing offices came to the proprietors of the *Free Press* with offers of assistance, and every facility for getting out the editions of the paper without delay were offered. The new Bullock perfecting press will be put up, and to-morrow's edition published as usual. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, \$42,000, insurance.

GALVESTON, 29.—Another mail carrier was killed by Indians, between Forts Davis and Stockton, yesterday. This is the sixth person killed in that vicinity during the past ten days. A train from Fort Davis, which arrived at Fort Stockton, to-day, was attacked by Indians near Borella Springs, yesterday. The mountains are reported full of Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—A. G. Lund was arrested here on Saturday, for stealing \$5,000 from the office of the White Star Steamship Co., Chicago. Charles Peterson his confederate was arrested in Nevada County. Both start east to-day in custody of detective Bull, of Chicago.

Mr. Colmesnel, Samoan minister, writes to a merchant in this city that negotiations have been commenced to have the Australian steamers call regularly at either Pagapago or Apia.