

before the executors of estates, liable for the tax, would respond to the demands of the treasurer for the payment of the tax. It was only on 1903, that the supreme court upheld the constitutionality of the law. The test case was that of State Treas-ner Dixon against A. C. Ricketts, ex-ecutor of the estate of James H. Rick-etts, deceased. In the district court a demurrer to the complaint was filed on the grounds of the unconstitutionality law and further that the com plaint did not show that any legatee named in the will would receive the sum of \$10,000, the law exempting that amount from taxation. The demurrer Was overruled by the trial court and. upon appeal to the supreme court, the hidgme of the lower court was firmed on the above date. The books of the state treasurer show that the taxes on all of the estates received so far were received between Oct. 23, 1902, and Aug. 30, Aug. 30, 1903, so it will be seen the law has hardly got in good working order yet.

INTRODUCED IN 1901.

The law, which was introduced during The law, which was introduced during the session of the Legislature of 1991, by Senator E. M. Allison, provided that a tax of 5 per cent shall be levied on all estates above the value of \$10,000, after the payment of all debts. The first clause of the law follows in full the payment of all debts. The clause of the law follows in full:

All property within the jurisdiction of All property within the jurisdiction of this state and any interested therein, whether belonging to the inhabitants of this state or not, and whether tangi-ble or intangible, which shall pass by will or statutes of inheritance of this or any other state, or by deed, grant, or any other state, or by deed, grant, sale or gift made or intended to take effect in possession or in enjoyment after the death of the granter or donor, to the death of the granter or donor, to aby person in trust or otherwise, shall be subject to a tax of five per centum of its value above the sum of ten thou-sand dollars, after the payment of all debts, for the use of the state; and all administrators, executions and trustees administrators, executors and trustees. and any such grantee under a convey-ance, and any such donee under a gift made during the grantor's or donor's life, shall be respectively liable for all such taxes to be paid by them respec-lively, except as herein otherwise, proexcept as herein otherwise prod, with lawful interest as hereinaf-set forth until the same shall have paid. The tax aforesaid shall be and min a lien on such estate from the th of the decedent until paid. In de-mining the amount of tax to be paid the provisions of this section, af-the provisions of this section, af-the payment of all debts the sum of thousand dollars shall be deducted in the entire estate and the tax shall computed and paid on the entire remainder; and the court shall determine the amount of tax to be paid by the sevdevisees, legatees, grantees or

TAX BEFORE LEGACY.

It is the duty of the executor, admintax before delivering the legacy or ming. subject to the tax to property is be paid to the same. The tax is be paid to the state treasurer thin fifteen months after the death the testator or intestate or within sen months ofter the trustee assumes trust. All taxes not paid within the stated above shall draw interest at ate of 8 per cent per annum until It shall also be the duty of the with the state treasurer a description of the real and personal property subject to this tax within six months after he has assumed his duties. He shall sloo file a copy of the estate ap-pealsement with the state treasurer as made: The law was approved by the governor on March 14, 1901, and, having ⁶⁰ days later on May, 14, 1901.

ESATES THAT ESCAPED. Because of the fact that it contained brenner. The president will hold no public reception while in Syracuse.

stores in Rexburg are being built, and on every hand there are evidences of prosperity, pleasing to look upon. Apples, tomatoes and string beans are being gathered where it was once thought impossible to raise them. The Snake River is lower at Idaho Falls than it was ever known to be, but the irrigation ditches and canals are all filled to the brim on each side of it. They are bragging of 60 bushels of wheat to the acre at Rigby, the mush-room city. When all the advantages room city. Whe of a successful season in producing sugar are realized, the towns and vilages of Idaho will enjoy a greate: boom than ever before. Glorious weather prevails there at the present time.

OFF FOR MANILA.

Fourteenth Cavalry Sailed From San Francisco at Noon Today.

San Francisco, Sept. 5 .- The United States transport Logan sailed for Manila direct at noon today with troops and freight. The Fourtenth cavalry has been assigned to the troop ship, and the soldiers with their officers will be the only military passengers to go out on the Logan. The cabin passengers include the families of army officers and a number of insular employes. The Lo-gan's cargo amounts to 3,000 tons of commissary and quartermaster supplies.

POLITICAL MEETING. Utah Democratic Club Will Consider

Local Situation Tuesday Night,

The Utah Democratic club has issued call for a meeting to be held at the office of the secretary, 204 McCornick block, on Fuesday night, at 8 o'clock. Judge Judd. an old-time member of the club, will be dress, while other Democratic war horses will present their views on the present political situation and perhaps outline the policy of the party for the fall cam-paign. present by invitation and deliver an ad-

INDIAN TUTORS.

Young Women Appointed to Serve in The Schools.

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., Sept. 5,-Miss Mary Boling of Salt Lake has been appointed nurse at Osage Indian school, Oklahoma; Miss Mary M. Haltie, Chilocco, Oklahoma, laundress, and Miss Julia Kuntson, Puduaka, S. D.,

baker at Shoshone Indian school, Wyo

Lowered Her Record. New York, Sept. 5.—The American line steamer St. Louis which arrived late last night made the trip from Southampton to New York in 6 days, 7 hours and 49 minutes, breaking her previous record of 6 days, 13 hours and 15 minutes which she made in 1899 minutes which she made in 1899.

President's Protection.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 5,-No formal callers were received by the president today. Tomorrow night the president and party will start for Syracuse, where on Labor day the president will deliver an important speech. Extra-ordinary precautions have been taken to insure his personal safety on the trip and at Syracuse, the secret ser-vice officers having in mind the recent

en made that they were a much perse-cuted sect, and should be granted the right of religious liberty, a right ex-tended them by the Constitution. In 1849 Mai, Parker was captain of a com pany which went through to Califor-nia, at which time he stopped off in Salt Lake and exchanged his jaded an-imals for fresh ones, the "Mormons" reciprocating his kindness during their reciprocating his kindness during their hour of persecution. Maj. Parker had a warm spot in his heart for this peo-ple and numbered among them many friends who appreciated all that he had done for them and showed their appreduring his short stay in ciation clation caring his and many yaers ago, city. The major cled many yaers ago, but a number of his children still live but a number the circumstance. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas spent the day visit ing points of interest, among them Saltair beach, and last evening they

continued their journey homeward. THAT AWFUL DOSE.

Dr. Benedict Gave One-Twentieth of Grain, Not Twenty Grains.

The statement which appeared in last evening's "News" over the signature of Jailer Sol Kimball concerning the treatment of Mike Boyle, the old city prisoner who died on the floor of the police station Thursday morning, caused considerable amusement among the physicians of the city.

Mr. Kimball stated that Dr. C. M. Benedict had given Boyle 20 grains of strychnine and then had instructed the officers to permit Make to remain undisturbed, as he would probably not live long. When Dr. Benedict read the article he was at first very much an-noyed but when the absurdity of the thing forced itself upon him he was amused, he says, at the ridiculousness of the statement as 20 grains of strych line is enough to kill a band of horses The fact is Dr. Benedict said, he had given one-twintieth of a grain of strychnine as a heart stimulant, and not 20 grains. The doctor telephoned to the police

station this morning and asked if there was a warrant for his arrest on the charge of murder. He was laughingly I that if there was a warrant there officers knew nothing about it. the "Well, I see by last evening's "News." that Jaller Kimball says I gave Boyle 20 grains of strychnine, and I merely wanted to know, that's all."

RUNAWAYS ARRESTED.

Two Youngsters Leave Home in Wyoming to Ramble.

(Special to the "News.")

Portland, Or., Sept. 5 .- John Meyers and Willie Smith, runaway boys from Livingston, Wyoming, have been arrested by local officers as they stepped from a Northern Pacific train. They were at once taken to court and arraigned on a charge of trespass. They confesed that they had run away from nomes and were turned over to Special Officer Hawley of the Boys' and Girls' Aid society. The parents of the boys Aid society. The parents of the boys are being communicated with. Young Meyers at first gave a false name when questioned, but Officer Hawley recog-nized the lad as an old offender, he having been arrested here by the same officer for the same offense two years ago. Last Saturday, Aug. 29, a de-scription of the two lads was received scription of the two lads was received here and the police asked to intercept them. It is thought the boys went over the O. R. & N. from Pocatello. One is twelve and the other fourteen years of age, and they belong to well-to-do families in Livingston, Wyoming.

attend to Mr. Hay. Magistrate Cornel declared that he did not believe Beuque was in his right mind, and committed

was in his right mind, and committee him to Bellevue for examination. The Washington police state that the amount demanded by Beuque from the authorities of Hamburg, Germany, was 10,000 marks. This sum, he says, was invested in 1889 in a photograph gallery in that city and he claims to have lost it when he was expelled because he refused to perform military duty on the ground that he was an American. He ground that he was an American. He was given three days to leave Germany but through Secy. of State Blaine had the time extended to three months. The alleged threat in his recent letter to Secy. Hay was in the statement that he had written eight letters to the gov-ernment to have his claim enforced, and the present one would be the last. He the present one would be the last. said he would take up the matter then himself and whatever he did would be in "self-defense." The letter, like it p)edecessors, was long and rambling. its

Mysterious Murder.

Las Vegas, N. M., Sept. 5 .- News has reached the city from the village of Ri-bera of the murder of Juan Solano, a prominent citizen. The body was found near the village with the horse the man had been riding standing watch over the corpse. There was a bullet hole in his neck and a knife wound in the throat. The murderer is unknown and the cause of the crime is a mystery,

Made Record Ride.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 5.-Gen. Frank Baldwin, commander of the depart-ment of the Colorado, with 75 troopers from Fort D. A. Russell, has just returned from a practise field ride in an unsettled country. The general and the troops role 160 miles in the Medicine Bow forest reservation in less than six days, establishing a new record. Gen. Baldwin rode the horse which was rid-den by President Rooseveit from Lara-mie to Cheyenne, and which he pro-nounced the best horse he had ever ridden. Gen. Baldwin is over 60 years of age.

Officers Arrested.

Belgrade, Servia, Sept. . . note concerning the recent arrests of officers says that 2 Belgrade, Servia, Sept. 5 .- An official Servian army officers says that 28 officers, mostly lieutenants, were arrested on charges of insubordination and their disciplinary examination is

proceeding.

BUSINESS HOUSES CLOSE ON MONDAY

Monday is a legal holiday and will be observed as such in this sity where all public business city where all public business will be suspended for the day, All banks and mercantile houses will be closed, and all of the courts, except federal, adjourn this afternoon until Tuesday 1 morning. The postoffice will observe holiday hours and organized labor will make a big demonstration on the streets in the early part of the day and will 3 throng the resorts in the afternoon, the weather permitting. Note-The markets-green grocers and butchers-will remain open until 10 o'clock and then fall into line with all other business concerns, by closing for the remainder of the day.

was dead. Fortunately the 08.80 was not as bad as that. However, he is very low and will reach home tomorrow morning.

WILL GO TO FORT RILEY. Brig. Gen. Cannon to Represent State

at the Kansas Encampment.

The adjutant-general of the army recently notified Gov. Wells that army moneuvers would be held in Octobe at West Point, Ky., and Fort Riley, Kan., and he wished to know if any officer was to be detailed from the state guard to attend these maneuvers. The governor replied that no office could very well attend the Kentucky encampment, but the state would be represented at the Ka%sas encamprepresented at the Kaysas encamp-ment. Maj.-Gen. Bates had sent notifi-cation that to every officer sent from the states there would be given a mount, tent, cot, stove, fuel and a place to get his meals. Other expenses must be borne by the state or office attending. The governor has selecte Brig.-Gen. Cannon, and that officer will leave Oct. 17, in company with the command from Fori Douglas for Fort Riley. He will report to Gen. Bates and be given every opportunity to ob-serve the work done there by th troops.

BRINGS BACK A WIFE.

Stlt Lake Atter Springs a Surprse and Gets One it return.

Atty, W. H. Bramel surprised a number of his friends this morning by returning from Colorado Springs with a charming young ladywhom he promptly introduced as Mrs. Bramel. The newly married couple, however, was destined for a surprise also, . It appears that on arriving at the depot the groom handed his baggage checks to an expressman. When the wagon eventually arrived at the boarding house on Third South it was surrounded by a large and admiring crowd. This aggregation

was speedily augmented by the star coarders who also lined up and took n the spectacle. In the center of the vagon reposed a big trunk. Ther were ther places of baggage, but the trunk held attention. This piece was liter ally plastered all over with red hearts while an assorted collection of bric brae in the form of old oyster can sacks of rice, safety pins and other wierd exhibits was attached to the trunk at stated intervals. The express man says that he would not go through such an experience again for anything. What Bramel said is netiher here nor

DON MUSSER HOME.

Former Batteryman and Editor Comes Back from the Philippines.

Don C. W. Musser, a former member of the Utah batteries in the Philippines and later editor and publisher of a Manila paper called "Freedom," returned to Salt Lake yesterday, after an absence of something over six years. Mr. Musser is a son of Hon. A. Milton Musser of this city and left here the day after the Pioneer Jubilee, July 24, 1897. He first went to Seattle, where he engaged in newspaper work and incidentally delivered lectures on Palestine. Then he dropped down to San Francisco and worked some on the papers there and on the arrival of the Utah batterles bound for the

station No. 1 met with a painful ac cident about 8 o'clock this morning while exercising one of the horses, the big black animal called "Teddy Roose Smith was riding the horse at rapid gallop up First South street, and while nearing Third East the horse stumbled and fell. Horse and rider went down in the mud, but by rare pres-ence of mind Smith managed to keep from falling under the heavy animal. "Teddy" rolled over and plowed up the ground for several feet. The animal's knees were bruised and skinned, he received a cut over the left eye, and had a front tooth knocked out. Smith 68 caped with a sprsined left hand. It was feared at first that a bone was broken,

but Dr. J. S. Witcher made an exam ination of the injured member and and found there was nothing more serious than a sprain. The horse is one of the finest in the department, but he will present a forlorn sight until the wounds are healed up.

RESIDENCE FIRE.

House Over the River Gives Department A Long and Heavy Run.

Assistant Chief Wood of the fire department and the boys from station No. 2 had a long run to a fire about 8 o'clock last evening. The blaze was in a two-story brick house owned by Charles Crane and occupied by J. W. McJilton, situated between Ninth and Tenth south on Tenth West, near the White Lakes. The cause of the blags is a mystery to the occupants of the place. It started in an unstains bed-soon and emead variable to be peet room and spread rapidly to the next room and into the roof. Before the alarm could be sent to the

department, a boy had to run more than a mile to reach a telephone. Although the firefighters made the long run in a very short time, the blaze was practically extinguished before they reached the scene. A number of young boys organized a bucket brigade and extinguish the flames. The damaged to extinguish the flames. The damaged consisted in burning out of one room and some damage to the roof.

Politician Indicted.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 5.-The Repub-ican today says that an indictment has been returned by the grand jury against Thomas J. Maloney for offer-ing a bribe to Chy and County Clerk Julius Aichele in connection with the contract for the transcription of the records for the new Arapahoe county Mr. Maloney is a prominent politician.

Big Coal Deal.

Pittsburg. Pa., Sept. 5 .- The Pittsburg Gazette says contracts have beer signed under the terms of which George I. Whitney, of Whitney, Ste phenson & Co., of this city undertakes it deliver for each a controlling interest in Monongahela River Consolidat oal & Coke company to the Pittsburg loal company. will be through the purchase for cash of a majority of the capital stock, deliv-erable in either common or preferred shares or both. The Monogahleia Rives Consolidated Coal & Coke company is capitalized at \$40,000,000, and its output last year approximated \$,000,000 tons o coal. The combination of interests will represent a total of \$123,000,000 and the tonnage close to 25,000,000 tons.

Oil Tank Fired.

Montpeller, Ind., Sept. 5 .- An oll tank holding 30,000 barrels of crude petrolcompany, was struck by lightning this morning and the oil set afre. A cannon was brought from Lima, Ohio, and a large hole was hot into the tank to Philippines, the martial spirit took liet out the oil. The less is \$55,000.

'You may reiterate," said a diplomat who is participating in the negotia-tions to a representative of the Asso-

clated Press, "that the powers continue to act in harmony. It is not true that Russia has entered into a secret alii-ance with Bulgaria. Roumania is quiescent, but there is an element of oubt in Servia in consequence of predominance of the military in that ountry.

Cotton Reaches Beirut.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Acting Secy, of the Navy Darling has received a cablegram from Admiral Conton an-nouncing his arrival at Beirut. The dispatch contains ao reference to the ondition of affairs there.

Blew Up Train.

g Turkish and W Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 5 -A train Velos (27 miles from arrying Iskub Uskub), was blown up yesterday near Novagna., According to the Revolu-Novagna. According to the Revolu-tionary Autonomye many soldiers are reported to have been killed, Details are lacking.

Feeling of Warlike Unrest.

Constantinople, Sept. 5.-Although in igh Turkish circles the tendency is ecidedly scainst war, the unrest among nfiltary elements and in certain sec-ions of the Mussulman civil population has markedly increased during the last few days. Considerable signific-ance is attached to the suitan's gift of colen coain to the troops and the apations. The local papers are further apping the Mussulmans by publishitions. ing highly colored accounts of the ill-treatment of Mussulmans by Bulgarian origand bande.

The opinion of the foreign diplomats here is divided regarding the issue. Great importance is attached to the coming meeting between the czac and Emperor Francis Joseph, which is expected to be followed by decisive steps in the direction of guaranteeing the Macedonians radical reforms. Misister Leishman has received a telegram from United States Consul Rayendal at Beirut, saying that the authorities at that place apparently have not yet secured the man who fired at Vice Con-sul Magelssen and adding that the apest among others of a fifteeen-year-old boy seems to indicate that they do not calize the gravity of the situation. My Ravendal also refers to the general state of inscourity at Bolrut and sug-gests that the assailant of Vice Consul attacked Mr. Magelssen one night about a year ago with the object of rebbing him. The man was imprison-

Was Without Bloodshed.

ed and recently was liberated

London, Sept. 5 .- Mall advices from London, Sept. 5.—Mail advices from Salonica say that the selzure of Nevis-ka by the Ruigarians Aug. 25, and its reoccupation by the Turks Aug. 27, were bloodless exploits. The Turkish recordination by the Turks Aug. 2. were bloodless exploits. The Turkish garrison, consisting of about 200 man, was surprised and did not restat. About 80 of the soldiers surrendered and the remainder escaped without their arms and fell into the bands of another Bul-garian band. The prisoners were rel-harmed buj were utilized to carry the captured arms and announition into the mountains. They were then liberated, when the Turks reoccupied Nevisia, and Klissura Aug. 27 and Aug. 28 re-spectively, the fears of the inhalitants of a reception of the Krushevo ex-cesses were not fulfilled. The conduct of the soldiers at both pinces was cor-rect. It is said that the cflicial Turk-ish report saying 200 soldiers out of a garrison of 220 were killed at Nevisia. was due either to the unwillingness of the authorities to admit that such large garrison was so easily captured or to the bellef that the insurgeria would certainly kill their priconers.