

Territory. Many of our citizens have written to our Delegate for information respecting fish culture, and as it is not likely that he can supply all with works which contain it, we shall take pleasure in publishing, from time to time, such items as we can find, that throw light upon the subject.

ITEMS.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY

NOTICE.—The Rev. A. M. Fisher, of the Episcopal Methodist Church, from the State of Nevada, will deliver a discourse in the New Tabernacle, on Sunday morning next, at ten o'clock.

ON THE WING.—The grasshoppers that for a few days past have been trying their powers of flight in a limited degree, yesterday and to-day, mounted in mid-air with a conscious security in their powers of locomotion. As a south wind was blowing, they were going in a northerly direction, but it seemed merely as carried by the wind, there not appearing to be any general movement among them. The bench north and north-east of the city is said to be covered with the insects.

DELICIOUS.—We are happy to state that the delicious weather which has prevailed since last November continues in unabated loveliness. This morning we were gratified at being indulged the luxury of a magnificent snow squall, and at mid-day revelled in the possession and use of a warm pair of sable gloves and a blanket-overcoat. Who wonders at the hardy and vigorous people who inhabit Virginia, breathe the frost-laden atmosphere of a June morning and luxuriate with fire eleven months in the year? It is great fun, and the only men who growl, are Foster, the ice man, and Kelly, a manufacturer of soda.—Virginia, Nev., *Trespass*, June 3d.

BROKE GROUND.—Through the kindness of President Young, we have been put in possession of the following items of news received from Bishop Sharp, now at work in Weber canyon:

At 10¹/₂ o'clock on Tuesday morning, 10th inst., Superintendent of Construction, S. B. Reed, Esq., broke ground at Devil's Gate; and the Bishop with his men commenced work immediately, that being the first point determined upon and permanently located. The Bishop has constructed a temporary wagon road around the slide on the north side of the river, at the mouth of the canyon, for the purpose of building the foundation of the railroad into the river some forty or fifty feet. This road the public can use while the foundation is being built, during the morning before the men commence work, at noon, and after they quit at night. After the foundation is laid permanently, the constructing engineer wants a shoulder or projection left outside of the bottom of the slope; and a few feet added to the width which he has decided on will make a permanent wagon road around that point, which will accommodate the public in the absence of the bridge below. The men working with the Bishop are feeling well, and are doing their best.

ECHO KANYON.—F. Little, Esq., got in this morning at a very early hour from Echo Canyon, and reports that contracts for grading were being rapidly let by Joseph A. Young, Esq. On Wednesday evening about two and a half miles of the road was located; and they expected to have three or four miles more located yesterday.

STARTED.—Bishop Hickenlooper, of the 5th and 6th Wards of this city, started yesterday for the head of Echo Canyon, to take a contract on the road for about forty men who will work on the co-operative principle. A number of the men started this morning. They are well supplied with provision; and leave their families in the same comfortable condition.

SWEETWATER.—We met Bolivar Roberts, Esq., to-day, who has just returned from Sweetwater. His confidence in that region is sufficiently strong to induce him to send out the quartz mill which Mr. Jennings brought on, it having now passed into the hand of Roberts & Co. Mr. R. says he expects to start the mill on Monday. He believes there is plenty of paying quartz there, but does not think it is the place for a poor man to go at to present. In three months he looks for bullion, as the results of the running of the mill.

There is a Letter at the President's Office, addressed to James Carrigan.

INFORMATION WANTED.—R. W. Martin, of Caliao, Macon Co., Mo., inquires of Postmaster A. W. Street, Esq., concerning his brother M. M. Martin, who when last heard from, was living near Salt Lake City. Can any one furnish the required information?

RETURNED.—General A. L. Chetlain, U. S. Assessor for the District of Utah, returned to the city, as his numerous friends will be pleased to know, on Wednesday evening, from the Green river and Sweetwater regions.

BOUGHT THEM.—Mr. Perry's outfit of wagons, mules and harness, comprising some excellent specimens of each, were bought by Messrs. Kimball, Knowlton, and Faust & Houtz. Most of the wagons and harness will be sold by the last named gentlemen; and the mules, 180 in number, will be employed on President B. Young's Contract on the Railroad.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

THE SWEETWATER COUNTRY.—We were gratified yesterday afternoon by receiving a call from Gen. A. L. Chetlain, U. S. Assessor of Internal Revenue, who has just returned from a visit to the Sweetwater country. The General's health, while he has been absent, was not so good as usual. He has had an attack of mountain fever, from which, however, he has almost entirely recovered. He went to the Sweetwater somewhat prejudiced against the mines; but he has returned well convinced that they are very rich. The gold, so far as discovered,

is principally in ledges. From 75 to 100 of these have been discovered and located, one half of which will yield, in the opinion of old and experienced quartz miners, from \$25 to \$50 to the ton. Some of these ledges are now being worked. About 150 tons of quartz have been taken out of the Ceresa Ledge, which is worked by Col. Tozer & Co., by means of two shafts 40 feet deep; it is estimated that this quartz is worth \$100 the ton. Four large arastas are being constructed, and a quartz mill is about to be taken from here, which will be in operation within the next 40 days. Several parties have also gone East to procure mills, which they expect to have running by the Fall. The placer diggings are improving. They have been discovered at Spring Gulch, and Rock Creek, and several gulches in the new district called Summit. They pay from \$5 to \$30 per day to the man. Two men, one of whom was Comstock, the discoverer of the famous ledge of that name in Nevada, were working at Spring Gulch, and in one day with a Long Tom they took out about \$70. The population of the country is about 2,500. Provisions are plenty and tolerably cheap. Thirty miles from South Pass City is the Wind River Valley. Many have gone there and taken up ranches and have been plowing and sowing this Spring. The General thinks the Sweetwater country offers unusual inducements at the present time to capitalists. He has derived his information from reliable men who have for years been operating in mines, and they are of the opinion that there is great wealth in the country; but it will take time and capital to develop it. His opinion is that men who have families and are doing well at home, had better remain, and let well enough alone; but he thinks that young men who have capital and who are disposed to work, and are not in a hurry to get rich all at once, and can wait a few years, might probably make fortunes. Poor men go there, and finding no opening and no way to sustain themselves get sick of the place, become sordid and leave, and then cry down the country.

Our position in this Territory is an advantageous one. By following our home pursuits we have the benefits which neighboring mining regions afford, without the risks which all persons who follow mining must assume. The General is of the opinion that the high tariff which will be charged by rail on produce from the East, will give us the advantage in furnishing flour and other provisions to that section.

Gen. Chetlain brought in some very fine specimens, in which the gold was seen on all sides. We were glad to see him in our midst again.

MECHANICS' MEETING.—Yesterday evening a meeting of mechanics and others was held in the Tabernacle, to take measures for organizing co-operative associations to import the requisite labor-saving machinery and other things necessary to establish in this city various kinds of manufactures on an extensive scale.

After some very pertinent and pointed remarks by Col. J. C. Little, the meeting was duly organized, Bishop Edward Hunter being elected chairman, A. Milton Musser, Esq., secretary, and Edward L. Sloan, reporter.

The chairman, in speaking of the object for which the meeting had been called, said when we imported an article we had in many instances, to pay a high price for what was comparatively worthless, and illustrated his remarks by holding up an imported chair to view which fell in pieces from his hands, the circumstance so forcibly illustrating the Bishop's sentiment as to cause a burst of laughter through the assembly. He further added that, not only were we thus buying inferior articles, but we were paying away money to be carried out of the Territory which should pass into the hands of our mechanics.

Pres. B. Young, in a few kind, fatherly remarks pointed out that the ability of our mechanics is, plainly visible by their labors; and showed that steps must be taken immediately to establish wagon, carriage and furniture manufactories, and others of a similar kind. Our mechanics might wait for men with capital to do this, and make a community with a few rich men, and the rest poor and depending on the rich; or they could co-operate, unite their capital, experience and ability, bring on here the kinds of timber and the iron which are needed, now that the railroad is rapidly approaching, and make the wagons, carriages, furniture, &c., which are called for here, cheaper than they could be imported and a better article, while giving increased employment to our mechanical labor. It will be but a short time until the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific Railroads are united, and we be placed in communication by rail with the west. Then it will be an easy matter to bring timber round Cape Horn in ships, and by rail from San Francisco, and land it here better seasoned and cheaper than it could be brought from the east. He concluded by giving a practical character to his suggestions, saying that if an association was organized for the manufacture of wagons, carriages, &c., and another for the manufacture of furniture, he would take shares in each to the amount of five hundred dollars or a thousand dollars in all.

Speeches and remarks were subsequently made by President Wells, Col. J. C. Little, Bro. Henry Dinwoodey, Bro. Burdett, Bishop Raleigh and Bro. H. E. Bowring, in which a number of points were advanced pertinent to the subject, and showing the necessity for the organizations under contemplation. Various sums were also named by a number present, as to the amounts for which they would take shares.

Bro. Dinwoodey suggested that the various kinds of mechanical labor be classified, and that each form an organization for itself. This was considered by the meeting; and a meeting was called of the cabinet makers, for Monday evening, at 6 o'clock, under the direction of H. Dinwoodey, to be held in his factory; and another of the carriage and wagon makers, carriage trimmers and painters, smiths, &c., under the direction of Col. J. C. Little, to meet in the City Hall on Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

The meeting then adjourned.

ANOTHER PLAN.—Bro. Robert Petree called this afternoon, and told of another plan for killing grasshoppers, employed on his farm by Br. James Van Natta. He takes a hoop, such as is used on a tub, and fastens around it the mouth of a sack. This he then attaches to the

end of a pole and sweeps the open mouth of the sack along the ground, hither and thither, the "hoppers" that are yet wingless hopping to their own destruction. In this way he has already saved much grain, although they have been incalculably numerous on the farm; and he expects to be able to save the crop.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY.

SABBATH MEETINGS.—Rev. A. M. Fisher, from Nevada, preached in the morning, taking for text, "I am the way," JOHN XIV, 6. He was listened to with marked attention by a very large audience. The attendance of the Sunday School children, who had turned out *en masse*, was a very pleasant feature of the congregation. The discourse of the reverend gentleman occupied about three quarters of an hour in delivery.

President Young followed elucidating the principle of Christ being the way, showing that no one can say that Jesus is the Christ but by the Spirit of God, and testifying that he is a living witness to the truth of the declaration made by the Apostle John, which had been taken as a text by the gentleman preceding him. He said that there is now more and stronger evidence of the divinity of Joseph Smith's mission, and the truth of the Book of Mormon than there is that Jesus is the Christ. In the latter case we have the testimony of eight individuals only, the writers of the New Testament; in the former case we have the testimony of twelve men to the Book of Mormon, and that of the thousands who by the Holy Ghost are in a position to say that they know Jesus is the Christ and Joseph Smith is a Prophet of God.

The meeting was dismissed with prayer by the Rev. Vincent Palen, Post Chaplain of Camp Douglas.

In the afternoon Elder Orson Pratt delivered a very interesting discourse.

PRESIDENT H. C. KIMBALL.—Some few weeks ago while President Heber C. Kimball was driving into Provo in the night, he was thrown violently from his buggy. He fell partly on his head, and injured an old hurt in his side. The fall was a severe one at the time, but beyond the injuries then received nothing serious was expected to result from it. But it has been noticed that he has not been so well since that fall; and during the early part of last week his face was considerably flushed. He was at the Mass Meeting on Wednesday, and his appearance was then remarked. On Thursday evening a sort of paralysis manifested itself, so that he was not able to use his right leg to walk with, but he still kept around. On Friday his whole side seemed to be paralyzed, beginning at the old hurt in his side. Yesterday morning there was considerable improvement, and he has been steadily improving since. He felt languid this morning, probably the reaction consequent upon the excitement caused by the numerous calls made upon him yesterday. All Latter-day Saints will be rejoiced to learn that his condition to-day is quite favorable, and indicative of a speedy restoration to health.

GONE TO PROVO.—President B. Young started this morning for Provo.

FROM THE MUDDY.—From St. Joseph, on the Muddy, Bro. Elijah Elmer writes under date May 25th and says: "All is quiet here with the natives. They have ten or twelve acres of good wheat which they are now cutting. Harvest has begun here in real earnest, and crops are generally good. The season is cold for this climate, but it is good for late wheat. Our cotton is all in, and, generally, looks well, though the weather is cold for cotton. We have sixty-one acres planted by thirty-one men. The brethren that came in last Fall are beginning to feel at home; they are preparing to build on the new city plot during the coming Winter, and are making 'dobbies,' hauling rock and poles. We have made a new discovery in the wood line, and our wood piles look like Winter. Some have hauled two loads a-day. Cotton-woods grow here without anything I ever saw. Bro. Edwin Twichel set out, one year ago last Spring, on the corner of his land, a cottonwood post five or six inches through, with not a twig on it; and last year it grew limbs that measured twelve feet 'long.'"

INDIAN RUMORS.—Major D. B. Huntington, Indian Interpreter, informs us that he has heard from Indians, rumors of threatened combinations among the savages to the southeast of this Territory. Whether such rumors are well founded or otherwise, we trust our citizens in exposed situations and border settlements will be on the alert, and keep well guarded against any irruption of the Indians.

CALLED.—Seth Wilbur Payne, the gentleman who is making the pedestrian tour of the world, called upon us to-day. He arrived in this city last night, having traveled from Laramie city with Taylor's freight train. He will stop sufficiently long in this city and Territory to form an opinion for himself, before he expresses one, concerning the country and people; so he informs us. He will go from here through Nevada and California, and in San Francisco he will publish a book of his travels to that point, in which, of course, there will be a chapter religiously set apart for "Mormonism" and the "Mormons." He is a very quiet-looking gentleman, with every indication of great powers of endurance, and no doubt takes to his walking kindly. From San Francisco he intends to go to the Sandwich Islands, then to Japan, China, etc., beating out tracks, if possible, in those regions, unbeaten before by Caucasian feet.

JUNE WALKING.—This morning the Sunday School of the 19th Ward, with banners and mottoes, and accompanied by a portion of Major Huntington's martial band, passed our office this morning, on a June walking excursion, lively and joyous looking. Bless the little dears their teachers and superintendents.

CHEYENNE.—The *Argus* of the 6th inst. says that it is now definitely settled that the Terminus of the Denver Pacific Railroad will be at Cheyenne.

The same paper states there is an "accomplished set of thieves" in that city, and that a degree of immunity from robbery had been enjoyed there for some time past, but a change for the worst seemed to have commenced.

Died:

On the 11th inst., at the residence of Stringfellow Bros., in the 13th Ward, JOSEPH STRINGFELLOW MORRIS, son of George and Martha Morris, of teething and whooping cough aged 1 year, 1 month and 22 days.

Correspondence.

CEDAR VALLEY, June 11, 1868.

Editor Deseret News.—We have had an abundance of rain this last Spring. Three or four days ago it turned warm, and it seems that Summer has set in in good earnest. The brethren seem to be in good spirits, in spite of the destruction the locusts are making. It is thought there will be some grain raised here; although some that have planted will not raise anything.

The farmers are planting all the corn they can; thinking perhaps that it will escape the ravages of those little pests if the wheat does not. Our meetings have been well attended this Spring. Brothers Geo. A. Smith and A. M. Musser visited us a few Sundays ago and preached to us. There is nothing that seems to do so much good, or strengthens our faith more, than to have our brethren, who stand in authority over us to visit us, and preach the words of life and salvation to us. The Sunday after Bros. Geo. A. Smith and Musser were here, our Bishop David Evans and Br. Karren, of Lehi City, held a two days' meeting with us. They spoke upon the various texts given to us to preach from; more particularly upon Home Manufacture, and emigration. We all enjoyed ourselves exceedingly well.

Last Sunday, the High Priests held meeting here. Jas. Rodeback is President of the High Priests here, and at Fairfield also. The sisters have organized a Relief Society, and are taking hold with a spirit, that is calculated to do a vast amount of good. God bless the sisters in their efforts to relieve the poor and suffering of God's people, everywhere where it may be their lot to labor. Our Sunday School is prospering finely; we have over one hundred scholars that attend regularly.

There is some little stir in regard to the Railroad. Some are making arrangements to go to work immediately on the road. We are decidedly in a prosperous condition in this place. In consequence of the prospect of obtaining material, for building purposes, at very low figures; several of the brethren are making arrangements to build frame houses this summer and fall. Higly, Phippin & Dayton are running a Blandy's sawmill in the North Cañon eight miles north of here. Bro. Wilcox is building a stationary saw mill here, and expects to have it running by the first of September. Lumber can be obtained for one half what it could be had for heretofore.

There is nothing that seems to afford us so much pleasure as the reading of your valuable paper, and there is nothing that seems to create as much grumbling and dissatisfaction as to call at the Post Office, at the time our paper should be there, and find that, through the carelessness of somebody, our papers have gone to Cedar City or some other place. Such is the case often. Sometimes our papers are a month coming here from Salt Lake City. It is very annoying to us indeed. Still, we live in hopes that the time will come when our mail matter will come to us when it is directed properly.

Yours truly,

GEO. W. THURMOND.

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Particular Notice to the Customers of

ROSS & BARRATT,

AND to all others who wish to be benefited. As the Railroad is rapidly approaching this place, and, as in consequence of this the rate of freight this Summer and Fall will be Greatly Reduced, and as we are always anxious to benefit our Customers and the Community at large in every way possible, but particularly in furnishing them the VERY BEST GOODS at the LOWEST PRICES, we will, from this date, sell

BROWN SUGAR,
CLARIFIED & CRUSHED SUGAR,
COFFEE,
FINE Y. H. TEA, FINE G. P. TEA,
SODA and SALERATUS,
NAILS, COAL OIL, Etc., Etc.,
At Greatly Reduced Rates.

We will have in by FIRST TRAINS from the EAST, quantities of GOODS, which will make our Assortment Complete in all KINDS of STAPLES.
May 20, 1868. w17:tf