

DEATH SENTENCE IMPOSED ON CZAR

Also on Gen. Trepoff, M. Pobied
nostzeff, Gen. Orloff and
Many Others.

TERRORISTS ISSUED DECREE

Proposition Under Consideration
At Peterhof Paving Way
For Dictatorship.

Plan Seems to be Deliberate Plot to Count Camarilla to Induce Emperor To Have Advisory Council

St. Petersburg, July 24.—Proclamations announcing that the death sentence has been imposed on the emperor Gen. Trepoff, M. Pohlsmastzeff, who was procurator general of the holy synod, Gen. Orloff, the "pacifier" of the Baltic provinces, and others have been scattered over part of Persia.

The terrorists are said to have succeeded in mailing copies of the sentence on the doors of Gen. Gribov and Gen. Trepoft's quarters.

The way has been prepared for a military dictatorship by a proposition now under consideration at Pétrohof to create an advisory council to assist the emperor, Premier Stolypin, Gen. Trepoft and others are today conferring with the emperor upon the subject. On the surface the scheme is to form such a council out of the members of the council of the empire and conservative and liberals like MM. Shulgov and Gribov and also, possibly several constitutional monarchists as advisers with the purpose of supervising the

Mr. Stojanich evidently believes sincerely that the plan is achievable, but he hopes that either Guekko or Shipkov will have any way make them selves responsible for the targeted measures of repression which the emperor's coup d'etat entails and are certain that none of the Constitutional Democrats will brave the charge of open treason in giving co-operation to any government measure after the step to which they committed themselves at Viborg. The plan, therefore, while not foredoomed to failure, seems to be a desperate effort of the court camarilla to induce the emperor, who shows weakness and vacillation in the present crisis when energy and promptness are imperative, to entrust the direction of affairs to an adviser counsel and work

authority the camarilla would gradually absorb its power and exercise a virtual dictatorship as did Count Loris during the committee of public safety during the terrorist days preceding the assassination of Alexander II. Still, of the opinion of the dissolution can be judged by the fact that last night he sent a note to a Constitutional Democrat member of the council of the empire asking for an invitation to the event that the Constitutional Democrats in the council held a caucus.

ANTI-JEWISH RIOTS.

They Break Out in Odessa, a Number Of Persons Being Killed.

—London, July 24.—A dispatch to the Reuters Telegram Company from Odessa, timed 2.30 p. m. says:

Anti-Jewish outbreaks have commenced here. A number of persons have already been killed and scores are wounded.

Crowds and mobs are plundering the deserted Jewish houses and shops.

On Brinkman street three Jews were killed and others were wounded in attempting to defend their property while the police looked on. Another bloody and

The whole city is in a state of panic. Many of the inhabitants are fleeing. The Black Thugs are committing atrocious bloodthirsty robberies in the streets.

BRYAN RIDER TO MODEL ARBITRATION TREATY.

London, July 24.—William J. Bryan proposed rider to the model arbitration treaty was discussed at a session of the international council of the Interparliamentary union this morning and resulted in its being rejected as follows:

"The council should agree which states not included in the treaty should be admitted to the contracting parties should not resort to any act of hostility before they separately or collectively have been notified of the same. In the event of the formation of an international commission of inquiry or mediation of civil or more friendly powers, this resolution to take place if necessary in accordance with article VII of the

On the resumption of the session of the conference of the Interparliamentary Union, which was held in Bern, the adopted after speech by former Australian Minister of Commerce Von Posner, who was the first speaker, was a successful rider. The latter said that his amendment was aimed at widening the scope of national honor the chances of a hundred to one that the proposed investigation of facts would also settle any question of national honor and if it was could be stayed till the conclusion was reached, wars would become more rare. The speaker then concluded by taking a step in the direction of peace.

Mr. Bryce's speech was brief but eloquent and aroused much enthusiasm among the delegates.

Baron D'Estournelles de Constant, head of the French Delegation, subsequently opened the debate on the question of military and naval forces. He declared that the nations had decided among themselves how to arm for their common interests they would be forced to do so, first, by bankruptcy

section with the cabinets of disarmament. The arguments against disarmament were based on the augmented expenditure of the powers. The augmentations in the United States were due to the American navy, which, in Europe, but in proportion to the population the American forces had not been increased curiously and the expenditure has augmented proportionately, the armaments proving the impossibility for America to transform herself into a European power. Germany, continued the baron, cannot the grave fall of struggling will be the United States for naval pre-eminence and thus divide her energies both on land and sea uselessly, for the United States will be unable to be accessible, while the states of Europe were divided and will always be harassed by the possibility of a coalition