SCHOOL BOARD MATTERS.

Annual Report of Superintendent, Clerk and Treasurer.

Best Working of School Work—Suggestions and Recommendations—Statistics—Miscellaneous.

The board of education met in regular session last night with President Dusty in the chair and all members being present excepting Toronto and Rywater.

Twenty-seven persons submitted applications to teach and all were referred to the teachers' committee.

The following food applications for janitors' positions: V. O. Reynolds, J. F. Hinckley, John Reynolds, Alfred Preston, William Herzog and J. E. Nixon. They were referred to the building committee.

The school gardening gave notice of their intention to turn on gas in the High school on Tuesday, August 6.

Citizens of the Tenth ward, by A. H. Sawyer, asked permission to use the school house for political meetings, which was positively refused.

A draft on Wells, Fargo & Co. for $5,250, given by the November school census ward, was presented by W. J. Beale. The sum was ordered returned and its mutilation cancelled.

A warrant from the county treasurer for a tax sale on the Franklin school site was presented by the clerk and referred to the finance committee.

The finance committee recommended that the board clerk be directed to open up a new set of books in accordance with Mr. W. F. Cooke's resume which was attached to their recommendation. Adopted.

The same committee, to which was referred the treasurer's June report, reported that they had thoroughly examined the same, finding it to be O.K., and recommended that it be approved and filed. Adopted.

The following report concerning rooms for High school was submitted by the committee on buildings and grounds:

First—That it be arranged with Mr. Clayton for the rental of his building on South Temple street for twelve months from September 1, 1895, at $200 per month.

Second—It has also arranged with Dr. Richards for the rental of eight rooms on Richards street, from him at the rental of $25 per month for each room, or a total of $200 per month, he to make such repairs at his own expense as have been agreed upon by such him and the committee, such as calcimining, removing partitions, placing cabinets in the places desired, cleaning up the grounds, removing the moss, putting down sidewalks, etc. Rental to begin September 1, 1895. Approved.

The same committee recommended that W. S. Pierce be awarded the contract for repairing and calcimining school boards and keeping them in condition for one year from the tender 1, 1895, for the sum of $324 the lowest bid. They also submitted a report authorizing the clerk to solicit bids for janitors' supplies for the ensuing year, consisting of soap, brushes, candles, mops, etc., bids to be opened August 16th. Adopted.

The purchases of seventy-five pounds of chloride of lime, and twenty gallons of glass dressing was ordered, and Charles Lundgren was appointed janitor in place of Leonard Lundstrom, resigned.

Contracts were awarded as follows:

For high school repairs, J. M. Digley, $12.

Calcimining Jackson school, George L. Simpson, $150.

Calcimining Bonneville school, George W. Ecker, $25.

Fire-coting Lincoln school, Morgan Brothers & Son, $157.

Calcimining Lowell school, W. A. Clove, $325.

Casting radiators at Lowell school, Consolidated Spencer-Bateman company, $70.

Calcimining Sumner school, W. A. Clove, $25.

Printing blank forms, Deseret News, $182.35.

Printing manual of rules, Ackermann & Co., $126.

The following teachers were employed: William Beechtoy, $65 per month; Orvin J. Cull, $65; Minnie Bartch, $65; Clara Cooper, $70; Katherine Parsons, $65; they to report acceptance before August 15, and no contract to be entered into with any teacher who does not hold a certificate as provided by law.

Supplies and books were ordered to the amount of $2,848.35.

Joseph F. Simpson was appointed enumerator in the Fourth precinct, vice John Burt resigned.

Superintendent Millspaugh presented his annual report which was in part as follows:

During the year 1895, five buildings, containing forty-four rooms and accommodations for 1,400 pupils, have been added to the cause of education in this city, namely: Fox, four bungalows, with forty-nine class rooms, and accommodations for 1,200 pupils, and during the year just completed, five buildings, with fifty-four class rooms and accommodations for 2,700 pupils, in addition to the two large structures of the past year, three others have been arranged for the coming year, in which, rooms of apartments not originally intended for such purposes, the Bryan house, the Grant school, and the Franklin school, were added to the already existing structures, making the total number of new class rooms added during the year, five hundred, and adding seating space for 5,000 children.

Number of buildings owned and occupied by the school board, 35; number of buildings rented and occupied, 3; total number of buildings occupied by the schools, 38.

Population of the city according to the census of 1890, 60,666; school population (5 to 18 years of age), 19,700; increase of population since 1890, 19,700; increase of school population since 1890, 7,000; per cent of increase, 35.

Number of pupils enrolled for year ending June 30, 1895, 19,700; average attendance, 14,000; per cent of attendance, 71.

The ratio of the number of children enrolled on the school roll to the entire population is of the city and adjacent suburbs, which are large in comparison with the entire resident population, is about 1 to 3.

The ratio of the number of children enrolled in the public schools to the entire population of the city and adjacent suburbs, which are large in comparison with the entire resident population, is about 1 to 3.

The increase in enrollment during the last year, amounting to 3,000, is not so large as that recorded in the years of the two years preceding. I am not inclined that low, however, a sound approach to equilibrium between supply and demand, since the year just has been so inclined, and that therefore the increase will not be materially greater than the natural growth of the population of the city.

The total number of teachers employed in the public schools, 500, 100 of whom are the wives of men who are, or have been, in business, or professions.

LIST OF TEACHERS.

	Total.
In high school	[illegible]
In grammar schools	[illegible]
In primary schools	[illegible]
In primary schools	[illegible]
In primary