



ELIAS SMITH.....EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Wednesday.....August 1, 1860.

ANNUAL ELECTION. 1860.

PEOPLE'S TICKET!

Commissioners to locate University Lands:

IRA ELDRIDGE,
CHESTER LOVELAND,
SIDNEY A. KNOWLTON.

GREAT SALT LAKE COUNTY.

Representatives:

JOHN TAYLOR,
HOSEA STOUT,
HIRAM B. CLAWSON,
EDWIN D. WOOLLEY,
ALBERT P. ROCKWOOD,
WASHINGTON F. ANDERSON,
JOHN V. LONG,
JOHN M. MOODY,
WILLIAM P. NEBEKER.

Selectmen:

R. J. GOLDING [for 1 year].
S. D. HUFFAKER [for 3 years].

Sheriff:

ROBERT T. BURTON.

County Surveyor:

THEODORE MCKEAN.

Superintendent of Common Schools:

ROBERT L. CAMPBELL.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY PRECINCT.

Justices of the Peace:

JOHN NEBEKER,
AURELIUS MINER.

Constables:

ISRAEL IVINS,
HENRY HEATH.

Fence Viewers:

WILLIAM CARTER,
LEVI E. RITER,
ELNATHAN ELDRIDGE.

Pound Keeper:

BRIANT STRINGHAM.

LATE EASTERN NEWS.

The eastern mail arrived on Sunday evening, by which we received New York dates to July 7, though but a very few of our exchanges came to hand.

The few papers received were principally filled with notices and descriptions of the Great Eastern, the departure of the Japanese, and glowing accounts of the political strife that agitates the country from center to circumference—aside from which there was nothing of interest transpiring.

The drouth in some places was severe. In New Mexico no rain had fallen up to the 18th of July and the crops were an entire failure, and there was never such a scarcity of provisions and forage before and fears were entertained that the troops from Utah on their arrival would produce a famine. In New York city and vicinity, drouth had prevailed to a great extent. Garden vegetables, field crops, hay, &c., were drying up and in many instances had literally gone into the ground for want of water.

There was a terrific storm on the Hudson on July 6th, doing much damage. The "oldest inhabitant" had seen nothing like it before.

THE GREAT EASTERN was open to the public at a dollar for adults and fifty cents for children. The price of admission was considered by many as extravagant and unless reduced there would be but comparatively few who would treat themselves to a visit to the "monster of the seas."

The Democratic politicians had abandoned all hope of effecting any accommodation between their respective candidates by joint electoral ticket or in any other way. The whole south seemed to be uniting on Breckenridge.

It was understood that the offer made by Russell & Co. for improved mail service on

the route between St. Joseph and Placerville via Salt Lake had been rejected.

Late accounts from Mexico state that Gen'l Zaragoza, commanding the Liberals, had defeated and taken Miramon prisoner at Salamanca, and that Gen'l Ortega had defeated Gen'l Ramaenz, commanding another division of Miramon's troops.

The news from Europe is not of a very exciting nature—the principal item of interest being the meeting of Napoleon III with the Prince Regent of Prussia and the petty kings of Germany at Baden-Baden.

The spirit of the conference was of a highly social and amicable nature and Napoleon expressed himself as having no intention of extending the boundaries of France to the Rhine and as having a desire to maintain the peace of Europe.

There were no Austrian representatives at the conference.

Prince Jerome Bonaparte is dead.

The Neapolitan troops were evacuating Palermo and taking up position at Messina, which place they were fortifying. Garibaldi, in a counsel of war, had decided, as soon as measures could be completed, to attack Messina. Reinforcements were continuing to arrive in Sicily and arrangements were being made to revolutionize the mainland. Several companies were reported to have landed in Calabria.

The Neapolitan frigate Fulminante had captured two steamers laden with stores and volunteers for Garibaldi. The steamers carried the Sardinian and American flags, and the Sardinian ambassador had demanded the restitution of the steamers and passengers as they had passports for Malta. The English ambassador had supported the demand. The American Minister had demanded reparation for the insult to the American flag.

M. De Martino, special envoy from the king of Naples to solicit aid from the Court of France, had an interview with the Emperor and received the following reply:

"Six weeks ago I could have accepted, and should have been happy to accept the role of a mediator, but posterior engagements prevent my doing so to-day."

The Paris correspondent of the *London Morning Post*, under date of June 16, says:

"According to an official telegraphic dispatch from Naples, the King is so much annoyed at the reception M. de Martino has met with at Paris, together with the language used by Lord Palmerston, as to have caused his Majesty to declare that he would reconquer Sicily or lose his crown."

In view of coming difficulties, Austria was concentrating large bodies of troops at Verona and Padua in northern Italy.

Advices from Beyrout state that the civil war in Lebanon, commenced towards the end of May. The Druses were the victors, and had burned several fine villages on the mountains, respecting only the manufactories of the Europeans.

Thirty-six villages are reported burnt on Mount Lebanon. The Turkish soldiers sent to protect the Christians joined the Druses, and participated in the massacre.

Latest from the Emigration.

The *Huntsman's Echo* of July 4, published at Wood River Center, Buffalo county, Nebraska Territory, announces that several companies had passed that point during the last ten days, among which were the following, bound for Utah:

June 24th, Capt. Franklin Brown's company of 60 persons, 14 wagons, and about 80 head of stock; P. Brown, capt. of guard; C. R. Savage, chaplain and secretary.

June 26th, the hand cart company, Capt. Daniel Robison, consisting of 267 persons, 43 hand carts, and 5 wagons. M. H. Forscut, commissary; W. R. Corbitt, sergt. of guard; C. Webb, chaplain; B. Chadwic, pilot; D. Ashdown, G. Meldram, D. Robison, R. Stoney and J. Pilling, captains of tens.

June 28th, Capt. Stoddard's merchant train of 11 men and 11 wagons, drawn by mules.

June 30th, Capt. J. E. Murphy's company, twelve days from Florence, consisting of 279 persons, 38 wagon, 2 carriages and about 225 head of stock; J. Eardly, captain of guard; Paul Shettle, secretary; E. Murphy, chaplain; T. Stilfox, B. J. Brown, J. Campbell, and H. Hogg, captains of tens.

J. B. Kimball & Co's merchant train, eleven days from Omaha, 22 men, 18 wagons, 1 carriage, 106 head of cattle, and 4 mules.

July 2d, Capt. Ross' company, consisting of 35 or 40 wagons; number of persons not reported.

July 3d, Capt. J. Smith's company, 17 days from Florence, consisting of 359 persons and 39 wagons. N. Davis, captain of guard; C. G. Mason, chaplain and clerk; M. J. Turley, J. Slaugh, N. Sarater and B. Isaacs, captains of tens.

Capt. Stoddard's company was reported to be traveling twenty five miles per day on an average; and, at that rate, may be expected to arrive here in about two weeks.

The emigrants were in good health, their teams in good condition, and all were getting along first rate.

Capt. Smith's company—the last reported to have passed Wood River—must have passed Laramie some days since.

An official report of each of the emigrant companies may be expected soon, containing the name of each person and, as soon as received, we shall take pleasure in publishing them for the benefit of those who may be anxious to hear from their friends, and be ready to receive them on their arrival, if not to go out and meet them on the road.

The Passing Emigration.

Companies of emigrants continue to pass through this city daily, for Western Utah and California; many of them having large droves of cattle and bands of valuable horses, most of which, as well as their teams, are in good condition.

We have met with several old friends and acquaintances, who have thus been passing; among them Dr. W. B. Stamper, formerly of Wapello County, Iowa, but now of San Joaquin County, California, on his way from the States, with a company of ten or twelve wagons and a fine band of American mares; also Wm. McIntire and family, James Bowden and family and others. The members of the company were in good health, and their stock looked well. They left yesterday by the central route.

The Coming Election.

In consequence of the non-prevalence of party-spirit in this Territory, as it exists in every State and in every other Territory in the Union, there is not much excitement at elections and oftentimes there are too many who do not take enough interest in such matters to go to the polls and vote for the men of their choice, which is entirely wrong, and such indifference might perchance be productive of evil at a time when such men little suspected that any thing could go wrong.

It is one article of our creed to attend all elections where we have a right to vote and exercise that inestimable privilege by expressing in the usual way, our preferences for men and measures, whether there is any opposition or not; and in more than one instance has a vote thus cast decided a contest to our satisfaction in years gone by.

Owing to the scarcity of laborers and the lateness of the wheat harvest, it is now, and will be for some weeks to come, an unusually busy time with the agricultural portion of community; nevertheless, every man who is thus disposed can under ordinary circumstances so manage as to go to the election on Monday next and cast his vote without diminishing aught from his labors in the harvest field, and in so doing will discharge a duty that community expects him to perform.

The election in this city will be held at the Court House, and if the officer whose duty it is to preside as judge of the elect on performs his duty faithfully and punctually according to law, the polls will be opened at six o'clock in the morning; which if done, will give those who do not wish to spend much time in discharging that duty, an opportunity to vote before going to the harvest field, kanyons, or wherever their business may require.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—On Thursday last, Mr. James Clark, of American Fork, went out on the range between that place and Alpine, to look after some stock, taking with him his son, an only child, about twelve years old. After hunting about for some time, the father and son separated, each taking a different route on the prairie, searching for the animals they wished to find.

A heavy shower coming up, soon after the father started for home, and on his way found the lifeless body of his loved son, lying on the prairie where he had been killed by a thunder bolt.

A SAD ACCIDENT.—At Ogden city, on Saturday last, as we are informed, a child named Davis, in the absence of its mother fell into a well and was drowned.

School Commissioners.

In the proceedings of the nominating convention, held at Moroni, San Pete county, on the 21st ult., there is no mention made of a candidate having been put in nomination for the office of Commissioner of Common Schools. We hope the omission was accidental and not intentional, and that a thorough-going energetic man will be elected by the people of that county to fill that responsible station, who will, after receiving the certificate of election, enter at once upon the duties of the office and discharge them faithfully.

The people in those counties, if any there shall be, where all the offices provided for by law are not elected will be looked upon after the result of the election shall have been made known, as being in the back ground—behind the age—and not operated upon by the spirit of progression and improvement so generally manifested among the Saints.

These remarks are not made with the expectation that there will be any intentional omission of duty on the part of the people or the officers in the several counties in relation to schools or to any other matter affecting the social or intellectual condition of those for whose advancement they labor and toil continually. Still it is generally understood that either because they were unacquainted with the provisions of the law passed last winter, or were inattentive to their duties, those officers constituting the County Courts have not appointed a Commissioner of Common Schools for their respective counties in every instance, and that some of those who magnified the law were not fortunate in making selections of men who were interested in the matter to any considerable extent; not enough to induce them to actively perform the duties required.

Heavy Showers.

This has been a very remarkable season thus far, unlike any we have seen before in this Territory. During the last four weeks in this valley the sun has been obscured, some considerable portion of the time by clouds, and showers have been passing here and there, very frequently more so than ever known before during the last thirteen years.

Within the last ten days, several heavy showers have passed over portions of this and adjoining counties, watering the ground thoroughly. On Wednesday evening, July 25, there was the greatest fall of rain at Brigham city ever known there in the summer season. The same shower, as reported, passed over Cache valley, watering the earth beautifully. At Farmington, there was a heavy shower on Tuesday; an inch of water is said to have fallen.

There has not much water fallen in this city, but there were showers in other portions of the county on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, and on Friday, the Jordan was reported to have risen one foot at the bridge on the territorial road leading to Tooele.

On Thursday afternoon, Cedar and the northern settlements in Utah co. were visited with an exceedingly heavy shower, which thoroughly irrigated the crops wherever it went. There was also a fine shower at Ogden the same morning.

All these showers were attended with lightning and heavy thunder, but not with wind and hail, as has been the case in some instances when showers have occurred in summer heretofore in this high region.

In connection with the showers that have watered the earth so abundantly at this unusual season of the year, the "bow," which was set in the cloud as a token of the covenant that God made with man and every living creature in the days of Noah, that the earth should not again be destroyed by a flood, has been often seen within the last few days.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—On Sunday morning as a shower was passing on the north side of the city, an ox and a cow belonging to Bp. Callister were killed by lightning in the corral, at his farm house, west of the river, a short distance below the bridge, and another cow knocked down and severely injured. His wife and daughter who were near at the time were much effected by the shock, but not seriously.

CALIFORNIA MAIL.—The western mail was brought in yesterday evening, but before we heard of its arrival the Postoffice was closed. If there is any news from that direction our readers shall have the benefit of it next week. We hear that Judge Terry has been acquitted.