# DESERET EVENING NEWS: MONDAY, JANUARY 8, 1900.

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. ICPENZO SNOW. TRUSTEE-IN-TRUST.

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Charles W. Penrose, - - , Editor Horace G. Whitney, Business Manager

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Correspondence and other reading matter or publication should be addressed to the EDITOR. THE DESERT NEWS, Salt Lake City. Utah, NEW YORK REPRESENTATIVE. R. A. Cralg, - - 41 Times Building. CHICAGO REPRESENTATIVE. Craig & Woodward, - 87 Washington St.

SALT LAKE CITY, - JAN. 8, 1900. POLYGAMY AND UNLAWFUL

COHABITATION.

From the reading of the various editorials and articles of the public press it is evident that there is much misconstruction and misunderstanding as to the present attitude of our Church respecting the subjects of polygamy and unlawful cohabitation; and, believing that many good and conscientious people have been misled and much adverse criticism occasioned thereby, I feel it but just to both "Mormons" and non-"Mormons" to state that, in accordance with the mantfesto of the late President Wilford Woodruff, dated September 25th, 1890, which was presented to and unanimously accepted by our General Conference on the 6th of October, 1890, the Church has positively abandoned the practice of polygamy, or the solemnization of plural marriages, in this and every other State, and that no member or officer thereof has any authority whatever to perform a plural marriage or enter into such a relation. Nor does the Church advise or encourage unlawful cohabitation on the part of any of its members. If, therefore, any member disobeys the law, either as to polygamy or unlawful cohabitation, he must bear his own burden; or in other words, be answerable to the tribunals of the land for his own action pertaining thereto. With a sincere desire that the position of our Church as to polygamy and unlawful cohabitation may be better understood, and with best wishes for the welfare and happiness of all, this statement is made, and is respectfully or if they do that they will meet with commended to the careful consideration of the public generally.

## SCHOOL BOARD LOGIC.

also decided to exclude from the schools

all children who cannot show "signs of

The wisdom and the logic in those

resolutions may be perceptible with a

mental microscopic examination, but

even then a pronounced bias will be a

necessary adjunct. If the closing of

the schools because of an alleged small-

pox epidemic will not add to the "pan-

icky feeling," and to the public adver-

tisement of the exaggerated rumor, then

natural causes will have acquired a re-

verse action. The notion is only equalled

by the dictum, that all healthy children

should be excluded from the public

schools, and only those showing "signs

Vaccination produces disease; to-wit,

cow-pox. Diseased children and they

only may be admitted. Children whose

blood is in such a pure condition that

even vaccination will not poison it and

produce inflamed pustules as evidence of

disease, are to be kept out of school.

What for? Because they will infect the

diseased children? How can they in-

jure anybody if healthy themselves?

And why should there be any danger

from the healthy children to the dis-

eased ones, if vaccination is a certain

It seems as though some of our ex-

cited and despotic city would-be mas-

ters have lost their common sense. The

legislature of the State after discussing

this question, decided against compul-

sory vaccination. But a body that has

no legislative powers decides to enforce

it by a trick. The law requires children

of given ages to attend school. The

preventive?

of recent" disease shall be admitted!

recent, successful vaccination."

and a fraud.

the nature of their own motives, or, to speak more correctly, the motives of We publish below a letter on the prethe power operating through them. vailing local topic. It is from a prac-The fact is that they were banded totieing physician. It furnishes a good gether in this work before that election, answer to the dogmatic assertions of which, though the Church was not ina health officer, that "vaccination is a volved, gave them an excuse for the certain preventive of smallpox," and attack on the Church. that it is only the "ignorant" and "ob-

As the gentlemen themselves should stinate" who oppose vaccination. In know, their hope was, through a giganreply to the latter bit of professional tic agitation to throw odium on the egotism, we have to say that the "ig-Church and all her representatives, in norance" is on the part of medical men order to arrest her progress in the miswho simply float with the current of sionary fields at home and abroad. orthodoxy, and take for granted the They hoped to accomplish by means of statistics quoted or manufactured by low strategy, what was impossible to the faculty for business purposes, withdo by such straightforward means as out investigating the proofs furnished were at their command. This is perby opposing physiclans and health offectly clear to the people of Utah, and ficers, who have become thoroughly in time it will be plain to others too. convinced that vaccination is an error When the reverend gentlemen come

back from the hunt and endeavor to Passing that by for the moment, we impress upon the people their friendliwish to direct attention to the course ness and conscientiousness, they remind taken by the Board of Education in one in some respects of Joab, who with this city. The schools are to be closed one hand took Amasa by the beard to for one week-the regularly appointed kiss him, and in the other held the vacation having ceased, in order to "alsword intended for his heart. But the lay the panicky feeling of a smallpox Saints are not deceived by such tactics. epidemic," as one member put it. It was

### LOSSES IN THE WAR.

A pamphlet has just been issued by the Adjutant General's office, entitled, "Statistical exhibit of the strength of the Volunteer forces called into service during the war with Spain, with losses from all causes." It shows that the Volunteers consisted of 10,017 officers and 212,218 men, a total of 223,235. The deaths numbered 148 officers and 4,356 men, a truly remarkably low percent-

The authentic record further shows that during the war 14 Volunteer officers and 4 officers of the regular army holding Volunteer commissions were killed in action; 3 died from wounds, 119 from disease and 8 from other causes, including suleides. Of the enlisted, 19 were killed in action, 78 others died from wounds received and 3.729 from disease. There were further 159 deaths of enlisted men from various causes, 97 of whom died from accidents, 21 were drowned, 11 were suioldes, and 30 were victims of murder or homicide. Desertions from the ranks numbered 3,069. The total losses in the Volunteer forces were 1.718 officers, including 8 dimissed, besides resignations and discharges, and 30,588 men, including 23,363 discharged for disability by court martial and by order.

Kansas and South Dakota lead in the list of officers killed in action. Of enlisted men killed in action Nebraska leads with 32. In the total of deaths from all causes New York leads with 417; then come Illinois, 281; Massachusetts, 274; Pennsylvania, 239; Ohio, 225, and Michigan, 205. Nevada lost but one man.

board of education (by a majority of As to desertions New York is charged one only) decides to prevent the operawith 514, or about 21/2 per cent, while tion of that law to a considerable extent, North Dakota and the District of Coby making an unlawful requirement as lumbia had none, and Utah had but a condition-precedent to admission. one. Tennessee had 249 out of a total That is the position of the five memof about 6,000, about 4 per cent. One

of Filipinos to govern themselves as civilized nation.

A British warship has selzed a third German steamer. This one is said to have ambulances for the Boers. Surely Britain win not claim that hospital supplies for sick and wounded are con- . traband of war.

It is clear in the issue involved in the Pittsburg diphtheria cases that if Christian Science fails to cure and medicine succeeds in saving the lives of the afflicted persons, then it is true religion to adopt the saving method.

The shotgun quarantine described as inaugurated at Honolulu may keep the plague within the prescribed district, but the crowding of poor people therein without supplies is barbarity. Quarantine does not necessarily imply starvation there.

When Gen. White sent word to Gen. Buller that he was hard pressed, it may be set down that he did not overstate the case. If the Boers had only known of the desperate situation the British felt themselves in, they would have pressed harder still,

It is to be hoped the merchants can agree upon a plan whereby the credit system will be more restricted than it has been. As a rule it is of no benefit to the public. The temptation to run into debt should be to some extent removed by the merchants themselves.

Here is the way the Bountiful Clipper tells of counterfeit dollars in circulation: "While settling tithing on Wednesday, some one handed in a counterfeit dollar, so if that was a home product and an honest tithing, there must be nine more in circulation somewhere. We mention this so our readers can keep on the lookout for them."

Chinese officials are displaying signs of happiness, and a grateful feeling toward the United States. They feel that the "open-door" commercial pollcy secured by this government in its negotiations with European powers closes the door to any threatened invasion or division of China among the European nations.

The Boers have learned how hard it is to take a defensive position, and had to give up at Ladysmith. Gen. Whiteseems to have had a very close call, and was probably aided in his success by the necessity of the enemy keeping Gen. Buller at bay. The capture and recapture of some of the entrenchments tells a tale of desperate fighting that must be attended with heavy losses to both sides, but naturally the greater burden falls on the attacking party.

It seems almost useless to tell the public that anonymous communications will not be printed. The cry is, still they come. "A dally subscriber" or simple initials will not do. Friends, if you want your letters published or answered send the name and address

themselves at the emercy of money

grabbers. The freight rates will not be

materially reduced for the transconti-

nental railroad managers will also man-

age the canal. The government will be

of all, let the government build a canal, make it free for the use of the people and let the people foot the bill in re-

turn for the benefits and protection

Boston Transcript.

of the world's best engineers, our own

country being prominently represented,

and also upon the fact that the Panama

most favorable conditions possible.

tically

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

leans, Panama is about 225 miles far-

that the passage of the Nicaragua route

distances from our own ports may be eliminated. Strategically considered the Nicaraguan route in war against

Baltimore Sun.

the more advantageous.

oneth warning.

across the isthmus.



LORENZO SNOW. President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Salt Lake City, Jan. 8, 1900.

## PREST. SNOW'S DECLARATION.

The foregoing announcement from the President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints is entitled to respectful consideration. Not only should It be heeded by members of the Church, but by all people, everywhere. Its promulgation is necessary in view of the charges that are made that the "Mormon" Church seeks to become "a law unto itself" and sets itself above the civil government. It is not expected that it will have any particular effect on persons who desire, wilfully, to misrepresent the Church and its authorities, its doctrines and its purposes. But there are hosts of good people who have been deceived by false reports, and it is for their information as well as to place the Church in its true position before the world that this official declaration is made.

The President's statement is gratifying to us because it authoritatively asserts what the Deseret News has advanced editorially. The Church teaches obedience to secular law. It does not advise nor encourage any species of lawlessness. It supports the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Utab and all laws passed in pursuance thereof. It has its own sphere, which is ecclesiastical. While it gives counsel and promulges rules for the guidance of its members as to individual conduct in all the affairs of life, it does not interfere in any way with the free agency of men and women, dictate to them how they shall vote or to which political party they shall belong, or hinder them in any lawful course as to business or other personal affairs.

There are persons in all religious bodies who act contrary to the faith they profess. The church or society with which they are connected is not accused of such derelictions by just

will accept it in the spirit that prompt-

bers who voted for the lawless and arbitrary resolution,

We shall see how it works. Will the sagacious five take legal action to compel the attendance of the children who do not conform to their tyrannical rule? We do not believe they will attempt it, anything but failure. And we are of the opinion that if they pursue the present ridiculous policy, the election for the borrowing of \$20,000 for school purposes will not secure an overwhelming majority. People who are compelled to pay school taxes want some of the

which they will take proper steps to maintain. Following is the letter on the merits of vaccination:

school benefits, and they have rights

Salt Lake City, Jan. 7, 1900.

To the Editor: Dear Sir-Since we now have compulsory vaccination practically in our schools I thought it best to give you some statistics of what vaccination has done in the past as well as the best means of protection against the dis-00.86

To begin with, every U. S. soldier that has been recruited into the Philippine service was vaccinated before leaving home, and every death reported coming from the commander in charge there is evidence that vaccination does not protect against smallpox, because many of them have died from this disease Every man that has served in the French army for the past thirty years or more has been vaccinated, and during the Franco-Prussian war there were 23,469 cases of smallpox in the French army.

In 1853 England made vaccination compulsory, and since that time they have had three smallpox epidemics. The first in 1857-59, when 14,244 vaccin ated people died from smallpox. The third in 1870-72, when 40,840 people died rom small-pox. In this last epidemic there were over 122,000 vaccinated people that had smallpox with a death rate of a little more than 33% per cent. It may be well to note that the increase of population between the first and second epidemics was only 7 per while the increase in smallpox was 120 per cent. Official returns from he German government show that during the period of but fifteen years there were one million people who had ocen vaccinated that died from small-

pox in that country. Strict sanitary cleanliness, pure blood and right living are a better safeguard a thousand fold than vaccination. people who live largely on shell fish and outcher's meat, drink alcoholic liquors peer or while in any form or quantity have their food highly seasoned and consequently their blood in an impure condition, are the ones to look out for smallpox, vaccination or no vaccination;

while those who live plainly, in clean surroundings and have pure blood in healthy bodies, are safer a thousand fold in any event than those who are vaccinated. Parents who have pure before having them inoculated

G. W. HARVEY, M. D.

desertion is charged to "general officers and staff."

Utah's record is in every respect as | and ours in sending unsigned communiclear and bright as that of any State in the Union, and surpassing that of many which would fain sit in judgment upon their sister State.

### THE ATTACK ON LADYSMITH.

The telegraphic news from South Africa is of a decidedly exciting nature. It seems that the Boers, taking advantage of the condition of the Tugela river, which prevents Gen. Buller from crossing it and sending relief to Ladysmith, have made a serious effort at capturing that position. Gen. White's messages indicate the gravity of the situation and much anxiety is felt before definite news from the scene of battle can be received.

Ladysmith has been besieged since the first days of November. On the 9th of that month the Boers made a desperate attempt to carry the position, The failure, after the expenditure of an immense amount of ammunition, no doubt, convinced them that the city could not be taken until its defenders were exhausted by sickness and lack of provisions. So far, all the reports from the British camp went to prove that an excellent spirit prevailed; that the provisions were plentiful and that there was no thought of surrender. When the siege commenced General White had about 10,000 men, of which 9,000 were in good fighting order. The

food supply was estimated to be sufficient for three months, and there were thirty-six field guns, besides the naval guns, with about 300 rounds to each gun. General White should, then, be in a position to defend himself, unless sickness has made more inroad among his troops than the outside world is aware of.

Since this was written word has been received that the Boers were repulsed by General White. This, if confirmed, as it probably will be, leaves room for the hope that the beleaguered city will be able to hold out until relieved by General Buller, or by Lord Roberts, who, before long, is expected to take charge of the South African campaign.

British suspense is not so great today as yesterday. Ladysmith holds out successfully.

The health authorities in Honolulu are trying to fight the plague with fire. Burning buildings is an expensive method, but it may be a necessity.

The reports of European finances are an evident effort to make them appear ened panic.

field knows how it is to experience defeat from the Boers. Even Gen. bugle blast.

was light in the valleys but there was enough on the mountains to make people feel thankful and wish for further similar favors.

of the writer, which will be kept secret if desired. But you waste your time

cations. This is the thousand-and-PANAMA OR NICARAGUA? Chicago Democrat. If the Panama canal scheme is

they receive. Then if a syndicate wants to build a canal-all right. The more the merrier, but don't allow the rich robbers to strangle competition by grasping the transportation facilities The incorporation of the Panama Canal company of America, under the laws of New Jersey, with a capital of \$30,000,000, which may be increased at any time, looks like business, and it also looks like a setback for the Nicaragua scheme, which has been pushed in some quarters with an ardor, suspiciously out of proportion to the practical advantages that have been even theoretically established. We have believed for a long time that the best interests of this country lay in an acquisition of controlling rights in the Panama canal, and this bellef has been based on the expert testimony of some



is estimated at 44 hours and that at Panama at 14 hours, their respective lengths being 174 and 46 miles. To the vessel that can't run 225 knots in this 30 hours' difference, time will not be essential. Consequently comparative

any West Indian power would probably be easier to defend, though for pures of communication between the Atlantic and the Pacific squadrons, the Panama route, consuming less time in transit at low speed, would be much TROUBADOURS

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