TELEGRAPHIC.

TRANSVAAL EVENTS.

Review of the Affairs of the Republic, by Joseph Chamberlain.

UITLANDERS SORELY OPPRESSED.

Position of Great Britain and Her Claims—Trial of the Reform Committee.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The dispatch of the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joe Chamberlain, of Feb. 4, to the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, was gazetted this evening. It review of the history of events in the Transvaal since 1881, and points out that the mining interests, the industry of the country, are mainly in the hands of the Uitlanders, who are subjected to oppression from the rights of citizenship, and states that the whole direction of affairs and the right of taxation remain a monopoly in the hands of a overwhelming minority of the population engaged in agricultural pursuits, while the majority, who raised the revenues from £75,000 to £2,000,000, are denied any voice in the government of the Transvaal and are numerous enough to redress for the formidable grievances hampering and injuring both honestly.

Mr. Chamberlain emphasizes the loyal and above-board character of the Uitlander agitation, and recalls that the Uitlanders' petitions were received by the Volksraad amid scornful laughter, one member of that body proclaiming the Uitlanders to take up arms and fight.

The meaning of the Bechuanaland force at Mafeking did not cause anxiety, as it was understood to be merely a rendezvous prior to disbanding. When it was suggested, on the 28th of December, that the Chartered company's police might intervene at Johannesburg, it appeared incredible, but Mr. Chamberlain wired a warning to Mr. Robinson, instructing him to wire Mr. Cecil Rhodes, the premier of Cape Colony, of the consequences. Fortunately, Dr. Jameson had already entered the Transvaal.

The dispatch then reviews the subsequent events and proceeds to state the position of Great Britain and her relations towards the Transvaal, saying: "Where the suzerainty of Her Great Britain has recognized the Transvaal independence internally, but its external relations are subject to the control of Great Britain. There is no reason to suppose that any foreign state will dispute our rights; but it is necessary to make clearly that the government intends to maintain them in their integrity. Internally Great Britain is justified, in the interests of South Africa as a whole, and for the stability of the Transvaal, to tender friendly counsels regarding the newcomers, mainly British subjects."

The dispatch then deals at length with the grievances of the Rand, and expresses Mr. Chamberlain's belief that the difficulty of naturalization and the franchise is to be met by granting the franchise after five years' residence, and the removal of the objectionable features of the oath of allegiance, which would still deprive the mother of its status as a British subject. Chamberlain then suggests the consideration of the other grievances, taxation, education and monopolies, and especially the exclusion of Uitlanders from the police, and proposes that the Rand be provided manified local autonomy, including control of the own taxation, subject to the approval to the governor, and of an appeal still the tribunal based on the representatives of the mining industry, such legislation to be subject to the veto of the president and executive.

The dispatch concludes: "These suggestions are not offered in derogation of the president's authority, but as a sincere and friendly contribution of her majesty's government to the settlement of a question which considers to threaten the quietude of the republic and the welfare and progress of South Africa."

THE TRIAL.

PRETORIA, Transvaal, Feb. 7.—The trial of the members of the reform committee was continued today.

Jacobus Demathius testified that the Republican flag was hoisted on the Rand-Sand offices on December 28th, and men were enlisted.

Col. Rissik, brother of Cecil Rhodes, had told him that the Uitlanders had brought the country to its prosperous condition, and it was hard for them to be governed by the stupid Boers.

John Keith, an American employed by the Goldfields company, upon being examined, said that he was induced to join the George Washington corps under pretext of protecting life and property and of supporting the Transvaal flag. He was enrolled by Captain Carlier.

"Were you paid?"

"No," was the reply.

"Was any salary promised to you?"

"No."

"What occurred?"

"We were told that our corps would be the first to march to Pretoria to fight the Boers. I thereupon cleared off, as I was born under a republican flag myself. I and others into the cellars of our arms and we were placed under arrest. The officers of the corps were transferred to the commander of Boers, who then threatened me and tried to frighten me by thrusting a gun before me. They thought me an Englishman, but I am a free-born American citizen."

"How long were you detained?" was the next question.

"Until it struck the next day."

"Why did they ill-treat you?" the examiner asked.

"Because I wanted to fight for the Transvaal."

"What was the strength of the corps?" he was asked.

"About a hundred, very few Americans. They were Australians and Canadians—in fact, everything but Americans."

"What did you do?" pursued the examiner.

"We did skirmishing drill on Wanderers' ground, but had no arms."

"Who drilled you?"

"Capt. Carlier."

"Did you come into contact with the reform committee?" was the next question.

"No."

Johnnie Sharp was then placed upon the stand and was asked: "Were you the lieutenant of the American corps?"

He replied: "No; I only knew of its existence through the newspapers."

The case was then adjourned until Monday.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Report of the Commissioners Sent to the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7.—President Cleveland today sent to the House the report of the commissioners appointed under act of Congress to make an investigation of the route of the proposed Nicaragua canal. The salient features of the document have already been published. The report contains very elaborate data respecting the work already done by the company, the physical characteristics of the country, the dangers to be met, the work points to be overcome, and various other detailed statistical information. The report treats the canal question under three divisions, viz: The eastern or Greytown route; the lake and river division, from Ochoa to the west side of Lake Nicaragua; and the western division, from Lake Nicaragua to the Pacific ocean.

The commission's conclusions are that all locks in the canal should have a width of eighty feet, or United States steamers like the Iowa have a beam of seventy-two feet; that all streams affecting the canal route should be gauged to ascertain regimen and rainfall observations made at points along the entire route.

The final adoption of any route is inexpedient until all alternative routes have been investigated. Explorations for alternative routes in the eastern division should include the so-called low level line on the left bank of the San Juan to the San Juanillo and thence to Greytown; and investigation made as to the practicability of extending the canalization of the river to the vicinity of the Serapiqui by means of comparatively low dams. The cost of the work, particularly in the eastern division, will be increased in consequence of the heavy rainfall, but from observations made its destructive effect not completed work will be much less than that of frost in the United States.

ADVICES FROM ASIA.

Corean Fights for their Queues and Other Rights.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 7.—The steamer Gaelic from Hong Kong and Yokohama today brought the following advices:

Of the many changes introduced in quick succession in Corea, the recent adoption of the Western method of hairdressing has attracted most attention. The king recently issued a proclamation urging the sacrifice of the queue, and set the example by having his own hair cut, the prince royal following suit. The proclamation created consternation in both official and private circles. The minister of education resigned and retired to his country seat when his protests against the innovation were disregarded. Many lesser government officials also resigned rather than sacrifice their locks. The proclamation excited alarm among the people at large, but at each of the four gates of the capital constables are posted to arrest the king and compel them to submit to the barbers, who are in wait for their victims. Western hats and coats are generally adopted by those who lose their queues.

In the rural districts the Coreans have broken out into actual rebellion at the proclamation. Many local governors have resigned their posts owing to their unwillingness to cut off their queues, several hundred people have fled to the mountains, and as many more are under arms preparing to attack the Corean troops.

The rebellion in Formosa is unchecked. One army of rebels has taken up its position at Tou-Wei, and another has assembled at Campher Mount. The Japanese troops are confident of defeating the rebels, but cannot attack them in their mountain retreats.

No Hope for Russians.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 7.—The press censor has instructed the newspapers not to publish anything tending to encourage the illusion that the government is meditating reforms of a liberal character in its administrative regime.

Executed for Murder.

CANON CITY, Colo., Feb. 7.—Benjamin Ratcliff, the slayer of the entire school board of Jefferson district, Park county, was hanged at the penitentiary tonight.

The crime for which Benjamin Ratcliff suffered death was one of the most startling in the history of Colorado. Prompted by a desire for revenge for what he considered grievous wrongs, he deliberately shot down in the school house at Jefferson, Park county, the three members of the school board, Samuel Taylor, Lincoln McCurdy and George D. Wyatt. The cause of the trouble was the circulation of reports of alleged criminal intimacy between Ratcliff and his motherless daughter, a girl of 13. These stories Ratcliff attributed to McCurdy. He had also a fancied grievance against the other members of the board over the location of the school house.

Scott Jackson's Confession.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—According to the request of the prisoner, Mr. Tibbits, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., was sent for.

Tibbits came and prayed with the prisoner. Later Tibbits wrote the confession and it was chosen by Jackson, but the latter signed it, as follows:

"Here, with the Bible in my hand, on my knees before God, I swear I was not guilty of murdering that poor girl. I did get her to come to Cincinnati to undergo a criminal operation. Walling was to get $50 for performing it. I was guilty of getting him to do it, but not of murdering that poor girl.

"I don't know where he killed her, or how he killed her, or what he did with her after he killed her. I did not kill the poor girl. He is the guilty man. Will Woods was to send $50 to him through me for performing the operation. This is the truth, so help me God."

The confession was made by Jackson in the presence of no one but Secretary Tibbits. It was then delivered to the mayor and chief of police.

Balfour on Currency Reform.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Replying today to a deputation representing agricultural interests, the first lord of the treasury, A. J. Balfour, informed the visitors that the government was preparing various measures for the relief of the agricultural classes. Mr. Balfour also stated that it was his personal conviction that agriculture suffered doubly, owing to the present condition of the currency, and expressed his personal belief that the reduced prices were largely due to the artificial appreciation of gold which followed the demonetization of silver, and secondly, to the artificial advantage given the producers in silver-using countries over the producers in gold-using countries.

Continuing, Balfour said the obstacles to reform did not come from abroad. They were to be found at home. Therefore it was desirable to impress upon the powerful interests opposing it how much the national and individual prosperity were bound up in currency reform.

SALT LAKE KILLED.

C. O. Mansfield Shot by Charles Holland at Victor, Colo.

DENVER, Feb. 7.—A special to the Republican from Victor, Colo., says: C. O. Mansfield was shot and killed at 4:15 this afternoon by Charles Holland. The shooting was apparently unprovoked. Mansfield was watching a game in the barroom of the Hotel Victor, when Holland suddenly entered the room and, drawing a pistol, fired two shots into the back of his victim. Mansfield died almost instantly. Holland was arrested.

Mansfield was a man of good habits and was well liked. There is strong talk of lynching his slayer. Mansfield came here from Salt Lake about two years ago. His parents live at Spring City, Utah.

CAMPOS IN SADDLE.

Demonstrations by the Mob Against the Cabrerissaire General.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says:

This city was the scene of a demonstration that would have required but very little to have turned it into a serious riot.

As told on Tuesday last, a number of men hooted General Campos as he was driving in his residence from the railway station on his return from Cuba. A number were arrested and one of them broke away from the gendarmes who had him in his custody and sought to make his escape. The gendarmes fired twice at him and killed him. The shooting was bitterly condemned by the republicans.

The funeral of the victim took place and was attended by great crowds. Fully 12,000 men, most of whom were republicans, marched to the cemetery, shouting, "Down with the police!" "Down with Campos!" and "Long live the republic!"

The government anticipated trouble and there was a strong display of gendarmes, who, however, appeared to be afraid to interfere with the procession in any way lest they provoke a riot. Consequently the crowd shouted their hoarse until the cemetery was reached, when the great assemblage stood with bared heads until the funeral rites had been completed.

The greater part of the crowd then dispersed, but two thousand of its number again formed in line and marched unmolested to the royal palace, in front of which they gathered unmolested and shouted "Death to the king!" "Death to the queen regent!" and "Long live the republic!" Even the prince guards seemed to be intimidated by the sullen temper of the mob, and made no attempt to drive them away.

After partly venting their anger against the king and his mother, the crowds marched to the residence of General Campos, where a similar demonstration of disapproval was made.

The apathy of the police, which was unquestionably due to fear, was significant. So far as is known, the civil authorities made no request on the military for aid in dispersing the crowd. The crowd committed no overt act, however, contenting themselves with shouting and hooting, but they were very evidently in a humor to fight had they been interfered with.

For the Arrest of Murphy.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 7.—Governor Budd issued a warrant today on a requisition from Governor Greenhalge, of Massachusetts, for the arrest of one Clarence Murphy, who was a bank clerk in Lynn, Mass. Murphy is wanted for embezzling $10,000 of bank funds.

A. P. A. Organization Divided.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 8.—The local organization of the A. P. A. is disintegrating and kids fair to go to an early death, says the Star, in a leader. With a united front it was an invincible factor in the spring elections two years ago, but there have been several quarrels since then over candidates for the coming election and two factions have arisen. The split has started a movement for an entirely new order, to be known as the independent A. P. A. This new order, it is officially stated, is to be formed along broader lines than the old A. P. A.

Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the causes of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and strengthening the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by the case of Mrs. E. H. Reed, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "As the result of a lightning stroke, the physicians said I had a fluid stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have convulsions in my chest that seemed unendurable. For three months I could not sleep and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night slept two hours and from that time on my health improved slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all six bottles, and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

For sale by all druggists.

POISON IN THE BLOOD

Which is the Direct Cause of Rheumatism, and is Part of Most Physical Troubles.

"These are trying times."

The speaker was a middle aged man and father of quite a family.

"I don't refer to business," he continued, "but to the trying weather. I have a severe attack of rheumatism, my wife has a bad cold and the rest of the family are not well."

"I know it is a common thing to say all these troubles in the weather, but I have come to the conclusion that the condition of the system has much to do with it. If the man who has rheumatism and the woman who has a cold, will trace back for the cause, it will be found in some weakness of the body."

"And do you know what I think the greatest weakness in the body is? I will tell you. I believe it is due to a germ, which is in the blood, keeping it fermented all the time. I know that it causes rheumatism and I believe most colds."

"You naturally ask how does this germ get into the blood. The answer is very simple. The kidneys do not do their duty and throw it from the system as they should, and therefore, it remains in the blood; and I believe that if nine cold wave removed from the blood, most rheumatism and colds would disappear."

The gentleman was right, and he might have added that Bright's disease of the kidneys is also brought about by this same cause. Is it not plain to be seen that if the kidneys are strong and healthy and throw the germ out of the system, it will not get into the blood and so poison the muscles and joints and cause rheumatism, or decay the kidneys and cause Bright's disease.

There has never been but one known remedy for all troubles of the kidneys, and that is Warner's Safe Cure. It can be found by the medical profession to be power and of proportions unknown to any discovery of modern or ancient times. It has taken men and women out, who were in the last stages, and restored them to perfect health and strength. It is endorsed by physicians, approved by scientists, and used by the best people in the world. It is a sensitive preparation and owes its popularity wholly to its power.

It should be borne in mind, however, that it here there are such serious troubles as rheumatism, Bright's disease, only a strictly reliable preparation can be used with hope or safety.

It will pay you to bear these things in mind.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM cleanses and heals the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from cold, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

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NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Utah Stove & Hardware Co. will be held at the company's office on Tuesday, February 11th, at 11 o. m., for the election of officers and for the transaction of such business as may come before it.

February 1, 1896. E. MICHELSEN, Secy.

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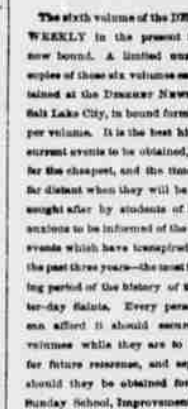

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—OF THE—

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