

COAL FIRE AT EVANSTON.—Mr. Samuel Pike wrote to us from the Wyoming Coal Mines, Near Evanston, U. P. R. R., Nov. 14, as follows—

"A fire was discovered in these mines, which originated in the slack. It was not thought to be serious, but on Wednesday morning it burst into flames. Pipes were at once laid to convey water to play upon it, but before they could be carried far enough the fire took another course, which made it so stifling that the men had to get out of the mines in a hurry. Some of them had a very narrow escape. They had also some trouble to get out a valuable mule. All, however, made their exit without any permanent injury. The fire is still spreading, but steps are being taken by those in charge to extinguish it, yet the result is doubtful."

THE OUTRAGE CASE.

The case of Richard Cameron, charged with an assault with intent to commit a rape on Emma Isom, aged 18 years, on the 12th of Nov., had an examination before Justice Clinton this morning. Mr. Geo. W. Groo for the prosecution, and Mr. W. R. Keithley for the prisoner.

MISS EMMA ISOM,

who is a young woman of prepossessing appearance, was sworn and examined, on the part of the prosecution. Her statement was about as follows:

She was walking on Main street with a young man who introduced her to Cameron. The two induced her, after much persuasion, to take a glass of wine. The young man first mentioned partook of wine before the witness did. Shortly after partaking of the wine she did not know what was done. Before she became insensible, Cameron attempted to violate her person. The wine had the effect of taking away her senses. When Cameron took hold of her several times in the presence of the young man alluded to, she asked the young man not to leave her. When she became completely sensible, she was in another place, where she was when her brother and the police found her. She could not tell where the room was situated where her brother found her. She was too sick to notice the locality of the room. She did not remember Cameron's room being broken into nor anything about her removal therefrom. Cameron exposed his person. Had never been to Cameron's before the time referred to. She understood it was the barkeeper of the saloon who refused admittance to the room to her brother and the police. She requested the bar-keeper not to allow him admittance. There was another young woman in the room over the saloon. Witness believed she was taken to the last mentioned room on Monday and she was taken from it by her brother.

By the Defence—Cameron, the young man alluded to, and herself met near the Walker House. She did not know whether the beverage was wine or not. Cameron and the young man both drank of the beverage. She only drank once. She had been to the Colorado House. She saw the young man then. She never remained there over night. She had not drunk anything previous to meeting Cameron and the other man. She did not become immediately unconscious after taking the wine. Was conscious about twenty minutes. Cameron attempted to violate her person before she became unconscious. She shouted for assistance. No one came while she was conscious. There was a pistol in the room. She (witness) got hold of it, but Cameron got it from her. She did not see anybody there after she partook of the wine. Cameron did not tell her he was about to send for his wife. She once previously called at the prisoner's office to inquire about a situation. Did not know how long the young man remained there. She made an attempt to open the door of Cameron's office, but was unsuccessful. After becoming unconscious she could remember nothing until next morning. Witness came to the Territory about three months ago she had lived with her brother during that time. When in Cameron's office the latter took hold of her and attempted to throw her down. She did not make the affidavit charging Cameron with the crime for which he was under examination. She never stated to any one that she had no desire to prosecute the case.

Re-examined by the Prosecution—There were three glasses. The latter were all empty when all three persons had drunk.

ANNA GREGORSON

was the next witness. On Monday evening she was told that a lady was in Cameron's office, who was sick. She went into the office and saw Miss Isom with her jacket off, and Cameron entirely naked. The witness then narrated what Miss Isom had told her about the circumstances which took place in Cameron's office, which were substantially the same as Miss Isom's statement to the Court. The witness arrived at the office of Cameron just as the door was being burst open, by some men. She did not know who took Miss Isom to the room over Connolly's store. She went there and stayed with Miss Isom.

By the defense. Stayed at the Colorado House. She went to Cameron's office on the evening in question on business. She saw Mrs. Cameron after the door was burst

open. Cameron was entirely naked when witness went into the office. She did not know whether or not Mrs. Cameron was in the office when the door was kicked open. There were several men in the office when she went there. She accompanied Miss Isom to the room on Kimball Block in a conveyance. She never saw Miss Isom at the Colorado House more than once, and then she only stayed half an hour. Witness had been in this city about four weeks.

MR. ALFRED ISOM,

brother of Miss Emma Isom, was next sworn and examined by the prosecution.

Witness was not acquainted with the prisoner. His sister had lived with him and partly with another sister. On Tuesday evening he went to the place where she worked. She was not there. Next morning (Wednesday) he searched for her. Met a man who said he knew a man who could tell where witness' sister was, and would bring her to any designated spot, provided he should receive \$20. This man also told him that he assisted in breaking open the door. Witness afterwards discovered his sister in a room over Connolly's saloon. The bar keeper of the saloon refused witness and an officer admittance to the room and denied any knowledge of her whereabouts. His sister was very sick when he found her. Dr. Fenton was brought in by the parties owning the room and he said it would be dangerous to have his sister moved. Dr. Ormsby was brought in subsequently by witness, who said his sister had been drugged and that she might be moved without danger.

Mr. Geo. W. Groo, on the part of the prosecution, said there were a number of other witnesses who might be examined, but it appeared unnecessary and, so far as he was concerned, he was willing to rest the case.

As the defense wished to introduce a number of witnesses the court took a recess for thirty minutes.

On the resumption of the investigation, Major Carman was examined on the part of the defense. He stated that about a week before the time of the circumstances said to have occurred in Cameron's office, Miss Isom and a young man took supper at his hotel, Colorado House. They stayed there till about 9 o'clock in the evening. They took supper in Miss Anna Gregorson's room. Miss Isom was at his house on two occasions. The last time was on the night of Tuesday last. She appeared to be intoxicated then, and was partially undressed.

—Carman, jr., was next examined. He was introduced by Miss Gregorson to Miss Isom at the Colorado House about six days ago. Saw her there last Tuesday about 10 o'clock at night. Did not know whether Miss Isom was intoxicated then or not. He saw Miss Isom and Cameron about 7 o'clock in the evening of Tuesday. All three went into Cameron's office. Miss Isom inquired of Cameron about a situation. Cameron brought out whisky and they all drank. Witness drank twice. Was well acquainted with Cameron, and had frequently drunk with him. Did not think the liquor was drugged or he would have felt the effects of it. Said Cameron hugged Miss Isom, and the latter kissed him. Witness left and went to the Colorado House. As he was leaving he heard Miss Isom tell Cameron to lay \$10 on a chair and it would be all right. Did not hear Miss Isom make any outcry.

Examined by the Prosecution—Witness had made the acquaintance of Miss Isom about seven days. Got acquainted with her through Miss Gregorson. Miss Isom remained there two days. Next saw Miss Isom near the Walker House on Tuesday evening. He then introduced Cameron to Miss Isom. The latter at first declined to go into Cameron's office. Miss Isom requested witness to remain in the office, as she did not want him to leave. He returned to Cameron's office the same evening and learned that the door had been broken open. Did not hear any reason assigned for the door being broken open. Miss Isom was taken to the Colorado House. Witness followed her there. She remained only a few moments. She was taken from there by a man.

Mrs. Cameron then made a statement, which was to the effect that she, witness, went to the office about eight o'clock on Tuesday night, where she saw the prisoner were standing up, while Miss Isom was on the sofa. The latter told witness that she had had too much drink. The door was shortly afterwards burst in by several men, who took Miss Isom away.

At the conclusion of the investigation Justice Clinton summed up the evidence, in the course of which he adverted severely to the conduct of Cameron. The latter was bound over in \$300 bonds to answer at the next regular sitting of the Probate Court and in default that he be committed.

After the conclusion of the proceedings young Mr. Carman went before Justice Clinton and stated that he wished included in his statement that when requested by Miss Isom not to leave Cameron's office he did not intend doing so, but he being near the door Cameron took him by the shoulder and pushed him out. After he was on the outside he endeavored to re-enter but Cameron had locked the door. It was after this that Mr. Carman went to the Colorado House. This latter part of the witness's statement, although not made in open court, was made before the Justice under oath.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 18.

BURGLARY.—At a late hour last night Mr. Cummings, a miner, who lives in the 14th Ward, was suddenly awakened by someone entering his room by the window. He raised himself in bed, when he discovered the presence of a burglar. The latter, seeing he was likely to be caught, fired at Mr. Cummings and then jumped through the window. Happily the ball did not take effect and Mr. Cummings jumped out of bed, seized his pistol and fired at the retreating burglar. He then got a shot-gun and was about to fire again when the blind fell. Nothing daunted he raised the window, jumped out and commenced firing with his pistol again, while the burglar and a number of others, companions of the latter, fired at him. Mr. C. took good aim at one man as he was getting over the fence and thinks he hit him, as two of the fellow's companions helped him to get away.

TWO DAYS' MEETINGS.

We are requested to republish the following appointments:

Two days' meetings will be held at the undermentioned places, on the dates mentioned in connection therewith:

Mill Creek Ward, Saturday, November 23rd, and Sunday, 24th, Elders Reuben Miller, R. F. Neslen, D. Candland, George Teasdale, Milo Andrus, George Swann, John Nicholson, and S. Neslen.

West Jordan, Nov. 30th and Dec. 1st, Elders R. Miller, R. F. Neslen, Isaac Groo, M. B. Shipp, George Teasdale, J. P. Freeze and Milo Andrus and Bishop David Brinton.

Big Cottonwood (Brinton's Ward), Dec. 7th and 8th, Elders R. Miller, S. A. Woolley, D. Candland, George Swann, William McMaster, Milo Andrus and E. Stevenson.

Draperville, Dec. 14th and 15th, Elders R. Miller, R. F. Neslen, George Teasdale, John Nicholson, George Swann, and Isaac Groo and Bishop A. Gardner.

South Cottonwood (Rollins' Ward) Dec. 21st and 22nd, Elders R. Miller, D. Candland, N. H. Felt, A. Smith, M. B. Shipp, Milo Andrus and Wm. McMaster and Bishop A. Gardner.

Meetings to commence at 10 a.m. and 1:30 p.m.

The Saints living at a distance should come prepared to stay until the close of the afternoon meetings. The Saints living in settlements adjoining those where the meetings are to be held, are cordially invited to attend them.

Elders appointed on these missions are requested to be prompt in filling them.

REUBEN MILLER, Per R. F. N.

ROUND VALLEY.—Bro. Ashton Nebeker wrote from Toquerville, Nov. 13, that he thought he had reason to be prejudiced against the Round Valley roads; that almost every time he had passed through that valley he had been obliged to be pulled out of some ditch or mud hole; but that the last time he went over the road it was much better, if only temporarily; and that when the Round Valley road was the best in the Territory he would be happy to be the first to make it known.

We are glad to hear that the roads were getting better. Now that frosty weather has come, no doubt they are better still. It is to be hoped they will continue to improve until they become "the best in the Territory." The roads in the south have been much cut up generally the past fall by the passage of freight wagons to Pioche, Panaca, etc., and probably in many places they need repairing. Meantime a little healthy stirring up, if taken in good part, may not be amiss.

SUICIDE.

This morning, at 10 o'clock, an inquest was held, by Coroner H. S. Beatie and a jury, at the City Hall, for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of the death of Wm. T. Bowers, whose body was found yesterday, about 10 o'clock, a short distance northwest of the Nineteenth Ward.

A. Cram was the first witness examined. He testified that himself and a young man, named Miller, were walking near the locality above mentioned, when a boy ran up to them and stated that the body of a man was lying about twenty rods west of the U. C. R. R. track. Mr. Cram ran to the spot indicated, where he found the body of the deceased, which was lying on its back, with the toes of the boots of the deceased in his hat. A pistol lay near his right hand, and a newspaper, the *Herald*, dated the 15th inst., was close to his left hand. There was also a bottle, containing a small quantity of spirits, a short distance from the body. Mr. Cram left the young man who was with him in charge of the body while he himself went to the City Hall and informed the city authorities.

Coroner Beatie and Chief of Police Burt accompanied Mr. Cram to the spot where the body was found, taking a conveyance with them, in which they placed the remains and carried them to the City Hall. The evidence of Messrs. Beatie, Burt, and Miller was corroborative of that given by Mr. Cram.

There were on the body, when found, a gold watch and chain, a ten dollar gold piece, some U. S. currency bills, two or three letters and a number of other articles, among which was a masonic keystone, showing that he belonged to the society of Knights Templars.

A gentleman living at the Townsend House stated that he went to Mr. Bowers on Monday of last week and presented an order from Mr. Lawrence to him, requiring him to deliver over to witness the key of the store on Kimball Block, lately occupied by the late wife of the deceased. The witness did not get the key, however, and the latter portion of his evidence showed that Bowers went to his witness's room, in the Townsend House, where he was taken sick and was cared for by witness, and that Drs. Hamilton and Fowler were called in to see him, who were of the opinion that his condition was produced by hard drinking. He would sometimes get up in bed and shiver so that the room would shake. Witness tried to get rid of him, but he would insist on obtruding himself into his (witness's) room.

On Thursday, Bowers came to the door of witness's room and made a loud noise until he was admitted. He looked very wild then, and as soon as he was admitted he took out a pistol and presented it at witness, who begged that he would desist. Witness finally made his escape from the room and informed the night watchman at the hotel. Witness occupied another room and early on Friday morning deceased left.

A post mortem examination by Doctors J. M. & F. D. Benedict showed that deceased was shot in the mouth, the ball passing upwards and lodging among the splintered bones of the skull on the top of the head.

Mr. B. Lyons, one of the jurymen, identified the pistol produced at the inquest as having belonged to the deceased, he having at different times seen the weapon in his possession.

Coroner Beatie asked if there was anybody in the room who knew whether deceased had any friends, and if so whether they wished to take charge of the body and see to the interment. There was no response to this inquiry except by one gentleman, who stated that he knew deceased to have been a Mason. Another gentleman, however, said that it was his impression the Masonic fraternity did not intend to do anything in the matter.

The jury rendered the following verdict:

CORONER'S INQUEST.

We, the Jury, having been duly impanelled and sworn to inquire into the cause of the death of Mr. William T. Bowers, upon our oaths do say, from the testimony, the deceased came to his death from a pistol shot by his own hand. Cause—temporary insanity.

M. B. CALLAHAN,
J. D. BAYLISS,
BEATTY LYONS,
H. C. BEATIE, Coroner.

Salt Lake City, November 18th, 1872.

William T. Bowers was the husband of the Mrs. Bowers who kept a millinery store on the Kimball Block, and who, it will be remembered, a short time since, committed suicide by poison. It appears that the deceased, especially since that unhappy event, had given up to hard drinking, and appeared to be much troubled in his mind, being in a condition of almost perpetual nervousness. He was a native of the Cape of Good Hope, and his complexion and features indicated that he was not purely Caucasian, but had a large proportion of Kaffir, or South African, blood in his veins. His features were rather strongly marked, indicating considerable force of character, and the under jaw being unusually large and the neck short and thick, showed a preponderance of animality, while the full front head indicated a naturally vigorous intellect in some direction. He was also of powerful muscular developments. He has been employed since last January as bookkeeper in the office of the *Tribune*, but had not been at his post regularly for several weeks. Previous to January he was employed as book-keeper for Clasby & Reed, at Alta City, Little Cottonwood. His body, as it lay in the old city prison, near the City Hall, presented a horrible spectacle, the upper portion of the face being much discolored, while several streams of blood, which had flowed from his mouth, had frozen on his ghastly upturned face.

At Bountiful City, U. T., on the 13th inst., GRACE ANN PEKRY, born at Ashburton, Herefordshire, England, Feb. 1, 1800.

She was baptized by Elder W. Woodruff, in 1840, and emigrated to Nauvoo the same year. She shared the persecutions of her co-religionists in that place, and, in 1846, moved to Winter Quarters. In 1847 she came to this Territory with the pioneers, and settled at Bountiful, where she resided until her death. She has ever been notable for integrity and faithfulness. Her funeral on Sunday was attended by a large concourse of the citizens—COM.

At Bountiful on the 13th inst., of consumption, WILLIAM APPLEFORD, aged 68 years. He was baptized in England, Sept. 25, 1850, and emigrated to Utah in 1864.

At Willard City, November 10th, of cholera infantum, the infant son of Heber W. and Susan J. Hubbard, aged 10 months 2 weeks and 6 days.

In Goshen, Utah County, Nov. 6th, of dropsy and inflammation of the bowels, MARGUERITE, wife of Philip Thomas, aged 45 years, 9 months and 6 days.

Baptized into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints in 1853, in the Altwen Branch Glamorganshire, Wales.