

### CAPT. CONNELL WAS WARNED.

He Was Advised That Filipinos Were Plotting.

SO SAYS MAJOR M. C. FOOTE.

Information Came From a Priest-Perpetrator of the Massacre Were Pacificos.

Manila, Oct. 6.—Major M. C. Foote of the Ninth United States Infantry, who has returned here from the island of Samar, was in Balangiga the day before the disaster to company C. He says that Capt. Connell had been fully warned, and had taken what he (Major Foote) considered every necessary precaution.

Information that a plot was brewing among the Filipinos came to Major Foote from a priest, who said that it was in the plans of the populace at both Balangiga and Davao to attack the garrisons, and that the Baseri garrison was to be attacked from the rear of the rear of the barracks. Orders were immediately given to abolish the cockpit, and extra guards were stationed.

There is intense feeling throughout the army because of the massacre, which would not be the case to any extent had it been the work of ordinary insurgents. The latter might have been expected to commit such an outrage. Feeling is particularly intense in military circles because the authors of the massacre were pacificos, most of whom had taken the oath of allegiance, and many of whom, including the president of Balangiga, were actually holding office.

Some of the after effects are already shown at many points, particularly at Balangiga and Calocan, in the provinces of Batangas and Manila, where dissatisfaction is manifesting itself, although it is not likely to be allowed to go far.

On the other hand, the officers and troops at all the garrisons throughout the archipelago feel that the disaster conveys a lesson to themselves of the necessity for increased vigilance.

Much interest attaches to the case of Oakes Brooks, a military prisoner ordered to be deported. The supreme court recently issued a writ of habeas corpus directing the production of the prisoner, but the military authorities refused to produce him, on the ground that the only tribunal having jurisdiction of a military prisoner is the federal court. While the Philippine courts are established by the war powers of the president, the military authorities contend that they are to be regarded as provost courts until Congress has acted. The members of the Philippine commission hold opposite views, but it is understood that the attorney general believes that the military contention is untenable.

Gen. Chaffee, discussing the matter today, said: "I am most desirous to settle the civil courts in every possible way, but I feel that it would be unwise in the existing circumstances to allow the civil courts to interfere in military affairs, and it is occasionally necessary for the military to take cases where it would be unwise in the interest of the government, to make public at the time the reasons for acting. Should the military be allowed to act, the civil courts be allowed, it would be disastrous to the influence of the army in the islands. Every prisoner sentenced by a military court is now circulated in the islands, and as American bills and gold command a premium in China and neighboring countries, most of the American money is now driven out of the country."

### PEARY-DEDRICK TROUBLE.

Arose from Refusal of Former to Give Latter Command.

New York, Oct. 7.—A Hallfax special to the Journal and Advertiser gives the following story of the cause of the trouble between Robert E. Peary and Dr. Thomas S. Dredrick, who is now in command of the Peary expedition.

"Dr. Dredrick wished to have command of the Peary expedition, and Peary's absence from the expedition to grant this request and soon after the doctor tendered his resignation. The resignation was promptly accepted, and the members of the party considered this acceptance a surprise to Dr. Dredrick."

### Opening of the Rigdag.

London, Oct. 7.—Commenting upon the opening of the Rigdag by King Christian the Copenhagen correspondent of the Times says:

"The new radical cabinet under Dr. Deuntz wished to signalize the change of system implied in the Rigdag by the power being induced by the king, and it may be admitted to have secured an enormous success in inducing his majesty to comply with its wishes."

### Freeland Central Association.

New York, Oct. 7.—The "Freeland Central Association" has just been organized in this city by Alexander H. Hyatt, the leader of the Irish party in the house of commons, who, with several other prominent Irishmen, are expected to arrive in this country on November 3. Mr. Hyatt will be accompanied by Thomas O'Donnell, member of parliament, and Patrick McHugh, the member of parliament who is serving a six months' term in prison for publishing an offensive article in his Dublin newspaper.

Robert J. Kennedy, who presided, announced that his willingness to accept the chairmanship of the reception committee, which will make the speech welcoming the Irishmen to the country and he will also preside at a meeting in Carnegie hall in a few weeks to inaugurate the Irish cause.

Lord Provost of Glasgow Arrives.

New York, Oct. 7.—Mr. S. Chisholm, lord provost of Glasgow, accompanied by J. S. Thompson, a millionaire manufacturer also of Glasgow, has just arrived here on the Anchor line steamer City of Rome. They will make a brief visit, as Mr. Chisholm

### WHAT SHALL WE EAT

To Keep Healthy and Strong?

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grains, fruits and meats is undoubtedly the best.

### Insurrection on the Gazette.

London, Oct. 7.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times, writing from the insurrection on the German cruiser Gazette, while the vessel was engaged in the maneuvers at Danzig, says: "Regrettable incidents like these may happen in the best of navies and armies, but the present case, and the gingerly way in which it is handled in a bill and the various steps to an inquiry, first on the part of the German official press and in the semi-official press furnish a strange commentary on the ridiculous boomerang spirit in which the pro-Boer German journals are accustomed to speak of German military discipline; secondly on the daily slanders which these organs retail to their readers regarding the British army and navy, and particularly regarding British officers in high command."

### Fatal Explosion on Shipboard.

Lima, Peru, Oct. 7, via Galveston, Texas.—An explosion in the magazine of the German steamship Totmes, in Hamburg in latitude 43 degrees south of longitude 43 degrees west killed the third officer and the head steward. The Totmes has proceeded to San Francisco.

### Big Storm in Europe.

New York, Oct. 7.—The London representative of the Herald cables the following details concerning the recent European storm:

The Calais coast had a fearful experience crossing to Calais, being caught in a cyclone, a most unusual experience in the channel. The sea was in a high state of commotion, and the boats were tossed about as if they were on a stormy sea. The boats had to be stopped for ten minutes till the cyclone swept past. Nobody was able to stand on the ship, which behaved splendidly and little damage was done, but most of the passengers were terrified.

Later a waterspout was reported off Dover, traveling to France.

### SHAFFROTH ON PHILIPPINES.

Thinks Their Retention by Government Will Not Be Profitable.

Denver, Oct. 6.—Congressman John F. Shafrroth, who with Mrs. Shafrroth has been touring China and the Philippines for the past four months, has arrived home. Speaking of the conditions in the Philippines, he said:

"The Philippines have been practically restored in the Philippines. There is still a little insurrection in Samar, but aside from that everything is fairly quiet. I do not believe, however, that the retention of the islands will be profitable, as the government will have to expend a great deal of money on them even in times of peace. It costs now between \$50,000 and \$75,000 a year to keep the islands quiet, and even if the number is reduced to 20,000, the expense will still be greater than the profits from the islands will warrant. The islands are unquestionably rich in resources, but the government will have to expend a great deal of money to develop them, and the need for an army in the islands has gone."

In regard to China, Mr. Shafrroth said: "The trade of the United States with China has grown rapidly, and this country will soon be keeping pace with Great Britain in the struggle for supremacy. The danger of the invasion of American fields by the Chinese is not, however, very great, as next May the United States will have a large army in the Philippines. So far, the government has not allowed the Chinese to enter the Philippines, and I presume will exclude them there as long as they are kept out of the United States."

Mr. Shafrroth looked into the silver question in the Philippines, and will, he said, submit a plan for the reopening of the mint at Manila and the establishment of free coinage in the islands. Mexican and English coins are now circulated in the islands, and as American bills and gold command a premium in China and neighboring countries, most of the American money is now driven out of the country."

### CONFERENCE IN LONDON.

Saints Hold Their Semi-Annual One in Fishbury Town Hall.

London, Oct. 6.—The semi-annual conference of "Mormon" missionaries in London came to a close today, with three services in the Fishbury town hall, which was crowded at all three.

### Woman's Life.

is hard enough as it is. It is to her that everything should be made as easy as possible for her at the time of childbirth. This is just what

### MOTHER'S FRIEND

will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy.

The mother of a plump babe in England, says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Get Mother's Friend at the Drug Store, 51 per bottle.

The Bradford Regulator Co., ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

### DRAWING A CORDON AROUND THE BOERS

In Their Attempt to Escape They Move From Farm to Farm.

### WILL AVOID CONCENTRATION

Scouts Continually Sight Armed Hordes of Burgers—Report on South African Administration.

London, Oct. 7.—A correspondent of the Times writing from Dundee, Natal, says that during the progress of a big movement such as is now being conducted by Gen. Lyttelton in the south-east corner of the Transvaal, the news consists mostly of a record of the movements of the Boers from farm to farm in their attempt to escape the cordon which is now being drawn around them by the British troops.

In the country in which the operations are taking place it is impossible to prevent small groups of Boers from slipping through the columns.

It is well known how successfully a large number of Boers can meet away in an almost incredibly short time. On the present occasion, it is to be feared that the burghers, though massed in a greater number than usual will be alarmed by their experience at Fort Italia, and will avoid further concentration.

The main body of Boers, which remains under the leadership of Commandant Gen. Botha, the Boer commander-in-chief, is within a few miles of the Zulu frontier.

On the western frontier of Natal the danger of invasion seems to have been averted by the rapid movement of the British troops.

Throughout the eastern Transvaal the scouts continually sight armed hordes of burghers, but they are always ready to slip from a safe distance when opportunity arises.

### SOUTH AFRICAN ADMINISTRATION.

New York, Oct. 7.—Viscount de Maitland, formerly consul general and special plenipotentiary for Portugal in the Transvaal has issued a pamphlet reviewing the administration in South Africa during the last quarter of a century, says the London representative of the Tribune.

The viscount throws little light on the political intrigues of the Boer government. He states that Comptrolleur-General, the British representative at Pretoria, was kept well informed of the doings of Mr. Kruger and the preparations that were being made by the Boers for war. Mr. Greene was also supplied by friends with the correspondence of the Transvaal representatives and agents in Europe at Pretoria, and he understood England's unpreparedness for this war. Copies of the secret correspondence are, says the account, still in existence for all that is known to the contrary.

Before hostilities broke out one of the parties who held the information sent the particulars out of the country for safety and future use. On the arrival of Lord Roberts at Pretoria an order was given to send the papers back to the Transvaal capital. Directly afterward it was found that the order had been disobeyed, but the papers should be sent to the Transvaal capital, says the Tribune.

### MOORISH PRISON SYSTEM.

Sultan Said to Contemplate Its Thorough Reform.

London, Oct. 7.—A dispatch to the Times from Tangier, dealing with the announcement that the sultan intends to reform the Moorish prison system, says that the present state of the prisons is impossible to imagine. Any Moroccan subject liable to be seized and incarcerated at any moment without trial, and the state of affairs is such that the sultan has saved a few dollars is sufficient excuse for his imprisonment.

The state of affairs in the prisons in the city is bad, says the Times correspondent. That of the prisons in the country baffles description. Many of them consist of small, high walled yards, with no shade, no shelter, no water supply and no sanitation.

To add to the horror, the prisoners are chained by their necks to a long, heavy iron bar, which is fastened to a chain, without a yard between each. Heavy shackles are also riveted to their legs. The conditions in the subterranean dungeons are even more awful.

The sultan intends to change all this. He will overhaul the prisoners, sending inspectors to report upon their conditions, and the prisoners to have sufficient ration, supplied to them by the local officials.

### ANARCHIST LEGISLATION.

David B. Hill Tells Why It Failed in Congress.

New York, Oct. 7.—Former Senator David B. Hill, in an article just published in Leslie's Weekly, tells about the failure in 1904 of proposed legislation in Congress for the exclusion of alien anarchists, and for the deportation of those who had already entered this country. Senator Hill was chairman of the immigration committee and was strongly in favor of such a law. The bill passed the Senate, but failed to pass the House of Representatives. Senator Hill says that it was not because of the majority of the members of the House are opposed to the bill, but because it had been reached that body late in the session, when there was a rush of business and a single objection prevented the measure from coming up for a vote. There was a hitch between the House and the Senate as to whether the anarchists should be examined by consular agents or by the immigration officers. However, he declares that such legislation must be passed by Congress in the near future. He predicts that the next Congress will take up the matter.

### "White Slave" Congress.

London, Oct. 7.—The Brussels correspondent of the Times says that, though the congress on the "white slave" traffic now assembled at Amsterdam is due to private initiative, it appears that the matter will soon occupy the attention of the European governments.

The French delegate has stated that his government will shortly convene an international conference to discuss means of coping with the evil. The next private congress will, it has been arranged, assemble in Berlin next year.

Lezart Mine, Evanston, on Fire.

Evanston, Wyo., Oct. 6.—The Lezart coal mine, about twelve miles from here, is on fire in the lower workings. The mine is down about 100 feet, and the fire has been burning for several days. A new shaft has been opened, and operations resumed.

### HAIR SPLITS

Don't singe the hair because it splits at the ends. When the hair splits it simply shows it is weak. Feed your hair with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the genuine hair-food. It cures dandruff, stops falling of the hair, and always restores color to gray hair.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for 30 years. It is elegant for hair dressing and for keeping the hair from splitting at the ends."

J. A. Gruentfield, Grantfork, Ill.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

It was terribly choked by a man who had forced his way in. He left on the heels of the crowd, but he had been sleeping the same revolver stolen at the office place.

Mrs. Hickey, who was struck by a falling safe, is still at the point of death with a fractured skull, and can give no clear account of what occurred.

Two very young boys have recently been victims of another case of the most atrocious description. In another case a negro who seized a young lady on the porch of her home was caused two blows by a young man who came out, but escaped.

The police have been unable to get any definite information. Report comes that the case of another case, which is now being investigated.

### Hetty Green's Husband Dying.

Hurlington, Vt., Oct. 7.—Edward H. Green, husband of Hetty Green, who is still at the point of death with a fractured skull, and can give no clear account of what occurred.

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### TO IMPROVE TOKIO.

River is to be dredged so as to Let Big Ships Up.

New York, Oct. 7.—Yelka Makajima, chief engineer of the city of Tokio, Japan, and professor of engineering and mechanics in the University of Tokio, is in this country on a tour of inspection. In an interview he said:

"After a careful examination of your rivers, harbors and wharves, I have concluded that I can, by dredging, bring big ships up to Tokio. We are about twenty miles from Yokohama and there will be a lot of work to be done. But we will do it. Yokohama has 1,000,000 inhabitants and her interests would be greater than they are now if we had a waterway through which big vessels could pass to the city. Yokohama vessels must be unloaded by lighters."

The whole job of dredging and wharf building will cost about \$1,000,000. The interest on this money is high over there and we would have to borrow a great deal. Counting interest and all, the \$1,000,000 will amount to \$1,500,000. But I am sure the city will do the work. American methods will be followed."

From this city Mr. Makajima will go to Yale to deliver a course of lectures on Japanese law at Yale university. He says that Tokio is to have a trolley line, and he is anxious to become acquainted with American trolley methods, he says.

### JAPANESE LAW.

Mr. Kato Hatayama Will Expound It at Yale University.

New York, Oct. 7.—Mr. and Mrs. Kato Hatayama, of Tokio, Japan, who have come to this country that Mr. Hatayama may deliver a course of lectures on Japanese law at Yale university, are in the city for a few days previous to their departure for New Haven. Mr. Hatayama is the first Japanese to be called to Yale law school, from which he received the degree of D. C. L. in 1881. He is one of the foremost exponents of new Japan. He has been for ten years a member of the house of representatives of Japan and was at one time its speaker. He is a professor of law in the University of Tokyo and president of the state symposium, a private institution of Tokio, where 15,000 young men are students of law, literature and political science. He lectures at Yale will be on the civil code of Japan.

Immediately after his arrival in this country, several days ago, Mr. Hatayama went to Washington, where he had an interview with President Roosevelt.

They discussed the Chinese situation and agreed that the policies of Japan and the United States in that country are identical as both want to open China to commerce, and neither care for conquest.

Mr. Hatayama is here to investigate in the interests of dress reform. The advanced women of Japan, of whom Mrs. Hatayama is one, are organized in the League of Women, and are identical as both want to open China to commerce, and neither care for conquest.

### BUILDING PERMITS.

Building permits issued during the week ending October 5:

E. M. Love, Eighth South between Ninth East, frame cottage, \$900.

J. D. Brown, 329 Second street, brick addition, \$800.

James Ivers, 250 Main street, brick addition, \$1,000.

Consolidated Railway and Power company, Third West and Seventh South, brick car sheds, \$4,000.

Robert Blauvelt, 158 east Third South, iron addition, \$100.

W. L. Lawton, Eighth East between Eighth and Ninth South, brick cottage, \$1,000.

Royal Fractor, corner 263 Main street, alterations, \$500.

E. L. Lenz, Eighth East between Third and Fourth South, brick cottage, \$500.

C. O. Johnson, 186 M street, frame addition, \$500.

Edward King Deskey's addition, brick cottage, \$1,000.

A. Hanauer, corner Fourth East and Seventh South, brick residence, \$1,500.

A. Hanauer, Third South and Tenth West, two frame cottages, \$1,000.

College Institute, 151 south Second East, alterations, \$200.

Morris R. Young, 1237 Emerson ave., frame addition, \$500. Total, \$16,700.

### HEALTH REPORT.

Following is the report of the board of health for the week ending Oct. 5, 1906:

Births reported, males 23; females 20. Deaths reported, males 12; females 2. Stillborns, 2. Cases of diphtheria, 1. Cases of scarlet fever, 1. Cases of typhoid fever, 1. Cases of smallpox, 1. Cases of measles, 1. Cases of whooping cough, 1. Cases of pertussis, 1. Cases of pneumonia, 1. Cases of influenza, 1. Cases of tuberculosis, 1. Cases of syphilis, 1. Cases of gonorrhea, 1. Cases of venereal disease, 1. Cases of skin diseases, 1. Cases of eye diseases, 1. Cases of ear diseases, 1. Cases of nose diseases, 1. Cases of throat diseases, 1. Cases of lung diseases, 1. Cases of stomach diseases, 1. Cases of liver diseases, 1. Cases of kidney diseases, 1. Cases of bladder diseases, 1. Cases of prostate diseases, 1. Cases of rectum diseases, 1. Cases of colon diseases, 1. Cases of small intestine diseases, 1. Cases of large intestine diseases, 1. Cases of appendix diseases, 1. Cases of gall bladder diseases, 1. Cases of pancreas diseases, 1. Cases of spleen diseases, 1. 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